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THE REVIEW

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VOL. 4 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY JULY 20 1916 NO. 35

AUCTION SALE

Agricultural Grounds

Household Effects, Dairy Cattle, Horses, Chickens, Harness, Gents Bicycle

Friday, July 28, 2 p. m.

Further Particulars From

GEO. J. HARDY

Telephone 10 COURTENAY

COMOX LUMP COAL

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered in Courtenay

All Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention

D. KILPATRICK

Phone 43 Courtenay

Cook by Wire

Electricity provides the cleanest, the most sanitary and the most hygenic method of cooking

The Electric range closely parallels the wood or gas range but excells either in flexibility of operation

With the Electric Range you cook under ideal conditions because

Each cooking unit can be switched to high, medium or simmering heat and kept there as long as needed
It is the acme of cleanliness
Practically no heat escapes into the room
The air is not vitiated
There is no contamination of food
You save food values through the retention of the essential salts and meat juices, on a six pound roast the saving is nearly a pound
All the latest standards of range construction are used, including high oven, thermometer or glass door, porcelain splashers
The fire risk is lessened because there are no open flames

We will gladly give you information on rates and electric ranges

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Limited

Phones: Office 35, Res. R98 Office: Mill Street

Local Lines

Miss Currie of Vancouver is visiting friends in town.

Mr Wm Duncan arrived home on Tuesday afternoon.

Messrs Robert and David Robinson of Vancouver are visiting their father here.

Mrs. (Dr.) Morrison arrived home from Vancouver on Tuesday afternoon,

The balance of our stock of millinery at reduced prices. Campbell's, Cumberland.

Just arrived, another shipment of ladies white pique skirts and middy blouses, misses middies and middy suits. Campbell's, Cumberland.

Mayor and Mrs. Kilpatrick left for Vancouver on Monday morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Kilpatrick's brother, who lost his life in an accident at Mission.

Mr. C. S. Wood has been appointed manager of the Cumberland electric light company, in addition to the Courtenay company. Mr. Hancock, the former manager has gone to Southern California.

Just arrived, a late shipment of ladies silk sweater coats in melon, kelly and gold with caps to match. Also in combination colors of melon and white, Copenhagen and white and black and white, etc. These are all marked at special prices to clear. Campbell's, Cumberland.

Found—Circular "Rbekah" pin Owner can have same on application at the Review office.

For Sale—White Wyandotte Pullets, some laying. 3 for $5; cockerels $2 each; yearling hens from $1.50 each heavy laying strain. J. G. Randall, Royston Station P O., V I., B. C.

Wanted—Local agent to represent Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada in this district. Splendid proposition for good man For particulars send application to F. M. McGregor, District Manager, P. O. Box 242, Victoria, B.C.

Car For Hire—H. W. Heberden; phone X92.

Welding—cast iron, aluminum, brass, steel, etc, Ford Garage.

Plant your fruit trees in the fall, and keep your order till I call. F. R. F. Biscoe, Courtenay, P. O.

Ford Garage for Nobby, Goodyear and Dunlop auto and bicycle tires and accessories. Bicycles for sale.

For sale—200 egg Cyphers incubator, nearly new; no reasonable offer refused. Apply, A. Barber, Bevan.

For sale cheap—Buggy and harness, new last year, in good condition. Apply, John R. Johnston Courtenay.

Anyone having more hay than than they can conveniently handle can find a buyer for the same by phoning the Review office. 59.

For Sale—The Cyclopedia of Modern Agriculture in in twelve volumns, edited by Professor R. Patrick Wright, Apply, Review Office.

Wanted—To purchase a small propellor and 8 foot shaft for small launch Will consider buying a small marine engine. Apply at Review Office.

A Snap—to let, 7 roomed house, nice garden, 80 feet frontage, corner Union Street and Cumberland Road; would make good rooming house; rent $10 a month. Apply W. Idiens.

Comox Creamery Butter 40c per lb. this week

The Rev. E. P. and Mrs. Laycock are visiting in town.

Mrs. Lewis has returned from a visit to Nanaimo, bringing her grandaughter Miss May Taylor with her for the holidays.

Messrs D. Bnbar, R. Grieve, W. Wain, P. Dargie and M. Rees motored to Nanaimo on Saturday evening, returning on Sunday night.

Thomas and Jack George had great luck fishing at Yellow Rock on Monday. They caught 12 blue back salmon in the forenoon and 44 in the afternoon.

Mrs. McCourt had a very narrow escape from serious injury on Thursday evening last She had been visiting at her father's, Mr. R. Willoughby foe tea, and when starting for home, the horse, which is always in a hurry to get home, started to run drwn the Lake Trail and very soon became unmanageable, and soon got into the ditch, The front wheel struck a stump and Mrs. McCourt was thrown a distance of about 15 feet, alighting on her head on the hard road. Her hair combs were broken, but there was not a scratch on her. She was badly bruised however, and was taken home on a stretcher and is now able to be up for a short time daily.

Comox Notes

The wool for making Xmas presents for the 102nd has arrived. Any one desirous of helping can get some from Mrs Martin at the Elk hotel or from Mrs. Jack McKenzie, Nob hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thompson left by Monday's train.

Miss K. Doggan also. She is to stay with Mrs. M. L. Hagar of Victoria. The number of 102nd badges she wore, including a swagger stick, all goes to show her allegiance to the boys who have left us.

Mrs R. A. Piercy took a business trip to Courtenay.

The "Sugar King's" yacht Delora lay in the harbour part of Sunday. A. B. Ball says he hopes its advent amongst us does not mean another rise in sugar. Enoch Hellan thinks it wont.

Mrs. Alston of Vancouver is a guest at the Elk hotel.

J. W. Williamson, editor of the B. C. Western Catholic passed through Comox on Sunday.

The concert given by the young people of Comex in aid of the Red Cross, tho' poorly attended, was a genuine success. An extended report will be given next week.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Annual Celebration

The annual "Orangemen's 12th of July" celebration of Mount Horet L. O. L. was held at Cumberland Orange hatl on Wednesnay night.

A number of Courtenay members and friends of the order drove up to join in the celebration and were met by the Cumberland members and their friends.

After the opening of the lodge, which was adjourned until after the celebration, the doors were thrown open to the friends of the order, our genial Master of the Lodge' Bro. Taylor, taking the chair. Following the opening words of welcome the chairman presented an interesting programme suitable for the occasion which was as follows:

Chairmans remarks.
Opening speech by Rev. Bro. Wilson.
Organ Solo, Bro. Edwards.
Speech, Bro. W Willard.
Song, Bro. T. Baldwin.
Speech, Bro. S. Calhoun.

At this stage an intermission was granted while the brethern and friends partook of refresments.

Bros. R. Robertson. W. Dunn, and H Loggie are to be congratulated on their ability in serving strawberrief, etc. The programme then proceeded, which consisted of:

Solo, Bro. Edwards.
Song. Mr. H. Waterford
Song, Mr. H Hendersou.
Song. Bro. W. Aitken.
Speech, Bro, H. Loggie.

The program was again invaded by the appearance of ice cream and cake. After several remarks were made by those present, the chairman called for the singing of the National Anthem which put an end to the festivities. The lodge then being declared opened. business was proceeded with and finally closed in due form.

Mr. Sam McCimsey of Campbell River was a visitor in town for a couple of days this week.

On Tuesday forenoon the management of the Picture Show received a wire that the films for "Britain Prepared" could not get here by Tuesday's train, but would be here on Thursday. Everybody had made up their minds to see these wonderful pictures, and much consternation ensued. but by presistent advertising the fact was pretty well known that the date had been changed before evening, and only a few gathered at the Opera House to be disappointed. The show will take place this (Thursday) evening matinee at 5 o'clock.

FRUIT!

Local Strawberries and Cherries are now coming in, place your order for a crate now

Box 256 **SHEPHERD'S** Phone 40

McPHEE & MORRISON

DEPARTMENT STORE

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Paints, Oils, Etc.

We carry in stock Bricks, Lime, Cement, Doors and Windows

Get our prices for goods in large quantities

Telephone 1 Courtenay

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY 10 CENTS PER PLUG

:: LADY :: URSULA'S HUSBAND

BY

FLORENCE WARDEN

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)

She stood for a moment disconsolate, her anxiety and distress plainly visible in her gentle countenance. Then, *with sudden airs of decision, she beckoned* him to follow her into the bedroom. There she turned and faced him again.

"Paul," she said earnestly, "it will cause me the very keenest distress if you buy me any more jewellery. Just think of the cost! Why, the *re-setting of those* I have will come to a great deal of money, I'm sure."

He put his hand gravely and affectionately on her shoulder, with just that air of tender preprietorship which she could never resist.

"Look here, my dear," he said, "you always allow yourself to be guided by me, don't you, in things upon which I have set my heart?"

"Ye—es, Paul"

She spoke with an air of timidity which was strange and touching in this tall, imperial-looking lady.

"Well, then, you must let me give you a pearl necklace to wear while your old jewels are reset. Otherwise you would be the only woman at Oare Court without jewels."

She looked up quickly.

"And don't you think that would be a sort of distinction," she asked. "I have some beauttiful dresses, too beautiful, indeed, dresses that make me ashamed to have so much money spent upon me. Believe me, I shall be quite an imposing person, without *any ornaments.*"

He seemed to hesitate.

"Won't you let me have my own way," he said, "If I assure you that they would let me have this necklace upon very easy terms? Knowing that it is for Lord Gravenhurst's daughter they are wanted, the jeweller is going to let me down easy."

"What jeweller?" asked Lady Ursula.

"Never mind who it is. I can't trust you not to go to him and repudiate the bargain."

She looked shocked.

"Oh, Paul, whatever I might think, indeed I should never do that."

"To do you justice, I don't really think you would," said he in that indulgent tone which, to her mind, had an irresistible piquancy when applied to her, self-reliant and reserved as she usually was except to him.

"What are you going to pay for this necklace?" she asked, returning to the subject, which he would have been glad to be done with.

"I am going to pay for it by instalments," said he evasively.

She clung to him, entreating with all the earnestness at her command.

"Don't do it, Paul; I beg you, I entreat you," urged she. "It would be a drag upon you, upon us both, for a long time, and nothing is worth such a sacrifice. Oh, Paul, my own dear Paul, will you have the heart to refuse me in a matter like this where I am, after all the person chiefly concerned?"

He affected to hesitate, and then, suddenly, he gave way.

"Have it your own way," he said; "I can't resist you. I'll take the necklace back tomorrow morning. I've engaged myself to nothing yet, as I had it on approval."

It was strange that, loving and trusting him as she did, Lady Ursula experienced a strangely chilling feeling of vague doubt as he made this reply. It was in those words of his speech—"I can't resist you"—that she felt this most keenly. For he had always been able to resist her in any matter upon which he felt in the least eager. But with all this, she was glad to have succeeded with him, and she put up her beautiful, fair face to receive the kiss he was eager to give her.

