YOUR PRINTING
Can not be done any better, and not quite so well anywhere else hereabouts. Our type and machinery is complete and The Review prices are right

THE REVIEW

Classified Ads.
Make your little Wants known through a Classified Advertisement in The Review - - - Phone 59

VOL. 3 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY APRIL 8, 1915 NO. 19

Auction Sale

Bayview Ranch, Union Bay Road

About 2 miles from Courtenay

We are instructed by Messrs. R. Carter & Son to sell by public auction at the above ranch on

Tuesday afternoon next, April 13

at 2 o'clock prompt

21 Head A1 Dairy Cows and Young Stock

Full particulars of milk tests and records will be given at time of sale. Sale without reserve

HARDY & BISCOE
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers
Telephone 10 COURTENAY

IT IS ONLY very shallow people who do not to a very appreciable extent judge a young man by his appearance. The enthusiastic expression you wear on your face must be reinforced by clothes which express correct and clever style

Art Clothes

For Younger Men

overlap the style line just enough to gain admiration. They're youthful in line and of couldn't-be-better quality

LOGGIE BROS.

Telephone 34 Next Royal Bank

SHEPHERD & HORNBY

Where everybody goes for choice Candies, Cigars, Tobacco, Fruit, Vegetables, Groceries, Etc.

ONLY BEST QUALITY GOODS HANDLED

Phone 40 Courtenay

COMOX LUMP COAL

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered in Courtenay

All Orders Will Recieve Prompt Attention

D. KILPATRICK

Phone 43 Courtenay

Local Lines

Mr. Robert Duncan is home from McGill college.

Miss Belle Berkley is home from Vancouver for the holidays.

Miss Milligan is visiting her brother and sister at Victoria this week.

Miss Amy and Mr. Bert Kilpatrick are home for the Easter holidays.

Some miscreant stole four sacks of oats and a large block from Mayor Kilpatrick last week.

Robt. McKean, of New Westminster, spent the Easter holidays with his brother W. G. McKean.

The Agricultural hall, which has been in the hands of carpenters for the past fortnight is rapidly being completed.

J, Cairns & Sons have secured the agency for the district for the Imperial Oil Co., and the first car load of oils arrived at the station on Tuesday.

Several fine catches have been made in the river during the past week, several weighing in the neighborhood of four pounds,

The officers and members of Tsolum Lodge, Knights of Pythias intend holding a smoking concert in their hall on Tuesday evening April 13, at 8 o'clock. All members are asked to come and bring a friend,

Hugh Stewart and J. W. McKenzie returned from their electioneering trip up north on Friday. They report grits as being plentiful on the Islands, and at Powell River. They've run wild for so long, however, that we think they'll be hard to catch.

Wanted—2,000 split cedar shakes delivered. Apply at Review Office.

Wanted to rent—A team of work horses for one or two months. Apply Box 23, Review Office.

A few good seed potatoes for sale, Carmen variety, Apply, R. Carter & Son.

Wanted—Good bulls, fit for killing. Also fat cows and calves, any quantity, for cash. Apply Review Office.

Wanted—Situation on ranch as manager or othetwise, by experienced married man. Apply Box 6, Review Office.

For Sale—A few good cows, records and tests given, also Tuberculosis tested. Apply, R. Carter & Son, Union Bay road.

Winning White Wyandottes, My pen of 6 birds that won the last contest averaged 221 eggs each in 12 months. For Price list of hatching eggs, etc. write E. D. Read. Duncan.

For Sale— One 6 h. p. Fairkanks Morse Gas Engine, one 3 k. w. Dynamo switch board, etc., also pump and belting, Capacity 12 gallons per minute. Apply at Riverside hotel,

I have again improved my flock of Rhode Island Reds by the introduction of new blood, Excellent winter layers, well adapted to this climate. Price of eggs per setting reduced to $1, per setting of 13. $6 per 100. Cash with order. Bruce Towler, one mile south of Courtenay. P, O. Box.

Employers living anywhere in Comox District requiring hired help and all persons out of work living within the limits of Courtenay municipality are requested to enquire at Tarbell's store for further particulars. The terms and conditions are that any employer securing help from the bureau is requested to deduct 5 per cent out of the first week's wages and pay same to the officer in charge of the bureau.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL
COURTENAY
PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOARDERS AND DAY SCHOLARS
For Terms and Prospectus apply to
Principal, Miss M. King
Next term commences Monday, April 12

George Millard and John Duncan are home from King Edward High School.

Miss Williams, of Vancouver, is visiting with her sister Mrs, D. Kilpatrick.

Howard Ellis came up from Willows Camp last Thursday evening. and returned on Monday morning.

The Bible Class will be at home to their friends on Friday evening of this week in the basement of the presbyterian church.

A grand Basket Ball Tournament will be held Thursday night March 8th, in the Opera House, for the championship of the district Cumberland, Happy Valley, Comox and Courtenay teams will take part, the victors of each double play to play a finale, making three thrilling trials of skill. Everybody should turn out to root for their own team After the games, a dance will take place. Everybody root,

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Service 11:30. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Notice of Meeting

Canadian Order of Foresters will hold its first meeting on Wednesday evening, April 14, at 8 o'clock, in the K. of P. Hall. All signers of the application are kindly requested to be present without fail. Officers will be elected and all other business transacted in connection with instituting this new court.

Those who have not yet made application may do so on or before the date of this meeting and become charter members at the small fee of $5.0 .

O. W. RAND,
District Organizer

Gun Club

Good Friday saw the opening shoot of the Courtenay Gun Club. Several new members joined the old faithful never missem's of last year in tearing up the scenery as well as puncturing the ozone, Good for first shoot records were made, as all seemed eager to annex, and stir their sugar with that tiffany trophy. Some excitement was caused when an alderman discovered that the damp weather had softened the shot, thereby only "dusting" his sky rockets. It's to be hoped the dry days to follow will remedy the evil. Some of the younger shootists were distracted by three red birds across the river in great peril but a little Barker saved them, All members were very enthusiastic and optimistic at a justly popular sport being so well attended. After the shoot, the members met in Dr. Morrison's rooms and discussed plans for the erection of a Club House. Mr. Sutton was asked to estimate the probable cost of a suitable one. A resolution was passed to be forwarded to the Provinicial Game Warden, re certain suggested changes in the Game Law. A resolutioa has already been sent to Mr. Williams asking permission to shoot grebe, loons and divers, as they are so destructive to game fish.

The scores made are:
Kirkwood 18, McCuish 19, Emde 11. Fechner 16, Johnston 6, Urquhart 19, Dawley 18, Morrison 9, Everett 3, Filmer 6, Whittle 5.

Comox Creamery Butter
45c per lb. this week

Ford Garage and Repair Shop

We are licensed dealers in Comox District for FORD CARS
We sell Ford parts at factory prices
We have everything for the Ford car
We have in stock Dominion Plain and Nobby Tread Tires
We have in stock Goodyear Plain and All Weather Tires
We have in stock Dunlop Tires
We sell all tires at list price F. O. B. Vancouver
We have the above tires in all sizes
We have in stock a full line of auto accessories
We have the oil for your particular motor
We have been in the business for a long time
We owned the second car in Comox district
We have sold more than 50 per cent. of the cars in this district
We have sold 50 per cent. of the stationery engines in this district
We have sold several small electric lighting plants
We have sold dozens of acetylene and gasolene plants
We try to please our customers
We have Cleveland, Crescent and Victor Bicycles
We sell bicycles on monthly payments
We have sold 60 per cent, of the bicycles in this district
We repair and sell bicycle accessories

E. C. EMDE - Licensed Dealer

Now Is the Time

to purchase Tires for Your Car

We supply Goodyear Tires for Ford Cars

All Weather Tread - - $18.40
Plain - - - - - - - $15.50

All repair work guaranteed to be O. K.

A full line of accessories in stock

Courtenay Garage - Phone 38

The Talisman

By L. T. Meade

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

"I will try my best, monsieur; I am sure she needs friends, la pauvre petite, but she is seldom alone, and it may be difficult. That nurse never leaves her, unless Mrs. Villiers herself is with her—and that nurse, I like her not. She knows not the art of nursing—and her voice, monsieur! it is not the voice of a person who ought to be with such a refined young lady. As to the great lady, madame the magnificent, we call her, she is out most of the time, buying, buying, buying. Oh! the lovely things she brings home, monsieur! and she showers them on mademoiselle; but mademoiselle, she won't touch one of them. She just wears the shabby little dress she had on when she came here. Madame one day was quite angry. I went into the room and I heard her words. Mademoiselle was crying, and madame, she said: 'I am giving up my life for you and you scorn me.' Ah, monsieur, the little lady is most miserable, and if you are truly her friend, I shall be glad."

Osborne was silent for a moment, thinking; then he said:

"I have changed my mind. Don't take the young lady any message, but let me know the moment she is dressed."

"God bless you, sir, I will do my utmost."

The woman went away; Osborne turned now to the concierge.

"Would it be possible for me to see the manager?" he asked.

"Mais, oui, monsieur, certainement.'

"Say that my business is very urgent, and that I will not keep him long. But first I have a strange request to make. Is there any way out of this hotel except by the main entrance?"

"Mais, non, monsieur."

"Then I am safe if I stay here. No one can leave the hotel without my being aware of the fact?"

"That is so, monsieur."

"Then I wish to remain here, and I want to talk to the manager here. I want to be where I can see without being seen."

"Monsieur, if you come inside my box, you can pretend to be one of my assistant clerks, and no one will notice you. Certainement no one can leave the hotel except by passing through the hall. Now I go to fetch Monsieur Adolphe, our manager."

Monsieur Adolphe was a typical Frenchman. He showed great astonishment when the concierge brought him the message from Osborne, but finally decided to see him. At first he looked haughty and annoyed, but one or two words that fell from Osborne's lips caused him to change his mind.

"I wish to ask you a question, monsieur," said Osborne. "Have you or have you not noticed within the last ten days, that any of your visitors at the hotel or any resident here has lost anything of value?"

Monsieur Adolphe stared at Osborne.

"But that is remarkable," he said. "Fritz, come here." He spoke to the concierge. "For the last few days," he said, glancing at Fritz as he spoke, "there have been constant complaints in the hotel about articles of value being missing, so much so that I have now asked my ladies to allow me to take charge both of their jewels and money. There does not seem to be a single person in the place who has quite escaped—watches, chains, rings, nothing very enormous in itself, but still of value to the proprietor. I know not what we should do but for that kind lady, Madame Villiers. She has helped us to recover several small properties belonging to the ladies and has herself been most kind and good-natured; for, whoever the unknown thief is, he seems to have served her worse than anyone else, taking rings, bracelets and a diamond tiara."

Osborne's face was deadly white.

"Can you throw light on this mystery, monsieur?" said the manager.

"I think I can—I believe I can. But have you taken no steps? Have you not called in the police?"

"I must do so today, monsieur; but madame, she beg, she say, 'Leave it to me, monsieur, I will find what you are missing'—and she did, monsieur; not a day has passed that she hasn't brought him back some of the missing goods. Our servants are in great trouble; but she say 'Suspect them not; leave it to me.'"

"Monsieur Adolphe," said Osborne, "will you now leave it to me? I hold a clue which you do not possess. I must ask you to send immediately for two of the gendarmerie, who will wait here until I summon them. Ah! and here comes the maid who attends on Madame Villiers. Monsieur Adolphe, I am a friend of the little young lady who is staying with Madame Villiers. Will you permit me to go to her room now, and will you do what I ask about the other matter, and quickly?"

Monsieur Adolphe assured him that he would. Osborne now followed the maid up the main entrance. In a few moments they stood outside the door of the sitting room; within was the sound of voices in high dispute. Osborne turned to the woman.

"Leave me now," he said; "and when I rang, send up the gendarmerie."

The woman turned pale, and looked at him in astonishment.

"Monsieur Adolphe knows," he said, "it is all right. Go—there is not a moment to lose."

Softly Osborne turned the handle of the well oiled door. He slipped inside without making the slightest sound. Shielding the door from draughts was a high screen; Osborne stood behind the screen; he listened. Two people were arguing angrily. He recognized the coarse voice of Ferris. Ferris said:

"You've done me, that's what you've done. I have been your friend all through, but you have done me. You promised me faithfully one-half of all the money you got in Paris—where is it?"

"Not for you," said a high, refined voice.

"Not for me?" We'll soon see if it's not for me. I can get you into the worst scrape you were ever in in your life. You promised the money and the use of the gel in my shop, and I've got neither. Where's the gel? Where's pretty little Barbara?" He smacked his lips—"I want her, dainty little bit that she is. I say, old lady, give me the gel, and I'll let you off the roof. I gave you Jessop and I helped you out of Lunnon when they was running you down as thick as bees, and this is the way I'm sarved. But you can keep Jessop, old 'ooman, I'm tired of her ef you'll give me the gel."

"Never!" said the other voice. Then it broke. "I'm tired," she said, all of a sudden. "I want to be good; that child has taught me. I would not give her to one like you for all the gold this world contains; and now you have your answer."

"Are those your last words?"

"They are, Ferris, my very last. I'll send you money, when I can to London; but leave me now, you are in danger here."

"And so are you, my proud lady. Don't think as Henry Ferris will be done out of his rights. Take this, and this and this!"

He fired three times from a revolver which he pulled out of his pocket. The wretched woman screamed and fell. The next instant there was wild bustle and confusion; the shots were heard downstairs. The manager and the concierge rushed up, accompanied by the two members of the gendarmerie.

