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YOUR PRINTING
Can not be done any better, and not quite so well anywhere else hereabouts. Our type and machinery is complete and The Review prices are right

THE REVIEW

Classified Ads.
Make your little Wants known through a Classified Advertisement in The Review - - - Phone 59

VOL. 4 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY DECEMBER 9, 1915 NO 3

AUCTION SALE

Agricultural Grounds

Saturday, Dec. 18, at 1 o'clock

Household Furniture and Farm Stock

Particulars in Poster

HARDY & BISCOE
Auctioneers
Phone 10 Courtenay

COMOX LUMP
COAL

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered in Courtenay

All Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention

D. KILPATRICK
Phone 43 Courtenay

The Ideal
Christmas Gift

It need not be expensive, but it should be something that can be used to add to the comfort, or lighten the labor of the Recipient, every day in the year

Thus it will keep the memory of the Giver always fresh in the minds of the Receiver and add to the happiness of Both

What can you find that will fill the requirements for an Ideal Christmas Gift better than an "Electric appliance for the home"

You can find one that will be suitable for any member of the Family

They give years of uninterrupted service

Let us help you to select your "Ideal Xmas. Gift"

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Limited
Phones: Office 35, Res. R98 Office: Mill Street

Local Lines

Mrs. D. Kilpatrick returned last night from a visit to Vancouver.

We understand that Ald. Johnston has been served with a writ by Mayor Kilpatrick, claiming $5,000 damages for libel.

Remember the "Rustics" at the Opera house to-morrow (Friday) night. The proceeds of the entertainment will be given to the Red Cross fund.

Get your guns cleaned up. Cooke & Matthewson intend holding a turkey shoot on Christmas morning. Plenty of fine birds will be on hand.

The Lazo guard are holding a dance in the Little River School house on Friday evening in aid of the Red Cross funds of the Little River branch.

"The Master Key" still continues to draw good houses at the opera house. The last two episodes were particularly exciting, a fight with Mexican bandits at the mine calling forth applause from those present. The Harmony orchestra enlivened the proceedings with a choice selection of music, and the other feature films were also very entertaining.

One day recently J. Carwithen had an exciting time on Union st. While driving down the hill in front of the Riverside hotel the breeching strap broke, letting the shalts down onto his spirited driver which immediately started to run away. When just across the bridge she met Mr, Collins in his auto and the mare jumped over the railing, straight down the 15 foot drop, and landed apparently without injury. The buggy and harness were badly damaged.

Leave your order at once for your Christmas turkey at Cooke & Matthewson's, A supply of fine birds is expected shortly.

For Sale—Two year old Holstein Bull. Apply, J. Crockett, lower road, Sandwick.

For sale, Australian stump puller will trade for small launch engine, must be good. Apply J. Caljouw, Bowser P.O., Vancouver Isle.

To be disposed of privately, for cash—An exceedingly quiet horse, broken to ride or drive; Top buggy and harness, in good condition, also riding saddle and bridle: household furniture, etc. Apply Rev. F. Franklin-Watson, The Vicarage, Comox.

Phone 48, Cooke & Matthewson the most up to-date butchers in the district. All orders promptly attended to.

For sale — White Wyandotte cockerels, $5, $3 and $2 each; selected trios $7; heavy laying strain, Apply, J. G. Randall, Royston.

For Sale— One 6 h, p. Fairkanks Morse Gas Engine, one 3 k. w. Dynamo switch board, etc., also pump and belting, Capacity 12 gallons per minute. Apply at Riverside hotel.

For Sale—Team, wagon, and harness, or exchange for cattle. Also 30 acres 1-2 mile from Grantham school, part cash, or exchange for anything of value What have you to offer? Apply Box 8, Review Office.

Strayed—a short horned steer, red and white, mostly white faced, 18 months old, marked by piece cut out of right ear. Anyone knowing the whereabouts of same will be suitably rewarded. Last seen by Mr. Campbell's ranch. Please notify Geo. Davis, Union Bay.

Comox Creamery Butter
45c per lb. this week

Pte. Perrott returned to Victoria yesterday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Grieve, of Nanaimo, are guests at Mr. Harry Loggie's.

McPhee & Morrisson have their windows nicely decorated with samples of Christmas dainties.

Ald. Johnston already has his hat in the "ring" and announces that he will be a candidate for the mayor's chair.

Rev. E. A Armstrong of Toronto will preach at Courtenay Presbyterian church on Sunday morning next at 11.30 and at Sandwick at 2 p.m. In the evening Rev. T. Menzies will preach a war sermon on Constantinople.

Use Our Telephone

Use our 'phone for sending in news items of interest. Don't think because you know a bit of news that everyone else knows it. By sending it to us we in turn may impart it to the world, Phone 59. What interests you is always sure to interest the readers of the Courtenay Review; and it will make the paper more interesting to you, as you can then read what someone else sends in. Don' wait fpr the other person to start it.

The Weather

Extract for November from the Meterological office at Little River, Comox district, Bertrand Vogel observer: Maximum temperature 55. Minimum temp, 27.0, rainfall 6.11 inches.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Service 11:30. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

A delegation of Cumberland citizens were here yesterday morning to interview Mr. Scharschmidt.

Hardy & Biscoe will hold an auction sale on Saturday Dec. 18th at the Agricultural grounds Courtenay, at 2 p.m.

Look out for the grand masquerade ball on New Years' eve, under auspices of the Race Track committee. The Harmony orchestra will furnish the music; See Loggie Bros. early about your suit.

The following prizewinners at the Agricultural society have returned the following amounts to be used as stated in the circular:—J. Urquhart, 2.50, R. P. L. Vigers, $5.75, H Beadnell $10.50, Mrs, McNaughten $1.50 Miss McNaughton $1 25, Rev. Laycock, $1. Miss Dodd, 50c, R. Hurford $5, F. Bates, $1.50, A. B. Ball, $5, prisoners of war fund; Cooke & Matthewson $1, Red Cross; F, H. Janes $4.75, half Blue Cross and half prisoners of war fund; R. Willoughby $1, Red Cross.

Card of Thanks

The City Council desires to thank the Cumberland Band and all others who assisted in any way at the reception to Pte. Perrott on the occasion of his return from the front.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS VISITING COURTENAY
Telephone 29 for Transfer of Baggage
Harry Hodkinson
Judson St.

NOTICE!

Any lady found in this store between the hours of 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. in search of the very best value in groceries will be amply rewarded.

Sgd., A. W. SHEPHERD

Xmas. Presents

We are now opening a large and varied stock of goods suirable for the Christmas trade, consisting of
Cut Glass, China, Fancy Glass Sets, Cutlery, Toys, Gloves, Fancy Handkerchiefs, Ties for Ladies and Gentlemen, Ladies Blouses and Fur Sets for Children

The stock is so large it will have to be seen to be appreciated

Also Plain and Fancy Groceries in great variety at lowest cash prices

TRY OUR 35c FRESH GROUND COFFEE

McPhee & Morrison's Cash Store

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—*Have no Appetite.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure *Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.*

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

MATCH SPECIALTIES

We have been making matches for 64 years now—Domestic and every other kind.

Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 4½ inch stick--"THE EDDYSTONE TORCH" for outdoor use--"WAX VESTAS" for the smoker, and other varieties.

For home use the most popular match is the "SILENT 5," but for every use

BUY

EDDY'S

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength, No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. Per 25c we will mail you

THE ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA Limited

58 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1 No2. No3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co. 90 BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR **FREE** BOOK TO Dr. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD. LONDON ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE

THERAPION SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox, Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination.

Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance.

Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers.

THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL.

PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

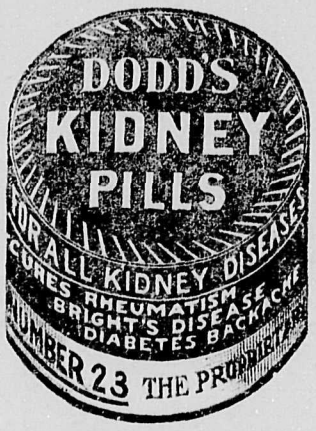
To go to Russia

Word has been received at Ottawa that Lady Sybil Grey, youngest daugher of Lord Grey, former governor-general of Canada, and Lady Grey, has been sent to Russia with Lady Muriel Paget to organize a hospital in Petrograd. Lady Sybil, when in Canada, took a keen interest and active part in philanthropic work.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is the best medicine extant to destroy worms.

"I see that a man aged 102 has just died in the poorhouse."

"He lived long and died short, eh?"



The Farmer Likes It

Letter to New York Times From a Farmer Who Enjoys the Life

Desire Les Carboura, in his letter concerning the pastoral life and those who would embark thereon, asks a question: Does the farmer really enjoy it? He wants the opinion of a genuine farmer—one who feeds the cows and plows the land. I have known the pleasure of the shower bath in summer, the 8 o'clock rising bell, and the heated room in winter. And I know the contrasts on the farm. I get up at four and feed the cows. I have perspired in the field and mow through the long day, only to come to te barn at night from my stunt with the pail and stool. I have dressed with a snowdrift in one corner of the room, and have wrung my ax in chopping time. I believe I am qualified to answer. The farmer does enjoy it. To "gentle" a mean horse—to work amid growing crops—that is pleasure. To feed a hungry beast, to turn an even furrow, these give pleasure. To pitch a mighty load of hay and feel the muscles stretch, to walk two miles after a hasty supper, and shed the dirt and hayseed in the cooling swimming hole—oh, I could go on for a page. It is living to breed good stock, and the joy comes in the care of them. It is living to raise crops and it's a pleasure to rip out the weeds behind your sweating team.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

Ailments such as constipation, colic, cold, vomiting, etc., seize children of all ages and the mother should be on her guard against these troubles by keeping a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. If any of these troubles come on suddenly the tablets will cure them, or if the little one is given an occasional dose of the tablets he will escape these troubles. The tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Trade With the West Indies

That as a market for flour, meat, butter and condensed milk produced in the western provinces of Canada, all the British West India Islands are nearer to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta than the British isles or countries of continental Europe and that for manufactured articles from Ontario and Quebec the cost of transportation to the West Indies is less than the cost to Saskatchewan and Alberta is the statement made in a special report on Canada and the British West Indies by Mr. W. G. Griffin, special trade commissioner.

Mr. Griffin visited all the colonies that have joined in the Canada-West Indies preferential tariff agreement, as well as the colony of Jamaica and the republic of Cuba. His conclusion is that the trade of the British West Indies is worth going after. The various colonies included in the preferential agreement annually import about $45,000,000,000 and export about $41,000,000,000 worth of goods.

$100 REWARD, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Great Scouting

There are some clever scouts among the Australians, and the smartest of all is probably Sergeant Frean, of the 1st Infantry Brigade. He has crawled out from the trenches night after night to make an inspection of the Turkish position, and on one occasion, under cover of darkness, he made his way right *into the enemy lines. Being brown*-skinned, and speaking the Turkish language, he escaped detection, and made his way safely back to his comrades with most valuable information. Frean saw service in Mexico and the Balkan States, and is a man of wonderful daring. He wears a sombre-like felt hat, with the crown bulged up, and a knotted handkerchief about his neck, in true scout fashion, but he has very little to say.

No Asthma Remedy Like It.—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is distinctly different from other so-called remedies. Were this not so it would not have continued its great work of relief until known from ocean to ocean for its wonderful value. Kellogg's, the foremost and best of all asthma remedies, stands upon a reputation founded in the hearts of thousands who have known its benefit.

The Turkish prisoners captured by *the Allied troops and concentrated* on one of the Ægean islands write to their families by French aero post. The mails have to be thrown from a height of about 2,000 yards in special mail bags lined with several thicknesses of aeroplane canvas.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Why do you keep buying lottery tickets? You seldom or never win a prize.

Why do you keep buying cantaloupes?

Rush to Certain Death

A Stirring Story of Heroic Australian Brigades

It was the rush to death! At the word "Go!" the men were over the parapet like a flash. Then a tremendous fusillade broke out and rose from a fierce crackle into a roar in which neither rifle nor machine gun could be distinguished, but just one continuous roaring tempest. No one could live in it. The description of the action is supplied by Captain C. E. W. Bean, the official press representative with the Australian forces in the Dardanelles, in an article issued by the high commissioner for Australia. For sheer self-sacrificing heroism, continues the writer, there was never a deed of history that surpassed the charge which two Australian Light Horse brigades made in the first light of Saturday, August 7, in order to help their comrades in a critical moment of a great battle. The men had volunteered to fight or foot or in any other way provided they could get to Gallipoli to help the other Australians there.