The necklace was to be returned to the jeweller's the first thing on the following morning. In the meantime, affecting to be afraid that the sight of it might make her waver, and throw them back into uncertainty about it, he refused to let her see the double row of pearls again to examine it more closely.

CHAPTER X.

There was much excitement at Wintersand about the coming of the bride on a visit to her old home.

Lord Eastling, who had been gloomy and depressed, irritable and excited by turns, ever since the wed*ding and his short visit to Paris,* consulted his younger sister as to what this unexpected early return might mean. He had confided the whole story of the meeting with the detective to Lady Emmeline, but to his parents he had been careful not to drop a hint of his suspicions of the *new member of the family.*

What the effect would have been upon the earl, of learning that there was a suspicion that his new son-in-law was a swindler, did not bear thinking about.

While Lady Gravenhurst, although much more intelligent than her husband, was too much tied with her affection and her idea of her duty to her husband to be trusted with the secret.

Lady Emmeline, however, made an admirable confidante, interested, discreet, resourceful.

Her advice in the matter was excellent. It was that her brother should behave in all respects as if he had never heard the least thing against *Paul Payne, and that he should,* in the meantime, make all the inquiries he could about him.

Lord Eastling followed this plan to the letter. In the first place he took care not to go near Scotland Yard, where Redding would, he thought, expect him to tell him the result of his *journey to Paris; and in the second* place, he set his friend Hugo Jackson to find out all he could concerning Paul's family in America.

But the information obtained was nil. Henry Fitch, who had introduced Paul, knew very little about his family, except that they were Southerners, to the best of his belief.

The news of Lady Ursula's early return to Wintersand, therefore, was intensely exciting, and the brother and sister met her at the little country station, and gazed at her with apprehension, expecting to see her haggard, pale, disillusioned, and eager to get back to the old home and her own family.

What was the surprise of both to *see, when the train came in,* a smiling, happy Lady Ursula, wearing a new and very smartly-cut Parisian costume and a more becoming hat than she had ever before been known to buy, who stepped out on the platform with an alertness which they had never seen in her. The thin out*line of her face had changed;* she was no longer so "Pre-Raphaelite" in appearance, as Emmeline said; and instead of the expression of spiritual aloofness which her countenance had worn in her maiden days, there was now a glowing expression of most human genuine contentment radiating *from her fair face, and a new peace*fulness and brightness in her blue eyes.

The change in her gave a sort of shock to both, for they had been commiserating their unhappy sister, tied for life to a wretch unworthy of her, and they had both been prepared to *see in her a transformation of a wholly* different and less desirable kind.

Lady Ursula could not fail to notice the odd hesitancy and shyness which this surprise produced in her brother and sister. But it made no difference to the warmth of her greeting, and indeed Lady Emmeline noticed at once *that marriage had brought into* Lady Ursula just the one change which was necessary to make her adorable: It had softened her austerity, her asceticism.

"What's the matter?" asked Lady Ursula, as she turned to accompany her sister through the station to the *car waiting outside.*

She spoke in a low voice, with a smile.

Lady Emmeline was for the moment rather confused.

"Well, well, we wondered what had made you come back so quickly—in a fortnight instead of six weeks," she said.

"Oh, that was because of this election. The Jacksons want Paul to come and help them, and as we are all on the same side, and all keen, we, or rather Paul, didn't like to refuse. So he's gone on to Oare Court already, while I begged for a couple of days to come and *see you all first.*"

(To be continued)

Perhaps the only thing that a tender hearted woman hates worse than brutal, barbarous warfare is a man who won't fight on provocation.—Helen Rowland.

Farmers' Bird Assistants

Some Insect Destroying Birds Found in Manitoba

(By J. D. A. Evans)

With the commencement of the nesting season we are privileged to observe the wondrous ingenuity of God's little feathered architects, a majority of whom have returned to Manitoba from distant zones, perchance flown high above roar of sea storm in the journey from islands wherein climatic condition permits bird life to spend winter in comfort and ample sustenance.

The writer does not profess to be a practical exponent of Manitoba's *orthinological features. Nevertheless,* residence of many years in this province has furnished him opportunity to study of its bird life and the application of such toward its economic value to agriculture.

Usually by the first week of May, a greater part of the bird migration has *arrived in Manitoba. Adequate pro*tection of insect worms or insect destroying birds has become a question of vital importance to the farmer. Within recent date it has been computed that if the family of insect devouring birds became extinct in Manitoba, within a few years the grain *fields could not possibly raise a crop.* Until even a recent period certain birds highly valuable in the extermination of *insect pests, were erroneously* considered enemies of the farmer, and very destructive to grain and seeds. As example the robin, one of the first feathered arrivals, was deemed a plunderer of the farm garden fruit bushes. But investigation of the charge has acquitted the robin, the diet of which *consists principally of harmful in*sects and worms.

A list of the most important insectivorious bird visitors to Manitoba comprises: Robin, Cat-bird, Wren, Kingbird, Oriole, Shrike, Jay, Woodpecker, Chicadee. To this number may likewise be added that alleged egg and chicken thief, the crow.

Indeed, the crow is one of the very few birds which consider potato bugs *as a leading feature of the menu card.* The bluejay rejoices in a repast of cut-grubs and caterpillars. The woodpecker may be justly adjudicated a most potent factor in destruction of insect life. The principal hunting ground of this bird consists of tree trunks, from which is removed every available grub, the woodpecker's beak drilling deeply into the timber and abstracts pests immune from attacks *of other birds. From the day the* sparrow arrived in Manitoba, its character has been stained with a charge of grain theft. The case cannot stand; careful scrutiny of the sparrow's habits will reveal the fact that it is a very decided enemy of caterpillars. The shrike, otherwise butcher bird, possesses great capacity for insheet diet of every description. Hawks, owls, regarded enemies of the poultry *yard, undoubtedly perform much use*ful work in the annihilation of mice and gophers. A deadly agent against insects is the swallow. The whippoor-will must also be the recipient of notice; and reference is necessary concerning the night-hawk, that aviator among the birds verily a swooper down to earth as its eagle eye perceives some species of grub.

Beyond despute is the fact that the *main diet of bird life consists of* grubs and insects of every description. Without assistance of the feathered tribes, crawling and winged pests of Manitoba's agricultural domain could not possibly be suppressed. Then, as a resultant issue, grain fields and gardens would speedily picture a condition we dare not even think of.

A Railroad Novelist

C. P. R. Official Earns Distinction by Writing Novel

Perhaps the best known of the *younger literary critics in America* is Archie Bell of the "Cleveland Leader." For that reason his tribute to the work of a C. P. R. official is well worth attention. That work is a work of fiction, "Hearts and Faces" by name, and is as remote from Canadian railway life as anything could possibly be imagined. Here is what Archie Bell has to say in part.

John Murray Gibson was born in Ceylon. His father is a titled Scotch man. He is a graduate of Oxford, and he has taken special courses in philosophy at various German universities. And despite some of these things popularly considered handicaps to "getting on in the world," he came back to London and was soon editor *of the well-known illustrated news*paper, "Black and White."

Realizing that he did not know as much as he wanted to know about art, a realization that came home to him each day as he sat at his editorial desk, he resigned and went to Paris to become an art student.

He lived in the famous Latin Quarter at night and spent the days in Colarossi's Atelier. Then he went to Italy and Algiers, Japan and China, and to many other countries.

Then one day, an official position was offered him by the Canadian Pacific Railway. At the age of forty-one he has achieved distinction as a practical railroad man, despite all those years of preparation that were spent in pursuits so popularly believed to unfit a man for the practical life.

The busiest men are the ones who find the most time. In the past two years, John Murray Gibbon has been attending to his railroad duties with one hand, and with the other hand has been writing a novel, which has just been issued by the famous publishing house of John Lane in England and S. B. Gundy in Toronto.

"Hearts and Faces" is the story of an artist. It treats of the artistic temperament as it sallies forth into the warmer world from the somewhat unpromising environment of Scotland. . . Sometimes the pictures are gay, sometimes sordid; but they are *never vulgar. Through them move* many characters with whom the reader has become acquainted in the earlier chapters. Amid these scenes, as in London and later in Germany and Italy, George Grange moves as the most important figure. It is the adventure of a soul. And each adventure is traced with a canny knowledge of life as it is, rather than as many writers would like to believe it *should be.*

And it was written by a railroad man! Still, there are enough examples of versatility in the art world to prove that such an achievement is possible. A merchant of Russia composed music that is now sung in the opera houses of the world. It does not lessen Paderewski's ability as a pianist because he is a hotel keeper in Warsaw. John Alden Carpenter, *of Chicago,* is a "business man," yet be composed "Adventures in a Perambulator," which caused the staid music critics of the country to prick *up their ears in the last two years.* Caesar Franck was a school-teacher, even when he was writing his most famous symphony.

A National Asset

Good Roads Prove to be of Untold Value in Wartime.

The Secretary of the Lincoln Highway association in a recent publication demonstrated that, when that highway is completed from coast to coast, it would be possible to transport an army of 100,000 men with all their *equipment 3,400 miles across the con*tinent in less than three weeks. If the 50,000 motor cars needed were not available, they could be turned out in American factories in two weeks' notice. Or, if the men were sent by rail, the burden of transporting supplies could be taken off the railroads *by auto trucks traversing this* highway. The Lincoln highway should become the backbone of a great national system of network roads. Three millions have been spent on it, since its declaration in 1913, and no time should be lost in putting the whole route in permanent hard-surface condition. Other routes and trails cross it and paralleling it are rapidly being developed. In peace or war, good roads are *vitally necessary.*—Minneapolis Journal.

High Cost of Preserving

Dealers in canned fruits are looking forward to a large increase in business this year. They believe that the high price of sugar will discourage housewives from putting up the usual amount of fruits. There may *be something* to that.—Buffalo Express.

Sunlight Soap has a high standard of purity which is backed by a $5,000 guarantee. If a soap has no standard there is *no* reason why it should always be of uniform quality, always contain the best materials or be anything like as good as the soap *with* a standard.

142

SUNLIGHT SOAP

5 cents

Sunlight Soap

Bringing Back the Frontier!

$10,000.00 Cash Prizes

For Frontier Canadian Championships

The

"Stampede"

Moose Jaw, - Sask.

July 11th to 14th—Four Full Days

Cheapest Excursion Rates on all Railroads

Grand Re-Union; Competitive Tournament; Early Western Scenes; Featuring the World's Champion Bucking Horse Riders

This is YOUR Invitation For Further Particulars Write

A. P. Day, *Manager.* **E. J. McMillan, *Secretary.***

When Your Eyes Need Care

Use Murine Eye Medicine. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Sore Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine is *compounded by our Oculists*—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c. Write for book of the Eye Free. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago. Adv.

Domestic Complications

A woman working beside her husband in a munitions factory in New York refused to go out on a strike when he did. When she went home, he assaulted her and was arrested. His wife begged him off.—Leslie's.