Osborne pointed to Ferris, who struggled hard to escape, but handcuffs number eight were quickly slipped on, the revolver taken from him just in time and he was conveyed from the room.

A girl, white as death, had rushed in from the adjoining room. She saw Osborne as one in a dream; but just then she had no room in her heart even for Osborne. She bent over the dying woman; she put a pillow under her head.

"I could not—have—kept it up—Barbara," said the woman.

Barbara took the icy cold hand; suddenly she did notice Osborne.

"Get a doctor, oh! get a doctor!" she said in a voice of agony. "Whatever she is, she is my mother."

Osborne quickly left the room. The woman spat up blood, and at intervals spoke feeble words.

"In all my bad life I had only one love—my little girl—my little girl. All is up now. They can't put me in quod—I go before the Great—Tribunal."

Her voice sank to nothing. When Osborne and the doctor arrived, the woman, one of the cleverest thieves in the world, was dead.

* * * *

Great was the excitement in the Hotel Continental. People crowded to the spot when it was known that the splendid, magnificent Madame Villiers was in reality the mysterious thief, and had been sent to her last account by one of her angry pals. On the evening of that same day Osborne spoke to Barbara.

"You are mine now, mine forever, my best darling."

She nestled into his arms; she allowed him to kiss her soft cheek, but she could not speak, the shock and agony of those ten days had been too much.

But sorrowful things, as well as glad things, come to an end; and although for many, many weeks little Barbara Chance was very ill, yet in the end she recovered, and six months later was married to Ralph Osborne, and is now his happy wife. He calls her by the name he loved best when they were children together:

"The little girl with the happy face."

THE END.

W.N.U. 1041

BUY "COCKSHUTT" DRILLS

FOR EASY RUNNING, LIGHT DRAFT AND LONG SERVICE. THEY ARE MADE IN CANADA

Conserving the Live Stock

Home Demand Not Supplied and Large Exports Deplete Breeding Cattle

The department of agriculture has been paying special attention to the conserving and increasing of Canada's supplies of live stock, with a view both to meeting the demands for home consumption and to taking advantage of the splendid opportunities now offered for developing a large export trade. Prices both in Canada and abroad for practically all kinds of meats and dairy produce are very high, and war conditions have accentuated the shortage of supply. On the other hand, Canadian farmers have not by any means kept pace with the increased demands from consumers at home, and the opening up of the United States market through the taking off of the duty against Canadian cattle has been followed by the export of millions of dollars' worth of prime cattle, leaving stocks now on hand at a very low ebb. In Western Canada, especially, there has been a very severe decrease in breeding stock. Canada has become a large importer of beef, mutton and hog products, although conditions in the Dominion should make instead for the development of a large export business.

During the first ten months of last year Canada imported 112,238 sheep and 4,015,152 pounds of mutton and lamb. The imports of hog products for the same period amounted to 57,575 pounds of fresh, chilled and frozen pork and 8,340,210 pounds of pork barreled in brine. During the same ten months there were imported 1,643,728 pounds of fresh, chilled and frozen beef, and 996,837 pounds of beef salted in barrels.

On the other hand, exports of some of these commodities are showing large increases. The trade in hams and bacon, which is now being developed with Great Britain, and to a less extent with the eastern United States, promises to become of steadily increasing importance. Packers now state that with a price of seven cent hogs to the farmers they can successfully compete with Denmark in the British market. Our export of hams and bacon to Great Britain and to the eastern United States during the first ten months of 1914 amounted to 19,526,384 pounds, and is now increasing rapidly month by month. The chief danger seen by the department of agriculture is in the depleting of the breeding supplies, and an educational campaign to induce more widespread and vigorous efforts towards stock raising in all the provinces is now being undertaken.

Radium as a Fertilizer

Has Not Yet, However, Been Used Extensively For This Purpose

If you happen to have any radium about the farm it may be well to remember that a British scientist, J. Thome Baker, has found that it may be used to increase the yield of crops.

Anyhow he has found that when a little over a grain of radium is put in a ton of soil, wheat sown in it will sprout a week sooner and be six inches high when the check plot is only four inches high.

Pretty soon the rolltop desk farmers will be telling us that radium is a fertilizer; but, of course, it is only a stimulant which enables the crop to take more out of the ground without putting anything in.

In view of the fact that there are only 12 grains of radium in existence—commercially speaking—the matter isn't very important to the farmer.

And yet it must be remembered that there are considerable amounts of mineral matter which carry very small quantities of radium, and one of these days agents may be about the country trying to sell it to us for our crops.

It might be well to remember that scarcely any of the immense claims set up regarding the use of radium have as yet received justification.

Watch in a Pearl

The feat of making a watch in a pearl has been accomplished by a watch making firm at Chaux de Ponds, Switzerland. This wonderful watch, the only one of its kind in the world, was finished a few days ago. A pearl which weighs forty-five grains and has a diameter of about half an inch, contains all the works. It took an employe of the firm fifteen months to hollow out the pearl and fix the wheels. The watch, which is guaranteed to keep good time and may be worn as a ring on the finger, is for sale for $6,000.

The growth of the co-operative movement in Saskatchewan is shown by the increase in creameries in that province. There were only four of these in 1907 with a patronage of 213 and an output of 66,246 lbs. of butter, while in 1914 there were thirteen creameries with a paronage of 3,625 and an output of 1,161,230 pounds of butter.

United States Wants Zeppelin

The U.S. navy department will shortly advertise for bids for the construction of a Zeppelin model airship and for a number of new type aeroplanes. All the new aircraft, including the Zeppelin, are to be constructed in the United States.

The navy has wished for some time to obtain a Zeppelin, but there were no dirigible manufacturers in the United States and no one willing to undertake the experiment of building one.

Navy department officials have finalyl succeeded in finding several big concerns which have promised to undertake the construction of a Zeppelin type if their bid is successful.

A well known bishop who has a wife of pronounced temperament, one day caught a small boy stealing grapes from his vine. He reproved the offender sternly, and concluded:

"Do you know, my boy, why I tell you this? There is One before Whom even I am a crawling worm. Do you know Who it is?"

"Sure," said the boy unhesitatingly, "the missus."

Would Seize Wheat

British Trade Unions Say Government Should Seize the Wheat Supply

The General Federation of Trades Unions, in a document issued regarding the high prices of food in the United Kingdom, recommends chiefly that the British government take over all wheat supplies as has been done in Germany.

"The British farmer," the document reads, "would suffer no real hardship or loss if the government commandeered the whole home-grown and unmarketed wheat at 2 shillings ($10.50) a quarter, and immediate action on these lines would tend to moderate prices."

The manifesto charges the government with failure to anticipate and organize against certain consequences of the war and urges quick and drastic remedial action to avert a situation which is "becoming desperate."

The committee suggests a better distribution of incoming steamships at ports other than London and Liverpool. Continuing it says:

"Now that troubles have developed the government must move, not tentatively, as if the next century would do, but immediately. The procedure of prize courts must be expedited and all captured ships must be valued, manned and utilized by the state for the purpose of transporting supplies purchased directly from the producer and such supplies must be placed on the market at prices to cover only the costs and distribution charges."

New Boats for the C. P. R.

The Melita and Minnedosa Will Soon be Placed in Commission

Particulars of the two new vessels recently acquired for the Atlantic service by the Canadian Pacific Railway have just come to hand. These two new steamships have already been named the "Melita" and the "Minnesota," and have a length over all of 520 feet, with a beam of 67 feet, and the depth of keel to bridge is 46 feet. They will be fitted with a combination of turbine and reciprocating engines, driving three screws and a sea speed of fifteen knots. The vessels will be of the popular one cabin class providing accommodation for over five hundred cabin passengers and 1,500 third cabin passengers. A feature of the cabin accommodation is the number of two berth rooms, there being fifty in all. The public rooms for the cabin passengers will be elaborately decorated and will consist of a large lounge and smoking room situated on the promenade deck, also a gymnasium. The main dining saloon will seat three hundred, and five hundred and fifty can be accommodated in the third class dining rooms. The "Melita" and the "Minnesota," like their sister ships, the "Missanabie" and the "Metagama" will be equipped with Babcock and Wilcox patent davits, which enable lifeboats to be launched from either side of the vessel, even should the ship have a considerable list. The famous cruiser stern has again been introduced, thereby giving greater stability and seaworthiness, while every device for the safety of passengers will be provided, including double bottoms, wireless telegraphy and submarine signalling apparatus.

It is expected the vessels will be ready for service towards the end of the coming season.

Can't Let Germany Win

A great New York newspaper has bluntly declared that the civilized world will not allow Germany to prevail. We have every reason for confidence that the forces arrayed against her will accomplish her undoing. If it were to prove that our strength were insufficient, the other free nations must join the struggle. Every month that the war lasts the openly expressed sympathy with Germany's enemies grows louder and more insistent, and every victory that Germany can win threatens her with new foes to conquer.—London Express.

Compensations of War

The compensations of war are at least as great as its horrors and miseries, and they are of a kind that harmonize with and illustrate much that is fundamental in the Christian ideal. If there is any virtue in sacrifice for an ennobling cause, in the spirit of service that dedicates life itself to its end, and in the brotherliness and unity that bears down all barriers and links rich and poor in a common sympathy and a common devotion, then the war which has evoked these qualities in superabundant degree is not without its redeeming side.—London Daily Mail.

Fire Insurance in Canada

There are only twenty-one Canadian fire companies repotring to the Dominion government which are Canadian in the true sense that they are owned by Canadian shareholders. There are twenty-four British companies and thirty-one American and foreign companies.

"Why, look here," said the merchant who was in need of a boy, "aren't you the same boy who was in here a week ago."

"Yes, sir," said the applicant.

"I thought so. And didn't I tell you then that I wanted an older boy?"

"Yes, sir. That's why I'm back I'm older now."

The Quality of the Soldiers

Bonar Law on the Splendid Material in the British Army

In the course of a recent speech, Mr. Bonar Law, the Unionist leader, made this reference to the services of the army:

"Let me tell you, if I may, an incident—one of many—which was told to me by a friend who was at the front, and which made me realize what this war means. He said that a battalion, full strength, went into the trenches. They stayed there day after day without relief, resisting and resisting successfully, overwhelming forces which were trying to drive them out. At last the time for relief came. They came out of the trenches but only a fourth of those who had gone into them, and they came out under the command of one who had become their senior officer, a boy of sixteen. When they came out he formed up his men. He gave them the order to march and then he burst into tears, and fell fainting to the ground. While duty required it he had done all that was wanted of him, but when it was over the strain was too much, and he broke down. That is the kind of thing that is being done by our soldiers everywhere, and we are proud of this.

"It was in numbers a contemptible little army, the kaiser called it, but small as it was it is no exaggeration, if it is no disparagement to our French allies who are fighting so bravely, to say that that 'contemptible little army' saved Paris in the hour of her need. But before we have done we may need, and we must have, not a small but a great army, and we must have it fighting our battles now, and we will have it.

"In the last few weeks I have been present at two encampments where soldiers are training, 20,000 men in each, and a finer body of men never shouldered a rifle in any country in the world. It is a marvellous thing, the number of men who under our arrangements have flocked to enlist under the old flag. There has been nothing like it. No army of this dimension has ever before been raised by voluntary enlistment, and it is my opinion that in no country in the world could such an army have been raised by such means except in this country of ours. We all know that the question of national service has always been a debatable one, and to have raised it now would not have helped us to get the men. Everyone knows it would never be adopted in this country at a time like this till the old system had failed, but if we had been starting with a clean sheet one might take another view. I at least am not blind, and I am sure you are not, to the advantages of the present system. We know that under it some who ought to have gone have remained here and we know that many who ought not to have been called to go until others had gone have gone and are fighting the country's battles. I don't say that it is the best arrangement, but at a time like this the best arrangement is that which works most quickly. Just as we have got all the men we need up to now so we shall get them. Of this also I am sure, that the nation as a whole realizes the danger in which we stand, that it is determined at all costs to see this thing through, and if the men don't come voluntarily the whole nation will demand that they shall be made to come compulsory."

One would like to know how Heligoland's "First Recruit" has been faring in this war. He was the first baby born in the island after Germany took it over in 1890, and, as he would have to serve when he grew up, his photograph appeared in the shop windows. From a witness G. Stevens heard of his scandalous behavior when the Kaiser and Kaiserin visited Heligoland in state. Six girls presented the Empress with a bouquet. "Behind him was the First Recruit in the arms of his mother; the Kaiserin approached him and made to pat his cheek. The First Recruit made one wild clutch at the bouquet and tore the middle out of it. Next came the Kaiser, and, undeterred made also to pat his cheek. Then the First Recruit once more raised an impious hand and smote his Sovereign across the face, and then turned right round and showed his back and hid his face and refused to be comforted."—London Chronicle.

Big Public Works to Proceed

The war is making no difference with government expenditures on the big public undertakings. Last year ordinary or consolidated outlays were $13,000,000 and this year, in the corresponding nine months, $14,000,000. Railway outlays last year were $10,000,000, and this year $15,000,000, but railway subsidy payments have declined by $12,000,000.

In regard to smaller public works there is a tendency to economize, but all the big ones are going ahead, money being put into circulation, and employment being furnished to thousands.

Pedlar—I have a most valuable book to sell, madam; it tells one how to do anything."

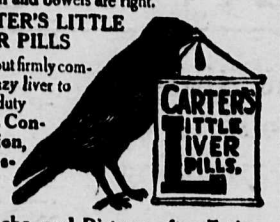
Lady (sarcastically)—Does it tell one how to get rid of a pestering pedlar?