Describing the action, Captain Bean says: "Exactly two minutes after the first line had cleared the parapet the second line jumped out without the slightest hesitation and followed them. No one knows how it happened, and probably no one will ever know, but some either of that first line or of the second line managed to get into the extreme right hand corner of the enemy's trench. They carried with them a small flag to put up in the enemy's trench if they captured it, and the appearance of this flag was to be the signal for a party of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers to attack up the gully to the right.

"In the extreme south-eastern corner of the Turkish trench there did appear just for two minutes the small flag which our men had taken. No one ever saw them get there. No one will ever know who they were or how they did it. Only for those two minutes the flag fluttered up behind the parapet and then someone unseen tore it down. The fight in that corner of the trench, whatever it was, was over, and it can only have ended one way. It was all over within a quarter of an hour. Except for the wild fire which burst out again at intervals there was not a movement in front of the trenches—only the scrub and the tumbled khaki here and there."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

The Waiting Woman

When we think of homes can we refrain from adding a special note of respect for those brave women in the dominions who have seen their husbands depart for the war and alone keep the home against their return? Many of the Canadians, Australian and New Zealand soldiers are married. There must be women on lonely prairies, remote wheatfields, barren sheep farms, who "run the show" with little help, or even alone. They pass day after day without companionship. News is scant, letters are rare. No watcher in England has quite to equal the gallant patience which pails a woman through an experience like that.—The London Spectator.

The town council of a thriving Scotch burgh recently acquired a piano for their town hall, and appointed three of their number to inspect and report on the purchase. The councillors were not musical experts, but one—a joiner—bending down and applying his eye to the several corners of the instrument, remarked:

"I'm no judge o' music, but I'll warrant ye a' the boards are plumb."

MOTHER'S "NOTIONS"

Good For Young People to Follow

"My little grandson often comes up to show me how large the muscles of his arms are.

"He was a delicate child, but has developed into a strong, healthy boy and Postum has been the principal factor.

"I was induced to give him the Postum because of my own experience with it.

"I am sixty years old, and have been a victom of nervous dyspepsia *for many years.* Have tried all sorts of medicines and had treatment from many physicians, but no permanent relief came.

"I used to read the Postum advertisements in our paper. At first I gave but little attention to them, but finally something in one of the advertisements made me conclude to try Postum.

"I was very particular to have it prepared strictly according to directions, and used good, rich cream. It was very nice indeed, and about bedtime I said to the members of the family that I believed I felt better. One of them laughed and said, 'That's another of mother's notions,' but the notion has not left me yet.

"I continued to improve right along after leaving off tea and coffee and taking Postum, and now after three years' use I feel so well that I am almost young again. I know Postum was the cause of the change in my health and I cannot say too much in its favor. I wish I could persuade all *nervous people to use it.*"

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms:

Postum Cereal—the original form—must me well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

FREE--Beautiful Book Of New Fur Fashions

Our Wonderful catalogue of Fur Fashions for 1915-16 is just off the presses. This beautiful book—an outstanding monument of artistic printing—is an intensely interesting guide to what is correct in furs.

Every woman will spend a delightful hour or two in looking over the charming garments displayed here for her benefit. The world's most complete and wonderful array of furs is pictured for you in this book.

Showing New York, Paris, London Styles

Women who know have always accepted Sellers-Gough styles as the authorities. Paris, New York, London, have all contributed their share to this marvelous style book. You will be charmed with the ravishingly beautiful fashions shown here.

Sent Absolutely Free

Simply send your name and address on a postcard. We will send you the style book at once. You will find every page of great interest. Besides showing all the latest styles, it gives lowest prices on fine furs and all the details of our splendid mail order service. Send today.

RAW FURS Highest Prices Paid.

Communicate with Toronto Office.

SELLERS-GOUGH FUR COMPANY, LIMITED,

244-246-248-250 Yonge Street, Toronto.

St. Catherine Street, West, and St. Alexander Street, Montreal

ENLIST NOW With the army of satisfied Shippers who ship Grain to

PETER JANSEN COMPANY, LIMITED

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. HIGHEST PRICES—BEST GRADES

Make bills of lading read Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Fort William or Port Arthur, notify Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Winnipeg

Australia's Navy

The London Times recently published an appreciative review of the services *rendered by the Australian navy* since the outbreak of the war. The list of achievements is very impressive, particularly to those who opposed the local navy idea and did their utmost to remove it. At the commencement of hostilities Germany had in Pacific waters adjacent to Australia a fleet composed of two large cruisers, the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, the Nurnburg, a light cruiser, and some smaller vessels. Either of the large cruisers was superior to any British vessel in the Pacific with the exception of the Australian cruiser Australian. But because of the presence of the Australian fleet the Germans were unable to capture a single British merchant vessel in Australian waters or attack an Australian port.—Victoria Times.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Grandest Choir in the World

Russia may safely boast of the world's greatest choir. It is in the Cathedral of Alexander Nevski, in Petrograd, and is attached to a convent erected in honor of the patron saint of Russia. Its members, of whom there are about thirty, are all monks and are chosen from the best voices in all the Russian monasteries.

When a fine singer appears among the novitiates he is sent to the monastery of Alexander Nevski, where he is trained as carefully as an operasinger, and remains there doing nothing *except assisting at the music at* mass in the morning and vespers in the afternoon, until he becomes aged, when he retires on a pension.

The monks are all vegetarians; they never eat meat. The rules of the Russian Church forbid them to shave, and their hair is woven like a woman's. Unlike ordinary monks, they are fastidious about their appearance, and put up their hair and whiskers in papers every night, so that they are wavy and curly.

For Sprains and Bruises.—There is nothing better for sprains and contusions than Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It will reduce the swelling that follows a sprain, will cool the inflamed flesh and draw the pain as if by magic. It will take the ache out of a bruise and prevent the flesh from discoloring. It seems as if there was magic in it, so speedily does the injury disappear under treatment.

A Scotch minister while going home *one dark night fell into a deep hole.* Unable to get out, he shouted lustily and at last a laborer heard him and came to his assistance. The minister told him how he got there and who he was, whereupon his rescuer remarked:

"Weel, weel, ye needna' kick up such a rumpus. Ye'll no be needed afore Sunday, and this is only Wednesday nicht."

Auctioneer (at art sale, reproachfully)—What! No advance on three shillings? Why, the picture by itself is worth that!"

WE PAY HIGHEST PRICES FOR RAW FURS

FREE "Hallam's Trappers Guide" English or French. 96 pages tells how and where to trap and other valuable information for the trapper "Raw Fur Prices List" "Fur Style Book" of beautiful fur sets and garments, also "Trappers and Sportsmen's Supply Catalog" Guns, Traps, Animal Bait, Fish Nets, etc. at lowest prices, all illustrated. Sent FREE. Address.

JOHN HALLAM 350 Hallam Building LIMITED, TORONTO

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE

Licensed and Bonded Dealers' DIRECTORY

Over 16,000 Farmer Shareholders are behind you when you consign your grain or sell on track to

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN CO., LTD., 160 McDermot St., Winnipeg, or 109 Douglas Block, Calgary

More Guns to Keep Zeppelins Away

The new defenses of London against attacks by Zeppelins are gradually assuming snape, according to a statement made by Sir Percy Scott, who is in charge of this work. In this statement, read at an inquest held in the case of a Londoner who was killed during a Zeppelin attack, Sir Percy said: "The number of guns for defense against aircraft has been recently increased, and further improvements as to their positions, number and character, are in immediate contemplation."

"That son of yours is a likely lad, Sam. Why don't you let him join up and help us to end the war?"

"What! my boy Bill! Naw, naw. What I say is, that there Kayser, 'e started the war, let 'im finish it 'is-self!"

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CANADA'S SPLENDID SERVICE AS THE GRANARY OF THE EMPIRE

OUR PRODUCTION IN TIME OF NATIONAL STRESS

It is the Production of the Soil that Must Bear the Burden of Debt and Restore the Waste and Destruction of War, and Canada's Service is a Vital Element in the Strength of the Nation

Canada's great fortune and splendid service as the granary of the empire are revealed in the record harvest from her rich fields of wheat and other grains. The foundation of our prosperity is solid and enduring. While mines may be exhausted and timber may disappear through improvident management, agriculture is a perpetual source of wealth, increasing from year to year by the stimulus of individual industry and personal interest. A wheat harvest of 336,258,000 bushels from 12,986,000 acres, an average of 25.89 bushels, surpasses the most roseate forecasts of the well-informed during the growing stages of the season. This yield is 104,541,000 bushels, or 45 per cent., more than the best previous record, which was made in 1913. Compared with last year's rather disappointing harvest of 161,280,000 bushels, the increase is 174,978,000 ,or 108 per cent. The substantial nature of this growth in production is shown by the fact that the harvest returns are 72 per cent. greater than the average for the past five years. Coming when the empire's resources are strained by the titanic struggle, this wealth in sustenance is as a reinforcement rising from the earth. It shows that diligence in the arts of peace through times of peace is the best preparation against the plotting aggressor. A facetious military authority has said that any officer can lead his men to fight, but it requires the genius of a general to feed them. There is in this some suggestion of the service rendered the empire in the grain fields of the Dominion. The strength and sustenance acquired in peaceful pursuits can now be made the best defence against the attack on national rights and human liberty.

The same satisfactory and highly important success has been attained in other grain crops. The aggregate yield of oats is 481,035,500 bushels from the 11,365,000 acres under crop. Of this yield 305,580,000 bushels are from the three prairie provinces. These provinces also contribute 304,200,000 bushels of wheat. Ontario's more conservative method of raising cattle and "selling grain on the hoof" may give an erroneous view as to relative agricultural productiveness, but the west more than sustains most hopeful forecasts and fully justifies a courageous policy of development. The barley harvest is 50,68,000 bushels from 1,509,350 acres, an average yield of 33.7 bushels per acre. The average yield of rye is 22.07 bushels the aggregate being 12,604,700 bushels from 1,009,600 acres. Flax seed has become an important crop, and when organization for the treatment of the fibre is effected it will be still more profitable in spite of the necessity it imposes of restoring by rotation or otherwise the plant food drained from the soil. The harvest record is 12,604,700 bushels from 1,009,600 acres, or 12.48 bushels per acre. Harvest returns of over seventeen million bushels of mixed grain show that the many advantages of stock raising are appreciated.

It is in a time of national stress that the importance of this great advance in food production is fully realized. When the daily waste is startling in its magnitude, when the strength and cunning of the civilized world are devoted to destruction, when debt, the tenacious offspring of waste and loss, is growing with portentous haste, it is reassuring to learn that in this part of the empire all influences have combined to reward industry with a phenomenal yield of wealth. It is the products of the soil that must bear the burden of debt, restore the waste and destruction of wealth, and sustain the forces whose immediate mission is to destroy that a grander civilization may rise from the cleared and sanctified ground. Canada's peaceful service in preparing for the filling of the granary is now a vital element in the strength of the nation. This does not absolve any of her sons from the duty of taking their places in the forefront of the battle. But it is satisfactory to reflect that by the arts of peace we have been building up defences as important in imperial strength as the guns, fortresses, and destructive devices of military genius.—Toronto Globe.

War Orders for Canadian Meat

Over Six Million Pounds Asked for by British Government

Following previous announcements, Martin Burrill, minister of agriculture, has now issued a statement conveying the information that the war office has accepted tenders from the packers for 6,250,000 pounds of canned corned beef for delivery before the close of the current year. This contract is of particular interest to Eastern Canada, as it will provide a market for a large quantity of the surplus canned cattle that are now finding their way to the Toronto and Montreal stock yards. The outlet for which the minister has been striving, at least in regard to a considerable proportion of this class of cattle, has now been found.