We Cannot Retaliate

The British will never abuse German prisoners as Germany has abused *British prisoners. To retaliate* in kind would be to descend to the level of German Kultur, and of this the British Empire is incapable. Neither can the British murder women and children on sea and land as the Germans wilfully murder the women and children of their enemies and of neutrals. We have to win the war without resort to the methods of the Beast.—Toronto News.

Passing of the Prairie

The Dominion government nurseries have given out twenty million *trees* to western farmers in the past year. The western farmer is getting the right idea. One of these days the *prairie will pass away.*—Calgary Herald.

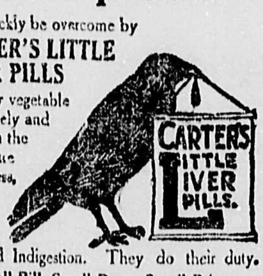
"I suppose in the collecting business nearly everyone you go to see asks you to call again?"

"Ask me?" replied the collector. "Some of them dare me."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS



Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

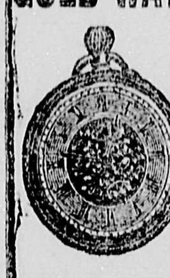
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Real Lover Simulation

GOLD WATCH FREE.



A straightforward generous offer from an established firm. We are giving away Watches to thousands of people all over the world as a huge advertisement. Now is your chance to obtain one. Write now, enclosing 25 cents for one of our fashionable Ladies' Long Guards, or Gents' Alberts, sent carriage paid to wear with the watch, which will be given Free (these watches are guaranteed five years), should you take advantage of our marvellous offer. We expect you to tell your friends about us and show them the beautiful watch. Don't think this offer too good to be true, but send 25 cents today and gain a Free Watch. You will be amazed.—WILLIAMS & LLOYD, Wholesale Jewellers (Dept. 115), 89, Cornwallis Road, London, N., England.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination.

Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance.

Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers.

THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL.
PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1 No.2 No.3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co. 90 BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. Co. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM OF EASY TO TAKE

THERAPION SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c we will mail you.

THE ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited
58 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

FITS

We have sworn statements from patients cured of Fits, Epilepsy, Falling Sickness or Convulsions by a free sample of Dr. Roof's remedy. We PAY EXPRESSAGE on FREE TRIAL BOTTLE if you CUT OUT and RETURN THIS AD in your letter. Hundreds of testimonials on file. Give age and full particulars. Dr. F. HARVEY ROOF CO. Dept. A 1460 Sta. N, New York

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

A Matter of Comparison

Election Agent—"That was a good long speech our candidate made on the agricultural question, wasn't it?"

Farmer Plowson—"Oh, ay, it wasn't bad; but a couple o' nights' good rain 'ud 'a done a sight more good."

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Russian Women Engineers

A number of Russian women university graduates have specialized in mining, others again have become expert in the good roads movement, which is a vital issue in Russia; several will undertake duties connected with the rapid extension of the canals and waterways.

Many women hold important executive positions in the Ministry of Agriculture.

Graduates in architecture do not become draftsmen, but have the opportunity to conceive and execute their own designs. In Russia there is no prejudice against the professional woman, in no other country does she stand so fully on a basis of equality.

Trusted positions in banks, formerly closed to women have been officially opened, affording an avenue to specialists in economics.

The area in fall wheat in all Canada is estimated by the Census and Statistics office at 1,042,200 acres as compared with 1,208,700 last year. Condition of crops is not equal to last year but is 8 per cent. above the average of the last seven years.

Money in Hogs

Canada in a Good Position to Develop a Permanent Bacon Trade

As is well known, hogs have reached an unprecedently high level—$11.65 per cwt., being paid for, fed and watered on the Toronto market. The fact that, even with live hogs at this figure, shipments of bacon are regularly going forward to England, will serve to illustrate very clearly the demand for that product on the British market. Without doubt, Canada stands in a better position today to develop a permanent bacon trade with Great Britain than has ever been the case before. To do this, however, there must be volume of supply. There is very good reason to believe that, although prices cannot be expected to remain at the present high level, the demand for bacon, in the face of the supply that can be obtained, will be such as to hold the market in a very firm condition, both during and for a considerable period following the war.

Great Britain's imports of bacon in 1915 amounted to £25,441,460. From Canada she obtained only £3,324,511. The fact that Canadian bacon has been selling at an advance from 10 to 12s. per cwt. above American and at not more than 12s. under the nominal quotation for Danish, illustrates clearly to what extent Canada could increase her export trade, had she a sufficient quantity of hogs to make this possible. The English market and the British consumer will buy Canadian bacon today, quality being equal, in preference to that from any other country in the world, with the possible exception of Ireland. Not only so, but an enormous market exists also for ham, frozen pork and pork cuts of various descriptions. This market is as remunerative as the bacon trade, although it is not likely to prove as constant.

The West is producing a great quantity of rough grain this year. As compared with wheat, it will probably be relatively low in price. It should, therefore, be a sound business proposition to breed as many sows this spring as would provide each farm next fall with such a number of feeding hogs as can be conveniently handled and suitably finished. They should, however, be so selected and mated as to maintain the approved bacon type. Unless this be done, we cannot compete with Ireland and Denmark and will lose status on the British market. The development of our bacon trade is a purely commercial undertaking and we must early recognize that we cannot sell to the British merchant unless we give him what he wants. This granted, thrifty management and good feeding should yield a return this year which will more than compensate for all the labor involved.

Cheapest of All Oils.—Considering the curative qualities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and all country merchants keep it for sale. So, being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price, no one should be without a bottle of it.

The French Government has promised French farmers $1.73 per bushel for all the spring wheat they grow this year.

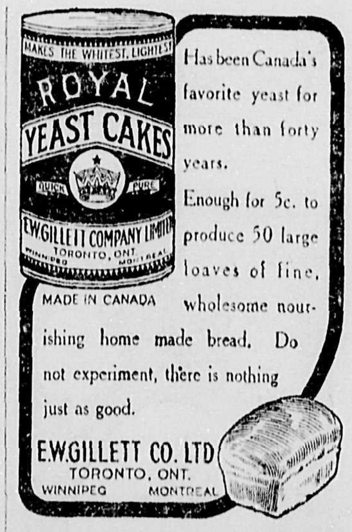
$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Helmets Prevent Blindness

"We are parting today," an American nurse writes from a hospital, "with our last blind boy, who is going off to a special school to be put in the way of getting his living poor fellow. We have had no fresh eye class lately, and I do not doubt that this must in great measure be due to the new steel casques, whose real value is shown by the case of one of my patients. The bullet struck the 'peak' of his helmet, but was deflected, and laid open his forehead in a long diagonal. The doctors say if it had entered straight at the point of impact it would certainly have blinded him."



MAKES THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST ROYAL YEAST CAKES

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for more than forty years.

Enough for 5c. to produce 50 large loaves of fine, wholesome nourishing home made bread. Do not experiment, there is nothing just as good.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLETT CO. LTD TORONTO, ONT. WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Insects as Human Food

Will Take a Lot of Education Before Edible Bugs Become Popular

Dr. L. O. Howard, chief of the bureau of entomology of the department of agriculture, Washington, is quoted as saying there is no reason why people may not eat bugs. He says insect soups can be made which are very nourishing and appetizing.

Of course, if the doctor is quite correct, a new source of food supply is at once open to the general public, but it will undoubtedly be necessary to do a lot of educating before the American public will take largely and kindly to puree of mosquito, beetle or fly. Baked grasshopper pudding or pie, pinchbug hash and such dishes will have to make their way to public favor by slow degrees.

It may be true that adding insects to the diet list will reduce the cost of living. But it is not in this way that the average consumer wants the reduction made. What is wanted is luxuries at low prices. The statesman who can produce them by menus or a plank or two in a party platform will earn the proverbial gratitude of republics.

Meanwhile, those who want to join the John the Baptists and the diet of locusts and wild honey are welcome to do so. The masses will not relinquish their prejudice against bugs in soup or flies in tea at the mere desire of a few bugologists in Washington or elsewhere.—From the Detroit Free Press.

Wonderful Bilious Remedy Actually Prevents Attacks

There are two great causes of biliousness,—they are constipation and defective liver action.

When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are taken, they not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well.

Quite unlike ordinary medicines which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the conditions which cause biliousness, and thus permanent cures are effected. No person who occasionally uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c. box today.

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale.

All the people use it.

HARLIN FULTON.
Pleasant Bay, C. B.

When Alton Michael Packward asked the porter of the Great Southern at Gulfport, Miss., "Is that the Gulf of Mexico?" the porter replied: "Only a po'shun of it, sah."—Lyceum Magazine.

Wouldn't Care Anyway

"I see where a judge has decided that to tickle a mule on the hind leg is contributory negligence."

"I shouldn't think a man who did that would care by the time the decision was given what it was."

Lightning Rods Efficient

Statistics Show That Danger From Lightning is Greatly Lessened

The efficiency of lightning rods may may be estimated at ninety-nine per cent.," says the report of the United States Bureau of Standards, after digesting the reports of farm mutual fire insurance companies and state fire marshals. "As the report took account of every kind, both new and old, good and bad, these figures give strong support to the use of lightning rods. Four hundred and sixty houses noted as being struck by lightning were occupied at the time by families. In two hundred fifty-four cases out of the four hundred sixty, one or more persons were either severely injured or killed. But two or three of these houses were reported as having rods, so it might be concluded from these figures that in the case of an unrodded house being struck, the chances that all of the occupants will escape harm are about forty-five out of each hundred."

We remind you again that your fence wires should be grounded every few rods so a lightning charge will not travel along the wires and kill stock or set fire to some attached buildings.

Don't take chances with lightning. It is cheap insurance to rod the buildings and ground the fence wires.—Successful Farming.

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

By eating too much men are prevented from thinking—but in some cases perhaps this is just as well.—Chicago News.

Reduced by Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

Dr. Grenfell, who has been at the front, says that British or Canadian soldier's overcoat weighs eight pounds when dry, and when wet and muddy forty pounds. The doctor suggests instead of khaki, a kind of canvascloth which he wears in Labrador.

One hundred and twenty-three enemy firms—that is businesses conducted by enemies before the war in Great Britain—have been officially wound up. Still more are to follow.

Young man, beware of the girl who springs a cooking school diploma on you. It is the same as a leap year proposal.

A Silent Salesman

Many manufacturers of machinery that is too heavy or too bulky to be sent for inspection to a prospective customer now give their travelling salesman sets of motion pictures that show exactly how the machines work. The salesmen carry small, light motion-picture projectors that can be connected with the lighting circuit in the office of the customer. A blank wall serves for a screen. Since the motion picture is independent of the seasons, the salesman can show a harvester at work in winter or a seeder or planter in the fall. The films also help to overcome the instinctive opposition that many buyers of machinery and equipment display toward new apparatus and new methods. Such men will not listen to the salesman or go to see the new machine in operation, but they will look at the motion pictures.—Engineering Magazine.