Pedlar (promptly)—Oh, yes, madam. Buy something from him.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.



Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CHILDREN TEETHING

BABY IS VERY COMFORTABLE AND LAUGHS DURING THE TEETHING PERIOD. THANKS TO

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

PURELY VEGETABLE—NOT NARCOTIC

CANCER

Tumors, Lupus cured without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Come, or write for FREE BOOK.

DR. WILLIAMS, Specialist on Cancer, 2905 University Ave. S. E. Minneapolis, Minn.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT OF SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 THERAPION and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No 'follow up' circulars. No obligations. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO, HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

PATENTS

Featherstonhaugh & Co., head office, King street east, Toronto, Canada.

Copper for Germany

Dr. Schuster Says the Churches and Colleges Will Help Supply

"So far as copper is concerned, by making use of all the bronze monuments and the copper cupolas of the churches and colleges and all the copper we have used for other purposes in the last few years, Germany would be able to hold out for thirty years more."

Thus spoke Dr. Schuster of the Iron Founders' Union, at the annual meeting of the union in Dusseldorf, according to a despatch received by the Tijid. Dr. Schuster is reported as having added, "If necessary in the conquered parts of Belgium and France we shall seize everything made of copper."

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

245 Homesteads Taken up in a Week

The government records show that during the last week in January no less than 245 homesteads were taken up in Western Canada. Of these Manitoba got 60, Saskatchewan 83, Alberta 98 and British Columbia 4. Over 65 per cent. of the new arrivals were English speaking, 61 being Canadian, 50 British and 49 American. The remainder were from continental Europe.

During the same period 108 Americans crossed the northern line, bringing with them $10,000 in cash. Practically half of them are farmers and about 30 domestics, four mechanics and a number of clerks.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

"Now," said the farmer to the new hand from the city, "I want you to clean up the pigsty and the stable and the henhouse and all the other houses of the stock."

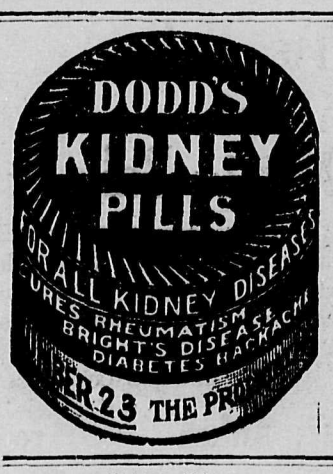
And the hand worked vigorously for a couple of days. Then he appeared before his employer with both eyes nearly closed, his mouth swollen and red lumps all over his face and neck and hands.

"Gimme my money," he said; "I'm a-goin' to quit."

"What's the matter?" asked the farmer.

"I don't know what's the matter," said the victim, "but it happened when I started to clean the beehive."

A man's best possessions are his family, his neighbors and his town. Away from-home buying never helps them and often hurts them.



W.N.U. 1041

Increase in Traffic Accidents

Multiplication of Motor Vehicles is Given as the Cause

An alarming increase in the number of traffic accidents in London streets is shown in the report of the board of trade. The total number of accidents recorded is 25,800 against 22,200 for the previous year, and the report moreover states that "the proportion of fatal accidents is increasing rapidly, owing to the multiplication of motor vehicles." Automobiles are twice as likely to cause accidents as horse vehicles, and the proportion of fatal accidents is three or four times greater. The theory that the motorist has such control over his machine that he can avoid accident is dispelled by experience. The best hope of improvement lies with the pedestrian himself; he must develop a new traffic sense."

Apart from accidents, the report indicates the habits of the Londoner are changing. He is getting more restless and now makes 274 "journeys" a year, as against 143 a year ago. Most of the new traffic has been developed on the electric car lines and motor omnibus lines, indicating that the Londoner is getting away from the centre of the city into the healthy suburbs.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Ancient Tablet

Laws of 2500 B.C. Are Found on Tablet Just Unearthed

A Babylonian tablet, believed to have been buried for more than four thousand years and containing the earliest law code known, has recently been unearthed and is in possession of Yale University. Part of it has been cleaned and deciphered.

The laws are written in Sumerian, the language of Southern Babylonian prior to its conquest by the Semites or Accadians in the time of Hammurabi.

The laws that have been translated refer to legislation concerning injury to women; the repudiation of children who have perhaps been adopted; elopement; the hire of boats and cattle, and the provision for the killing of a hired ox by a lion.

These laws are believed to have been written about 2500 B.C.

A Guaranteed Medicine For Little Ones

Baby's Own Tablets are a good medicine for little ones. They are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely free from the opiates and narcotics found in so-called "soothing" mixtures. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. Once a mother has given them to her little ones she will use no other medicine. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Desrosiers, St. Alphonse, Que., says: "Baby's Own Tablets saved my little one's life when he was suffering from worms and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

Look to Canada for Wheat

Pastoral Industry Gaining Favor in the Commonwealth

Interviewed concerning a cable from Wellington to the effect that the New Zealand government had arranged for the purchase of 1,000,000 bushels of Canadian wheat for delivery next July, Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, New Zealand high commisisoner in London, said that he had been buying wheat since the war started, but this was the largest order. For some years, he said New Zealand's wheat output had been diminishing in favor of pastoral industry, and it was likely the commonwealth would in future have to look more and more to Canada for her wheat supply. The high commissioner acknowledged New Zealand's debt to Canada for her present efficiency in dairy production.

Having recently returned from Egypt where, with Sir George Reid, the Australian and New Zealand expeditionary forces were visited, the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie said that the men only regarded their work in Egypt as a preliminary duty. They said they had set out to fight the Germans, and did not want to return without facing them.

The arithmetic lesson that day had been hard and trying, and now, at the closing hour, Tommy stood before the teacher, waiting to hear results.

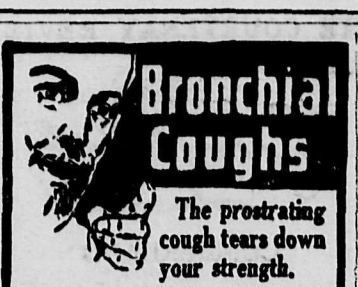
"Your last problem is wrong," was the verdict. "You will have to stay after school and do it again."

Tommy looked at the clock. "Tell me, teacher, how much am I out?" he asked.

"Your answer is two cents short."

Tommy's hand dived into the pocket where his most treasured possessions were stored. Swiftly he separated two pennies from a bunch of strings, a pen knife, some marbles and pieces of chalk.

"I'm in a hurry," he said; "if you don't mind I'll pay the difference."



Bronchial Coughs

The prostrating cough tears down your strength.

The clogged air-tubes directly affect your lungs and speedily lead to pleurisy, pneumonia, consumption.

SCOTT'S EMULSION overcomes bronchitis in an easy, natural way. Its curative OIL-FOOD soothes the inflamed membranes, relieves the cold that causes the trouble, and every drop helps to strengthen your lungs.

All Druggists Have It

B-44 REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Recruiting Gets Impetus

Fighting Men Stirred by News of Indian Successes at the Front

A special despatch from Dehli says —"All India re-echoes the tribute paid by His Excellency the Viceroy at the recent opening of the council to the commander-in-chief of the army in India. The work of the military departments is regarded as splendid. Large numbers of Indian army reserve officers are offering to serve with the Indian regiments.

"Recruiting for the Indian army continues with remarkable enthusiasm. The fighting races have been greatly stirred by the news of Indian successes at the front. Indian wounded who have returned are most enthusiastic in their praise of the kindness and attention which they have received in Europe. The volunteer movement has been given great impetus throughout the country, and usful gifts to be forwarded to the combatants and the sick are being received daily."

An Easy Pill to Take—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

Captured a General

An Algerian sharpshooter named Bel Hadi Hamad, at present in hospital near St. Malo, is the hero of an exploit which resulted in the capture of the German General Freise. The Algerian was the first of a party of French troops to enter a farm occupied by the general and some staff officers. He at once threw himself upon the general, who fired two revolver shots at him, wounding him seriously in the right ankle and the left hip. The gallant sharpshooter, however, undaunted by the pain of his wounds, and overmastering his sufferings, hurled himself upon his adversary, throwing him to the ground with a bayonet thrust in his stomach. At the same moment other French soldiers dashed into the farm, and General Freise was made prisoner.

The immigration movement between the United States and Canada has naturally lessened in volume during the past few months, but it is still in favor of Canada. During the week ending January 19th, for instance, there entered Western Canada from the U.S.A. 102 settlers with cash valued at $45,317, of whom sixty-nine were American citizens and 38 farmers. In the same period of 1914 there left Canada to reside permanently in the United States 52 persons, of whom fifteen were farmers.

Sense About Food

Facts Worth Knowing

It is a serious question sometimes to know just what to eat when a person's stomach is out of order and most foods cause trouble.

Grape-Nuts food can be taken at any time with the certainty that it will digest. Actual experience of people is valuable to anyone interested.

A woman writes: "I had suffered with indigestion for about four years, ever since an attack of typhoid fever, and at times could eat nothing but the very lightest food, and then suffer so with my stomach I would wish I never had to eat anything.

"I was urged to try Grape-Nuts and since using it I do not have to starve myself any more, but I can eat it at any time and feel nourished and satisfied, dyspepsia is a thing of the past, and I am now strong and well.

"My husband also had an experience with Grape Nuts. He was very weak and sickly one spring, and could not attend to his work. He was put under the doctor's care but medicine did not seem to do him any good until he began to leave off ordinary food and use Grape-Nuts. It was surprising to see the change in him. He grew better right off, and naturally he has none but words of praise for Grape-Nuts.

"Our boy thinks he cannot eat a meal without Grape-Nuts, and he learns so fast at school that his teacher comments on it. I am satisfied that it is because of the great nourishing elements in Grape-Nuts.

This mother is right. Grape-Nuts food is a certain and remarkable rebuilder of body, nerves and brain.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

America's Debt to Britain

Dr. Charles Eliot Tells Why He Supports the Allies

"All of the early practice of liberty and the teachings of John Milton about civil and religious liberty; the assurance, finally, that national efficiency can be developed to a higher degree under free than under autocratic institutions."

Such, in the words of Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard, is the debt we owe to Britain, the reason for American sympathy with her in her present struggle.

"I have received many letters expressing displeasure at my stand in favor of the allies," he said. "They ask me if I am an Englishman, and where I was born, and what the British pay me, and what, also, we owe to Britain. So I have thought about our debt to Britain."

This debt, he said, lay in her practice and teachings of civil and religious liberty; in her example that a nation could be more efficient under free than under autocratic rule.

Use Your Own Town

We sometimes wonder how many citizens use this town to the greatest possible advantage to themselves. Suppose everybody looks upon this town as an organization designed especially to contribute to his comfort, his progress and his happiness. What has it to offer that he must have in order to be happy and contented and that he cannot secure elsewhere? How often does the citizen—farmer or townsman—as he goes to the bank to cash a check or to the post office to mail a letter, think of what conditions would be without bank or post office? Can he imagine bank and post office without a town? Can he imagine a town without stores and other places of business? Can he imagine the existence of stores without patronage? Let him for a moment consider the intimate relations and connections that exist between local population and the patronage of local merchants, the supporting and maintaining of schools, churches and places of amusement, the performing of governmental functions, and indeed the maintenance of civilization. Though he may shut his eyes to these connections and ignore his duty in the premises, the connections none the less exist and the duty is none the less obvious.—American Lumberman.

Baby Eczema Becomes Chronic

Causing Great Suffering and Anxiety —Prompt Relief and Cure by Dr. Chase's Ointment

This is one reason why every mother should know about Dr. Chase's Ointment, since it is an unfailing cure for all itching skin diseases.

Mrs. F. Clarke, Belmont, Man., writes: "My baby had eczema on her ear. The sore was very bad and nothing seemed to do her much good. Hearing of the remarkable cures Dr. Chase's Ointment was making, we sent for some, and after the third application the sore began to heal. I am glad to say that it is quite well now, and we give the credit to Dr. Chase's Ointment. We cannot recommend this preparation too highly."

Here is another letter, which tells of the cure of a five weeks old baby:

Mrs. Wallace Mingon, River John Road, Colchester County, N.S., writes: "My little girl took eczema when she was five weeks old. Though we doctored her until she was nearly a year old, she got no better. I was advised to use Dr. Chase's Ointment, and this treatment completely cured her."

Machinery That Mothers Farm Credit

Says the June bulletin issued by the Muskogee (Oklahoma) National bank:

"Every farmer should pay attention to the care of machinery and tools. It not only is careless and reckless to permit various kinds of implements to be scattered around the farm and exposed to all kinds of weather, but the actual money loss is worth while. Much machinery becomes useless on account of rust, decay and neglect. Few things do more to establish credit for the farmer than attention and care given to implements and vehicles. Everything a farmer has to work with should be kept in a clean, dry place ready for use on demand. This suggestion is especially valuable now before harvest and the wise farmer will have his mower and binder in first class condition so that no time is lost when suddenly needed."

The mower left out all winter has smothered many a loan!

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The Cocos Island, where the German cruiser Emden put up its last fight, is one of the most romantic places in the Pacific. It is a coral reef, really, fringed with palm trees, and lying about 350 miles from the Dutch East Indies.

The king of the island is a colored man named Ross rich as a trader, and despotic among his own people. He is the descendant of a Scottish sailor of 1830, who established himself on the island, planted palm trees by the thousand, and settled down with a colored spouse. Life went very well in those solitudes then. Of course, there was always the fear that a tidal wave might sweep the island with a sudden tornado of waters, and Ross was never quite certain whether his strip of land would make up its mind to stay where it was, or whether it would sink back again to the depths. But he chanced it. And the island stayed on top and Ross stayed with it.