Mr. Burrill has not undertaken to purchase the meat for the war office but through the acting high commissioner, Sir George Perley, has conveyed to the imperial government the tender of the packers, this representing the aggregate of the offer of those engaged in the tinned meat business. Very strong representatives were made, urging that a share of the war office purchases should be placed in Canada, it being pointed out that the country had generously responded to the call for increased production. It was further pointed out that in consequence of this a surplus of cattle existed in the country and that the securing of a market through sale to the war office should prove of great benefit to the farmers. The minister states that throughout these negotiations he has been assured that the war office has viewed with much sympathy the requests which he had made for the placing of business in Canada and he is hoping that further contracts may be secured.

The French-Canadian

That gracious French temperament which has made their mother country so universally popular, has been inherited in full by the French descendants in Canada. This accounts for the patent fact that the Canadians of British origin who are most in contact with our fellow Canadians of French origin, are the stoutest champions of their inculable value to the Canadian blend of races. They stand a living protest against the grosser and more absorbed materialism which is the curse of this age and continent. When we are inclined to say that the possession of money is the chief end of man, they deny it in a very practical fashion by quietly pursuing more engaging objects—the better things which most of us look to money to buy. They do not count their successes in dollars, but in happy days—which is surely a more final reckoning than that of the dollar-idolater.—Montreal Star.

Really Funny—She says I am dull. "You should crack a few jokes occasionally. Ask her to marry you, or something like that."

Parcels for Soldiers

New Postal Regulations Regarding Packages Addressed to Soldiers

Several important announcements regarding postal regulations have just been made by the post office department.

Among other things the department at Ottawa announces a new war tax on letters and parcels from New Zealand. A half penny war tax has been imposed on postal packets involving an additional charge on letters and parcels for Canada. This will not increase the postage to New Zealand.

An order was recently made by the department that in all ordinary circumstances the re-direction of parcels, either from one point to another within Canada, or from Canada to other countries, gave rise to fresh postage. It has now been decided, until further notice, to allow parcels addressed to his majesty's ships, or to British or Canadian troops on active service in Canada, or elsewhere, to be re-directed free of any re-direction charge. This refers to re-direction only.

All the time parcels are mailed they must of course be prepaid at the usual rates.

Reports of aliens in Canada are now to be made to and by postmasters. "It is desired by the chief commissioner of Dominion police," says the notice to this effect, "that aliens shall report to the local postmasters, and that the postmasters shall in turn report to the nearest chief of police at intervals of say one month."

If we assume maintenance of the full regimental strength of about 3,000 for the infantry regiment, 900 for the cavalry, 1,000 for field artillery, and 1,500 for heavy artillery, we get the following figures: Infantry, 2,800,000 men; cavalry, 70,000; field artillery, 294,000; heavy artillery, 60,000; or a total of 3,225,000 men. If we suppose that the subsidiary service, such as pioneers, telegraph and train, have multiplied in anything like the same ratio from a peace footing, we must add at least 300,000 men more, or 3,525,000 men in all. On the other hand, in this calculation there are included regiments of Landsturm. Since the Tageblatt gives the casualties for only two Landsturm regiments, the 9th and the 109th, it seems certain that nearly all of the Landsturm is engaged on duty in the interior of the country. Making the subtraction, we get back to about three and a quarter millions as the number of Prussians engaged on both fronts. But inasmuch as the Prussian forces do not constitute more than three-quarters of the armies of the empire, the total German forces would thus be well over four and a quarter millions. A very rough approximation where only approximations are possible.—New York Evening Post.

Sunday Golfer—Something has put me off my game this morning, caddie.

"It's them church bells, mister; they hadn't ought to be allowed."

Why Labor is Opposed To Compulsion

Fight Against Conscription is an Economic One

Labor troubles in England have been much exaggerated by the press and by others whose motives are economic and not patriotic, according to Ernest Bevin and Charles Ammon, fraternal delegates of the British trades conference, to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, held in San Francisco.

"Laboring men of England affiliated with the various unions are firmly opposed to conscription," said Mr. Bevin. "We are now enlisting as fast as exemptions from military service will permit, and insinuations that we are not loyal to the government are resented. Under the law employees of the railroads, docks, telegraph, transport and postal services are exempt from military service, as well as all employees of the munition works. The number of men thus employed in England can be safely placed at about 1,000,000. If conscription comes to pass the government would not be able to add to the army more than 300,000 men without crippling industrial conditions.

"Under the present volunteer system we are adding men to the forces for field duty faster than they can be equipped.

"Our fight against conscription is an economic one, having in view possible conditions that will exist after the war is over. What we have now represents more than a hundred years of concerted action and work, and to ask us to give up these conditions and accept conscription is asking more than is required of landlords and manufacturers."

Mr. Bevin also said that labor unions were not opposed to women taking positions previously held by men in industrial pursuits.

"All that we ask is that women be not introduced into factories and railway work at less pay than is accorded to men. In most of the factories where women are now employed they are being trained under the direction of our members, the only provision being that they go in at pay that is the minimum accorded to men under the same conditions. Under the condition of suffrage I believe the condition in England is the same as that exists among trades unions in the United States, and I am free to say the woman's vote is sure to come."

Feeding Dairy Cows

Feed For Dairy Cattle Should be Rich in Protein

In purchasing feeds for dairy cattle buy only those rich in protein and mix your own ration. It is not advisable to buy balanced ration feeds, as these are usually too expensive.

There are several rules given by different authorities for the proper feeding of milking cows. No set amounts can be given, however, either for the size of the animal or the breed. They all depend on the individual.

One feeder gives the three following rules, the owner judging for himself which is the most suitable for his cattle.

Feed all the roughage they will clean up, and:

One pound of grain for each pound of butter-fat they produce each week, or

One pound of grain per day for every three pounds of milk they produce, or

Feed all the grain they will eat without gaining in weight.

Another good rule to follow is to feed all the roughage they will clean up, and

One pound of grain for every five pounds of three per cent. milk they produce per day, or

One pound of grain for every four pounds of four per cent. of milk, or

One pound of grain per day for every three pounds of five per cent. milk.

Canada and the War

The position of Canada is not different from that of New England in the Civil War. It pays its heavy tribute of blood and sorrow. The noblest and most hopeful youth of the country has been drawn upon. The stories with which we are familiar in the literature of our Civil War—the search for the wounded boy in the hospitals; the long suspense ending in heartbreak; the sacrifice of several sons in the same family; the mainstay and brilliant hope of the future gone—these are the sad commonplaces of the day. But in a material sense the Dominion will be stimulated by the war, as New England was in 1861-1865. New England entered the Civil War provincial; it came out of it national. Its cities grew, and, in spite of the passing blow to the cotton mills, its manufacturers developed. Canada has lent valuable support to the empire so that its name is blessed in England at is has never been before; and at the same time it has learned its owa strength. It will come out of the war much greater than it went in.—Boston Transcript.

Save Your Hair Combings

Ladies who use switches should have them made up from their own hair combings. The Beal Beauty Parlors, 304 Kennedy Building, Winnipeg, make a specialty of this work. The cost is small, $1.50 up. Write for full particulars. Save your combings and send them in to be made up in switches or transformations, and returned to you.

A young lady entered a book store and inquired of the gentlemanly clerk—a married man, by the way—if he had a book suitable for an old gentleman who had been married fifty years. Without the least hesitation the clerk reached for a copy of Parkman's "A Half Century of Conflict."

THE COUNTRY TOWN ONE OF THE FACTORS MAKING CANADA GREAT

ABOUT THE HOME STORE, THE TOWN AND YOU

If Our Homes, Our Schools, Our Churches, and Our Markets Mean Anything to us, Then the Town is of Value to us, and We Should Work Together and Make it More Valuable

None of us can get away from the fact that the Canadian country town, the little town of from one hundred to a thousand inhabitants, is one of the factors that make Canada great. Why? you ask. Simply because it builds the spirit of neighborliness. The folks in and around it get to know one another. To know one's fellows always is to sympathize with them. Neighborliness spells fraternity—and fraternity means co-operation, with an economic status that permits the creation of no indecently rich and no abjectly poor.

The small town rises or falls largely as its stores and businesses succeed or fail. These stores and businesses depend upon the support of you and your neighbors. It is a peculiar fact that you will find otherwise bright and brainy men who maintain that the small town store must simply undergo the old process of the survival of the fittest. If it cannot meet external competition, it must go under! After making such statements this type of man will sit down and dig information out of a book of a thousand pages, write a long letter, then wait a week or more—usually more—for something to come which he never has seen, and which may prove to be anything but what he expected as regards value.

You can't swear away the existence of the small town retailer by saying that he is a parasite, that he charges too much for everything, and that's why the money is sent away! That story is fossilized. Competition is too keen for the retail merchant to go on, year in year out, overcharging his customers. He couldn't do it and survive. Retailers may have their faults, but they can't go against economic laws and last. There is nothing mysterious in mail order competition. It's simply a case of a far-away firm trying to get your money—and doing it if you give them chance. The success of the M.O. concern in any territory depends largely upon the kind of retail merchants it is up against—and every year it is going against a better class of men. You'll find them most often in the sections where catalog houses don't waste money in shipping in their catalogs.

There is a new type of retail merchant being developed. He realizes that the reason why so many people sent away for goods was simply because they were not aware that the local store carried them. So he advertises consistently and lets his patrons know exactly what service he has to offer. In the past you often took it for granted that the local store did not keep this or that, so you sent away for the goods when you could have simply stepped into the store instead of the post office.

And the new type of retailer realizes the necessity of diversifying his stock. His territory is limited, but so are the demands on him. He buys in small lots and buys often; he keeps himself informed as to new lines, and he is more anxious to carry an attractive variety than a large stock. But he can usually meet all the demand that exists locally.

This question of variety is a great factor in the small store. Ask your wife why she likes to shop in a large city store, and she will tell you that it is not because she can get there the actual necessities of life cheaper or of better quality than at home, but that she finds novelties, little accessories and convenient new things which she requires.

In one mail order mad community a hardware dealer effected a partial cure as follows: He ordered a stove from a catalog house that gleaned lots of money from that territory. He noted the time it took for the stove to arrive, the freight charges, the time it took to deliver it to purchaser (who had to come for it himself) and the time occupied in setting it up by an amateur. He sets up the stove in his window with a placard bearing these details—also drawing attention to a broken leg and two cracked lids—and gave the cost to the buyer when set up in his home. Alongside it he set a stove he sold at the same price, pointing out that he delivered and set up the stove free. That meant for the customer no extra charge for the stove as bought at home, an unbroken stove, erected and ready to light, and no long wait for broken parts to be replaced. That's only one instance of the service that the local store gives—and not in one item but with every item it sells.

You can always tell a thriving town by the advertisement columns of the local paper. Some towns are dead because they are manned by business people who are dead. But the live town—with merchants who point out to you what they can supply for your needs—cannot be kept down. It will get what it deserves in the way of trade, and the farm folks will have a town to visit that pulls together—and pulls with the rural community. Furthermore there will be far fewer postal notes purchased, and a lot more dollars kept at home where they belong!

It is just as good business for you to save 50 cents on a purchase from your local store as it is for the local retailer to make the sale to you—and don't think that the retailer does not realize that fact. He knows that unless he can honestly show you that the article he is offering is worth the price, all things considered, he is not entitled to your patronage. He realizes that increasing competition of various kinds may make your standpoint antagonistic. Your mail has been crowded with offers to supply you with, say the most wonderful buggies at the most unheard of prices, and, regardless of comparative qualities and easy buying conditions, the quoted prices very naturally appeal to you. And the retailer also knows that the advertisement says "cash with order." He has to meet this competition or go out of business. And he can beat this competition if you deal with him on the same basis. It's a cash proposition, so you are entitled to the most your money will buy. The retailer, let us assume, buys his buggies for spot cash—not on fancy terms and long time inducements. He buys them outright and can sell on a very close margin. What is the result? He can sell you a rig, better in quality than any you can purchase by mail and equal in appearance to any thing you can find anywhere, and at as good a price as you can buy anyhere. Furthermore, you can examine the goods before you buy! He knows more than to appeal to your sentiment by a "buy your goods at home" plea. He gives you a bugg; that is worth every cent of what you pay for it—and meets the price that you thought he couldn't quote. On the same purchasing terms your retailer can give you goods of equal or better quality—plus the service—as can any distant supply system that ever existed.

Did you ever see two calves tied together with a rope, and each trying to get at a pail of milk a little way beyond his end? Neither can get at his pail! But the minute they got together and drank out of the same pail, they emptied first one pail and then the other, and each got his share. That's the way of it where the town and rural community are pulling different ways—while the catalog house is reaching over the fence and grabbing the local currency. The minute the town and its territory get together for local betterment, they get the trade of one another—one serves the other and the money in local channels goes to help out the community at large.