Easy to Talk

According to the following anecdote our blockade of Germany has been much more effective than certain newspapers will admit. At a recent banquet the Belgian Consul, H. L. de Give, said:

"I have just heard an anecdote about the German food-famine.

"A regiment of Landsturm men were setting out for the front from Berlin. The usual crowd were seeing the old boys off—an anxious, silent crowd. But finally there was one chap who screwed up spirit enough to shout, 'Long live Germany!'

"At this a gray-whiskered Landsturm man turned round and yelled reproachfully at the shouter, 'What on?'"

WEAR FLEET FOOT SHOES

Cool, Cosy and Comfortable

WORN BY EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY

SOLD BY ALL GOOD SHOE DEALERS

LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

for a fine complexion

you must do something more than use cosmetics. You must keep the blood pure, the liver and kidneys active and the bowels regular. You must also correct the digestive ills that cause muddy skin and dull eyes.

Beecham's Pills

offer you the needed help. They are mild in action, but quickly strengthen the stomach, gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. They put the body in good condition so the organs work as nature intended. Backed by sixty years of usefulness, Beecham's Pills

are worth a guinea a box

Directions with Every Box of Special Value to Women. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

In Proportion

For several weeks a wounded soldier had had no solid food—nothing but milk. At length the doctor told him that the next day he could have a light meal, and the soldier, greatly rejoicing, conjured up visions of underdone beefsteak, potatoes, cheese, and so on. What he was given for his first meal, however, was about a tablespoonful of tapioca. He swallowed it, growling and grumbling.

"That's all the dinner you can have," the nurse said, "and the doctor orders that everything else must be in the same proportion."

The patient pushed away the plate.

"Well, I'll do some reading now," he said. "Bring me a postage stamp."

Dr. Cassell's *Instant Relief*

Prepared from LIVER TONICS ANTACIDS CARMINATIVES LAXATIVES

Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief is the companion preparation to Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Liver Troubles, Sick Headache, and Habitual Constipation.

Liver troubles and habitual constipation can be cured—but not by cathartic or purgative medicines. The only possible way is to help your system to cure itself; and that is what Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief so surely does. It is not cathartic, it is not violent, it is quite different to the coarse purgative preparations in common use. These only irritate and weaken; Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief tones and strengthens the liver and bowels, and so restores their power to do nature's work in nature's way.

Take Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief for constipation, biliousness, liver troubles, sick headache, flatulence, acidity, heartburn, and impure blood.

Ask your Druggist for Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief and take no substitute.

Price 50 cents from all Druggists and Storekeepers, or direct from the sole agents for Canada, Harold F. Ritchie and Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul-street, Toronto. War Tax, 2 cents extra.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England.

PROOF

"Science Siftings," April 11, 1916, says:—"Providence has given us the brains to devise means to compensate Nature for our ill-treatment of her. . . . The means at hand come from natural sources, and we have them embodied in such splendid combination as Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief. We take this preparation as an example because it is so well balanced in the matter of components and so effective in every direction."

The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weeky Newspaper, Pubished at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1916

The Allies' offensive, active on every front, continues, there being of course a certain amount of swaying back on the part of the Germans but never with any lasting success. The advance continues, slowly, steadily but always moving onwards. The Russians by virtue of their huge armies, longer battle fronts and less heavily fortified battle lines, are making the most marked progress, punctuated by large casualties on the part of the Teutons. On the other hand, the British, French and Belgians, keeping inviolate the territory they hold and watching for every opportunity to advance, are inflicting considerable losses upon the enemy also. The advances recently made were not merely for the sake of the territory recovered, nor were they only for the purpose of releiving the pressure upon Verdun. We think that they will ultimately lead to the giving up by the Germans of certain portions of the front at present held by them in order to the better defend the rest. The Allies on the western front are acting the part of the anvil, while the Russians can be likened to the sledgehammer. In the meantime the British and French have been able to smash the once impregnable defence works in the Somme and Ancre portions of the front, erected at a huge cost in material and labor, and bearing the hope of the German people to a great extent. That confidence has been shattered with a heavy toll of German lives, while the hopes of the Allies have been increased and inspired, although at a heavy cost, rather less than that to the Germans, of precious lives too. There will be no respite from now onwards, and the efforts of the Allies will increase as they are able to bring into the struggle their magnificent resources of men and munitions. Our Canadian troops continue to arrive month by month and as regularly, proceed to the front. Recruiting still goes on, not quite so rapidly in British Columbia as before, but still very creditably. Men are still wanted, and good men at that, and they are coming forward as they will continue to come forward until the struggle is over. Victory is much nearer than it has ever been before but it is a long way off still. Only by the most strenuous efforts can the Germans be decisively beaten and peace restored. Let us stand shoulder to shoulder in a wholehearted resolve to hasten that day

Not for a long time has it been so easy to be an optimist. The German navy is again skulking in harbour, the German armies are taking heavy punishment, industrial activity on all sides in the British empire is well on the increase, and conditions are steadily improving in the province. Of course, the pessimist can always find something to grouse about, even if only in the smile of the optimist, but let us all be optimists and give the pessimist a bad time.

Notes by theW ay

Scratch a German and you find a spy, every time and all the time.

We are promised more deeds of "frightfulness" should the Allies' offensive be fruitful. It is therefore all the more necessary to watch every German in Canada.

To secure immunity from insult, Americans in certain districts of Mexico are wearing small British flags. The Monroe doctrine has not been in evidence lately, all the same.

It seems very evident that any revival in real estate in British Columbia will come, not from Europe, but from the development of the natural resources of the province. While immigration from Europe will be greater than it has been since the war began, it will not attain to pre-war dimensions, the reason being that labor will be in great request for some years for the reconstruction of that which has been destroyed, and for the development of industry generally. Capital too, will stay at home. In other words, those with real estate holdings in B. C. will have to aid the further development of natural resources if they wish to realize upon their holdings.

Millers Meet

Mr. Movitz, Manager of the Royal Standard agency here was at Vancouver last week attending the millers annual convention. The following report of the proceedings is from the Vancouver Province, July 14.

A departure in business operations took place in Vancouver on Saturday when the head office executive, branch managers and salesmen of the Vancouver Milling & Grain Co. Ltd. met in their first annual convention in this city. The session took place in the board room of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association, and lasted from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m, having every appearance of a conventional national in character. The address of welcome was delivered by Mr. J. Hall general manager of the company. Mr. Hall stated that it was particularly gratifying on this the tenth anniversary of the company's existence to have the privilege of welcoming the twenty-five men who had gathered from all parts of the province. "Ten years ago" Mr. Hall continued "our organization consisted of two men and myself. Today our employees number in excess of one hundred."

After luncheon the delegates were the guests of the company at Athletic park, where a baseball game between the Vancouver Beavers and Seattle Giants took place. After the game the delegates were escorted through the plant of the company by Superintendent Hall' At 7 o'clock all assembled in the blue room of the Hotel Vancouver for dinner, after which a most enjoyable programme was provided. Mr Robert McKee salesmanager, presided. The feature of the evening was an interesting talk by the general manager on the subject "Goodwill: It's Creation and Value."

City of Courtenay

NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that all persons having noxious weeds on their premises are required to cut and destroy same within seven days from date, otherwise City will cut same and charge cost thereof against the property.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk

Dated July 19, 1916

Campbells

The New Waist Line

and higher bust is developed in all the new model C/C à la Grâce Corsets, now being shown at

Mens Dept.

Another shipment os Sport Shirts arriving in plain self colors and stripes

Newest in men's boater straws with high crown and fancy bands

Men's Outing Hats and Caps

Invictus Shoes "The best good shoe for men"

Campbells
CUMBERLAND

First-Class Plumbing

Hot Water and Steamfitting
Jackson & Whittle
Phone 9 Courtenay

Columbian Health Salts
15c.

Sanazone
The Ideal Disinfecting Fluid
50c.

ROBERTSON'S DRUG STORE

No other flour in in the World is superior to ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR

Thats a bold, direct statement!
But it's a statement that the millers stand behind—absolutely.
ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR is milled from the finest wheat in the World. It is tested under actual baking conditions in the millers' own perfectly-equipped laboratory in order that you secure uniform, perfect flour—always.

Royal Standard bakes big, fluffy, finely textured bread and biscuits

You take no chances when you use ROYAL STANDARD FLOUR on baking day. Baking failures do not occur with this perfect flour.

But see that you get the genuine. Look for the Circle "V" trade mark on the sack as shown below.

For Pies, Cakes: and other Pastries ask your dealer for WILD ROSE PASTRY FLOUR

Royal Standard Grain Products Agency

Phone 33, End of Bridge F. Movitz, Mgr.

BRITAIN PREPARED

10 - Reels - 10

Courtenay Opera House

TO-NIGHT Thursday July 20

Show at 7:30 Admission 75c

Special Matinee at 5 p .m.
for Women and Children
Children 25c Adults 75c

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

Through Passenger Trains leave Courtenay 11:35 on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Victoria and Way Stations

Connecting at Nanaimo with Steamer "Princess Patricia"

RETURNING---Arrives at Courtenay at 16:10, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Steamship tickets on all lines to all parts of the world. For particulars etc., address

L. D. CHETHAM
Dist. Passenger Agent, Victoria

D. B. NICKERSON
Agent Courtenay, Phone R 60

Nobby,
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Auto and Bicycle Tires and Accessories

Bicycles For Sale

THE FORD GARAGE

Phone L46 Courtenay

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The GREAT-WEST LIFE

has for nine succesive years written the

Largest Canadian Business

of any company operating in Canada

Its Premiums are the Lowest
Its Policies are the most Liberal
Its Divideuds are the Highest

Vancouver Island Branch

J. BURTT MORGAN, Manager

109 Union Bank Bldg. Victoria, B. C.

P. L. ANDERTON, Agent, Courtenay

City Council

The second regular meeting of the City Council was held on Monday evening. There was just a quorum present. After the minutes had been read and confirmed the clerk read the following communications:

From E. & N. railway asking disposition of the matter of drain from their building. The Council decided to have the drain put in and gave instructions to have the tile ordered.

A letter from ex-Ald. Johnston re the Electric Light question stated that he was of the opinion that the city did not agree to maintain the street lights, and that no repairs had been paid for-

Ex-Ald Robertson sent a letter stating that he was of the opinion that the council were to pay for renewals, Ex-Alds, Kirkwood, Crompton, and Leighton also signed a statement to the same effect.

Mr. Sawford, secretary of the Electric Light Co. wrote that the city were liable for $1 per month for each 350 Watt lamp and 50c per month for each 100 watt lamp whether electricial energy were used or not and that under the agreement with Mr. Peterson, the city were bound to give one month notice of intention to discontinue using current. This has not been done and the company could continue to bill the city as above.