MOTHERS

REMEMBER! The ointment you put on your child's skin gets into the system just as surely as food the child eats. Don't let impure fats and mineral coloring matter (such as many of the cheap ointments contain) get into your child's blood! Zam-Buk is purely herbal. No poisonous coloring. Use it always.

50c. Box at All Druggists and Stores.

USE ONLY ZAM-BUK FOR CHILDRENS SORES

Not War Vessels

U.S. Government Will Not Stop Export of Curtiss Hydro-Eeroplanes

In reply to Germany's recent protest against the building of hydro-aeroplanes by American manufacturers for England and Russia, Secretary Bryan has informed Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that the state department does not concur in the contention tha such craft might be regarded as vessels of war, "whose delivery o belligerent states by neutrals should be stopped."

The correspondence on the subject was made public by Mr. Bryan. On January 19 Count Von Bernstorff wrote giving details of the purchase of the airship America; the ordering of five more of the same type and of 36 hydro-aeroplanes of a different model. Russia, he said, had also ordered a number of machines, all this being from the Curtiss people.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Joins Army to Get Even

The Ottawa Free Press says: "Because a German won a ranch from him in a poker game, several months ago, a 'six-foot-two' westerner has enlisted with the 8th C.M.R., seeking revenge. The young giant arrived in the city a couple of days ago in charge of a carload of racehorses and when he heard that a mounted regiment was being raised here, immediately went to headquarters and enlisted.

"I've got a lasting grudge against the Germans, and I'm going to get even some day. I guess there is no better way than by going to war. I may run against my friend," he said. Many novel reasons are advanced by young fellows recruiting for the war, but officers agree that this is the most interesting yet heard.

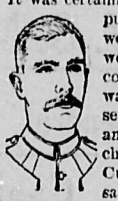
Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, infant or in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms, can take this prepaartion without a qualm of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

Thousand German Papers Suspended

Speaking, in Berlin at a meeting of the German Lyceum club, Mr. Alexander Deitz, director of the Wolff Agency, said that one thousand German papers, one hundred and twenty of them political ones, had been forced to cease publication owing to the war.

ECZEMA ON ARMS ITCHED AND BURNED

Unsightly. Could Not Put Hand in Hot Water. Very Painful. Used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. Completely Healed.



Imperial, Sask.—"My eczema appeared as a rash and itched and burned very badly. It was certainly unsightly and I could not put my hand in hot water or work at all when it was at the worst. Both my arms were covered with the eczema and it was very painful. I tried several things, but none did any good until one day the chemist advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment, saying it was by far the best thing he knew of. I immediately used it, washing my arms and hands with the Cuticura Soap and then applying the Cuticura Ointment. The first dressing relieved the irritation and in a month all signs of that awful disease had gone. I was completely cured." (Signed) Edward Lawrence, Jan. 31, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

In selecting a toilet and a skin soap why not procure one possessing delicate emollient properties sufficient to allay minor irritations, remove redness and roughness, prevent pore-clogging, soften and soothe sensitive conditions, and promote skin and scalp health generally? Such a soap, combined with the purest of saponaceous ingredients and most fragrant and refreshing of flower odors, is Cuticura Soap. Although Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists everywhere, a sample of each with 32-p. Skin Book will be sent free upon request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A."

Courtenay Oil & Supply Co.

FOR

Mica Axle Grease
Artic Cup Grease
Transmission Grease
Harris Oils
Polarine
Cylinder Oil
Batteries
Automobile Supplies

Standard Gas Engine Oil
Gasolene
Coal Oil
Rayo Lamps
Candles
Household Lubricant
Spark Plugs
Motor Boat Supplies

WALTER H. RECKITT
Manager
Phone 61 P. O. Box 115

Campbell's
CUMBERLAND

EASTER NOVELTIES

Pattern and Ready-to-wear Hats
Children's Silk and Muslin Bonnets
Silk Blouses
Newest Creations in Ladies' Neckwear
Perrin's (guaranteed) Kid Gloves

SPRING GOODS

Cotton Crepes,
Zephyr Ginghams,
Rice Cloth,
Bedford Cord,
Poplins,
Voiles,
House Dresses,
Middy Blouses,
Children's Frocks Pinafores and Rompers
Special lines in Ladies' Cotton Crepe and Muslin Underwear
Invictus Shoes and Pomps

Campbell's

GARDENING

Now is the time to procure your seeds for early planting

We carry a full stock of First Class Seeds and Implements

THE CORNER STORE
Telephone 4 SANDWICK

The Courtenay Review
And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weekly Newspaper, Pubished at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance
Telephone 59

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1915

More Poultry Needed

Canada is short fifteen hundred thousand hens, averaging one hundred eggs per year. Canada in 1914 imported two hundred thousand dollars, worth more poultry than she exported, and imported eggs to the enormous amount in value of $2,500,000 in excess of her shipments abroad. These are the somewhat surprising, if not alarming, statements made by the Poultry Division of the Dominion Deparment of Agriculture, from which also emanates the important announcement that Britain took from Belgium, France, Russia, Germany and Austria-Hungary in the available months of 1914, three million dollars worth of poultry, and 136,000.000 dozen, or sixteen hundred and thirty-two million eggs—sufficient to give two million two hundred and thirty-five thousand six hundred and sixteen people two eggs apiece for every day in the year. Such facts must surely convey a world of meaning to poultry breeders in Canada. These facts are further emphasized by the statement that the average egg yield per hen in this country is but 80 eggs per year, which we are further assured by experts could, by careful selection, feeding and housing be increased to 180 eggs h r hen per year. As the head of the division at Ottawa remarks, "It would be a profitable thing to strive for." Pamphlets addressing the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture. Ottawa, are No, 1, "Winter Egg Production" by W. A. Brown; No. 2, the Crate fattening of Poultry" by T. A. Benson, No. 3, "The Candling of Eggs," by W. A. Brown; No. 4, "The Organization of Co-Operative Egg Circles," by W. A. Brown; No, 5, Plan of Permanent Laying House for Poultry," by W. A. Brown and T. A. Benson; No. 6, The Payment of Eggs According to Quality," by W. A, Brown. J. H. Hare and W. H. Ault. Other publications that can be had are by F. C. Elford, dealing with Incubation and "The Farmer's Poultry House," and by Victor Fortier on "Duck Raising" and the "Management of Turkeys and Geese."

CITY COUNCIL

The Council met on Tuesday evening the Mayor in the chair and all the Aldermen present but Ald, McKenzie, A communication from Colin campbell, Superintendant of Provinicial Police stated that the government would not police Courtenay.

Silvio Marocchi gave hotice that he would apply for a bottle license to sell liquor.

A number of property owners on Union street asked to have Union street drained above the Builders' Supply corner.

The following accounts were presented and ordered paid if found correct. Union Hotel $5 Stencil Co, dog tags $5, Herald $58.50, Lumber $31.27, Electric Light Co. $1.10, Review $22.30. City Clerk, extra work $10, Woodworth $15. The school estimates were also presented

The matter of draining Union Street created quite a discussion. There are other places that need drining quite as badly. Ald. Robertson suggested that the council advertise that parties desiring work performed on the road, or ditching done, to apply to the Council at once.

Ald. Kirkwood brought up the matter of purchasing a chemical engine for the city, and will bring in a report next meeting.

All the committees are requested to have their estimates ready for next council meeting.

A letter was received from the Royal Bank asking payment of H. Ellis' account.

The Clerk was ordered to advertise that outstanding licenses must be paid,

The Electric Light by law was laid over for another meeting.

Ald. Leighton drew attention to the typewriter, stating that he had use for it himself.

Ald. Johnston gave notice that he intended to bring in a motion to have the city divided into wards.

The Court of revision will meet on Monday, May 10.

The following compose the Court, Alds. Kirkwood, Leighton, Robertson, Crompton, and the Mayor.

Ald. Jonnston suggested that a shed be built in which to store the City's tools. The Mayor offered to supply the lumber if Ald. Johnston would build a tool box.

The Health by-law was given its first and second reading.

The city will take over the street lighting in the business section.

Linen Day

Sir:—It is proposed, in connection with local efforts to help the men at the front, to organize a "Linen Day" and I have been asked to write you the following letter in connection therewith.

When we try to realize the enormous numbers of such cases due to the fighting it soon becomes apparent that an exceedingly large amount of linen etc., must be needed for bedding, pillows and bandages etc. In the County of Surrey alone preparation has been made for 40,000 cases, and all the great London hospitals are working at full pressure!

While we live here in peace and security we must bear in mind those who are suffering for us at the front. The demand for linen is almost exceeding the supply, and private individuals are urged to give linen, cotton, damask, toweling, mnslin, etc.

The most useful gifts are sheets (especially Hospital sheets,) Pillow cases are also much needed—both used and unused, bleached or unbleached.

All old and new cotton will be welcomed, and will be sterilized at the base hospitals. Towels of all kinds are badly needed.

Hundreds of little pillows size 10in x 10 in. are asked for, made of the soft downy material used in filling the modern mattress. These are for putting over wounds and could be made locally, out of old pillows.

The local organization of the Patriotic service committee appeals to the residents of the Comox Valley for all such goods, and it is proposed to take up a house to house collection on the 15th, 16th, and 17th, of this month. Donations may however be left at the office of the Committee in Courtenay (Hicks-Beach & Field) and will be duly acknowledged.

I am yours faithfully
E. P. Laycock.

The Athletic Club

The second annual meeting of the Courtenay Athletic Club was held at the Royal Bank on Tuesday evening. Minutes of annual and last meeting were read and adopted.

The Treasurer's report was read and adopted.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected.

Hon. President, H. S. Clements M. P.; Hon. 1st Vice President M. Manson M, P. P.; Hon. 2nd Vice Pres. H. Stewart; Hon. 3rd Vice Pres. D. Kilpatrick; President, P. L. Anderton; Vice President B. Towler; Sec.-Treas. R. H. Hardwick; Minister of Finance, E. H. Peterson; Sports Manager, Dr. Morrison; Executive Committee—The officers with Messrs. Denholm, Mitchell, Robinson, McNeill, Hicks Beach, Peterson and Kirkwood.

It was decided that the grounds should be put into as good shape as possible without delay, and that two Thursday afternoons, April 15th and 22nd be taken to do so.

It was decided that membership privileges be granted for one year to those doing a day's work on the grounds. It was also unanimously decided to do away with soliciting subscriptions during the current year and instead a grand concert, basket social and dance will be held on the 23rd inst. Concert committee, Mesdames Hicks-Beach, Robertson, Kilpatrick, Messrs. Crompton, Denholm and Hardwick. Social and dance committee, Messrs. Shepherd, McNiell and Anderton.

The Easter services at the Presbyterian church were very appropriate. The musical part of the service was very impressive. The church was nicely decorated with flowers.

THE CASH STORE

W. G. McKEAN
General Merchant

WE SELL FOR LESS

Buy Your Coal Oil From Us

We have a large stock on hand

25c per Gallon
or
$1.00 per Tin

Bring Your Own Tin

W. G. McKEAN - General Merchant

F. PIKE
Plastering Contractor
The Dyke COURTENAY
Estimates Furnished Work Guaranteed

C. P. DUNDAS
Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public
P. O. Box 209
Phone 24 Courtenay

PERCY WINCH
"GRAND DUKE CIGARS"
SIDNEY, B. C.

When In Doubt Play Trumps
Have Goard Tune Your Piano
Factory Experience
Recommends from Leading Musicians from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Copies of same furnished on request
W. J. Goard will be in this city about April 1st, Leave orders at this Office, or write direct to
845, 8th Ave., W. - Vancouver

STOLEN
From my car in front of Ilo-Ilo theatre at Cumberland, on Wednesday night, two new lap robes, (one plaid, and the other imitation leopard,) and one tube, size 32 by 3 1-2. If the person seen taking these returns them no questions will be asked, otherwise prosecution will follow swift and sure.
N. H. Boden,
Review Office, Courtenay.

Cumberland Hotel
Good Accomodation Cusine Excellen
Wm. Merryfield
Proprietor

BROWNIE

CAMERAS
and all
KODAK SUPPLIES

ROBERTSON'S DRUG STORE

Palace Livery & Feed Stable
Horses and Buggies for Hire at Terms cash.
We also attend to wood hauling
JAS. CAIRNS & SON
Proprietors
Courtenay Phone 25

First-Class Plumbing
Hot Water and Steamfitting
Jackson & Whittle
Phone 9 Courtenay

MORIN & DAY
General Blacksmiths
olicit Your Patronage. Careful Attention Given to Horses Feet
MILL STREET COURTENAY

PORT AUGUSTA HOTEL
Comox, B. C.
First-class Accommodation. Best Quality Wines Liquors and Cigars
R. McCuish, Prop.

To Bake
or
Not to Bake?
The former is really unnecessary when Bread from the Courtenay Bakery is available andby reason of quality has so many votaries. Get the A B habit and satisfaction
W. Aitken - rop.
Opposite new Presb yterian Church

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., L.L.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager JOHN AIRD, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. 821

F. C. BROCK, Manager, Courtenay Branch

Local Lines

Born—On Good Friday, to Mr. and Mr, Henry Mitchell, a son.

Jess Willard the Kansas farmer knocked out Jack Johnston at Havana on Monday.

Mr, Willoughby has secured the the order for making the uniform for the police at Cumberland.