It needs no genius to see that if you have children to educate, if you have any interest in local, social or religious affairs, if you own a home and property in your community, it is distinctly to your best interest to patronize your local store at all times provided your local merchants offer you the right prices. You owe it to yourself and your community to deal with the men who are helping to build your local centre, and make it a live and progressive town.—Luke West, in Country Life in Canada.

Canadian Flour for Soldiers

Will be Used Exclusively by Dominion Troops in England

Canadian soldiers in England are hereafter to eat bread baked exclusively from Canadian flour by the bakers of the Canadian army service corps. On recommendation of Col. Machray, head of that branch of the Canadian service in England, the minister of militia is arranging for sending over with the transports some two million pounds of Canadian flour every three months. That is the estimated amount required for the men now in England. Similar arrangements also are to be made for supplying Canadian oats direct to the army service corps for the use of the horses in the Canadian camps of England. At present flour is being bought in England for the Canadians at $8.10 per barrel. By shipping direct from Canada upon the transports it is believed that a better price can be secured by the government and possibly a better quality of flour.

With the field ovens and bakeries of the army service corps, there is now ample equipment for all the bread baking that will be required.

To Cheer Our Soldiers

Overseas Club Asks For Subscriptions to the Tobacco Fund

There are 70,000 Canadians at the front. It needs nearly $20,000 a week to supply every man with tobacco.

The Overseas Club for 25 cents can cheer the heart of one of the 70,000 with a packet of Canadian manufactured tobacco, 50 Canadian manufactured cigarettes, and a box of matches.

The Overseas Club has facilities, by reason of exemption from duty and free transit, which enable it to send all this value for 25 cents. If you purchase the same goods in a retail store in Canada and pay the postage yourself it will cost you nearly a dollar.

The Overseas Club will make your one dollar do the work of four, or turn your 25 cents into a dollar, or nearly so.

All monies contributed in Canada are paid into the banks and remitted to London, and every cent is expended in the purchase of Canadian manufactured tobacco and cigarettes. Francis R. Jones, Windsor Hotel, Montreal, is the organizing secretary of the Overseas Club Tobacco Fund.

The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weeky Newspaper, Pubished at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1915

Increase in Bank Deposits.

Canadian deposits for October have increased by $53,000,000 over the preceeding month, and by $85-000,000 over the month of October, 1814. So much for the results of a bumper crop and increased production, together with less extravagance and more thrift. But there is room for improvement.

Increased Production is Increased Prosperity

British Columbia grew 4,096,000 bushels of oats this year as compared with 3,17 ,000 in 1914, while all other grain this year totalled 605,000 bushels as against 556,000 bushels last year. If the province can go ahead as much next year, there need be little room for criticism on the ground of lack of enterprise. Every extra furrow counts!

Victoria, Dec. 8.—The timber statement for the month of October issued by the Department of Lands shows that the total scale of sawlogs for the Province amounted to 52,162,354 feet, board measure, in addition to 123,733 lineal feet of piles and poles and 24,859 cords of ties, shingle bolts and fence posts, The sawlogs scaled in the various districts are as follows: Vancouver 30,252,786 ft, Cranbrock 7,689.487 ft, Nelson 5,401,713 ft, Island, 4,-977.156 ft, Prince Rupert 1,637,103 Vernon 746,248. Timber sales recorded during the month cover an estimated total of 7,656,000 ft sawlogs to produce a total estimated revenue of $15,817.

Victoria Notes

The "Colonist" in it's Sunday edition mentions that already several returned soldiers have had to complain that they cannot get employment! This is a scandal, and a reproach to Canada, especially when there are hundreds of Orientals employed on Vancouver Island, in the Comox Valley in common with other districts, who are doing work that could be better and more cheaply done by white men. It is a pity that some of the great industrial corparations who are the chief offenders, cannot be shown up and pilloried, but the chiefest offeneer is that respectable citizen, Mr. Public Opinion. So long as he slumbers, so long as he considers the interests of his smug self to be uninjured, all is well. But it seems strange that any Britishers can employ other than white labour when returned soldiers plead for work and cannot get it. Such an employer cannot have red blood in his veins any longer and share holders in limited companies are as responsible as private employers in that respect.

What would happen supposing that the facts concerning the employment by joint stock companies on Vancouver Island, of Chinese in preference to returned soldiers were cabled to the London financial papers? The stock would suffer such a drop that the offending companies would be ruined Yet it only needs be told to the British people over there in London.

Your King and country need you! We don't, Chinese are cheper! The "Colonist" is to be congratulated on giving the matter such publicity. Pending drastic measures, every loyalist would do well to at once boycott concerns employing other than white men. Real estate will never pick up until the country can support a white population with its high standard of living, and such a population is he best asset the Empire can have.

Packing of Parcels for Soldiers at The Front

The public is urged to exercise every care in packing parcels for the troops, as careful packing is absolutely essential to ensure delivery of the parcels in good order

Parcels sent abroad require a higher standard of packing than is necessary in the Canadian Parcel Post, and this applies with even greater force to parcels for the troops. Those which are inadequately packed run great risk of damage or loss of contents.

Thin cardboard boxes, such as shoe boxes, and thin wooden boxes should not be used; nor does a single sheet of ordinary brown paper afford sufficient protection. The following forms of packing are recommended.

1. Strong double card board boxes, preferably those made of corrugated cardboard, and having lids which completely enclose the sides of the boxes.

2. Strong wooden boxes.

3. Several folds of stout packing paper.

4. Additional security is offorded by an outer covering of linen, calico or canvas, which should be securely sewn up.

The address of the parcel should be written in ink on the coyer preferably in two places.

The address of the sender of the parcel should also be stated in order that it may be returned if undeliverable. The contents of the parcel should be stated in writing on the cover.

In the case of parcels sent to the Mediterranean Force, they should be very strongly packed. They should be as nearly round as possible, and well padded with shavings, crumpled paper or similar protective material. The outer covering should consist of strong linen, calico or canvas, and should be securely sewn up. The use of wooden or metal boxes with square corners is undesirable, as parcels so packed are liable to injure other parcels in transit. No perishable articles should be sent, and anything to become soft or sticky, such as chocolates, should be enclosed in tins. Parcels wrapped in paper or packed in thin cardboard boxes, such as shoe boxes cannot be accepted.

The scholars of the Comox school will hold their annual Christmas tree and concert on Friday evening the 17th inst., in Martin's hall. The proceedings will be followed by a dance.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

Christmas and New Year Excursion Rates
Good going Dec. 24 and 31, final return limit Jan. 4, fare and one-fifth for round trip

Through Passenger Trains leave Courtenay 11:35 on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Victoria and Way Stations

RETURNING---Arrives at Courtenay at 16:10, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Steamship tickets on all lines to all parts of the world. For particulars etc., address

L. D. CHETHAM
Dist. Passenger Agent, Victoria

D. B. NICKERSON
Agent Courtenay, Phone R 60

Campbell's

The things that women and men appreciate most are the practical gifts of things for every day use, such as the following

All our counters are well displayed with holiday gifts and selections easily made

Hankerchiefs
Plain linen hemstitched and fancy embroidered muslin handkerchiefs from 10 to 50c each. Silk embroidered handkerchiefs at 10, 15 and 25c each. Plain and fancy coloured handkerchiefs put up in neat attractive boxes of 6 handkerchiefs from 35c to $1

Neckwear
Ladies' neckwear in the latest novelties in muslin, chiffon and crepe de chenes, hand embroidered collars and collarettes, silk and silk crepe ties in plain colors and fancy mixtures at popular prices

Ladies' Handbags
Ladies' handbags in silk embroidered black and fancy leather, also handmade bead work rom 75c to $6.50

Kimonas
Ladies' long kimonas in all shades in fancy embroidered cotton crepes, also silk komonas silk lined and silk embroidered and quilted silk komonas from $2.50 to $12.50

Sweater Coats
Ladies' sweater coats in two tone silk, also hand knit sweater coats with cap to match, in all shades

Child's Dresses
This is a sample lot of exceptionally good values in silk and muslin hand embroidered dresses from $1.25 to $4.50

Evening Wear
Dress lengths in novelty weaves in fancy stripes and brocades in all light shades suitable for evening wear with feather and bead trimming to match, also colored satin slippers to match, any shade of evening gown

Silk Blouses
Silk blouses in plain tailored habitua, silk in white only at $4.50. Silk and silk crepe blouses from $3.75 to $12.50. Black silk blouses in messalene and Peau de Soi silk from 3.75 to 8.50

Umbrellas
Ladies silk and silk mixture umbrellas with straight or crooked handles and sterling silver mounts from 1.50 to 6

Xmas. Gifts
Suitable Xmas. gifts in photo frames, albums. handkerchief cases, pin cushion, wool knit and fancy felt slippers, mufflers, fancy silk and motor scarfs, fancy chinaware and hand painted vases. Special value in electric reading lamps with hand painted shades

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

Sweater Coats
Made with pure heavy wool, shawl collar style. We have them reasonably priced in all colors

Beautiful Neckwear
The seasons newest creations from 25c to $1.00

Gloves
Of all kinds, wool, fur and kid

Handkerchiefs
Silk, cambric and linen, plain or initial, all colors, from 10c to 1.00

Mufflers
Silk neck scarfs are sensible. servicable and beautiful. We have them in all the popular colors and at all prices

Smoking Jackets & Dressing Gowns
In popular shades. Either would make an excellent gift and oneto be appreciated

Hats
The latest shapes and shades, sable, felt and tweed from 1.50 to 5

Caps, fancy vests, umbrellas, armbands in Xmas. boxes, suspender, armband and and garter sets in Xmas. boxes, brush and comb sets, pipes, tobacco pouches, cigar holders, shaving stitks, razors, strops, knives, pocket books, etc., etc,

A special discount of 20 p. c. will be given on all our men's clothing and overcoats

BOYS DEPARTMENT

Pants
Plain and bloomer, made from good serviceable tweed, in navy, stripe and mixture

Shirts
In fancy stripe cambrics and plain colors with detachable collars and pinch cuffs

Telescope Hats
These come in wool felts, plain and mixed, popular colors, with broad edges and self bands

Caps
A big range of these in stock

Suits
We have a large assortment of boys fine suits, suitable for winter wear, prices from 3 to 9

Sweaters and Sweater Coats
Plain and combination colors, etc., etc.

Campbell's
CUMBERLAND

ROYAL STANDARD —perfect products—

Buy Made-in-British-Columbia Flour—It's Best

Nowhere—in all the world—is better flour made than ROYAL STANDARD. Bank on that absolutely! The finest wheat grown is used exclusively in this flour. This accounts for the big, creamy, wholesome white bread which ROYAL STANDARD produces.

The name ROYAL STANDARD is your assurance of QUALITY. Eveay product with that name is sold under a strict money back guarantee

Ask about
ROYAL STANDARD
Poultry Products

Royal Standard Grain Products Agency
F. Movitz, Mgr. Phone 33; End of Bridge

"Made in British Columbia"

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS
TO THE OLD COUNTRY

Date	Steamer	Line	From	To	Minimum Rates 1st	2nd	3rd
‡Dec. 11	Scandinavian	Allan	St. John	Liverpool	—	$55.00	$33.75
Dec. 11	Philadelphia	American	New York	Liverpool	$ 95	$65.00	$40.00
Dec. 12	Athenia	Donaldson	St. John	Glasgow	—	$52.50	$33.75
Dec. 15	Corinthian		St. John	London	—	$50.00	$32.75
Dec. 17	Cymric	White Star	New York	Liverpool	—	$50.00	$33.75
Dec. 18	Philadelphia	American	N w York	Liverpool	$ 95	$65.00	$40.00

War Tax in addition to above fares

‡Through tourist and standard sleeping cars to ship's side
Rail rates and sleeping car fares on application

Make your reservations early and secure choice accomodation

D. B. NICKERSON
Agent, Phone R60
E. & N. Station COURTENAY

COMOX

The girls met at "Spinsterville" on Tuesday night. Dolls are being dressed for the orphans.

It was not near Mr. Radford's new house that the late Mr. Hardy was found, but near an old house near the beach that he was found.