The Council passed a resolution saying that they did not take over the Peterson agreement They have no agreement with the Electric Light Co. at the present time, and will not pay any bills for street lights after the date of cutting off same.

The City Clerk again asked the Council for a raise in salary amounting to $15 per month which was not granted, the matter being again laid over for another meeting. Ald, McKenzie said $50 was quite enough for the job. Times do not call for an increase in salary at present. Ald. Aston maintained that the City Clerk's work should be done by someone who had other business on the side

Ald. McKenzie said the work was not quite satisfactory at all times, and wanted to know what D. Cudmore got for acting as noxious weed inspector. He gets $3 per day when looking after lots infected with noxious weeds and cutting thistles on the streets. The Clerk remarked that he could not be in the office and chasing around looking for persons with noxious weeds on their premises.

Ald, McKenzie—"It's up to you fellows, I'm not in favor of increasing the salary."

Ald. Anderton said the matter of a raise had been brought up several times and it was time that one thing or another was done. The Clerk should be told distinctly told that the salary could not be raised: He also thought that 3 hours in the morning would be quite enough for most of the time except when taxes were being paid.

Ald Aston said the City Clerk's hours should be 9 to 12 in the morning. If he wanted more salary let him apply to the police commissioners for an increase from them.

Ald. McKenzie said the taxes were being held back either by his worship the Mayor or the Police Commissioners. No report had ever been received from the Police Commissioners- The Council was just some kind of a joke. They argee to do something one night and countermand it the next.

Ald. Anderton wanted to know who was to blame.

The Clerk said he had taken action against a peddler. The magistrate phoned the Mayor and the Mayor ordered the proceedings stopped. In the matter of licenses there had been no prosecutions yet One had paid $5 and promised to pay the balance next month.

Ald. McKenzie—"Do you think you had a clear case against the peddlar and were doing your duty to the city when you allowed it to be called off by the Mayor?"

Ald. Anderton "The Mayor was liable to an action for criminal interference. Wasn't it your duty to report the matter to the council.

"I don't know." replied the clerk.

Ald. Anderton wanted an explanation from the Mayor, and the application of the City Clerk for an increase in salary to be laid over in the meantime.

The matter of accepting Ald, Carroll's resignation was also laid over for another three weeks.

The following accounts were presented:

Tarbell & Son	$3.75
W. G. Robertson	.65
Bodwell & Lawson (re Tripp)	15.00
McPhee & Morrison	3.50
Electric Light Co., office	1.20
,, street lights	26.00
,, repairs	16.00
B. C. Telephone Co,	5.60
J. Barto	20.00

All of which with the exception of Mr Tripp's $15 and the Electric Light $16 were passed on to the Finance Committee to pay if found correct.

Ald. Aston reported that he had let a contract to J. Carto to clear brush on Grabble street hill for $30 The chairman of the Board of Works said it was worth from 30 to $50.

After one or two dangerous places in the street had been cleared up the owners were to be notified to clean up lots where dangerous brush was lying on them, at once

A letter was read from H. D. Forde stating that he had collected licenses from owners of all dogs but seven. Five of these belonged to families of soldiers at the front, one to a chinaman, whom he had been unable to find at home as yet, the other belonged to the Mayor, and was so diminutive that it could scarcely wear the city's jewelry. The report was received and the constable will try and locate the Chinese dog fancier and collect the license or impound the dog, and the aldermen will demand their pound of flesh from the Mayors toy terrier,

Ex-Ald. Robertson wanted to know if the Mayor were not a freeman of the city and exempt from the license.

The report of J. W. McCann re bridge, was laid over until next meeting.

There was no application for the position of pound keeper.

Ald. Aston reported that all the Orientals had paid the road tax but 16, who were to pay this pay day or the amount would be deducted from their next pay by their employer, the Mayor.

The rates by-law was finally adopted

The Sanitary Inspector reported that he had examined the chicken house complained of by Mr. McMillan, and found it was not unsanitary, there was just a little fight between the neighbors. The washhouse nuisance was not a menace to public health so long as it was kept as clean as at present. Report received and filed.

The aldermen were very anxious to know about the delinquint trade licenses. The Clerk read out the names and amounts, This showed that $65 was not paid. $10 was uncollectable and of the balance about half had agreed to pay, leaving 4 delinquints who will be interviewed by the clerk before drastic measures are taken.

Ald. Aston remarked that he thought it was up to any man to pay his trades license and be a citizen anyway.

The Clerk brought up the matter of getting a list of registered property owners from the registry office at Victoria. He said he wanted a trip.

Ald. Anderton said the only way to get a list was to have someone go the registry office and make one or have the registry officials prepare one. The clerk was instructed to find out the cost of procuring same.

Council adjourned at 11,10

Dissolution of Partnership

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as Real Estate Agents, Auctioneers and Insurance Agents, in the City of Courtenay, B. C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to George J. Hardy at Courtenay aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said George J. Hardy, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Courtenay this 16th day of June, 1916.

GEO. J. HARDY
F. R. FRASER BISCOE

Witness: Edward H. Hicks Beach, Notary Public, Courtenay, B. C.

Designed this year it will ornament and enhance the good appearance of the tidiest kitchen in all Canada.

McClary's Kootenay Range

Come in and I'll show you why the Kootenay stays as good as new long after other ranges have to be repaired or replaced. 869

For sale by C. H. Tarbell & Son, Courtenay

THEED PEARSE

Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public,

Phone 6 Courtenay

Courtenay Hotel

COURTENAY, B. C.

Comfort With Moderate Rates

Best Wines and Liquors T. BOOTH Prop.

Cumberland Hotel

Good Accomodation Cusine Excellen

Wm. Merryfield

Proprietor

The Water Question Solved

FOR RENT

Four Good Houses, water and electric light in each

Apply, MRS. WM. LEWIS

Simms for Satisfaction

Waltham Watches $7.50 up

Alarm Clocks U.S.A. make $1.50 to $8.00

Wedding Rings 18K gold, $8

All watch clock and jewelery repairs guaranted 12 months

CHAS. SIMMS

Watchmaker, Jeweller and Opticlan

Courtenay, B. C.

Courtenay Tailor

Ladies and Gents Suits Made-To-Order

Suits $27 up Pants $7 up

Pressing		Cleaning and Pressed	
Suits	$ .75	Suits	$1.25 up
Coats	.50	Coats	.75
Pants	.25	Pants	.50
Skirts	.25	Skirts	.50
Vests	.15	Vests	.35
Dresses	.50	Dresses	1.74
Overcoats	.75	Overcoats	1.25

Repairing, Etc.

Gents clothes kept in order by the month $2.50

Haney I. Kushida

The same building as Robertson's Drug Store, Union St., Courtenay

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RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
R[illegible]ble

Your Printing!

Cannot be done any better or any cheaper anywhere else in B. C. than at the

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HEADQUARTERS FOR

Buggies and Express Wagons

All Rigs Guaranteed and Sold at the Lowest Possible Price

GEORGE B. LEIGHTON

Blacksmith and Carriage Builder COURTENAY

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.

Zam-Buk

THE WORLD'S BEST POLISH

Thrifty Danes Win Trade

Quality of Danish Butter is so High That Market is Rapidly Extending

In Denmark the bread is home-brewed. The women spin woolen yarn which the village weaver makes into cloth, or which they knit into stockings. The women make their own dresses. Often they make clothes for their husbands and sons. The men make wooden shoes for the family, and house furniture and farming implements. And the efficient Danes set Europe an example of intensive farming and dairykeeping. One result is that Danish butter is eaten in countries east of the Suez Canal and south of the equator. Vast quantities of Danish butter are shipped into the British Isles and to continental countries, but the output is so great, the quality so high, and the reputation of Danish butter so widespread, that it finds customers in lands as remote from the Danish farms as Patagonia or Tahiti.

Jutland formerly was described by geographers as a sterile waste. It is now a scene of highly profitable farming. The pastures are so small that every blade of grass must be turned into milk. The farmers are so provident that they tether their cows in rows and allow them to crop the grass within reach removing them to the next uncropped grass the next day, and thus steadily mowing each meadow. When the far side of the plot of ground has been reached the grass upon the side at which the grazing was begun has grown enough to be cropped again. The humidity in the atmosphere keeps Danish pastures green when those of many countries are parched and the process of marketing grass as butter is not often interfered with by drought.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Sentry (aged nine)—Halt! Who goes there?"

The Challenged (aged six)—A friend wif doughnuts.

Sentry—Pass, friend—halt doughnuts!—Judge.

A Man's Worth

depends upon his power to produce what the world recognizes as of value.

And when you skirmish around you'll find that this power—which is just power of mind and body—depends to a remarkable degree on the food one eats.

For highest accomplishment one must have the best values in food—food which builds well-balanced bodies and brains.

Grape-Nuts
FOOD

has that kind of value. It contains all the nutriment of whole wheat and barley, including the important mineral elements so often lacking in the usual dietary.

Grape Nuts comes ready to eat, is easy to digest, nourishing, economical, wonderfully delicious—a help in building men of worth.

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Some Famous Riders

Galaxy of Riding Stars Will Give Exhibition of Daring Feats at Moose Jaw Stampede

Among the many bucking-horse riders who will compete at the Moose Jaw Stampede, July 11th to 14th, are five of the best known and most daring riders in the world.

Most famous of this quintette are Emery LaGrande, the present world's champion, who is beyond doubt the greatest rider who ever lived, and "Slim" Parker, of the "Q's" Ranch, Sage Creek, Alta. Parker is hardly less famous and daring a rider than LaGrande, and these two men make a pair of stampede performers whose work on the plunging maddened outlaws is worth a journey of many, many miles to see.

With them will be Arra Triplett, one of the most dashing riders ever produced in Oklahoma, and "Mexican Louie," a half-breed, who is known as the greatest rider ever sent out from California, and the man who was second to LaGrande at the Gleichen, Alta., Stampede last year. The fifth of this famous group of riders is Joe MacDonald, a cattle hand on a ranch south of Maple Creek, who is famous throughout the north-west cattle lands as a daring and marvellous bucking-horse rider who never gives up till his wild mount is cowed and beaten.

This galaxy of riding stars, as well as many others, have already entered the Stampede bucking-horse contests, while stars of equal magnitude in the fields of roping, trick-roping, bull-dogging, and wild horse racing will be present to make the Moose Jaw Stampede the greatest frontier celebration ever held.

He is Just One More of the Many

WHO HAS FOUND NEW HEALTH IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Philip McLeod Tells How He Suffered From Kidney Trouble for Years and Found a Quick and Complete Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Tarbot, Victoria Co., C. B. (Special.)—Philip McLeod is just one more of the many residents in this neighborhood who have found new health in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I have used Dodd's Kidney Pills with great success," Mr. McLeod states. "For years I had kidney trouble and could get nothing to help me. Hearing of what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for others led me to use them. Five boxes cured me completely.