"Paddy" Perrott, Evans, and Hoff, who are with the 2nd Contingent have arrived at Shorncliffe, Kent, England.

The organization meeting of the Canadian Order of Foresters. will be held in the K. of P, hall on Wednesday evening next.

Change in McPhee & Morrison's—Mr. Watchorn has been transferred to the post office, and Wallace McPhee goes into the store.

Mr. J. K. Urquhart has purchased a fine new Overland auto. On his first trip to Cumberland some miscreant stole an inner tube out of his car.

The Board of Trade have been successful in getting mail brought up on the Cowichan on Saturday night. It reaches here on Monday morning.

Mrs. Concenia of Victoria. who has been visiting with her old friends and neighbors in Courtenay for the past few week, returned to her home at Victoria on Monday morning,

The following spent the holiday out of town—Mrs. W. S. McPhee, Mrs. Callin, Mrs. Aikenhead, Miss E. Beattie, Mrs. Hutchison. A. G. Read, Mr. Bell, R. H. Hardwick, and A. D Carr-Hilton.

The "Minister's Bride" presented by the members of St. George's Presbyterian Church in the Opera House drew a good house. The play was an old fashioned one, and the costumes were of a style worn about forty years ago. The actors acquitted themselves in a very credible manner. The musical part of the program was much enjoyed by the audience. The soloists were in good voice, and the choruses were effectively rendered.

A social evening will be given by the Board of Trade on Thursday the 15th inst. A programme consisting of songs and speeches will be rendered. Mr Hayward, M.P.P., will be the principal speaker and address the Board on the subject of "Co-operation" and "Agricultural Credits." Short addresses will be made by the officers of the Board of Trade on subjects affecting the welfare of the district. Refreshments and cigars will be in abundance and everything will be free of charge The invitations will be issued shortly and it is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance of the business men and farmers of the district as Mr. Hayword is one of the ablest speakers in the province on "Co-operation," having had many years experience in the management of the Cowichan Creamery and other co-operative institutions.

The Board intends, with the co-operation of the district, to make this into a monthly affair, at which subjects dealing with the welfare of the district in general wi l be taken up and handled by the best local and outside authorities available on the subjects.

The Board of Trade has recently pressed the Post Office Department vigorously in regard to the poor mail service that has been maintained during the past winter, with the result that the incoming mail by the S. S. Cowichan has been restored. and further improvements are looked for.

At the local Anglican churches the Easter Services were well attended. A large number of communicants were present at the four celebrations, and at the 11 o'clock service St. Andrew's Church was crowded, in spite of a very large increase in the sitting accomodation of the building. The decorations in both churches were much admired. Some very beautiful hot house lilies and carnations were sent up from Victoria and added greatly to the general effect. Special music had been prepared under the supervision of Messrs. Jackson and Hickman, and the services were fully choral. At the annual vestry meeting held on Easter Monday was well attended by men, and also by some of the ladies, J. B. Bailey and E. H. Hicks-Beach were elected as church wardens for the year. Churchwarden's for St. John's Courtenay, Messrs, S. Taylor and H. Idiens. The Vicar's report shewed progress in the work and mentioned the fact that while the Courtenay church site is not yet fully paid for, there is no debt on the building itself. During the year there have been 325 services held in St. Andrew's church, and 30 in St. John's church since January 17th last. Thanks were accorded to all the workers and helpers, and the meeting closed with the benediction.

Rev. T. Menzies is attending the meeting of the Synod at Vancouver.

The Russians have broken through the Austrian lines, and they are in full retreat.

Extracts from the Meteorogical Register at Little River, Comox District. Bertrand Vogel, Observer.

Month	Max. Tem.	Min. Tem.	Mean Tem.	Total Pre.
January	47.5	24.0	36.5	6.70
February	53.0	26.0	40.0	5.36
March	61.0	29.0	43.3	3.08

Total precipitailon from April 1st, 1914, to March 31st, 1915—51.88 inches

JOIN
The Canadian Order of Foresters

Now Organizing in Courtenay

The most prosperous and progressive society of its kind in Canada. Pays a direct weekly sick benefit and insurance. Over $9,000,000 has been distributed to the members and their dependants. Has over $5,000,000 on hand. Make application before the charter closes. Court will be instituted Wednesday, April 14, in the K. of P. Hall. Don't lose this opportunity of becoming a charter member of this noble organization. Applications will be received up to and including April 14 at the small entrance fee of $5. Apply now to

O. W. RAND,
District Organizer, Riverside hotel

Tenders Wanted

Tenders are invited for cleaning and looking after the K. of P. Hall
For particulars apply,
A. W. H. SHEPHERD.
Tenders close Saturday April 17.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that all Trades Licenses and Dog Licenses must be paid in to the city clerk on or before Saturday the 24th day of April.

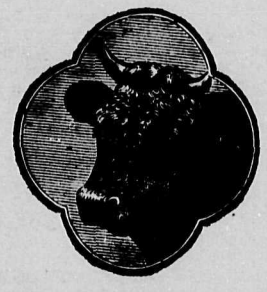
W. A. W. HAMES.
City Clerk
Dated this 7th day of April, 1915.

J. LA FOREST
General Blacksmith
COMOX - B. C.
Telephone M 92

Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Engines and Pumping Outfits
Horseshoeing and Boat Irons a Specialty
Try our Excelsior Hoof Ointment
A Work Guaranteed

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Buggies and Express Wagons
All Rigs Guaranteed and Sold at the Lowest Possible Price
GEORGE B. LEIGHTON
Blacksmith and Carriage Builder COURTENAY

Comox Co-Operative Society Ltd.



Dealers in all kinds of Meats, Butter, Eggs and Farmer's Produce, Cooked Meats a Specialty. We sell only the best. Prices are always low and satisfactory. We pay best prices for produce

Phone No. 2 **Courtenay**

ELK HOTEL
Comox, B. C.
Best Meals North of Naniamo
Choicest Liquors and Cigars
C. A. Martin, Prop.

CHARLES CHARLTON
Dyeing, Cleaning and Pressing
Garments turned out like new
Alterations and repairs of every description
Old Bank Building
Phone 17 **Courtenay**

The Comox Barber Shop
Oldest Shop in Courtenay
Nothing But First Class Work Guaranteed. Baths in connection
C. E. DALRYMPLE, Prop.

The Courtenay Hotel
Every Convenience for Guests
The Central Hotel for Sportsmen
None but the BEST WINES and LIQUORS at the Bar
RATES REASONABLE
JOHN JOHNSTON, Prop

NOTICE

Having disposed of my interest in the Courtenay Dye Works I will not be held responsible for any debts contracted in name of the said firm from date.

WALTER H. RECKITT.
Courtenay, B. C., March 9, 1915

Cobblestone and Septic Tank Work
All Work Guaranteed
A. Beveridge, Courtenay Hotel

APPLY TO
RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
Rates Reasonable

"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Runabout Price $540

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the additional 7 1-2 p. c. War Tarriff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty weare forced to pay on such raw materials as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada — not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is $540; the Town car $840; the Couplet $850; the Sedan $1150—all fully equipped, f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915

FORD GARAGE, COURTENAY

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Cook With ELECTRICITY

We are still offering our Special Terms for Wiring

You incur no obligation by asking as for information and estimates

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Ltd.

Phones: Office 35, Res. 65 Office: Mill Street

"NERVILINE" STOPS EARACHE IN 10 SECONDS, FIXES TOOTHACHE IN 2 MINUTES

It Seems to Possess Almost Some Divine Power Over Pain

RUB ON NERVILINE

Toothache is usually due to neuralgia in the gums or to the congestion and swelling of the nerve pulp.

As "Nerviline" relieves congestion, you can easily see why it cures toothache.

Nerviline does more—cures any ache or pain—in any part of the body.

It matters not where your pain is. It may be in a joint or muscle; it may be neuralgia or lumbago; . may be a surface pain is deeply situated in the back, side or chest. Nerviline will reach it; Nerviline will drive it out.

What is Nerviline, you ask? Just a liniment, but very much stronger in pain-subduing power than other liniments—one that penetrates more deeply in the tissue than any other liniment. It is a liniment that cures quickly, that gives permanent relief.

You might spend ten or a hundred dollars, but you couldn't buy as much relief as you get from a single bottle of Nerviline.

We guarantee Nerviline; we refund your money if it does not relieve you.

In many lands it is a household trust, a remedy that has justified itself under the experience of those who have used it. Guaranteed for neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism, pleurisy, strains or sprains; the large 50 cent family size bottle is more economical than the 25 cent trial size. Dealers everywhere sell Nerviline, or direct from The Catarrhozore Co., Kingston, Canada.

Pigs with Rheumatism

Hogs Kept in Cold, Damp Pens Are Apt to be Affected

M.E.R., of Elkhart county, Indiana, says that he has a litter of full blooded Poland China pigs, seven weeks old that have rheumatism. Their joints are swollen and they are lame. He wants to know the cause and the cure.

This form of rheumatism in pigs can usually be taken as an indication that care and feeding have not been of the right kind. Pigs kept in cold, damp pens or subjected to exposure are apt to be affected in this way. Overfeeding is another common cause. Of course, there may be other causes, for instance at the beginning of an outbreak of cholera the symptoms of rheumatism are frequently present.

The first thing we would advise would be to put the pigs in dry, comfortable quarters, if they are not already there. Keep them away from old straw stacks or manure heaps. Bed them well with clean, dry straw in a house that is well ventilated but free from drafts. In the way of medicinal treatment we quote from Dr. Craig: "Salicylate of soda is the most useful drug to give in this disease. The dose is twenty or thirty grains in the feed or as a drench three times a day. Quinine and bitter tonics can also be given. Blistering ointments and liniments should be applied to the inflamed articulations."—The Farmer's Guide.

It All Started From a Bad Cold

WATFORD MAN FOUND RELIEF IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Mr. Robert Taylor, Sr., After Suffering For Two Years, Tells of the Benefits He Got From Dodd's Kidney Pills

Watford, Ont.—(Special)—Mr. Robt. Taylor, Sr., a very estimable man living here, is telling his friends that the pain in his back, from which he suffered for some time, has disappeared, and that he gives all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started with a cold," Mr. Taylor states, "and though I was treated by a doctor I got no permanent relief. I had cramps in my muscles and stiffness in my joints, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I perspired freely with the least exertion. I had attacks of rheumatism and sciatica, and though I tried many medicines I found no relief till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. I must say they were a great benefit to me."

Mr. Taylor's troubles came from his kidneys. The diseased kidneys failed to strain the uric acid out of the blood and the results were as he has stated. Dodd's Kidney Pills put the kidneys in working order, the uric acid was strained out of the blood, and the troubles went with it.

Arranged With Enemy

A story is going the rounds just now that shows how Austria was delivery to belligerent states by neut-

A visitor to a West End restaurant in London, being waited on by a particularly tall and fine looking waiter with a foreign accent, asked the man his nationality.

"Oh, I'm a Hungarian," was the reply.

"How comes it, then, that a big, strong fellow like you is not in the firing line?" asked the visitor.

"Well, sir, it's like this," replied the knight of the napkin, pointing to a brother waiter a few tables off, "you see that man? Well he's a Serb, and we have vat you call paired."

"I hope," said one wife to another, "that you never nag your husband."

"Only when he is beating the rugs," said the second one. "When he is thoroughly irritated he makes a much better job of it."

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W.N.U. 1041

Banff National Park

First Important Part of Government Improvements at Banff Completed

To tourists to the coast who will use the Canadian Pacific Railway, either going or coming, this summer, the attractions offered by the railway will be greatly supplemented by the work already done by the Dominion government in the development of the Banff National Park. While the general scheme of Thomas H. Mawson, the well known authority on town planning and landscape improvement, will be far from completion this year, the new concrete swimming pool and bath house originally planned by the government and incorporated into the scheme, has just been completed. The pool occupies a site on the side of the Sulphur mountain, where there is a large spring of sulphur water rising out of the mountain side. The pool and bath house lie parallel to the mountain side, one end abutting the well known basin, the other covering a tunnel entrance to the cave. The structure of reinforced concrete is built upon a bench excavated in the mountain side, 4,575 feet above sea level, and about 200 feet above the bottom of the Bow river valley of which it affords an excellent view. The pool itself is 150 feet long and 35 feet wide, with a depth varying from 3 feet to 8 feet. The sides are formed by light reinforced concrete walls, lined with white enamelled brick, and finished at the top with a tera cotta scum trough and hand rail. The bottom is a reinforced concrete pavement on an asphalt base. The bath house has a length of 137 feet, is 27 feet wide, and 40 feet high. The roof will be used as a promenade, and will also provide daylight for the dressing rooms, as it consists of 4,000 square feet of prism lights. To soften this light, and also to protect the prisms from the steam arising from the bathers, there is an arch diffuser sash over the dressing room, with openings from which the air and steam are removed by a fan. There are a total of 132 individual dressing rooms in the bath house, with fresh water shower baths and other toilet facilities.

Mothers Value This Oil.—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary prompt action is in applying relief, always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because experience has taught them that there is no better preparation to be had for the treatment of his ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

New U.S. Altitude Record

The feat of Lieutenant Joseph Carberry, U.S.A., in establishing a new American altitude record for aviator and one passenger at San Diego, January 5 last was officially recognized by the contest committee of the Aero Club of Aemrica, according to an announcement by Allan R. Hawley, its chariman. Lieut. Carberry attained a height of 11,690 feet. The flying boat records for aviator and one passenger made by Lawrence Sperry in a recent flight up the Hudson River, were also approved. They were: Distance, sixty miles, and duration one hour and 25 minutes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

5,000 Doses of Anti-Tetanus Serum

The Canadian Red Cross has ordered from the anti-toxin department of the Ontario provincial board of health 5,000 doses of anti-tetanus serum. This serum will shortly be delivered and sent to England, and will probably be distributed partly to the French Red Cross Society and partly to the Canadian hospitals at the front.