Mr. C J. Higgins, surver, is in Comox on business with surveying at Nob Hill.

The Port Augusta hotel is now being fied up as headquarters for the 102nd Regt.

Mr. Wilcox says that he is applying for an ambulance outfit at the end of the wharf, so as to be prepared for the next engagement. Ore took place npon the arrival of the "Charmer" last week, We believe that no one was seriously wounded, one of the parties being strictly neutral.

Messrs. Ormiston and Daiziel of Denman Island visited W. R. Robb last week.

Remorse is the poison of life and repentance its cure.

COURT OF REVISION

Municipal Voters' List

THE Sitting of the Court of Revision for the City of Courtenay will be held in the City Hall on December 10, 1915, at 7:30 p. m. Any person deeming himself wrongfully omitted or inserted in the list can object at the meeting.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk

VIOLIN

Lessons given on the Violin and Music

G. BARRASS
Harmony Orchestra
Riverside Hotel COURTENAY

Be Patriotic

Build up your own city, not Toronto or any other city foreign to your own interests-Keep your money in circulation here

See our

Xmas. Toys and Dolls

not made in Germany, at

Robertson's
Drug Store

before sending out of town

APPLY TO
RICHARD CREECH
FOR
Sand and Gravel
Rates Reasonable

PROGRAMME

The Two Act Play Entitled

"Old Acre Folk"

Presented by the "Rustics" in aid of the Red Cross Fund

Opera House, Friday, December 10

1. Overture.....By Harmony Orchestra
2. Act 1 ..... "Hayin' Time"
   Scene: The Deacon's Sittin' Room
3. The Cowboy and His Horse (?)....
4. Act 2..... ....."Sleighin' Time"
   Scene: Deacon's Sittin' Room once more

CHARACTERS

The Deacon.....Caleb Evans
The Deacon's Wife.....Emma Eliza
The Deacon's Son.....Jaff
The Deacon's Daughter.....Mary Jane
The Squire.....Aaron Playfair
The Squire's Daughter.....Elizabeth Ann
The Squire's Housekeeper.....Pricilla Prim
The Country Boy.....Ebenezer Ham
The Stranger.....Job Hardy
The Constable.....Ike Jackson

Light refreshments will be served after the Second Act at moderate charges

A Dance will follow. Music will be furnished by the Harmony Orchestra. Admisson 75c

Lively Session of City Council

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening.

The members were all present.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

A letter was read from E. A. Ferris, C. E., asking the council to pay for a plan of the city made for the incorporation committee, and which he thought the council morally if not legally bound to pay. It was laid over for fuller discussion later on.

Bodwell & Lawson wrote that Mr. Justice Clements had dismissed the appeal of the E. & N. Ry. against their assessment.

The following accounts were presented and referred to the finance committee to pay if found correct:

B.C. Garage, autos for band	$ 8 00
Review, advertising.....	11 00
C. H. Tarbell, scales, etc..	157 50
J. Fitzgerald, ditching.....	15 00
A. Kerton, work on scales..	36 75
E. Fletcher, " ..	36 75
S. Taylor, " ..	5 25
Lumber for scales.....	28 70
J. Cairns, teaming.....	9 00
R. McQuillan "	3 00
E. Creech, labor.....	6 00
A. Fielder, "	6 00

J. R. Johnston asked for a refund of $54.50 on account of amount paid for 6 months license, his hotel having been closed for a period and the license not used.

Ald. Leighton reported that Loggie Bros. were not going to use the street end for a boat house as the bank was washing away rapidly.

Ald. Robertson for the reception committee reported that the band had been engaged to meet Pte Perrott, and that an illuminated address would be presented to him at some suitable occasion, and requested any expenses of the committee be paid by council, which was agreed to.

Steps will be taken to protect the new culvert, as the earth is very wet and soft and teams are likely to get fast when going over it.

The sidewalk on Wallace street was accepted by the committee and the contraction will be paid.

Ald. Leighton asked that the time for receiving tenders for filling in Duncan's pit be extended for three days to allow for possible tenderers who had not seen the notices.

The early closing bylaw was ordered to be registered as some infractions are being made.

The audience were treated to a dessertation re the cost of gravelling by teams and autos between Alds. McKenzie, Leighton and Johnston. Ald. McKenzie stated that the gravelling done on the Union by road had already cost an average of $1.70 per yard and the end was not yet. Ald, Leighton said that it was much cheaper to haul the long distance by auto. The reason for the apparently high cost was that the city had to build a chute, otherwise the cost was about 70c per yard.

Ald. Robertson wanted to know when Union street was to be gravelled. Ald. Leighton said no one would tender for the hauling of the gravel. Ald. McKenzie wanted to know why; and intimated that it was the chairman's fault, which was warmly resented by Ald. Leighton. Finally it was decided to call for fresh tenders from specifications to be supplied by the board of works.

Ald. McKenzie brought up the matter of the length of time the street lights were burning, from long before dark until two o'clock in the morning. This was too long and costing too much. The lights should be lighted about 5 o'clock or when it became dark, and turned off at 10 o'clock. Any one who was out after that was not on business, just pleasure Ald. Robertson said 10 o'clock was too early 11 would be quite enough. The matter will be looked into and an endeavor made to have the switch put where the constable can attend to it.

When the Ferris' bill for $20 for making plan for P. L. Anderton et al, came up the mayor stated that he had taken legal advice on all those bills and the city could not legally pay them.

This brought forth a sircastic remark from Ald. McKenzie, who wanted to move that finance committee interview Mr. Anderton in the matter The mayor ruled him out of order, and requested him to sit down, which the Alderman refused to do and the mayor requested the constable to evict him which he did.

Ald. Johnston wanted to know when the council were in order.

The clerk was instructed to acknowledge Bodwell & Lawson's letter, and also to notify the E. & railway that if the taxes were remitted by the 15th the 5 p. c. discount would apply.

Ald. Robertson stated that the residents of Anderton avenue wanted the council to grant them $15 towards ditching and draining their property and introduced Messrs. Peterson and McIntyre who stated that their property and Anderton avenue was flooded six inches by the recent rains, and that if the city would grant them that much towards culverts etc., they would do the work. This was agreed to by the council and the west enders wore smiles the balance of the evening.

Mr C. H. Beasley wanted to know why the Lake Trail ditch and culvert had not been attended to. Ald. Leighton said the best best offer he had to do the work was $120, which the city could not afford.

Mr. Endall thereupon offered to lower the culvert 18 inches and dig the dig the ditch down Warren avenue for $30, the property owners along the street to deepen the ditches accordingly. This was also accepted by the council and the Lake Trail residents will be satisfied for a while.

Ald. Leighton brought up the matter of moving the city hall from the present place to Fechner's block on the corner of Union and Isabel streets. Several of the Aldermen favored the move if the present lease which has two months yet to run was cancelled. Others thought the difference in the rent would be too great. The clerk said the proposed premises were 6 feet larger each way than the present chamber, which was too small to allow for a safe.

Ald. Robertson explained that he was eager to have the present chamber secured because it was on the ground floor, whereas one of the others was upstairs.

The price for weighing on the city scales was put at 10c for residents and 15c for outsiders.

Ald. Robertson was instructed to bring in a bylaw regulating the use of the scales.

Mr. Peterson drew the council's attention that a horse running at large the other day had cast a stone through his window. Who was going to pay for it?

A white mare and colt are also wandering about the streets in all weathers. The constable was instructed to communicate with the owner to have the animals properly housed.

The council will memoratize Mr. Clements to use his influence to have the aviation school located here as there is plenty of large open space for flying purposes.

There will be a masquerade ball at Denman Island Athletic hall on Friday evening Dec. 17th. The Harmony orchestra of Courtenay will furnish the music.

Letter to the Editor

Mr Editor:

At the request of a large number of the voters I have consented to be a candidate at the forthcoming election for the position of Mayor of the City of Courtenay. In due time I will publish The Platform which in my opinion if faithfully adhered to would be best for the interests of the people of Courtenay.

Yours truly,

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Lake Trail, Courtenay, B. C.

P. S.—That which I published in the Courtenay Review Novem- 21st accusing Mr. D. Kilpatrick the Mayor of Courtenay of making a shameless exhibition of his untruthfulness and dishonesty, I herewith reaffirm that my report was quite true concerning the conduct of the Mayor.—J. J.

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The Mystery of the Ravenspurs

By Fred M. White

Ward, Lock & Co. Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

CHAPTER XLIII.

Nearer

To Geoffrey the position was a strange one. There was something unreal about the whole thing. Nor was it pleasant to remember that by this time the family had missed him, and were doubtless bewailing him for dead.

"I am afraid there is no help for it," said Tchigorsky. "I could not see my way to certain conclusions and ends without inconvenience."

"*Something more* than inconvenience," Geoffrey murmured.

"Anxiety, troubles, what you like," Tchigorsky replied coolly. "It is necessary. I want to have the castle cleared for a time, and I could think of no better and less suspicious way of doing it. The anxiety and suspense will not last long and by daylight your people shall see you again. And the one who is most likely to suffer has been already relieved."

So Geoffrey was fain to wait in the cave listening to Tchigorsky's piquant conversation, and waiting for the time to come for action.

"There will be plenty to do presently," *the Russian said. "Meanwhile I* am going to leave you to yourself for a space. The woman who regards me as her servant may need me. And, remember, you are not to leave the cave in any circumstances, else all my delicately laid plans will be blown to the winds.

So Geoffrey was fain to wait in the It seemed hours before anything happened. It was safe in the cave. Nobody was likely to come there, and if they did there was not the slightest chance of discovery, for the cave went far under the cliff and was dark as the throat of a wolf.

By and by there came the sound of voices on the beach, and Rupert Ravenspur, followed by the two fishermen, appeared. Then they found the boat, and directly afterwards the two fishermen rushed away, leaving Ravenspur behind.

It was only the strongest self-control that prevented Geoffrey from making his presence known to the figure gazing so sadly at the boat But he remembered Tchigorsky's warning.

After all, he reflected, it would only be for a little time. And the head of the family knew nothing of the great conspiracies working themselves out around him. His open honorable nature would have shrunk from the subtle diplomacy and cunning that appealed so powerfully to Tchigorsky.

Rupert Ravenspur would not have tolerated the position for a moment. He would have insisted upon going to Mrs. May and having the matter out at once, or he would have called in the police. And that course would be *fatal.*

So Geoffrey was constrained to stay and watch. Presently he saw the fishermen return, followed by the family. There was a gathering about the foundered boat, and then Geoffrey turned his eyes away, ashamed to witness the emotion caused by what they regarded as his untimely death.

He had seen them all and beheld their grief. He could see Marion bent down with a handkerchief to her streaming eyes and the head of the family comforting her. He saw Vera apart from the rest, gazing out to sea.

Beyond, a fleet of boats were coming round the point. They were small fishing smacks in *search of the drowned* Ravenspur.

Geoffrey pinched himself to make sure he was awake. It is not often that a live man sits watching people search for his dead body.

But there was comfort in the knowledge that Vera was aware of everything. Geoffrey could see that she had been told. That was why she kept apart from the rest. She walked along the sands past the mouth of the cave, her head bent down.

Flesh and blood could stand it no longer; in the mouth of the cave Geoffrey stood and called Vera softly by name.

The girl started and half turned.

"Don't be alarmed," Geoffrey whispered. "I am in the cave. It is safe here. Watch your opportunity and come in, for I must have a few words with you. Only do it naturally and don't let anybody suspect."

Vera had turned her back to the *cave, and appeared to be sadly gazing* over the sea. Gradually she slipped back, watching the others, who apparently had forgotten her, until she was lost in the gloom of the cavern.

A moment later and Geoffrey had her in his arms. It was good to feel her heart beating against his, to feel her kisses warm on his lips.

"Did Tchigorsky tell you?" he asked.

"No, Uncle Ralph. Oh, I am so glad to see you again, Geoffrey. I knew you were not lost, that you would be safe after what uncle said, and yet all the time there was a strange void in my heart."

"By my darling, I am safe."

Vera laid her head restfully on his shoulder.

"I know, I know!" she said. "But I have had a foretaste of what might have been. When Wass and Watkins came and told me that your overturned boat had been found, I began to realize what it might be to live without you. Dear Geoff, will it be long before all this anxiety is disposed of?"