"I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to many people. I cannot speak too highly of them."

The testimony of people who have been cured is better than all the theory in the world. Dodd's Kidney Pills are purely and simply a kidney remedy. If you have kidney trouble all you need to do is to ask others. They will tell you that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure you.

They will also tell you that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure rheumatism, dropsy, heart disease, diabetes, gravel and Bright's disease. That is because all these diseases are either kidney diseases or are caused by diseased kidneys.

The Mesopotamian Expedition

It is a complete misconception to regard the Mesopotamian expedition as an unnecessary side-issue. It was necessary, it was wise, and, in spite of the fall of Kut it must be pursued with all possible energy and vigor. It was necessary for the defence of our own interests in Persia and on the gulf; it was wise as a means of relieving Egypt and assisting the Russians, and it must now be pursued, in co-operation with Russia, to the fulfillment of the original design.—Westminster Gazette.

The Pill That Leads Them All.—Pills are the most portable and compact of all medicines, and when easy to take are the most acceptable of preparations. But they must attest their power to be popular. As Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the most popular of all pills they must fully meet all requirements. Accurately compounded and composed of ingredients proven to be effective in regulating the digestive organs, there is no surer medicine to be had anywhere.

A collector of subscriptions for the brass band fund once came across a farmer who was noted for his meanness. To his surprise the farmer at once consented to subscribe fully as large a sum as any he had yet received. "Mr. Hardfist," he said, addressing the farmer, "you are surely very fond of music, to give so much?" "Oh, yes," said the farmer; "they're grand for scaring the crows from ma 'taties when they're practicin', an' I'm grateful."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Lieutenant Navarre, a French airman, bagged 19 Hun planes. That is what the Germans call Hun-kind.—Montreal Tatler.

There may be other corn cures, but Holloway's Corn Cure stands at the head of the list so far as results are concerned.

"See. There's the great catch of the season."

"Indeed. And how many coupons did you get with him?"—Judge

Girls to Study Farming

Alberta to give Girls Opportunity of Studying Agriculture

"Equal rights" are to be extended to women who wish to take up agricultural courses in any of the three schools of agriculture in the Province of Alberta. The courses have been taken by a number of young men of the province and have proved very beneficial. Recently there have been applications from girls who wish to study farming on a scientific basis.

The girls have previously been taking the Domestic Science courses, but apparently this field was not broad enough to satisfy the female spirit of the West. So it has been decided to place the entire work of the schools on the basis of "Equal Rights."

To meet the demand which has been made for courses, the members of the council decided to urge upon the provincial government the desirability of establishing more farms and schools throughout the province. The future of the West is certainly bound up in her agricultural resources. Therefore too much emphasis cannot be placed upon agricultural education. Scientific farming as a profession is more suitable for women than are many of the so-called learned professions in which they have already entered. Alberta is wise in placing no restrictions on the educational rights of women in this respect.

Miller's Worm Powders, being in demand everywhere, can be got at any chemist's or drug shop, at very small cost. They are a standard remedy for worm troubles and can be fully relied upon to expel worms from the system and abate the sufferings that worms cause. There are many mothers that rejoice that they found available so effective a remedy for the relief of their children.

Buttonholed by an over-inquisitive journalist, a British Cabinet Minister administered a neat rebuke. "How long do you think the war will last?" was the final question of a long series asked by the interviewer. Very promptly the Minister asked: "How long is a piece of string?" The interviewer stared at him in astonishment. "I—I don't know," he gasped. "Neither do I," said the Minister, cordially. "I'm glad we've agreed about something. Good morning."

QUICK HELP FOR CHEST SORENESS, HOARSENESS; ALL CONGESTION MADE TO GO QUICKLY!

Worst Cold or Sore Throat Cured in Quick Order

RUB ON NERVILINE

Rub Nerviline plentifully over the neck and chest—rub it in well—lots of rubbing can't hurt. The relief will be surprising.

Nerviline is effective because it is powerful—about five times stronger than an ordinary liniment. Nerviline is penetrating, sinks in through the tissues, gets right in where the soreness and congestion really are. Its action is *marvellously soothing*. Rubbed on at night, it draws out the inflamation, and before morning takes away that feeling of tightness, and stops the cough entirely.

NERVILINE

Where can you find so powerful a searching a relief as Nerviline for a bad cold? Search the world over and you'll discover nothing half so good.

For nearly forty years Nerviline has been quickly curing colds, coughs and throat troubles. Thousands use it for rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia—they all speak well of this grand family liniment, because they have proved its almost magical power.

Whenever you have an ache or pain, be it neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, joint or muscle stiffness, always remember that Nerviline is the quickest, safest cure. Every good dealer in medicine sells the large 50c family size bottle of Nerviline, trial size 25c, or direct from the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Rescues Under Fire

Pte. F. Watson, (Chatham, Ont.) and Pte. J. Payne, of the Canadian Scottish have both been awarded the Military Medal. A comrade, writing from the trenches says:

"On the morning of April 3 the Germans concentrated an intense bombardment on certain dug-outs and support trenches. No stretcher-bearers or other medical personnel being on the spot, rescue work was undertaken by Ptes. Watson and Payne. Nine times they went out under heavy fire, applying first aid to the injured and carrying them back to cover. To their gallantry at least seven men owe their lives. One of these, who had been buried in a dug-out, was released after much labor while the bombardment was still at its height."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Nellie, aged four, was gazing intently at the visitor's new bonnet.

"Well, dear," asked the lady at last, "what do you think of it?"

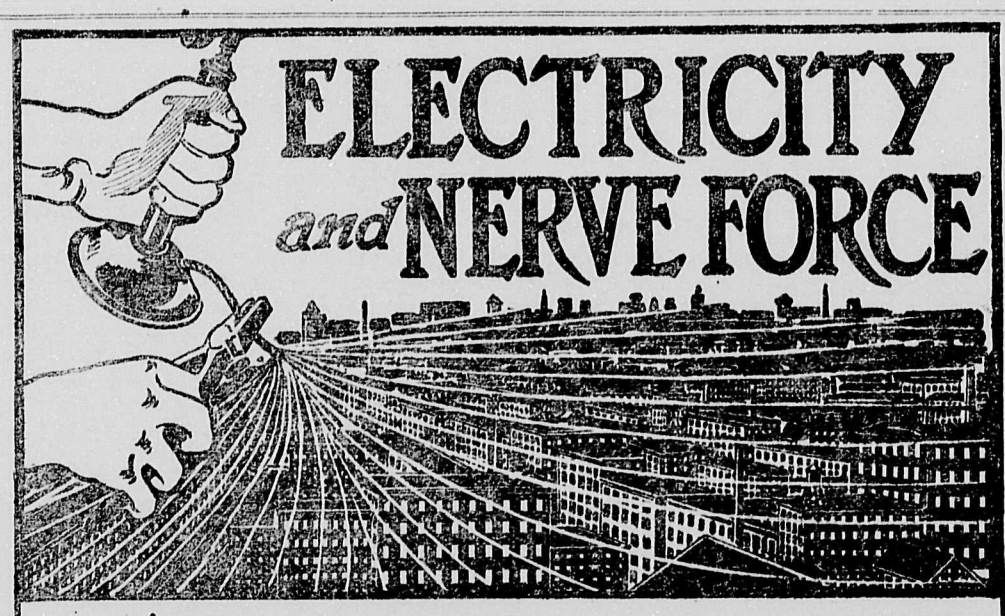
"Oh, replied the small observer, "I think it's all right. Aunt Mary told mama it was a perfect fright, but it doesn't frighten me any."

War Hero Craze in Germany

Wooden statues to the memory of heroes is the latest craze that is afflicting Germany. The display of Iron Crosses lasted for some months, but the ridicule of the foreign press, together with their multiplicity, killed that craze. Now if any one belonging to city, town, or village is reported officially or otherwise, as doing some conspicuous deed at the front, up goes a wooden statue with all speed.

It has become quite a new profession, and, says a wag, will continue to be so till the Berlin Military Hierarchy discovers that the needs of the army show that the lumber stores need replenishing. The statue to von Hindenberg set the pace to the craze, although up to the present that monument holds a record for size. Thirty tons of spikes were used to pierce the wooden god as a means of collecting money for the privilege of showing appreciation of hero's deeds by driving a nail into it

Twelve thousand four hundred members of trade unions have left Canada for the front since the opening of the war. Of these, 459 were British reservists who responded to the call to join the colors in England.



Nerve Force is so much like Electricity, and the latter is so much better understood, that we have used this vivid telephone picture to illustrate what takes place in the human system when the connecting nerve fibres are deranged or something goes wrong at Central.

In the nervous system the brain is the Central where the Nerve Force is created, and whence are issued the orders which control the whole human body. Here is consumed one-fifth of the blood in the human body, and when the blood supply is deficient in quality or quantity, the brain and the nervous system are first to feel the effects.

Neuralgic pains and headaches, inability to rest or sleep or concentrate the mind, dizziness and noises in the ears, are some of the symptoms of a starved nervous system.

Just as machinery lags when the current of electricity fails, so the bodily organs weaken when the supply of nerve force runs low. Digestion is impaired and you lose appetite, the liver, kidneys and bowels are slow in performing their functions, the heart's action weakens, circulation is slow, hands and feet are cold, you are easily tired, lose ambition and grow downhearted and discouraged.

This describes the condition under which Dr. Chase's Nerve Food can prove of greatest assistance to you. Forming new, rich blood it feeds the starved, exhausted nerve and brain cells back to health and vigor. The new vital, nerve force flows out through the intricate system of nerve fibres to every member and every organ of the body, carrying new vigor, energy and strength and driving out pain, weakness and disease.

50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free if you mention this paper.

WHAT THE ALLIANCE BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA MEANS

ABSOLUTE ACCORD BETWEEN GREAT NATIONS

Sergius Sazanoff, the Russian Minister, Says That It Has Become An Alliance of the Hearts of the People, and That It Will Assure the Peace of the World

"The absolute accord between Great Britain and Russia means that the alliance formed in time of war against a common enemy has become an alliance for all time."

Thus spoke Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister, in an interview with The London Times Petrograd correspondent.

The alliance made by the Governments has now become an alliance of the hearts of the people," continued M. Sazonoff. "In this friendship I see the realization of the fondest dream of my career, for in the true friendship of England and Russia the peace of the world is assured for many generations. We have thus potentially won the war, although the struggle itself may continue for years. Crystallization of the idea that England, France and Russia cannot be alienated establishes the certainty that the Central Powers have lost no matter how they may by fortitude and internal sacrifice postpone the inevitable day of the admission of their failure.

"With the realization of the Entente's amity and unity must come also the permanent dissipation of the mischievous idea that the Russians are a people of ambitions and aggressive design, planning to advance their own aims at the expense of Europe. Nothing is further from the Russian character. With our southern outlet made irrevocably secure in perpetuity, with the legitimate growth of and development of our economic and industrial life secured, with our boundaries suitably adjusted and our fellow-Slavs assured of their due, the destinies and aims of Russia in the west are fulfilled. We can then turn to the true aspirations of the Russian Government and people, namely, the development of our vast empire and the furthering of the interests of the nation's peoples embraced within our empire.