This is the first Canadian serum to be sent abroad.

A marine was testifying about the explosion of a gun on a war vessel—an explosion which had sent him to the hospital for some months.

"Please give your version of the explosion," he was asked.

"Well," he said. "I was standing beside the gun, there was an awful racket and the doctor said: 'Sit up and take this.'"

"The word 'reviver' spells the same backward or forward." It was the teacher who spoke. "Can you think of another."

The serious boy scowled up from his primer.

"Tut-tut," he cried contemptuously. And the class worked on in silence.

Dogs in Warfare

Man's Friend Training For the War in Russia

The non-combatant classes of Russia are devoting much of their time to the training of dogs intended to be sent to the front as dumb but noble "brothers and sisters of mercy."

It has become a favorite occupation of the upper classes to indulge in this highly serviceable and humanitarian work. The dogs are being trained not only to search for the wounded on the deserted battlefields and to deliver bandage material and first aid medicaments, but also to warm them and revive them in case of unconsciousness.

In view of the advent of the sharp wintry cold, which is more intense in the eastern than in the western theatre of war, with its attendant frost, avalanches and blizzards, the discovery and succour of the wounded soldiers must be effected in the shortest possible period as three or four hours' contact with snow laden and frost bitten soil will often suffice to prove fatal to the wounded and helpless soldier.

In addition to this, the conditions of modern warfare are such as to make it frequently necessary for the soldier to advance towards the enemy's position under fire, hiding as he advances in bushes, marshes, and glens.

In these circumstances the tracing of the wounded would be extremely difficult without the aid of the canine instinct and intelligence.

Thousands of brave fellows, wounded in their country's cause, already owe their lives to the dogs.

DISFIGURING ECZEMA DUE TO BAD BLOOD

Can Only Be Cured Through the Rich Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make

You cannot cure eczema or remove disfiguring pimples by the use of ointments, washes or salves applied outwardly. The trouble is due to impure blood and can only be cured through the blood. That is the reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure eczema and other forms of skin diseases. They act directly on the blood—make it rich, red and pure, and thus enable the system to expel the impurities that have broken out through the skin, disfiguring the face and other portions of the body and causing great humiliation to the sufferer. Mrs. M. McArthur, Byrne, Sask., says: "I can most strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for eczema, as they restored my little boy after doctors and other medicines failed. His head and face was covered with eczematous sores, which itched so badly that we frequently had to tie his hands to prevent him from scratching himself. We tried salves and outward washes given by the doctor, but they did not do him a particle of good. After consulting my husband we decided to give him Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was not long before we found we had the right medicine, and in the course of a month or so every sore had disappeared and his skin was as smooth and healthy as any ones."

These great blood-building Pills can be procured through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Retail Store

The retail store as a way station in the channels of trade is an indispensable factor in perpetuating the commercial life of a community. With the destruction of the commercial life of the central town or city of a community all other forms of social life must cease to exist because they all depend upon commerce and trade. For this reason the citizen needs the town fully as much as the town needs the citizen. Let him not suppose that in the few packages he carries home from the local store are contained all the things he receives for the money he passes over the counters of the local merchants. Substantially all the comforts and conveniences of modern civilized society are passed out to him in return for his patronizing his home merchants. The surest way to deprive himself of those facilities and environments that make life worth living is to withdraw his patronage from the local town.

Nights of Agony come in the train of asthma. The victim cannot lie down and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It banishes the frightful conditions, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep as soundly and restfully as a child. Insist on the genuine at your nearby druggist.

We can't hope to take any appreciable number of people "back to the farm" but we must do all in our power to make the farm work and surroundings so attractive and profitable that the boys and girls now on the farm will be more than glad to stay there and fewer farmers "retire" from the farm.

No More Corns Cure Guaranteed Never known to fail; acts without pain in 24 hours. Is soothing, healing; takes the sting right out. No remedy so quick, safe and sure as Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Sold everywhere—25c per bottle.

WATCH YOUR COLTS

For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptoms of any such ailment, give small doses of that wonderful remedy, now the most used in existence.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND
Of any druggist or turf goods house.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO.,
Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

FARMERS

Can always make sure of getting the highest prices for WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY and FLAX, by shipping their car lots to FORT. WILLIAM AND PORT ARTHUR and having them sold on commission by

THOMPSON SONS AND COMPANY,
THE WELL-KNOWN FARMERS' AGENTS.
ADDRESS 7 .-703 Y., GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.

WANTED---NEW IDEAS

Manufacturers are constantly writing us for new inventions. $15,000 paid for one invention just patented and sold by us. $10,000 offered for another. Send for complete list. Let us turn your ideas into money. One good invention and your fortune is made. Ideas developed; Inventions perfected. Send sketch and description of your idea for Free Search Patent Office.
HAROLD C. SHIPMAN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Dept. 9, Ottawa, Canada.

World's Wheat Supply

Interesting Facts and Figures Relating to Supply During Present Crisis

In most countries this year's crop (1914) is below average. It is estimated France will have to import 56,000,000 bushels, Austria something like 40,000,000 bushels, as their crop is 40,800,000 bushels less than usual.

Germany is more fortunate with a crop some eight millions above the average. Even so, she will still need approximately 60 million bushels from the outside world.

Russia's average export is 140,800,000 bushels. The crop this year is not far from an average, but their problem is not to feed itself but to safely market its wheat.

Semi-official reports from France gave the yield of wheat as 296,000,000 bushels. The annual consumption amounts to 360,000,000 bushels.

Italy—Official report places final yield of wheat at 168,000,000 bushels. Broomhall says annual importation will likely be exceeded owing to military operations.

Official reports for 1914 shows the following losses compared with the production of wheat the previous year:

Russia	200 Million
France	27 Million
Canada	65 Million
Italy	40 Million
Germany	20 Million
Austria-Hungary	40 Million

A total of nearly 400 million under 1913.

The United States increased 135 million showing a total of about 900 million bushels, allowing a surplus of around 275 million bushels to supply the deficiencies in all other countries. On October 15th about half of this had been sold.

Broomhall figured there was a shortage in the world's wheat supply this year of 428,000,000 bushels.

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says:

"I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the best LINIMENT in use. I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day.

Yours very truly,
T. G. McMULLEN.

A Powerful German Explosive

An officer who has been through the entire campaign and is now resting before returning to the front, gives some details concerning a new and extremely powerful explosive which the Germans have been employing for about a month.

"My battalion," he said, "facetiously calls the missiles 'bottles of champagne.' They are cylindrical in form and about as long as a champagne bottle. That is to say, about 12 to 16 inches long and about 5 inches in diameter. We suppose they are filled with liquid air or liquid carbonic acid.

"They are thrown a distance of from 300 to 400 yards—this is the maximum. You can follow the projectile through the air and see where it is going to drop. They are apparently thrown by means of mortars, and when they fall and explode the effect is equivalent to that produced by the explosion of a charge of 132 pounds of melinite. A single 'bottle of champagne' makes a hole from 45 to 50 feet in diameter and 30 or 40 feet deep."

Wellington Campaign Plans

The map found on a captured Uhlan marked with the prearranged marches of the German troops reminds one that Wellington distrusted fixed plans of campaign. Asked on one occasion how he managed to capture Napoleon's marshals one after the other, he replied: "They planned their campaigns just as you might make a splendid set of harness. It looks very well, it answers very well, until it gets broken and then you're done for. Now, I made my campaign of ropes. If anything went wrong I tied a knot and went on."

"So you've stopped eating meat, have you?" inquired the actor. "Who did it—the doctor?"

"No," said the poet sadly, "the butcher."

IT STAMPS ONE "OUT OF DATE"

To use White Phosphorous Matches

It is now Illegal to make "White Phosphorous" Matches. In a year's time it will be unlawful to sell them.

If you're strong for Efficiency—"For Made in Canada"—and "Safety First" you will use

EDDY'S
Ses-qui Non-poisonous
MATCHES

RIDER AGENTS WANTED
everywhere to ride and exhibit a sample 1915 Hyslop Bicycle, with all latest improvements.

We ship on approval to any address in Canada, without any deposit, and allow **10 DAYS' TRIAL.** It will not cost you one cent if not satisfied after using bicycle 10 days.

DO NOT BUY a bicycle, pair of tires, lamp, or sundries at any price until you get our latest 1915 illustrated catalogue and learn all about our special proposition. The low prices will astonish you.

ONE CENT is all it will cost to write us a postal, and catalogue with full particulars will be sent to you **Free, Postpaid,** by return mail. **Do not wait.** Write it **now.**

HYSLOP BROTHERS, Limited
Dept. W TORONTO, Canada

A Very Gallant Gentleman

Britain's glory is reflected in the stories of the 187 men, who, it was officially announced a few days ago, have been awarded medals for distinguished conduct in the field. It is invidious to make comparisons, but one of the most thrilling incidents, perhaps, is the story of how Private J. Meston, of the Sixth Dragoon Guards, won the medal. Meston was at Messines when the London Scottish made their famous charge, and in spite of fearful shell and machine gun fire he repeatedly went out, dressed the wounds of the London Scottish, and carried them out of action. Not content with this, during a night attack which followed he walked up to the enemy's trenches and shot six Germans. A very gallant gentleman indeed!

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy . troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

She had tried in vain to get the telephone but the other parties were using the line. The last time she heard one woman say:

"I have just put on a pan of beans for dinner."

She tried later, but the women were still talking. Exasperated, she broke in crisply:

"Madam, I smell your beans burning."

A horrified scream greeted this remark, and then she was able to put in her call.

Mr. Titus was traveling in Italy and one morning was quite surprised to meet some people from his native town.

"Why, Mrs. Clarke?" he cried, "how do you do? You are the last person I expected to see in Italy."

"If it isn't Mr. Titus!" exclaimed the lady in surprise. "Yes, we are spending the winter here. You must call on us often. You know just how it is—persons we never think much of at home seem like dear friends when we meet in a strange country."

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WORK OF RED CROSS NURSES WITH WOUNDED AT THE FRONT

THE TRYING EXPERIENCES OF A CANADIAN NURSE

Work of these Brave Woman and the Heroic Acts they have Performed will some day be Written in Letters of Gold in the Imperishable Deeds of British History

While the man in khaki is bearing the brunt of the battle in the firing line the Red Cross nurse is performing as important and in many cases, as dangerous, a work not very far away from where the shells are bursting and the big guns send forth their messengers of death. They know neither danger nor fatigue but quietly and courageously go about their mission of mercy. Upon their armlet they bear the Red Cross sign but this has not prevented the Germans on many occasions from firing upon them in order that they may b prevented from succoring and binding up the wounded and the fallen.

These are brave women and when the smoke of battle has died away and peace has once again been restored upon the continent of Europe the work that they have performed and the brave acts they have done will be written in letters of gold in the imperishable of British history. That the work of the Red Cross nurses does not merely comprise looking after and tending the wounded will be shown by the following intensely interesting acount of the work of Nurse Amy Neale, whose letter to her brother, Lieut. J. B. Neale, of the 10th Royal Grenadiers of Toronto, was recently published in the Toronto Sunday World.

In the course of her letter Miss Neale says: "A short time ago a very long train stopped at our siding about 10 p.m. It contained two complete hospitals from India, one for the natives and one for the British Indian wounded. Just imagine how cold they were. They had left India in the hot weather and had come straight to Boulogne and Marseilles. We gave them hot tea, etc., as we always have boiling water ready and in the morning I got the sisters into the dispensary to have a good warming. Poor things, they were grateful as they had spent the night in the train and of course when the engine was taken off the carriages were not heated. One of these Indian hospitals is now housed at a beautiful hotel facing the sea with the tents round it.

"I was on duty here at the station," continues Miss Neale, "where we heard the sad news of Lord Roberts' death; one says 'sad' and yet in a way it seemed the right thing and what he would no doubt have liked. One of the railway officials said, 'We weep also with you, my sister.' He had tears in his eyes when he spoke."

Miss Neale then goes on to speak of the ambulance trains which are capable of taking three or four hundred cases and are equipped splendidly. The bunks are arranged something like a Pullman and there is a dispensary and a kitchen on board, as well as quarters for nursing and surgical staffs.

The duties of the Red Cross nurse are varied as will be seen from the following example described in Miss Neale's story. Early one morning some Frenchmen were waiting on the platform for their train for the front. They were not soldiers but were going to dig trenches. It was bitterly cold and they were invited to partake of a hot drink. They were all lined up and were given hot cocoa and bread and butter The commanding officer wanted to pay but when told that there was no charge he insisted on giving a donation to the Red Cross work. "Never, never will I forget the Red Cross," he said.

Nurse Neale has graphically described the various duties that fall to the lot of a Red Cross nurse at the battle front and near the base where the wounded men are restored to health and in many cases, almost brought back to life, so terrible are the conditions under which they are fighting at the present time It will be readily realized that this work can only be carried on successfully if the people of Canada give it their hearty support both in material and actual cash.