Geoffrey kissed her trembling lips.

"Not long, so Tchigorsky says, and I have implicit faith in him. The present *situation is all part of the plot* for our salvation. And the others?"

"Are heartbroken. My poor grandfather looks ten years older. You know how entirely he has been wrapped up in us. I feel sure that if he could have saved us by sacrificing the rest, himself included, he would have done so."

"I know," Geoffrey said hoarsely. "I know, dear. And Marion?"

"Marion is sorely disturbed. I hardly know what to make of Marion. For the first time she postively appears to be frightened. And Marion is not the girl who cries. I was alarmed about her a little time ago," replied Vera.

"Ah, well, it won't be very long," Geoffrey said consolingly. "To-morrow morning Tchigorsky has promised that I shall be safe and sound in the bosom of the family again. What are they going to do now?"

"They are going to search until they find you. All the boats from *the village are out, even the servants* are assisting. You can understand how I should feel if I did not know everything. I could not stay in the house; I could do no more than wander along the shore feeling that I was helping. It would be impossible to remain in the house and that is what they all feel. There is a full moon tonight, and they will be here till they are exhausted."

Geoffrey nodded. He was wondering how he was going to account for his absence and for the manner in which he was finally to turn up safe and sound again. He would have to concoct some story of being picked up by a passing boat and landed some way down the coast.

"They guess I am a victim to the vendetta?" he asked.

"Of course. They say the mast and oars were partly sawn away. It will be the talk of the country in a few hours. Geoffrey, I must go. Don't you *see that they have missed me?*"

Vera had been missed. Already Marion was calling her. There was just the chance that she might be yet another victim. Vera slipped out of the cave, walking backwards as if she were looking for something.

"You won't betray yourself?" said Geoffrey.

"I'll try not to, dear. I understand how necessary it is that the truth should be concealed. And yet it is hard not to be able to ease their minds."

Vera was clear of the cave by this time, and her voice ceased. A few yards farther on and Marion came up to her. She was looking pale and ghastly; there were rings under her eyes; her nerves had had a terrible shock.

"I couldn't imagine where you had got to," she said. "I looked round, and you had been spirited away."

"By the cruel foe, Marion? One by one we go. It may be your turn next."

"Would to Heaven that it was!" Marion whispered vehemently. "A little time ago I fancied that I was strong enough to clear up against anything. Now I know what a feeble creature I am. Before this happened I would a thousand times have been the victim myself. And I—I—"

She paused and beat the air impotently. Vera wondered. Could this really be the strong self-reliant Marion who had uplifted them in so many troubles, this the girl who always had a smile on her face and words of comfort on her lips? This was a weak *frightened creature,* with eyes that were haunted.

"Be brave," said Vera, "and be yourself. What should we do without you? Why, you are so full of remorse you might have been responsible for Geoffrey's death yourself."

Marion looked up swiftly and then her eyes fell.

"It is because I love him," she said.

"I love him, too. But I try to be brave."

Marion was silent under the reproof. Vera was calm and collected. What a reaction there would be later, Marion thought.

"You have not given up all hope?" she asked.

"No, I cannot. It would be too cruel. I cannot imagine that anything really serious has happened to Geoffrey. I cannot feel anything for the present, save for you. And my heart is full for you, Marion."

"Ay," Marion said drearily. "It need be."

Vera turned and walked swiftly across the sands. She wanted to be alone now that no danger threatened.

Then presently the moon rose and shone upon the people gathered on the fringe of the sea To the impatient Geoffrey came Ralph Ravenspur with a cloak and slouched hat over his arm

(To be Continued)

Artificial Foods

German Chemists Are Now Finding Outlets For Their Energies

Something instructive regarding the state of affairs in Germany always may be learned by a study of the advertisements in a widely circulated newspaper like the Berliner Tageblatt.

Taking them as they come: Here a *wholesale dealer in Frankfort-on-Main* wants large consignments of wooden boot soles. He will pay cash for immediate delivery. The presumption is that leather soles are growing scarce.

The number of substitutes (ersatz) that are offered for sale is surprising. Artificial jam and marmalade are frequently advertised. A chemical factory in Dresden offers to supply fifteen tons of the stuff every week and seeks travellers to push it. But one is not told what the artificial jam is.

A substitute for whipped cream is advertised by another chemical factory in Berlin. The sale of the real cream is forbidden, and this enter*prising chemist states that his goods'* have been tried in one of the largest and best cafes in Berlin "with brilliant success." He affirms there is neither cream, milk or butter in his preparation, no chemicals, only pure, natural products. The manufacture of it is "surprisingly simple and much cheaper than cream." He is doing a roaring business, he says, in cafes, hotels and restaurants and bakeries.

When the war began beans roasted in a certain way with coffee were largely used as a substitute for coffee. Making a virtue of necessity, the German dealers told how neurotic persons might drink a decoction of *bean coffee without ill effects.* Now they have a substitute for bean coffee —beans being no longer procurable— called "Krieg-kornfranck," highly recommended as "going far" and being very cheap. "It is incumbent on us all to be economical," says the advertiser.

"Gonda" cheese, made of skimmed milk, is a substitute for real cheese. One dealer advertised fifty tons of it. It is "excellent for working people and the poorer classes generally, as it has quite a cheesy taste." A substitute for oil for polishing floors is not oil at all, but gives a high polish. The same dealer advertises substitutes for glycerine and other household oils.

One of the most pathetic of all advertisements is the cheap substitute for beer. And yet this is what "Kulmet" professes to be. There is no alcohol in it. It has a pleasant reminiscent taste of malt and is the color of the best Munich beer. When poured out it produces a beautiful white froth and "has already been sold in quantities to military canteens, hospitals and jails, also to military prisoners' camps, where it is highly esteemed."

String and cord in large quantities, made of paper, are extensively advertised. There is no more hemp or jute. And it is said of this paper cord that it is strong enough for tying up packages and for the ordinary purposes of the shopkeeper. The manufacturers also make packing canvas from paper, "which is easily handled and very cheap."

"Milk food" is advertised very largely. *Whatever it may be, it is said to* have been invented for the use of prisoners of war, and that an entire hundredweight may be had for $20, while a pound is enough to satisfy four to six men. Another class of the community for which "milk food" is recommended is "the half million Russian harvestmen who have been detained in Eastern Germany since the outbreak of war."

The Fair Race

Two books are now "best sellers" in Berlin, and are intended to buoy up German racial esteem. The Germans need some Dutch courage just now. These books are "Race and Culture," by Frederick Herz, and "Race and Race Questions in Germany," by Otto Hauser. Hauser's book preaches that the fair men are fated to dominate the other races of mankind, and that the Germans are the only people in the world who are pure blondes now. The British blondness, says the Herr, is a thing of the past for the strain has been muddied. He appraises the British with the other inferior races, whose destiny it is to be driven like sheep in future by the fair supermen.—Vancouver Sun.

They were about the roughest, rawest lot of recruits the sergeant ever had to tackle. He worked hard at them for three hours, and at last thought they were getting into some sort of shape, so he decided to test them.

"Right turn!" he barked.

Then, before they had ceased to move, came another order:

"Left turn!"

One yokel slowly left the ranks and made off toward the barrack room.

"Here, you!" yelled the sergeant, angrily, "where are you off to?"

"Ah've had enough," replied the recruit in disgusted tone. "Tha doesna knaw tha own mind for two minutes runnin'!"

Children's Pets Exhibition

Publicity Campaign to be Inaugurated at the Panama-Pacific Exhibtion

R. C. Gano, editor, Judicious Advertising, Chicago, in expressing his keen interest in the Children's Pets Exhibition at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, December 2 and 3, declares that a knowledge of animals is not so widely diffused as that of plants and firmly believes in a publicity campaign which would place the rights of the mute creatures of the earth squarely before the public so *that none may avoid, at least, giving* them attention.

Mr. Gano, who was a reporter on the New Orleans Picayune at the time of the great Mississippi flood, sent to Torras, where the levee broke, to find items of "human interest," gave up his newspaper job to try to rescue the small dumb brutes he found marooned on barn roofs and in houses, tells of the loyalty and gratitude of the starving animals rescued from death.

"Those days and nights in flat boats and deserted barns with the dirty water all around, and no man near, except the few colored ones who gave their services without compensation to save the perishing, helpless creatures, made us particularly appreciate the cats and dogs we had for companions.

"I have never seen a more striking example of animal loyalty, and affection than when I would pull into Morganza with a load of cats and dogs, which were merely skin and bones. Those dogs previously rescued would rush down to the landing and fairly mob me, yelping with joy, licking my face and smearing me with mud from head to foot, which more than repaid me for all my trouble."

While not so demonstrative as canines, in their affectation, nor always showing their gratitude by remaining in the place which has offered them shelter, common backyard cats are being ably defended by Miss Marjorie Stolz, Secretary of the State Humane association of California, who is offering two special trophies for the common short haired cat at the Children's Exhibition, which gives evidence of the best care bestowed upon it by its owner.

"Long haired cats are more likely to be combed, brushed and better cared for in every way," says Miss Stolz, "while the common short haired class is apt to be neglected unless the children are encouraged to give them proper care and attention."

Miss Stolz, who treasures two happy, unpedigreed animals she rescued from being alley outcasts is indignant that Pussy should be so indiscriminately branded as a carrier of disease and a dangerous pet for children simply because she may be temporarily homeless and has no ancestors to boast of. She insist that children shoud be taught how to be kind and considerate to wandering Tabbies cruelly shut out from the highest feline society, without danger to themselves, and should be encouraged to turn tramp cats back into highly desirable citizens of Catdom. This, she thinks will be largely accomplished through the Children's Pets Exhibition at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, December 2 and 3.

Full information and entry blanks for the Children's Pets Exhibition (for which there are no expenses), may be obtained by writing to D. O. Lively, *chief, Department of Live Stock,* P.P.I.E., San Francisco, California.

Dyes From Forest and Field

The war has cut us off in America from our supply of aniline dyes. The problem confronts us of making our own dyes. We have no coal tar in*dustry for that purpose in this coun*try. How shall we get along? Will this not force a welcome return to vegetable dyes, not so brilliant as the anilines, but having the subdued tones of genuine Oriental rugs? People have almost forgotten what our forests and fields contain of coloring matter, says a Delineator editorial.

There is the yellow oak, in which the coloring matter lies in a thin layer under the bark.

Butternut gives beautiful shades of brown and yellow, more beautiful than the color obtained from black walnut. Mesquit and osage give these colors in the Southern and *Southwestern States.*

Alder dye gives a red color. It is still used by Indians and is said to be the oldest recorded dye in the world. Dogwood gives a beautiful red. Bluewood, a fine black.

Here is opportunity, and need for women to experiment in the making of dyestuffs for domestic uses, thus reviving a nearly forgotten home industry.

At the Indiana State Fair the motor of an automobile was started every five minutes by a wireless spark from headquarters in Indianapolis, five miles away. The car on exhibition was fitted with a receiving apparatus and the necessary automatic switches and relays for throwing on and off the electric current of the starter and magneto.

The Pessimist—Would anything ever tempt you to commit suicide?

The Optimist—Never! I'd die first.

French Women and Strikers

Women of France Said to be More Patriotic Than the Men

The French women, especially the peasantry, are more violently patriotic than the men, and these peasants are playing their part nobly in this great war, for when the fields are ploughed the potatoes must be dug and the carrots and beets stored for the animals. These women are never idle, and they have nearly all the work to do, for they are alone except for the men of sixty and upwards, *too old for active service,* who give them what help they can.

They bear their troubles stolcally and trudge along the river to the fields where they are now ploughing in the place of their husbands at the front, lifting their feet wearily in their wooden shoes. They rise at three and work until seven at night, taking six hours' sleep in the twenty-four, resting an hour at the midday and evening meal!

During the recent colliery troubles in Wales some of the women asked if it were true that large numbers of men had stopped work in England. "Is it possible?" they said, and they looked puzzled. "Such a thing could not occur with us. What are the women of England made of? We should put an end to it in four-and-twenty hours.

"How? Why, every woman and girl would spit in the face of the man who would lay down his tools in this *terrible moment. Not one of us* would bake a loaf or cook a potato for him who would leave our soldiers in the lurch!"

AN IMPORTANT LETTER FROM NIAGARA FALLS.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—"I was miserable, tired out and dragging around. My legs could scarcely support me. My husband had read about 'Favorite Prescription' and he got me to use it. I used four bottles and the results were surprising. I got stronger, was less nervous, my appetite improved and I felt like a new person. It is the best medicine for women I have ever heard of." —Mrs. A. C. Brown, 39 Clifton Ave., Niagara Falls, Ont.

There is nothing that will bring comfort and renew hope to the invalid so surely as good news. When the vital forces are at a low ebb and everything seems useless, a ray of joy and assurance will stimulate the weary body to new effort and energy. A letter from a loved one has turned the tide in many a siege of sickness.

Doctor Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., has good news for every suffering woman. Write him to-day and tell him your troubles, and he will send you just the right advice to restore you to health and bring back the roses to your cheeks, and without charge. His "Favorite Prescription" has been the rescue of thousands of suffering women. Many grateful patients have taken Dr. Pierce's advice.

Mothers, if your daughters are weak, lack ambition, are troubled with headaches, lassitude and are pale and sickly, Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is just what they need to surely bring the bloom of health to their cheeks and make them strong and healthy.

It is not a secret remedy because its ingredients are printed on wrapper. Sold in either tablet or liquid form.

Reflection of Light

Why can still water reflect things from a distance?

The distance from which the light comes has nothing whatever to do with *what happens* to it. Still water, like many other surfaces, is a very exact reflector of light. It throws the light waves back from itself without mixing them up or distorting them. So long as it does this, we can see the image of whatever threw the light. It matters not in the least how far the light has travelled before it reached the water. You can see the sun or the moon reflected in it equally well, though they are scores of millions of miles away.

The Memory Cult

The new system of memory training was being taught in a village school near Bristol, and the teacher was becoming enthusiastic.

"Well, for instance," said the teacher, "supposing you want to remember the name of a poet, Bobby Burns. Fix in your mind's eye a picture of a policeman in flames. See—Bobby Burns."

"Yes, I see," said the bright pupil. "But how is one to know that it does not represent Robert Browning?"—London Opinion.

"I hear you've been hunting up in Maine. Did you see any moose?"

"Yes, I saw several vamoose after I fired."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

A MINISTER'S INTERESTING DISCOVERY

Rev. A. D. MacLeod, of Harcourt, N.B., in a letter written recently, referred to the remarkable popularity which Zam-Buk enjoys in the homes of the people.

"Really," he writes, "I know of nothing like it! Having charge of an extensive mission over which I travel constantly, I meet with many sick and afflicted people, and I have been amazed at the good Zam-Buk is doing daily. I have learned as an absolute fact that for bad ulcers, old wounds, eczema and skin diseases of all kinds, the healing powers of Zam-Buk are simply marvellous! For the painful ailment, piles, also, it is excellent. If a box of Zam-Buk could be put into every home it would save many a doctor's bill."

Here is disinterested evidence, based on the best and widest experience, of the value of Zam-Buk. In the homes of the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific, Zam-Buk is the most popular balm. Why? Because in so many cases it has proved a cure when all else has failed. Zam-Buk is a sure cure for eczema, ulcers, abscesses, varicose veins, scalp sores, piles, cold sores, cuts, burns, bruises, the eruptions and sores of babies and children, and all skin diseases and injuries. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box or post-paid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful, cheap imitations, sometimes offered. Send this article to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, and 1c. stamp and receive free box by return.

Good For Everybody

The Welfare and Prosperity of the Farmer is of Vital Interest to the Country at Large

Agriculture has been greatly benefitted by the banker-farmer movement, not alone in Illinois, where it originated, but throughout the entire country. In developing into a movement of national scope and importance it has and is directing a great amount of serious consideration toward the farm which otherwise would not now exist. The welfare and prosperity of the farmer is of vital interest to the banker, and vice versa. The basis upon which this great movement is built is one of absolute interdependence, which to be thoroughly appreciated must be generally and justly recognized as fundamentally essential to the best interests of all the people. There is no reason for petty differences and selfish jealousies which have in the past served to discourage and prevent unanimity of effort in making better homes and communities. The official mouthpiece of the banker-farmers of America is the Banker-Farmer, published by the agricultural commission of the American Bankers' association, which is ably directed by Editor B. F. Harris. This unique and valuable publication announces the following platform, which is broad enough and sound enough for everybody to stand upon without compunction or crowding:

"Education—Better rural schools. Better schools everywhere for the most children in school the shortest time. Vocation courses—facing the farm in the country—trades and industries in cities—cultural as well as practical.

"Farm Demonstration—A competent agent in every county in the nation.

"Good Roads—For better civilization—markets and prices—commerce—land values—school attendance—pleasure of living.

"Country Towns—To revive their commercial life and population—to foster community and social spirit.

"Farm Financing—Credit, for the farmer with character, energy, and knowledge of agriculture, to enable him to buy a farm on long time.

"Marketing and Distribution—Co-operation between producer and consumer—elimination of disproportionate rewards to middlemen.

"Soil Surveys—Honest classification of every state of its lands as to productive character.

"The Truth in Fertilizers—Better information on soil needs—the cheapest and most effective methods of applying it."—Farmers' Review.

"The speed limit in this here town is six miles an hour, and we enforces it," said the town constable, flashing his nickel badge upon Dubbleigh.

"Oh, very well," said Dubbleigh wearily. "If that's the case I'll have to turn my car around and back through your darned old burg."

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

What They Do

DAVISVILLE, ONT.

"I had trouble with my Kidneys and Bladder so I got a sample of Gin Pills and followed directions. I felt better after the first dose and I kept taking them for a month.

One day, Mr. Simpson, of this town, told me about the trouble he had with his kidneys, and I recommended him to try GIN PILLS, and gave him one to take. The next day, he bought some for himself, and both he and his wife have derived great benefit from them." HERBERT H. BAUER.

Gin Pills are 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 at all druggists. Sample sent free if requested. 17

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Toronto.

The World's Crop

Grain Crops the World Over Show an Increase Over Last Year

Advice received at the department of agriculture from the International Institute of Agriculture gives the following report:

Argentina areas sown, 1915-16 crop. Wheat, 16,329,000 acres, an increase of 5.5 per cent. over last year; oats, 2,632,000, decrease of 8 per cent.; flax, 4,060,000 acres, decrease of 4.6 per cent.

Hungary productions, 1915: Wheat, 151,407,000 bushels, an increase of 41 per cent. over last year, and a decrease of 11 per cent compared with the average of 5 years, 1909-13; rye, 45,000,000 bushels, increase of 7 per cent. over last year; barley, 55,510,000 bushels, decrease of 15 per cent.; oats, 75,406,000 bushels, decrease of 7 per cent.; corn, 185,670000 bushels, increase of 8 per cent.

The total production of wheat in Denmark, Spain, France, Great Britain and Ireland, Italy, Luxemberg, Netherlands, Roumania, Russian in Europe (51 governments), Switzerland, Canada, United States, India, Japan, Russia in Asia, Egypt, Tunis, Norway, Bulgaria and Hungary is 3,657,125,000 bushels, an increase of 21.6 per cent. over last year's production in the same countries. Barley, same countries as for wheat, less India, 1,234,548,000 bushels, an increase of 17 per cent. Oats, same countries as for barley, less Japan and Egypt, 3,635,905,000 bushels, an increase of 22.8 per cent. Rye, same countries as for oats, less Great Britain and Tunis, 1,183,358,000 bushels an increase of 14.7 per cent. Corn, in Hungary, Italy, Roumania, Russia, Switzerland, Canada, United States and Japan, 3,533,768,000 bushels, an increase of 12 per cent.

LOOKING OLD TOO SOON

The Condition of Too Many Women and Too Many Girls

Too many women and too many girls look old long before they should. Their faces become pale and drawn; wrinkles appear and their eyes lack brightness. Can this be wondered at when they so frequently have headaches, backaches and a general feeling of wretchedness and weakness? In most cases it is the blood that is to blame. From one cause or another the blood has become thin and watery and it is a fact that anaemia (bloodlessness) more than any other cause, gives women this prematurely aged appearance. It is important that the blood supply of girls and women be regularly replenished—important not only on the score of looks, but to restore robust health, which is of greater value. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood and restore the system shattered by overwork or worry. These pills give a glow of health to pale faces and make tired, weary women and girls feel bright and happy. With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at hand there is no need for any woman or any girl to look ill or feel ill. Mrs. J. McDonald, jr., Hay, Ont., says: "I honestly believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life. Some years ago I had anaemia, and as I did not realize the seriousness of the trouble I soon became a complete wreck. I got so weak I could hardly walk. I neither ate nor slept well, and could not go upstairs without stopping to rest. At times I had an almost unbearable pain in my back and would have to remain in bed. I suffered almost constantly from a dull headache, and when sweeping if I would stoop to pick up anything I would get so dizzy that I would have to catch hold of something to keep from falling. At times my heart would beat so fast that I would have a smothering sensation. My eyes were sunken and my hands and limbs would be swollen in the mornings. I tried several kinds of medicine without benefit and my friends thought I would not recover. Then I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before long could see and feel that they were helping me. I gladly continued the use of the pills until I was completely cured and I cannot say enough in their praise, and I strongly recommend them to all run-down girls and women."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicines or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

When Cows Test Highest

A cow very often tests her highest a few days after calving, unless it be just before she goes dry. The high test is often brought about through high feeding during her resting period. After a short time she resumes, what may be termed, her normal test and will not show a great deal of difference from month to month in the fat content of her milk until well toward the close of her lactation, when the test increases and often becomes very high just before she quits giving milk.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Patriotic Fund Cost

A statement issued from the head office of the Canadian Patriotic Fund association shows that the cost of administering the fund is only 2¼ per cent. exclusive of the small total of $6,482 charged to "campaign expenses." Total amount expended for relief up to August 31 last was $2,717,960, and the cost of administration of all branches was $64,257. Bank interest received on funds deposited amounted to $53,156, or nearly enough to cover all expenses of administration.

Tobacco Habit Easily Conquered

A New Yorker of wide experience has written a book telling how the tobacco or snuff habit may be easily and completely banished in three days with delightful benefit. The author, Edward J. Woods, 280C Station E., New York City, U.S.A., will mail his book free on request.

The health improves wonderfully after the nicotine poison is out of the system. Calmness, tranquil sleep, clear eyes, normal appetite, good digestion, manly vigor, strong memory and a general gain in efficiency are among the many benefits reported. Get rid of that nervous feeling; no more need of pipe, cigar, cigarette, snuff or chewing tobacco to pacify morbid desire.

Changing the Time Table

New Departure on Front Page of C.P.R. Folder

The tendency now, is on the great railway systems, to make the time tables as simple and as clear as possible, so that the public will see at a glance just what is desired in the way of information. The C.P.R., for instance, in addition to the changes noted in this column, have adopted a new departure on the front page of the time table—a departure which is the outcome of one of the many suggestions received by the company in response to the invitation issued some time ago from headquarters to the employees for fruitful suggestions as to improvements and betterments along the system. This is in the form of a notice in large black type, pointing out when the general change in the time table takes place, so that the public will know to a minute just now the schedule stands.

For instance, the notice reads: "General change in time table takes effect 12.01; 24.01; midnight on October 31st."

This notice, meeting the eye on the present folders now in use, warns the public not to put faith in the latter beyond the date mentioned. This notice will appear on the front page of the folder which precedes that which is to take its place, and will prevent any confusion by announcing how long the present folder is valid and when it ceases to be operative. Thus, those who do much travelling will know precisely when the time table changes, and when such changes will be general. The idea should prove helpful.

In all infantile complaints that are the result of the depredations of worms in the stomach and intestines Miller's Worm Powders will be found an effective remedy. They attack the cause of these troubles, and by expelling the worms from the organs insure an orderly working of the system, without which the child cannot maintain its strength or thrive. These powders mean health and improvement.

A Kier Hardie Story

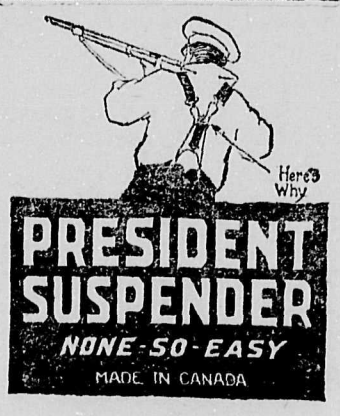
It is an old story, but it will bear retelling. Mr. Kier Hardie adhered for the most part, to the small cap—a cross between the cap known as Scotch and the kind of tight-fitting cap a workman wears when he is starting for work in the bleak early morning. It was this cap which led, on one occasion, to a little incident. Mr. Kier Hardie, on the opening day of the session, went down to the library of the house of commons to consult some books. "Are you working here, mate?" queried a friendly policeman at the Palace Yard Gate. "Yes," "On the roof?"—which was undergoing repairs at the time. "No—on the floor."

A druggist can obtain an imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Toronto house at a very low price, and have it labelled his own product.

This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S and you will get it.

Canadians spend about $100,000,000 a year in alcoholic drinks. While this, of course, is their privilege, it is interesting to note that if this colossal amount of money was spent each year in useful articles and commodities, it would give employment to about forty thousand men—nearly eight times as many as are engaged in the manufacture of liquors.—Ottawa Citizen.



Agricultural Schools

Many Farmers' Sons Will Take Agricultural Courses This Year

Agricultural schools in Canada are now beginning on the winter's work, and many of the young men of the country are pondering the question as to whether or not he should enroll himself as a student. He is faced with the query—enlistment or school—which? While this question is being considered to a great extent throughout the empire, its consideration, is possibly, not so keenly felt in Canada as in England.

"Dismissing the question of enlistment, and supposing it to be a choice between going to the agricultural school and staying at home—what then?" asks the Nor'-West Farmer. "Will it pay the young man to go? Individual circumstances, of course, must govern in such case; but in general, broad terms, we say, 'yes.'"

The reason for declaring "yes," is set forth by the Nor'-West Farmer in the following interesting manner:

"Why? Why spend so many dollars and so much time learning about doing things when, if he stayed at home, the young fellow could be using his time and this money in actually doing the things he would otherwise be merely learning about? That is the question that many a young farmer—and old farmer, too—asks whenever an agricultural college course is proposed.

"Our answer is this: In any business in life the requisite of primal importance is, first, to make the man. We see this well illustrated today in soldiering. No matter how stern the need, raw recruits are never pressed directly into the service. They must be drilled for months—drilled not simply until they have a head knowedge of every order and how to obey it, but until obedience to the various orders has become as "second nature" to them—until, even if asleep, the mind would instinctively give the answer to a command.

"The college course furnishes a different kind of training; but it gives a very important drilling; and it, too, is intended, first, to 'make the man.'

"Just in this connection we incline to the belief that the mere importing of agricultural knowledge is not, perverse, the very greatest function of an agricultural school—or of any school, for that matter. In saying this, we wish not to be misunderstood, nor to discount the value of a perfect grounding in agriculture itself. But it is the bent of mind rather than the burden of mind—the habit of seeing and thinking for oneself rather than the acquiring of dry, tabulated facts—that counts most in the long run. What is wrought into the character is of more importance than what is drilled into the memory.

"Without pursuing the argument too far, we say that in this age it is the trained man that succeeds; and farming today is much more a work of skill and science than ever before.

"First of all, in what it makes of the young man in ambition, self reliance and purpose; then, in what it gives him in technical knowledge and familiarity with the world of agricultural affairs, the college course is to be commended."

Endurance of Race is Marvellous

"The presence of a vestige of the Armenian race, after what it has endured through centuries of oppression is one of the miracles of history," declared Dr. James P. McNaughton, a missionary from Turkey, in an address in Detroit at the National Laymen's Missionary convention. Dr. McNaughton, a Canadian, was imprisoned by Turkish officials shortly after the Ottoman empire became involved in the present war, but later was released.

He spoke before the conference on "Turkey in War Times."

"All Ottoman subjects at the outbreak of the war were called upon to contribute 25 per cent. of all movable possessions, with the exception of household furniture," he said. "From the farmers 25 per cent. of their crops was demanded. Calling to the colors of all men of military age left thousands destitute. Today what is left of this mighty kingdom is fighting for its life."

The constructive missionary work in Asia Minor, home of the Armenians, has almost been wiped out, said Mr. McNaughton.

A Medical Need Supplied.—When a medicine is found that not only acts upon the stomach, but is so composed that certain ingredients of it pass unaltered through the stomach to find action in the bowels, then there is available a purgative and a cleanser of great effectiveness. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are of this character and are the best of all pills. During the years that they have been in use they have established themselves as no other pill has done.

Travelling through Ireland on horseback, a tourist came upon an old man who was fencing in a most barren and desolate piece of land.

"What are you fencing in that lot for, Pat?" said he. "A herd of cows would starve to death on that land."

"And, sure, your honor, wasn't I fincing it to keep the poor bastes out av it?"

"When John got home from his education," said Farmer Corntossel, "he started in instructin' me about agriculture. So I didn't lose no time to try him out."

"What did you do?"

"Sent him out to round up a swarm of bees."

"Was the experiment successful?"

"Some. It didn't hurt the bees none, an' kep' John from gettin' in the way fur 'most two weeks."

Save Money in Buying

Farmers Could Profit by Buying Supplies in Larger Quantities

Economy in buying may be exercised in various ways. It is true that many of the things we buy could be grown right on our own farms, but in buying those things which cannot be grown at home, as groceries for instance, much could be saved if we just stopped to think for an instant.

"Fifteen cents apiece or two for a quarter," is what we often hear when we price certain articles. Apply the hint conveyed in the above and buy in larger quantities.

A grocer just for the sake of curosity, quietly kept a memorandum of the articles bought at his store by a customer for his household during a period of ten weeks. The total was 374 separate items, which included ten purchases of sugar costing in all $6.75. If this customer had bought a hundred pound sack at $6.40, he would have saved 1½c per pound.

During the ten weeks, thirty cans of fish and meat were bought. Half these were cans of salmon at eighteen cents per can. By buying in box or case lots, three cents a can would have been saved. Crackers were bought thirteen times in amounts of eight to twenty-five cents. By the box, 2½ cents per pound would have been saved. Cheese was bought at fourteen different times, and lard fifteen times. A saving of three cents a pound would have been made by buying a small cheese; and three cents would have been saved on each pound of lard by buying a 60-pound tub. For $3.50 he would have bought lard that cost him $4.37 in small parcels.

The grocery bill for ten weeks was $83.41, on which this grocer stated that a saving of $8 would have been made by buying in larger quantities. Eight dollars would look good to the most of us. If we can save that sum every ten weeks by buying in bulk, those things which we require it is equally as good as having the money handed to us.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

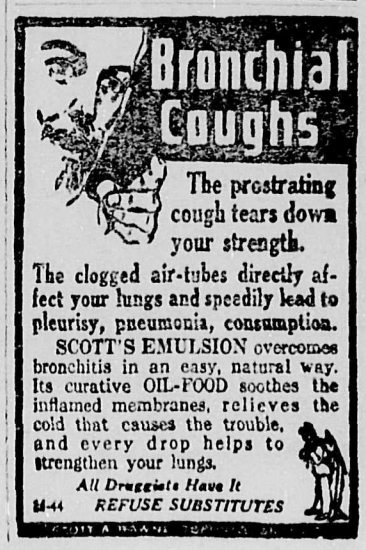
Buying Army Commissions

Four-and-forty years ago the old-established custom of army purchase was abolished in the British army.

It had been instituted by James II.; his successor tried to stop the traffic, but the law courts declared it to be legal, and enforced the payment of £600 by a lieutenant to his predecessor. Later on a fixed sum of £400 for an ensignecy and £3,500 for a colonelcy was demanded.

But in 1871 the system fell with a crash, a royal warrant declaring—"On and after the 1st day of November in this present year all regulations made by us or any of our royal predecessors, or any officers acting under our authority, regulating or fixing the prices at which any commissions in our forces may be purchased, sold, or exchanged, or in any way authorizing the purchase or sale or exchange for money of any such commissions, shall be cancelled or determined."

Forty Parisian women of social distinction constitute, "The Woman's Automobile Club for the Transport of Wounded." The club includes Countess de Merschoff and other well known women of Paris. All furnish their own automobiles. They wear uniforms of dark blue having a military cut. They are under military regulations and report for duty at 6 a.m.



The Ford Garage has installed an

Autogenous Welding Outfit

by the Oxo-Acetylene System

Something that has been badly needed in this district for a long time, as there are thousands of dollars worth of castings of every description in cast iron, brass, aluminum, malable, soft steel, etc., thrown away every year, that could be made as strong and even stronger than when new for less than half what a new one costs. Anything from a stove lifter to a crankshaft, bring it along we can fix it

THE FORD GARAGE

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Night or Day Calls Promptly Attended

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Letter To The Editor

Editor Review

Dear Sir, —I. with many others, very much appreciated the skit entitled "Comic Opera" which lately appeared in your valuable paper. the article was certainly very clever and humorous, and I would like to see more from the same pen. I notice that Colin Campbell has denied the authorship. Needless worry, Colin.

Yours truly,
SINBAD.

Mr. Editor, and fellow citizens, including H. D. Forde,—In looking over the report of the City Council meeting as published in the Review of Nov. 4th, I note that the Editor as well as Mr. H. D. Forde misunderstood my words on the question of the city paying for the juice consumed in "Orchard Street lights." The meaning that I intended my words to convey was that the question of whether the City would pay for the juice could be discussed later on. Take note that at that discussion I voted against street lights, and on every occasion I voted against the installation of street lights because the Company are operating in our City in defiance of the majority of the property owners who signed for incorporation for the purpose of controlling our own Electric Lights and other utilities. And now, Mr. H. D. Forde, I wish you to understand that the above mentioned, meaning of my words on the question of "Orchard Street Lights" was what I intended to express.

Furthermore, Mr. Forde, the fact that you are a householder within the City limits does not justify you for indulging in presumptuous criticism concerning the various expenditures and repairs that should be done to suit your ideas on certain streets. There are other streets as well as the "Orchard" which the City Council would like to repair if the City could only collect the $3,000 of unpaid taxes to pay for the street repairs needed In the meantime we must go slow until we can collet onr dues,

Moreover, Mr. Forde, your name is not on the Assessment Roll as a property owner in our City, and yet you have in a bold manner proffered to instruct the Aldermen in various details what you think should be done.

There are certain property owners in the vicinity of the Orchard who told me that you came to their house and without giving any satisfactory explanation you pressed them in an insolent manner to sign a paper asking for "Orchard Lights." One man told me that if you used any more insolence he would apply the toe of his boot to you. Another man was disappointed when he learned that the women folk had allowed you to put their name on some kind of paper that would secure street lights free of charge, and with various arguments to suit who you were talking to at the time you got many names who did not realize what they were doing. You don't own any ground within our city, and yet you have the impertinence to swagger that you belong to the "Dewey Did It" class.

In conclusion the kindest thing I can say to you is that apparently you are incapable of realizing what propriety means.

Yours truly,
JOHN JOHNSTON,
Lake Trail

Courtenay, December 7, 1915.

NOTICE

Sale of Land near Headquarters, B. C.

TENDERS will be received up to January 1, 1916, for the sale of that portion of land situated near Headquarters, containing by measurement Two and Fifty-five Hundreths (2.55) Acres more or less, also cabin, described as follows:—Fract. South-east Quarter of Section 5, Township 6, Comox District, B. C.

Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Those tendering to deposit 10 per cent. of price offered as a deposit, same will be refunded if offer is not accepted.

P. S. The above is known as the Richard S. Holms Estate.

WESLEY WILLARD,
Official Admistrator

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SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS a reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for "more than a third of a century," a long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published.

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Recruiting for 102nd

Lt.-Col. J. W. Warden, officer commanding the 102nd Battalion, the Northern British Columbia Regiment, passed through the city Monday evening on his way to Kamloops, Fernie and other points in the interior to organize company recruiting. The billeting system will not be used in recruiting for this battalion.

With the exception of the appointment of a few senior officers, Col. Warden has practically completed the organization of his staff. The four companies of the unit will be recruiting at Prince Rupert, Comox, Kamloops and Fernie. Battlion instruction will take place at Comox. Mobilization, it is expected, will be effected in January. Col Warden is not advertising for recruits in Vancouver, but anyone wishing to join here may do so. Local headquarters are Room 1, 525 Pender street west.—Vancouver World.

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