"The realization of this solemn truth must demolish the fallacies and fictions heretofore spread by enemies regarding the alleged Slav peril to Europe, and must bring convincing evidence that the Russian does not stand as a menace to Norway, Sweden or other neighbors. I hope the Swedes will now realize the falsity of the vicious idea that Russia has any national aspirations whatever that in the slightest way infringe on their national life, and I hope the recent rumors regarding the Aland Islands, which now happily are dissipated, will prove the last error of suspicion of the Swedes regarding Russia."

M. Sazonoff referring to the promises of Polish autonomy, said:

"No one deplores more than the Russian Government the sufferings which have come to Poland and the Polish refugees from the Teuton scourge. His Majesty the Emperor has been so moved at the distress of his Polish subjects that the greater demands for human sympathy have swept aside military aspects, and he has freely given permission for widespread relief work to be conducted among them by the Rockefeller Commission for it seemed better to him that there should occur a leakage in the relief provisions than that a single Polish subject should suffer unnecessarily.

"The Poles cannot expect that in this life and death struggle we will be able to outline in full our program for Poland's future, but that Poland will receive a just and equitable autonomy in the greatest degree, adjusted to its future life and its economic and industrial development is certain. The Poles and the friends of the Poles may, therefore, look forward to the Russians for a dawn of a new era and a period of unexampled development which will follow the inevitable successful conclusion of the war."

Russia and Poland

Poles Have Faith in Russia's Pledges to Their Country

Russian dailies of importance, including the Slovo of Moscow, understand that Emperor William is perturbed by the solemn renewal of the Czar's pledge to Poland. Poland will be a nation, using her own tongue, teaching her own culture in her own schools of all grades up to the university itself, declared Mr. Sazonoff to the Duma. Germany, he said, in effect, will grant Poland nothing like that. The episode became dramatic when the Polish deputy in the Duma, Dr. Harusiewicz, affirmed that his country is irrevocably with the allies because they have sworn fealty to the principle of nationality. The Poles, he added, believe in the Russian pledge of a unification of dismembered Poland. They see in the words of Premier Sturmer the promise of a Polish nation governing itself with the Czar as a constitutional sovereign. The form of the words was bold but the French press is a unit in deeming the Polish deputy correct. If the details supplied by the Figaro are correct, Poles throughout the world are for the most part assured of the good faith of the Russian pledges. Even the somewhat suspicious Homme Enchaine, edited by Clemenceau, is convinced that the Poles are justified in their acceptance of the Czar's pledges to their country.

Affects the United States

The assumption that the war is an ordinary one and that this country is not related to it is baseless, as effort for nearly two years has been made in these columns to show. Ideas are at stake that vitally affect us. The question has been as to whether the world was to continue the development of a democratic nationalism that would prepare the way for some form of pacific internationalism, or whether it was to become militarily imperialistic. When Carthage fell before Rome it determined the future of Greece. Even more intimately our fate will be decided by the character of the peace made in Europe. They are dreamers taking no note of facts, that do not realize that this country has become part of the world and must participate in its major affairs. —New York Globe.

All the Men Off

Seven brothers, the total adult male population of Campbell Island, have enlisted in the 17th reinforcements.

Campbell Island is situated some 450 miles south of New Zealand, in the Pacific Ocean, and is a dependency of the Dominion. It was discovered in 1810 by the brig Perserverence owned by Mr. Robert Campbell, of Sydney. It is mountainous, about 30 miles in circumference, and has several good harbors.—New Zealand Dispatch.

A new 6,000 miles coal basin is being opened up by a 500 mile extension to the Siberian Railway.

Arctic Circle to Dawson to Enlist

Two men from the farthest end of the continent, and possibly from the most northerly and remote quarter of any of the millions who have enlisted on either side in the great war, arrived in Dawson recently, and will enlist in the Yukon company. They are William Annett and W. C. Keddy, from Herschel Island and vicinity on the Arctic coast, where they have been prospecting and trapping for years.

They mushed hundreds of miles across the hills and down the porcupine river from the Arctic coast to Fort Yukon and there awaited the breaking of the ice and caught the Reliance, the first boat of the year for Dawson. They enlisted in Dawson today.

The Belgian Relief

Persistent Rumor That Funds For Sufferers are Diverted is Denied

Reports still persist that the German occupants of Belgium are profiting by the importation of foodstuffs under the supervision of the Belgium Relief Committee. The latest report to this effect appears to have emanated from the French newspaper "Le Temps," Paris.

Mr. Herbert Hoover, the head of the relief commission, firmly denies the truth of this. He has frequently made such denials and he again states that all food and all supplies shipped through the Belgian relief commission and its branches is assured of safe delivery to its destination. Early in the work of the commission small portions of the food were taken from local depots by the Germans, but in every instance, after affairs were straightened out, this food was paid for and the money placed to the credit of the Belgians.

As a matter of fact, there is no other safe way in which food can be sent to Belgium except through the Belgian relief committee. This committee just now has its work cut out for it. The conditions in Belgium have rapidly grown worse until now there are seven million people almost wholly dependent on this organization for their daily food. The immense financial drain to meet this demand can hardly be imagined.

To meet this the committee is sending out new appeals and directing them particularly to prosperous Canada. The Belgian relief committee, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal, is receiving the donations for Canada. Has yours gone forward yet?

Savings of People

S. W. Strauss, of Chicago, president of the American Society for Thrift, in contributing a short article on "The Spectre of Pauperism" to the January number of Leslie's Weekly Illustrated, gives some startling figures and facts.

He pointed out that in the United States 66 out of every 100 people that die leave no estate whatever. Of the remaining 34 only 9 leave more than $5,000, and the average is a little less than $1,500 for the balance of 25.

He further pointed out that at age sixty-five, 97 out of every 100 people are partly or wholly dependent upon relatives, friends or the public for food, clothing, etc., and that in the United States 98 per cent. of the people are living from day to day on their wages, and that a loss of employment would mean pauperism for all but 2 per cent.

"You advertised as chauffeurette-maid."

"Yes, madam"

"What were your duties at your last place?"

"I drove and cleaned the cars single-handed."

"And as maid?"

"I took down my lady at night and assembled her in the morning, madam."—Punch.

Customer—I—haw! see the bally Germans have received a big check.

Tailor—Er—yes, sir. Lucky Germans.—Facts and Fancies.

BACK TO THE LAND MOVEMENT SHOULD RECEIVE AN IMPETUS

TEACHING THE ADVANTAGES OF RURAL LIFE

Should be the Duty of Canadians to go out and Possess the Land, The Good, Green Earth, Which is the Foundation of Whatever Prosperity Our Country Enjoys

Why do the newspapers of the country devote so little attention to the movement known as "Back to the Land?" A united press following out a concerted policy in this regard could accomplish more in a single year than any other known agency in a decade. No one would have the hardihood to deny that a large general movement, reducing the disproportion between the urban and farming populations, would automatically produce economic, social and moral changes of immense importance and value to the entire country.

What should be the ground of such an appeal? It should be the duty and privilege of Canadians to go out and possess the land, the good green earth, the real foundation of whatever prosperity our country enjoys.

The war will be over some day, and the immigrant will again be knocking at our gates. These people are coming, and they will come, with a clear understanding of the situation—a clearer understanding than our people seem to have. They know the meaning and value of a life close to the soil. It means independence, comfort, a home.

Our city men should take heed. The pioneering era, with easy opportunities, free land, wide spaces, cannot last much longer. If our city dwellers, struggling in the crowded occupations of modern life, do not seize the moment and act, there are hosts of people ready to grasp the prize which lies before them, and the sons and daughters of Canadians of the present generation will be landless.

Our country people should take heed. Their younger sons and daughters should go out and possess the land instead of drifting into the cities. What folly for the children to throw away the gifts which were won for them by the courage, endurance and thrift of their pioneering fathers and mothers who made this country!

These much-enduring pioneers themselves can, if they will, do much to secure for their children the heritage now too lightly esteemed. Let them take a real pride in their calling and their achievements. Let them preach in season and out of season the advantages of rural life. They have with good reason an abiding faith and confidence in the goodness of the land they own and live on. Let them extend their patriotic faith a little beyond the boundaries of their own farms. They should take a real pride in their local district and say a good word, not only for farming as a profession, but also for the district and province in which they live. The habit of grumbling, of "knocking," of pessimism, is the most vicious and destructive force operative in the social and economic life of rural communities today. If this stupid practice could be replaced overnight by a permanent habit of speaking with optimism, courage and self-respect, it would do more to reduce the drift of the agriculturist than much legislation and many prayers.— Winnipeg Free Press.

When Germans Find Out

The German people must demand to know, sooner or later, whether their armies are in sooth winning this war. If they are winning it they must demand that as their smallest reward there shall be given to them bread and meat to sustain them in their labors to keep an invincible army afield achieving such glorious victories. If they are not winning it they must demand that the military dictatorship abandon a struggle which, if it was bootless with ample supplies of men and of food and of treasure, must be hopeless with the whole nation worn down to bare bone. For nearly two years the German people have been deceived by their military autocrats as to what they were gaining. They cannot be deceived forever. They cannot be deceived many months longer. Want and starvation will tell them the truth. Then the militarists who, recklessly and wantonly setting out to wreck Europe, have ruined their own country, must answer to the German people. That will be the beginning of the end.—New York Press.

An Impression Of Kitchener

Not Always Popular, But Always Adored by the British Soldiers

In the book "With Kitchener to Khartum," G. W. Stevens summed up his impressions of the "Organizer of Victory" in terms that have stood the test of time and change. "He stands several inches over six feet," he wrote, "straight as a lance, and looks out imperiously above most men's heads; his motions are deliberate and strong; for tireless, steel wire endurance rather than for power or agility; that is irrelevant. Steady passionless eyes, shaded by decisive brows; brick red, rather full cheeks; a long mustache beneath which you divine an immovable mouth; his face is harsh, and neither appeals for affection nor stirs dislike. All this is irrevelant, too; neither, age nor figure, nor face, nor any accident of person has any bearing on the sirdar. You could imagine the character just the same if all the externals were different. He has no age but the prime of life, nobody but one to carry his mind, no face but one to keep his brain behind. The brain and the will are the essence and the whole of the man—a brain and a will so perfect in their workings that, in the face of the extremest difficulty, they never seem to know what struggle is. You cannot imagine the sirdar otherwise than as seeing the right thing to do and doing it. His precision is so inhumanly unerring, he is more like a machine than a man—other generals have been loved; none was ever better trusted—for Anglo-Egypt he is the mahdi, the expected; the man who has sifted experience and corrected error, who has worked at small things and waited for great; marble to sit still and fire to smite; steadfast, cold, and inflexible; the man who has cut out his human heart and made himself a machine to retake Khartoum."