It will be necessary to prepare for many more months of war and as long as this dreadful campaign lasts so will comforts be needed for the troops and money needed to purchase necessities for use in the hospitals and near the trenches where the wounded men are given first aid. So much can be done in the way of knitting circles, entertainments, contests of various kinds and those who unselfishly give up some of the more frivolous enjoyments of life and take up the more serious ones as befits the present period in our national history will be rendering a service to their country and their countrymen as valued as those who are actually engaged in the force of arms.

Besides cash contributions the Red Cross Society is in need most especially of socks, sizes 11 and 11½, grey flannel shirts, the patterns of which will be supplied on application to the society, and knitted knee caps, patterns of which will also be sent to those making application.

The Value of Big Gun Ships

Secret of Sea Power is Big Guns and Lots of Them

Interesting deductions made from the battle off the coast of Chile on November 1, where the British cruisers Good Hope and Monmouth were sunk by the German squadron under Admiral Von Spee, and the later battle off the Falklands, when British warships under Admiral Sturdee sunk four out of five of Von Spee's ships, appear in the London Engineer of December 18. As already pointed out in the Army and Navy Journal, the Engineer reached the conclusion that it is the big gun power and speed that has told thus far in naval duels. The Engineer says, in part:

"Little by little, as one naval action follows another, light is being thrown on the various war problems that have been discussed in times of peace. A few big facts are beginning to stand out and the lesser fry are gradually taking their proper place in the picture. Early events, notably the loss of the three cruisers gave undue weight to the submarine. For a time it seemed that Admiral Bacon's theories were about to be justified. Then came the unfortunate action off Chile, followed by the glorious one off the Falklands. The destruction of the Emden by the Sydney is another case in point. The Sydney's guns overbore the small pieces of the Emden.

"Given the fact that two ships can get within range of each other, that which is able to throw the biggest shell will win. Smaller guns, even six inch, seem to be of little importance, where bigger pieces come into play and we shall have to revise all our old theories about the value of weight of metal in a broadside. Thus Sir Philip Watt's design of the dreadnaught is fully justified. A dreadnaught should be able to fight an action without firing anything less than her main armament. Her big guns would destroy her opponent without any help from the secondary pieces. It is calibre that counts and in estimating the value of fighting ships in the future we shall have to consider the primary armament only. Whether the smaller pieces will be useful for the repulsion of mosquito light vessels remains to be seen. It is one of the things that war has yet to teach us. So far, in the only two actions of importance in this connection, the smaller vessels have been told to clear off as quickly as possible and leave the contention to the big ships.

"Small vessels have not made a concerted action on a big ship, and the light guns have not been tried on the particular duty for which they were intended. It must, however, be observed that if two battleships engage they can so pound each other with their huge shells that there is little probability of a 6-inch gun being left available for service even after a brief engagement. In all likelihood one or other of the vessels would be knocked out and set on fire, and if not sunk, would be at the mercy of any smaller craft that chose to give her the coup de grace. The conflagration caused by shell is a matter of much moment, of which we expect to hear a great deal when the war is over. Everything points in the same direction; the big gun—that is, a gun bigger than anything your opponent has—is master of the situation. The secret of sea power, numbers apart, is big guns and lots of them, on fast ships."

GERMAN KULTUR AS SHOWN BY RULES OF PRUSSIAN WAR BOOK

MILITARY TEACHINGS ARE DOWNRIGHT SAVAGERY

Manual of the Usages of War on Land, Issued by the General Staff of the German Army, Justifies Assassination, Incendiarism and any means to Accomplish the End

Prof. J. H. Morgan has translated into English "The German War Book," the manual of the usages of war on land issued by the general staff of the German army, the most authoritative work of its kind in Germany. There is a reference in the introduction to "humanitarian considerations, which do not infrequently degenerate into sentimentality and flabby emotion." One passage is the following:

"War conducted with energy cannot be directed merely against the combatants of an enemy state and the positions they occupy, but it will and must destroy the total intellectual and material resources of the latter."

The Daily Chronicle, which publishes a review of Prof. Morgan's translation, says that after what has happened in Belgium there is cruel irony in the destruction of churches, schools, libraries and musuems which should be spared, and declares that open towns ought not to be bombarded.

According to this German war book, assassination and incendiarism are, in given circumstances, justifiable, as will be seen by the following quotations.

"The bribery of the enemy's subjects for the purpose of obtaining military advantages, the acceptance of the offers of treachery, the reception of deserters, the utilization of discontented elements in the population, the support of pretenders, and the like, are permissible.

"Indeed, international law is in no way opposed to the exploitation of crimes of third parties, assassination, incendiarism, robbery and the like, to the prejudice of the enemy.

"The necessary aim of war gives to a belligerent the right and imposes upon him, according to circumstances, the duty not to let slip the important, it may be the decisive, advantages, to be gained by such means."

According to the Germans an invador can compel a man to betray his country. The manual says:

"The view that no inhabitant of occupied territory can be compelled to participate directly in the struggle against his own country, is subject to an exception by the general usages of war which must be recorded here—the calling up and employment of inhabitants as guides on unfamiliar ground. However much it may ruffle feeling to compel a man to harm his own Fatherland, and indirectly to fight his own troops, none the less no army operating in an enemy's country will altogether renounce the expedient.

"But a still more severe measure the compulsion of inhabitants to furnish information about their own army, its strategy, its resources, and its military secrets. The majority of all writers of all nations are unanimous in their condemnation of this measure. Nevertheless, it cannot be entirely dispensed with. Doubtless it will be applied with regret, but the argument of war will frequently make it necessary."

The manual severely prohibits looting, and says that movable private property is to be treated as inviolable.

Among the questions and answers in the book are:

"Q.—Should women and children and the old and feeble be allowed to depart before a bombardment begins?"

"A.—On the contrary, their presence is greatly to be desired. It makes the bombardment all the more effective."

To Prevent the Export of Arms

Petition is Being Widely Circulated in the United States

A protest strongly worded against the United States continuing to permit the exportation of munition of war to the allies in Europe is being circulated by interested persons in the republic, and according to report is receiving federal support. The protest contains arguments against allowing exportation on the ground that munitions, besides going to Europe, are going to Japan. "We are fortifying not only Europeans against each other; we are fortifying others against ourselves," it says.

A copy of this paper, which aims to bring pressure to bear on the United States government has been received by Prof. Anderson, of Toronto university. It says:

"We, the citizens of the United States of America, appeal in the name of justice and humanity, in the name of neutrality and future peace, to the people, to the law makers and the government of our country to prevent the export from our shores of one single weapon, or one pound of powder to deal death in Europe.

"The president of the United States has prevented the loan of money to France and thereby our country has set its own precedent of what is just and right. This precedent binds us in legal opinion as well as in the estimate of the world, to pursue a course of undubitable neutrality."

The protest details that great orders have been accepted and are being executed in the United States for the continuance of war, and asks:

"Where are our peace societies? Where are our women's organizations? Where are our churches? Are we, for the sake of present business profit—willing to draw upon ourselves an enduring heritage of hatred? Generations will not suffice to wipe away the stain we bring upon ourselves. Guns, ammunition, cartridges, dynamite, bombs, are going from our manufacturers not only to England, France and Russia, but also to the Japanese. We are fortifying not only Europeans against each other; we are fortifying others against ourselves. In case of any future struggle forced upon our own land, picture the destruction brought upon us did any neutral of Europe take the position of neutrality we assume today.

"We protest not only in the interest of America, but above all in the name of humanity, against a prolongation by our country of this hideous warfare. Our own land will be stained with the blood of our European brothers."

Fire from Calais to Dover

Weapon Said to Have a Range of 25 to 28 Miles

A German military newspaper announces that a new naval gun of 16-inch calibre, with a range of twenty-miles, has been created.

Remarkable figures regarding a new German naval gun are given by a German artillery expert, writing in the Artilleristische Monats Hefts.

In discussing an assertion by the London Times that the German navy possesses a gun which carries three miles further than the best English weapon, the writer admits that the Krupps are manufacturing a gun whose projectile weighs 920 kilograms (about a ton) and which develops a muzzle velocity of 940 metres (about 3,080 feet) a second.

The experts reckon from these figures that the gun has 58 per cent. more muzzle force than the British navy's best weapon, and has a range of about 42 kilometres (about 26 miles), while the Channel at Dover is only 33 kilometres (about 20.5 miles) wide. He says it will permit the Germans eventually to command the English coast from Calais for a distance of nine kilometres (about 5.6 miles inland) with the new gun.

"How is it," inquired a young bride of an older married friend, "that you always manage to have such delicious beef?"

"It's very simple," said the older woman. "I first select a good, honest butcher, and then I stand by him."

"You mean that you give him all of your trade?"

"No; I mean that I stand by him while he is cutting the meat."

Problem of Germany

Will Soon be How to Find Men for Army, in View of Losses

The Army Bulletin, in commenting upon the German losses in the war, declares that a greater part of the original regiments must have been reorganized. The Bulletin asserts that from August 2 until the beginning of December the German army lost approximately 2,000,000 men, and since that time there have been the battles in Poland. Admitting that 500,000 wounded would be able to return to the firing line, the Bulletin says that the definite loss, therefore, may be estimated at nearly 1,500,000 men.

Without doubt, says the Bulletin, Germany has an enormous number of men in reserve, but these reserve are already being drawn upon and are not inexhaustible, even incorporating the classes of the youngest men, from 17 to 20 years of age, and those between 20 and 40 years of age whose services were dispensed with in times of peace. Germany's appeals, it is added, will be unable to furnish actually over 2,000,000. The more Germany forms new units, the more will she diminish the general value of her army, and hasten the moment when there will be an end to her resources.

THE BELGIAN BOYS LAUGH AT SHELLS

Pick Up Pieces of Hot Metal and Offer Them as Souvenirs

The United Press staff correspondent writes: At Rheims, while lunching, I sent the 12 years old son of the hotel proprietress across the street to buy some postcard pictures of the badly damaged town. While he was making the selection, a German shell fell and exploded almost in the middle of the street, making an infernal racket. A few minutes later the lad returned with the postcards. Was he out of breath and all eagerness to tell the strange foreigner about the shell which had fallen near him? Not at all.

"I'm sorry, sir," he said, quite as he would have done had he merely waited for a street car to pass instead of the smoke of a shell to clear up, "they are out of cathedral cards. Perhaps I can find you some down the street, there is another place down there."

I thought of the shells and told the boy to never mind. Think of it! A boy so used to shells falling in his street that they have ceased to be a subject for comment.

Later on, on that same day, a small boy in the streets of Rheims brought me a piece of shell, still hot, which had fallen near him. Being of the gamin type, with wits sharpened beyond his years, he asked me if I would care to buy his piece of hot shell as a souvenir.

Then there was another boy. This youngster paraded past the cathedral at the height of the bombardment while from various quarters near him came the s-h-e-e-e-e-e-e of big shells and the bang of their explosion loud as the keenest crack of lightning. He carried between his two hands a pan of milk which he balanced more gingerly, taking very short steps to keep from jarring the liquid over the pan's edges. He was well dressed and clean looking and his face was the rose-pink of well-cared-for boys, boys adored of their mothers.

S-h-h-e-e-e-e-e-e! A shell hissed obstructively overhead. Bang! came the explosion not more than two squares from the boy with the milk. He stopped. Looked around as if to see if he was being watched. Then he slowly raised the pan to his lips and took a little drink. Just as slowly, he lowered it and began his careful march homeward, past the statue of Jeanne D'Arc and the House of God and on down in the direction of the canal.

Two minutes after he had passed the statue, a shell came directly between the towers of the cathdral, barely cleared the head of the Maid of Orlean's horse and tore a great hole in the Belgian blocks 30 feet in front. At the moment the boy was having further refreshments from his pan.

"You're going to lose that milk if you don't mind," I said to the lad from my position in a doorway. He had not seen me before and he looked up sheepishly realizing he had been caught cheating mother. Then he grinned a perfectly honest wholesome grin and replied with a good little devil look out of the corner of his blue eyes:

The last I saw of him he was taking gingerly steps homeward with a pan less full, but fuller stomach, utterly unafraid.

INDIAN PRINCES WITH ENGLAND

Four Are With Indian Expeditionary Force in France, and One in Egypt

No less than five ruling Indian princes are at the present time on active service with the British army, all of whom belong to the Rajput race, famous as the great fighting, land owning and ruling caste of India, and from which a large proportion of the recruits for the Indian army of today are drawn. Four of these, the Maharajas of Bikaner, Kishanagarh, Jodhpur and Sir Pertab Singh, are with the Indian expeditionary forces in France, the fifth, the adopted son and successor of Sir Pertab Singh as ruler of Idar, is serving in Egypt. Col. Sir Ganga Singh, Bahadur of Bikaner, has served outside his own country in command of his renowned camel corps, on many previous occasions, and was recently gratified to receive from General Sir J. G. Maxwell a message appreciative of the signal service the camel corps has already rendered in Egypt.

In a recent interview given in London during Christmas leave, to a Times' representative, the Maharaja, who is an extra A.D.C. to Sir John French, expressed on behalf of the ruling princes of India their keen sense of the duty which lies upon them to assist their king-emperor with every means at their disposal, and their recognition of the absolute necessity of British participation in the war. The loyalty of the Indian people, increased by the wise and sympathetic policy of Lord Hardinge, the viceroy, was such that he had no doubt that a large proportion of the army could safely be withdrawn from India. He paid a high tribute to the services of Aga Khan in maintaining the loyalty of the Indian Moslems in face of what he described as "Turkey's suicidal action."

Referring to his experiences in China 14 years ago during the Boxer outbreak, the Maharaja said that he was then pained and astonished by the ruthless methods of the Germans; during the time he had been in France he had seen heart-rending evidence of equally terrible cruelty on their part, authenticated accounts of which had stimulated the desire of the Indian peoples for the victory of the Allies. The Maharaja also gave high praise to the courage and cheerfulness of the British and Indian troops amid the discomforts of the trenches, often knee deep in water. These were especially trying to soldiers accustomed to operations in mountainous regions, and he was proud of the hearty admiration which had been expressed on all sides for the intrepidity and resourcefulness of his fellow countrymen under such adverse conditions.

Dublin Castle has been opened as a completely equipped hospital, and for the duration of the war it has been placed at the disposal of the Red Cross by the generosity of Lord Aberdeen. "Now, when there is only a United Ireland," says the Manchester Guardian, "is a particularly good time for Lord Aberdeen to have done the wisest thing which any viceroy has ever done with Dublin Castle, by giving it a national mission in which all Irishmen share equally."

GERMANS TO SACRIFICE METALS

Would Have Heirlooms and Other Articles Given to State to Keep Up Needed Supply

The London Daily Chronicle says: "The marked success which attended 'Imperial Wool Week,' in Germany, has induced a number of leading journals, including the Hamburger Nachrichten, to advocate an 'Imperial Metal Week,' in which the German nation will give one more proof of patriotism by sacrificing superfluous copper, silver and gold for the uses of the army and the state.

"The greater stress would appear to be laid on copper. The possessors of valuable bronze and copper articles of artistic beauty, or articles regarded as heirlooms, are told that it would be foolish to part with those things as long as the melting pot can be filled with more prosaic and common things.

"If every household in the empire contributed only one pound of copper there would be available 5,000 tons.

Silver is also greatly needed. There are tons of inartistic table silver of modern and vulgar design which might well go into the melting pot or the mint.

"With regard to gold, the Hamburger paper warmly supports the suggestion that wedding rings be exchanged by their wearers for rings made of iron. The idea is put forward that, as iron rings must not prove attractive to some ladies, diamonds and other precious stones might be taken from gold rings and set in iron ones.

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COMOX

The Easter services at St. Peter's Church, Comox were well attended and at 11 o'clock service the sacred building was crowded to excess, whole families having driven from Little River and Lazo, The music was well rendered, the choir being assisted at the morning service by several members of the Lazo choir, while in the absence of the organist Mrs. Pigott, the organist from the Lazo mission presided at the organ in a most efficient manner. The Vicar officiated at all the services in the morning preaching from the text, St. Matthew 28. and part of the 9th verse. Jesus met them saying, "All Hail," and in the evening from St. Matthew 18, 20th verse, "where two or three are gathered together in my name there am I in the midst of them."

The church beautifully decorated with plants and flowers, the plants being kindly lent by Dr. Beadnell. Special mention should be made of the font which was artistically decorated with moss primroses. and white hyacinths, by Mrs. Knight, of Point Holmes. The windows and ledges with moss, daffodills and narcissus, by Mrs, Page, the Lectern and Prayer Desk with wild cherry blossom and crosses of with hyacinths, by Mrs. (Dr.) Beadnell and Miss Marjorie Sn ith, The altar, which was a mass of white flowers, large Easter lillies etc, was decorated by Mrs. Franklin-Watson, and the side altar by Flora Piercy. The Sunday School children and teachers also rendered valuable assistance.

At the Easter vestry meeting held on Tuesday evening, the following were elected for the ensuing year. Vicar's Warden, W. Gage, People's Warden, C. Piercy, Select Vestry, M. Beckensell and W. E. Davis, Lay delegates to Synod, W. Gage and C. Piercy.

The people who attended church on Sunday were agreeably surprised to find the post office completely finished and looking fine, and it would be very unkind of us were we not to give praise where praise is due. Mr Joe Davis. Landscape gardener of the "Manse" near Courtenay, was the sub-contractor, and the landscape work is fine, and a credit to "Joey." Mr. George Knight, painter and decorater was the artist, and we must congratulate Mr. Knight on the beautiful blending of the shades. Mr. E. Millet did the carpenter work. We need not pass any comment further than one expressed by one of the parishioneers, "the work of a master mind." This work is no doubt a good advertisement, and the contractors can look forward with confidence to securing more work in the near future, especially on the new post offices to be erected at Knob Hill, Hardy Bay. and Mud Bay Districts, and we congratulate the P. O. officials on their good judgment in giving the work to contractors who in their turn give out the work to men who support their families.

Answers to Correspondents

(Mother of 19) Yes, if any of the Comox boys fighting for their country in the Comox Logging camps lose their lives no doubt the people would subscribe for a stained glass window.

(In Dishtress) Yes, many of the Egyptian mummies are made in Birminghnm, that is, judging from the newspapers stuffed inside.

(Hardup) We don't advise you to, it is against the law, the police may step in and lock you up, besides the people in your town know something about raffles. They have been had some.

(Anxious One) There are many who bear that Homely name and other things as well

(Innocent One) We believe his mother was a Hungarian Jewess and his father a christian Turk, but he comes from the smoke.

(Popsy) Yes. we believe that is correct, he cannot buy whiskey at present.

(Blobbs) The Jitney bug, the wood bug, the hum bug. The two later are parasites, the first is infectious within a certain area.

The great question of the hour in Comox is, "Why doesn't he finish the chimney?"

Surely it is a mean trick to leave a man in the lurch.

Most everyone sympathizes with the man, he has a right to a vent to let out his hot air.

Mrs Cameron Cyclone Pokey-Nose, of Brass Button fame addressed the Hen Peck Club last week.

She never breathed for twenty minutes.

That reminds me that the Cameron's were Pontius Pilate's body guard.

Nothing like having a tree, or a boot tree.

Anyway, we do know that her ancestors, Adam and Eve were never married.

Already since the last issue of this paper the Bohemian set are more mannerly and polite.

They are wondering who's turn it is next.

Joe Greaves was delighted and wore nothing but a smile,

When he went out he put his hat on.

Good Friday 1915, will go down in history as a red letter day. You couldn't buy a paper for love or money.

Fven the editor was in good humor and the reporter got an advance in salary these hard times.

Miss Nellie Bourne held a party on Monday afternoon, when twenty-one of her small friends of the immediate neighborhood gathered together.

Mr. Lyman Hart has repurchased part of his farm from Mr. R. Lee, and has moved back from Headquarters.

Mr. Peacey has purchased Mr. Hurzoff's place.

Mr. Webster, who has been in charge of the Presbyterian congregration for some months leaves in a few days.

While crossing the Dyke one night last week the torp rod broke in Dr. Montgomery's car, which cauesd it to swerve and run into the sea. Beyond a ducking no harm was done to the doctor. He says the water was wet but not cold.

Mr. Lawrence and wife of Bevan were visitors in town on Sunday.

Mr. London is on the sick list this week.

There was specially good music at the Catholic Church on Easter Sunday.

The following interesting letter is from Theo Fortune, who left with the 2nd Contingent, which is now in England:—

"You may be glad to know that we are all living and pretty well after a long tiresome trip. Three weeks from the time we got on the boat at Victoria till we landed at Avonmouth, England, not saying anything about the little troubles we had on the boat.

I was seasick only one evening, that was considered very good altho' I did not feel very good for four days after we started. There were lots I thought would die there, some of them in the hospital here yet. The Capt. got orders to go as fast as he could to the nearest port, that is when going through the danger zone, the Irish Sea. There were four boats in all. We were five thousand men and three boats, the other was a man of war, as escort. Two of the boats were very fast, so when we got into the Irish Sea the boat I was on and the other fast one went full speed and left the slow boat behind in care of the battle ship. We went into Queenston, Ireland and remained there for hree days. When we left there in the afternoon and sailed for Avonmouth there were German submarines waiting for us, but I guess we were too fast for them as a merchant vessel, coming on the same route two hours afterwards, was sunk, so that was pretty close; you may have seen the newspaper account of it. Say, Ireland is sure "some place." We were moored in the mouth of the River Lee, the place the old song was made about, "Where the bells of Shannon sound more grand on the pleasant waters of The pleasant waters of the River Lee."

And say, they caught a German spy the last night we were sailing, he was a member of the ship's orchestra, and no one was sorry for him I tell you. I was not at church this morning but went in the evening, the church was not nearly big enough for the crowd, so we have to divide up. Intentions are good with most of us in the church line these days.

This is a very pretty place. We have better quarters than at the Willows and first class grub.

We nearly all got a cold the first night here, and I unfortunately hurt my foot some way which has laid me up for the last couple of days, hope to be on duty in a day or so.

We had a general inspection by a Corps of Generals, all seemed pleased with us. We are just twelve hours run from the firing line, right near the shore here, and can see Frrnce on a clear day. Enjoy going to the beach watching the boats trawling for mines and all the Torpedo destroyers floating around just watching for trouble, the air ships flying over our heads. I never saw Air ships in the air before. This is one trip of a life time if I ever get home to tell the tale.

You may tell anyone who knows me and might happen to care that I am well and happy, and my address is "No. 8 Platoon, No. 2 Co., 30th Batallion, Shorne Cliffe Camp, Kent, England. No one but ourselves know how welcome letters are."

Don't Kiss Babies

For the first few months the babe should do little but sleep and eat. It should not be tossed about, kissed and tickled, nor should it be hawked about visiting; its feeding hours should be regular, and between times let it alone.

The persecution these little ones suffer at the hands of silly relatives and family friends is really pitiful. Leave the babies alone and let them grow.

The death rate in the first three years of child life is the greatest, and after that every added year increases its safety.

The most frequent cause of infant mortality is improper feeding, and impure milk; the stomach of the new born baby is very small: and a very delicate affair, but it is through this small and delicate organ all growth comes, and the food which Nature has prepared for the babe's stomach is the mother's milk.

The wise mother will insist on nursing her child not only for the child's sake, but also for her own. The mother-fed child is the one that escapes a hundred dangers to which the bottle-fed babe is exposed: follow Nature and it is well for mother and child. Nature loves her own, and it is when we stray from her that infant mortality begins.

The mother must be well fed if she would feed her child; make no mistake about this, Today we have so many food fads, and eat so many things that have really no food value, that often the mother's milk is deficient in certain essential elements necessary for the child's growth.

Think of all the elements required bone. muscle, energy nerve, (we can't live today without nerve) the heart, lungs, in fact all the thoarcic viscera, all the abdominal viscera. the skin, the brain—all must be fed and kept growing; and the mother must through the food she takes provide for herself and her child.

It is not difficult to understand that a most generous diet is re-required to meet these demands. Every foodstuff should be a part of the mother's daily rations from the time of conception until the child is weaned.

There is no better resting place for a child than in a roomy carriage on the verandah, sheltered from the winds, or in the south room of the house, well ventilated, warm in the winter time.

During the twelve years that the McBride administration has been in power the net increase in liabilities of British Columbia is only $2,200,000, and this figure includes the estimated deficit for the year, but does not include $13,000,000 due on land taxes. This should be regarded a complete refutation of the charges of a bankrupted Province made by several of the opposition campaign orators.

ROBERT GRIEVE

Candies,
Cigars,
Pipes,
Tobaccos

Swan's Old Stand, Courtenay

J. E. ASTON

Logger's Shoes made to order.

In North and South, in East and West,

Aston's Handmade Shoes will stand the Test.

GRAND DISPLAY

at

Willard's Harness Emporium

Fine Showing of Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Gloves, Trunks, Suit Cases, Etc.

Harness Repaired Neatly

W. W. WILLARD

Cumberland and Courtenay

HARVEY CREECH

begs to announce that he has repurchased his old barber business from Mr. Smith and will be pleased to meet all his old customers at the old stand

Next to the Opera House

Notice of Intention to Apply For Retail Liquor Licence

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned intends to apply to the Board of License Commissioners at their next regulsr sitting to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of June next, for a license to sell intoxicating liquor by retail under Subsection 3 of Section 290, of the "Municipal Act" in that certain store or shop situate on the grouud floor, corner, of those certain premises, situate on Lot 28 in Block , at the corner of Isabel and Union Streets. in the City of Courtenay.

J. W. COOK
Applicant.

Dated this 23rd day of March, A. D. 1915.

In the Matter of the "Muni-Act," and

In the Matter of the Application of Silvio Marocchi for a license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail under Subsction 3 of Section 290 of the "Munlcipal Act"

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned intends to apply to the Board of Licence Commissioners of the City of Courtenay to be held on the Second Wednesday in June 1915, for a licence to shll intoxicating liquors by retail under Subsection 3 of Section 290 of the above mentioned act in those certain shop or store premises situate in the "Marocchi Building" situate on Lot 30, Map 311, Union Street, in the City of Courtenay.

SILVIO MAROCCHI, APPLICANT

Dated the 24th day of March, A.D. 1915

I DIDN'T MAKE A FORTUNE

last week, but I am quite satisfied with my first week in Courtenay.

I shall be glad to give you a quotation for looking after your wardrobe by the month. In this way you get one suit pressed each week at a nominal charge.

Call in and let us get acquainted.

WILLOUGHBY
The Custom Tailor

Sutton & Kirkwood

Undertakers and Embalmers

Night or Day Calls Promptly Attended

Phone 27 **Courtenay**

Counter Check Books

and

Loose Leaf Billheads

AT EASTERN PRICES

We are now able to supply the needs of every merchant in the district with the above goods at exactly the same prices as quoted by eastern houses. Holders supplied free. Ring us up and we will call with samples, etc.

The Review, Courtenay

Telephone 59 **Isabel Street**