This was just on twenty-two years ago. George Stevens died in Ladysmith, and the brilliant hand was not available to chronicle the same relentless methods by which Kitchener brought to an end the Boer war.

In all the bitter campaign levelled against him in recent months Lord Kitchener had never found for a moment any faith and the ungrudging support of the common people has failed him. He did not seek popularity—rather he spurned it—but there was something in his stern patience, his hard rectitude, his whole-souled devotion, that appealed unerringly to the imagination of the multitude. Feared though he was, he was adored by the private soldier, and sorrow and a personal sense of loss enters today the humblest home in Britain.

Movie Attendance is Astonishing

"The greatest inspirations which comes to writers for motion pictures is in the knowledge of the size of their great audience. In the year 1915 there were roughly 2,900,000,000 paid admissions to the moving picture theatres of the United States. This means an average attendance of 29 times per year for every man, woman and child in the country—or once a week for half the population of the country. Figures like these imply a great responsibility on the part of those who supply this tremendous demand, and men are now entering the field who are by training and artistry qualified to accept the responsibility."

Wonderful British Sub Feat

Nose of E-Boat Smashed by Explosion, Yet Her Strength and Her Efficient Mechanism Saved It

In a certain dockyard in England there is to be found a splendid tribute to the prowess of British submarines and the skill of those who man them. It is one of the finest of the British under-sea boats, which, with her bow twisted and bent as the result of a collision with an enemy mine in enemy waters, covered a distance of almost three hundred miles under her own power and arrived safely in a home port. Through the courtesy of the British Admiralty the correspondent was permitted to see this submarine and talk with her officers and crew.

She is in harbor with her bow facing torn into strips and two of her torpedo tubes crushed. Her plates are crumpled, two of her bulkheads are broken away from the bow; but in her tubes are two unexploded torpedoes. Their casing is twisted and caved in and the mouth of the aft tube is jammed. But the quality of the big explosive in her torpedoes and the mechanism controlling it prevented an explosion, thus saving her from total destruction.

She struck the mine head on. The collision smashed two of her bulkheads, broke all glass aboard her and sent the crew sprawling to the floor of the compartments. But her torpedoes did not explode, her engines did not fail to register; she dropped to the bottom of the sea and the water flooded in under the doors of the torpedo tubes aft. But within ten minutes after the collision she had been righted, come to the surface and turned her nose towards home.

When I looked at her lying there with her exposed tubes shining in the sunlight and her bulkheads in strips of rusty iron it seemed incredible that she had been under the coast guns of the enemy, that she could have made in her damaged condition a journey of three hundred miles, returning to a safe harbor with the information that she had been sent to obtain. And added to this was the fact that she had made the voyage in a high sea; that for twenty hours, defenceless, she evaded the enemy patrols.

I had heard stories of German submarines sunk by a single shot, so I asked one of the officers how this boat had survived the tremendous shock of the mine explosion.

"She held because of her strength," he said. "It broke her nose and it tore off two of her bulkheads. But she held. The efficiency of the pumps was not impaired. Within two minutes we had them working."

He asked me if I would not go below and see the marks of the disaster. So I followed him across a gangway and upon the narrow iron deck which already was beginning to show red patches of rust. The hatch was open. Below I could see a white compartment with brass fittings.

I do not know what I expected to find, but when I stood in this compartment I could see no traces whatsoever of the catastrophe. Directly in front of me the four rear doors of the torpedo tubes, painted a brilliant white, and to my right and left the great shining torpedoes were clamped in their racks. Only the wheel controlling the bow rudder was not true. The slender brass rod supporting it had suffered from the vibration.

This was the only mark made by the mine of the enemy. Not that it was to be estimated as minor damage, for the rudders have their part to play in the rise and dive and it was necessary to come up from the bottom of the sea. Not a simple matter with the rudders not under control.

"You see," one of the officers explained to me, "we didn't know what had happened—the water was pouring in aft and broken glass was everywhere. We didn't know much of her was gone. We knew that every man aboard had been knocked flat on his face, that the glass off the dials was rattling about under foot. But we didn't know what was to become of us."

In two minutes the order to rise had gone through to the engine room and the pumps were going. But whether we were going to rise or not remained to be seen.

"It was still enough, down there, after all the noise of the explosion and the smashing of the glass. You could hear the motors turning—it's not much of a sound they make—and the testing of the wireless. We were glad enough to hear that. And when we saw the bubble in the clinometer was still registering inclination we knew that matters were not as bad as they might have been.

"Then they threw in the levers. We waited. That was a bad minute. Then the broken glass began to rattle around under foot again. We were moving. We weren't long in getting up. At any time there's nothing like coming up into the air and sunlight after you've been under for a bit. But this was different. Yes, this was a bit different."

This was how he told me the story of the black interval when these officers and the men of the crew waited, submerged, at some 200 feet below water level, not knowing whether or not their bulkheads were destroyed, whether their instruments were irreparably damaged, whether or not they would ever come up again into the sunlight. It was his ship that he seemed to think of above all other things.

"We found out what we'd come into," he said. "Then it was whether we could make a port alone. The wireless was working—that is, we could send; we couldn't receive. We took a look at the bow facing at the bulkheads. They looked pretty bad hanging loose in strips. But we decided we could make it. The engines were right, and there wasn't a broken dial aboard her. The periscope was true. It was only her nose and her rudder that were gone.

"So we started back. If we picked up anybody on the wirless we knew that they had work of their own to do. So we drove along under our power. It was a bit of bad sea, but we made it. The waves broke over the bridge and pounded the one bulkhead we had left forward.

"And so," he said, and smiled, "we came home."

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B.C. Prohibition Act Does Not Prohibit

Measure Provides for Free and Unrestricted Importation of Liquor from the Outside World

The B. C. Prohibition Act, on which the Electors of British Columbia will be asked to register their opinions at the poll, is not a prohibition act in any sense of the term. So contrary is it to the principles of prohibition that prohibitionists themselves are freely criticizing the measure and the man who is neither "wet" or "dry" is asking the pointed question as to what will be secured by the bill save the building up of industry and trade at points outside the province.

All of which goes to show that it is advisable that the elector who desires to vote intelligently on the subject should carefully examine the Act before election day.

The "Wide Open" clause of the Act, Clause 57, reads in part as follows:

"Nothing in this Act shall be construed to interfere

"(a) With the right of any person to import from without the Province liquor for bona fide use in his private dwelling house."

This clause means that any resident of the province is allowed to purchase all the liquor he desires just as often as he wishes, without any control or regulation by the government, so long as he sends his money outside the province for his supply.

This clause would, for instance, allow any person to place a standing order with any liquor dealer outside the province for a weekly or monthly shipment of whiskey to be delivered to his dwelling. On such an order the supply of liquor would reach him constantly as long as he met the bills. In the face of such conditions the question may well be asked "Is this Prohibition?"

In the preliminary campaign in connection with the bill and at the present time prohibitionists have made a grand stand play, both on the platform and through their propaganda literature of the drunkard and the frightful evils which accompany drinking. Yet, in the bill for which they are admittedly entirely responsible they have done absolutely nothing to lessen the consumption of liquor in British Columbia, the sole effect of the legislation being to send money spent for liquor outside the province. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the drunkard who already has the taste and the habit is the man most likely to be the first to take advantage of the privilege to buy outside and, should the Act pass, would thereafter have liquor in quantity in his home whereas he now takes his liquor by the glass. As the small boy would say "What's the use?"

The great question lying behind the referendum vote on the Prohibition Question is whether the regulated sale of liquor under Government license and control is not better than the unregulated and unrestricted importation of liquor from outside points.

Readers desiring literature or information concerning the Prohibition Act may secure same by writing to Merchant's Protective Association, Room 24, Canada Life Building, Vancouver, B. C.

Tenders Wanted

TENDERS are wanted for the trimming and erection of the City Flag and Staff. For particulars apply at City Hall.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk.

Dated 11th July 1916.

Mortgagee's Sale
of Valuable Property

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on

Thursday the 20th day of July,

A. D. 1916, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, by Mr. George John Hardy, on the premises which are situate near the Junction of Union Street and Warren Avenue, Courtenay, the following property:

Lot One in Block One and Lots Seven and Eight in Block Four of Part of Section Sixty-One, Comox District, and Registered May No. 472B.

Terms: 25 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale and the balance to be paid by instalments at 3, 6 and 9 months.

For further particulars of sale apply:
THEED PEARSE,
Solicitor, Mill Street, Courtenay

Dated at Courtenay, B. C., this 6th day of July 1916.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF COURTENAY

Applications Wanted

APPLICATIONS are wanted for the position of Poundkeeper for the City of Courtenay. Said Poundkeeper to provide a proper Pound. For further particulars apply at the City Hall. Applications to be in by Monday the 17th instant.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk.

Dated 11th July 1916.

Notice

This is to certify that my wife, Emily Isabella McMillan having left my bed and board, I therefore will not be responsible for any debts she may contract.

F. C. McMILLAN.

GRIEVE and DARGIE
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Cigars,
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Production and Thrift

"CANADA from her abundance can help supply the Empire's needs, and this must be a comforting thought for those upon whom the heavy burden of directing the Empire's affairs has been laid. Gain or no gain the course before the farmers of Canada is as clear as it was last year—they must produce abundantly in order to meet the demands that may be made and I believe this to be especially true in regard to live stock, the world's supply of which must be particularly affected in this vast struggle. Stress and strain may yet be in store for us all before this tragic conflict is over, but not one of us doubts the issue, and Canadians will do their duty in the highest sense of that great word."—*HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.*

"MODERN war is made by resources, by money, by foodstuffs, as well as by men and by munitions. While war is our first business, it is the imperative duty of every man in Canada to produce all that he can, to work doubly hard while our soldiers are in the trenches, in order that the resources of the country may not only be conserved, but increased, for the great struggle that lies before us. *'Work and Save'* is a good motto for War-time."—*SIR THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.*

THE CALL OF EMPIRE COMES AGAIN IN 1916
TO CANADIAN FARMERS, DAIRYMEN, FRUIT GROWERS, GARDENERS
WHAT IS NEEDED? THESE IN PARTICULAR—

WHEAT, OATS, HAY,	CANNED FRUITS, FRUIT JAMS,
BEEF, PORK, BACON,	SUGAR, HONEY, WOOL, FLAX FIBRE,
CHEESE, EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY,	BEANS, PEAS, DRIED VEGETABLES

We must feed ourselves, feed our soldiers, and help feed the Allies. The need is greater in 1916 than it was in 1915. The difficulties are greater, the task is heavier, the need is more urgent, the call to patriotism is louder—therefore be thrifty and produce to the limit.

"THE AGRICULTURAL WAR BOOK FOR 1916" is now in the press. To be had from The Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA 2
THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE