YOUR PRINTING
Can not be done any Letter, and not quite so well anywhere else hereabouts. Our type and machinery is complete and The Review prices are right

THE REVIEW

Classified Ads.
Make your little Wants known through a Classified Advertisement in The Review - - - Phone 59

VOL. 4 COURTENAY, B. C., THURSDAY MARCH 16 1916 NO. 17

AUCTION SALE
Upper Road, Sandwick
Furniture and Outdoor Effects for J. B. Bailey, Esq.
Sale to take place about the End of March
Full particulars later
HARDY & BISCOE
Real Estate Agents COURTENAY

COMOX LUMP
COAL
$6.00 Per Ton
Delivered in Courtenay
All Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention
D. KILPATRICK
Phone 43 Courtenay

BUILDING BUSINESS WITH LIGHT
Making the Most of It

YOU, as an up-to-date merchant, know that it pays to give a great deal of attention to your store—its fittings and arrangement. Your store represents a big investment and only by keeping it thoroughly modern and not neglecting any one feature can you expect to make your investment profitable. The large merchants whose stores attract hundreds and thousands of customers have built their success mainly by taking advantage of everything which would lend individually to their stores and bring them to the attention of the public.

Perhaps the most important feature, and the one which until recently so many merchants neglected, is the lighting. There is no reason why the lighting in your store should not be considered strictly as an investment on which a certain amount of business should be returned. The way to make this investment profitable is simple when you stop to consider. First, you must use the most efficient lighting unit available, and, second, your light must be different and must make your store individual. By carefully selecting efficient lighting units you minimize the cost, which is necessary from an investment standpoint. Individualizing your light enables you to obtain the full advertising value of it which is secured only by making it different. The commonplace never attracts—in lighting or in anything else.

Courtenay Electric Light, Heat & Power Co., Limited
Phones: Office 35, Res. R98 Office: Mill Street

Local Lines

At a joint meeting of the two Conservative associations held last Thursday evening it was decided to amalgamate the two societies under the name of the courtenay and comox Valley conservative Association, and to hold the annual meeting on Wednesday evening, at which the following officers were elected :

Hon Presidents, Hon. R. L. Borden and Hon. W. Bowser.
Hon. Vice-Presidents, H. S. Clements and M. Manson.
President Dr. Millard,
Vice-President. W. Duncan
Secretary, C. Beasley
Treasurer, R. U. Hurford
Executive committee—Messrs. Hicks Beach, Allan, Idiens, Calhoun, Kilpatrick, W. Aitken, Vigors, Jackson, Fechner, Leighton.

Wanted to buy 2 good milch cows Jersey preferred. Apply Review office,

Housekeeping rooms to let. Apply Brown's furniture store, Courtenay,

Wanted--Good quiet cow for family use, must be cheap for cash. Apply box 162, Courtenay.

For sale—1 fresh cow, with calf at foot, very quiet and heavy milker Apply Geo. Davis, Union Bay.

For sale at sacrifice price—1000 gallon tank. Fairbanks engine and pump, almost new. Apply Box B, Review office.

For Sale cheap—A lot of agreement and assignment forms, leases, bills of sale, chattel mortagage, release of mortgage. Apply Review Office,

To rent—Nob Hill, Comox, 4 acre chicken ranch, 2 acres cleared, 4 room house, good well, 1-2 acre strawberries and other small fruits. Apply, P. O., Comox.

If you want to make a splendid showing this year in vegetables and flowers, plant SUTTONS seeds. They are the best. For free catalogue apply F. R. F. Biscoe, Hardy & Biscoe's office, Courtenay.

For Sale— One 6 h. p. Fairkanks Morse Gas Engine, one 3 k. w. Dynamo switch board, etc., also pump and belting, Capacity 12 gallons per minute. Apply at Riverside hotel.

For Rent—15 acres, 7 cleared ; good 4-roomed house and all other necessary buildings ; school on the place ; about 2 miles from Cumberland, in Happy Valley. Apply Edward Parkin, box 325, Cumberland.

Ten acre ranch, six acres cleared Fine six room house, barn, stable, chicken houses nd large yards, wire fenced, 3 miles from Courtenay price fifteen hundred dollars. Improvements cost over $1200. Apply by letter Box 11 Review office Courtenay.

For Sale—A hot water incubator 300 egg capacity, with thermometers, lamp, trays, etc., complete, cost $30 will sacrifice for $8, cash. Also 1 out door brooder, Cyphers storm king No. 1 A, with hover and lamp, etc., asbestos lined, 50 chick capacity, only $10 cash ; also a 6 h.p. gasoline engine with hoist, mounted on skids, will pull stumps logs, etc., engine can be disconnected from hoist to run any machinery a most useful machine on the farm, price $225 cash. Also 1 cement brick machine, capacity 500 bricks per diem, four different styles of moulds and corner moulds, complete, price $14. Apply J. deL. Lawrence. Kye Bay, Comox.

Rhode Island Red Eggs
per Setting of 15
75 cents
Bruce Towler, box 132, Courtenay

Comox Creamery Butter
45c per lb. this week

There will be a Scotch concert in the opera house on Friday April 6.

Born— At Courtenay on Sunday, March 11, to Mrs. H. T. Shillington, a daughter.

Mr. R. C. Berteaux, Conservative organizer for North Comox, has enlisted in the 102nd Regt. as a private.

Mrs. Hicks Beach had the misfortune to fall on the ice one evening last week and severely sprained her ankle. She is recovering as fast as can be expected.

Rev. Mr. Craig, formerly missionary in the Comox valley, now of South Vancouver, preached an interesting sermon in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening.

8.11 inches of rain fell in Vancouver last week between Monday night and Thursday morning. Many streets and basements were flooded and sewers and culverts blocked up. Much damage was done.

Mr. J. A. Halliday has been attending the meeting of the B. C. Farmers Institutes in Victoria and spoke in good earnest from a practical point of view of the difficulties attending the promotion of co-operation among the farming interests.

All rural dwellers should get a copy of the "Agricultural Journal" published by the department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., containing valuable notes of interest to the farmer, poultryman, orchardist and gardener. It may be had by paying the postage, which amounts to 25c a year.

Presbyterian Church

St. Andrews' Sandwick
Service 2 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p. m.
Courtenay
Sunday School and Bible Class 10:30 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. All welcome

Anglican Services

Sunday, March 19, 2nd Sunday in Lent.
S. John's church, Courtenay, 8.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.
S. Andrew's church, Sandwick, 11.00 a-m.
Preacher Rev. John Antle, M.A. Supt. of the Columbia Coast Mission.

Ernest Swan returned on Tuesday of last week from New Brunswick where he spent the winter.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held on Friday March 14th, at 3 p.m. in the K. of P hall. The Ven. Archdeacon Colliton will give the address.

The ladies of the Comox Women's Institute wish those having books to return them immediately. Mrs. Taylor will be at the hall every Tuesday afternoon from 3 to 4. A new library cannot be obtained until this one is returned.

A box social and concert under the auspices of the Courtenay Ladies Aid will be held in the opera house on Wednesday evening Mar. 22nd. An excellent programme is being arranged. Ice cream and candies for sale. Admission 25c, Reserved seats 50c, children 10c.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS VISITING COURTENAY
Telephone 29 for Transfer of Baggage
Harry Hodkinson
Judson St.

Seed Potatoes!
Elephants, Up-To-Dates
Burbanks, Early Rose,
THE VERY BEST SEED POTATOES IN THE DISTRICT
Box 256 SHEPHERD'S Phone 40

McPhee & Morrison
We have just finished Stocktaking and will now place on view our new lines of Spring Goods which have been arriving since the first of the month
Some of them are:
Garden and Field Seeds,
Wall Papers, House Lining,
Dry Goods and Decorations
Come in and make your choice early
Our stock in Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Etc., is complete

Concentrated Economy

The beef of a whole bullock is required to make a dozen bottles of Bovril. You can safely reduce butchers' bills if you use Bovril in soups and stews. But—it must be Bovril, in the Bovril bottle. No substitute will do. The strength and nourishment of Bovril cannot be compressed into cheap cubes.

A.H.B.

Good Looking Harness

Stays good looking—and old harness looks like new when you give it regular applications of

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Prevents cracking. Puts life into the harness.

Makes it strong, pliable, last longer. One application will convince you.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

RAW FURS

Ship Direct to New York, the International Fur Market, and Secure the Highest Cash Prices.

Why ship to the middleman, who must eventually sell your furs in New York and make his profit out of you? We pay the highest market prices. Our methods of grading are unusually liberal. We never charge commissions, giving you full value for your furs.

Write for our price list and special offer.

DAVID BLUSTEIN & BRO.

Fastest Growing Raw Fur House in New York

193 W. 27th St. New York, N. Y.

PERFECTION RAZOR PASTE

Will Sharpen your **Razor** Better and Quicker than can be done in any other way. **Lasts a Lifetime.** Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded post free **25 cents** Pony Razor Strops **75 cents**, O. K. Strops **$1.50—Best Made.—Canada Hone Co.,** Wawanesa, Manitoba, Canada.

Milk Used For Hun Bombs

The Daily Mail has recently published a rebuttal of the German claim that their babies are without milk, citing a recent German census of milk cows, which shows, it says, that if the output were used for babies instead of conversion into nitroglycerine, there would be no lack now. It also quotes the Koelnische Zeitung and the Volks Zeitung to the effect that milch cows are being slaughtered as a provision against the meat shortage as further proof that the outcry about a shortage of milk for babies is a fraud.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Gold Deposits Increase

A very substantial increase in both the number and value of deposits at the Vancouver assay office is shown in the figures for 1915 as compared with the totals for 1914. The increase in the number of deposits was 789, while the increase in value was $707,051. These figures deal entirely with deposits of gold bullion. In value British Columbia contributed in 1914, $1,105,489.01, and in 1915, $1,311,989.80. Yukon Territory, $91,944.44 in 1914, and $1,148,496.63 in 1915. Alberta sent $513.55 in 1914 and $1,925.94 in 1915.

WHAT MOTHERS NEED

Too many women struggle under pains and aches. They are not sick—but weak, nervous, irritable.

Such women need that blood-strength that comes by taking **SCOTT'S EMULSION.** It also strengthens the nerves, aids the appetite and checks the decline.

If wife or mother tire easily or look run down, SCOTT'S EMULSION will build her up.

SHUN SUBSTITUTES.

14-43

Cholera In Volcanoes

Strange Superstitions Associated With This Dreaded Disease

Cholera has usually found a useful ally in superstition. In the olden days the disease was believed to lie bottled up in volcanoes and to be released by eruptions. The most effectual way to avoid it was to sleep in bed with your head due south. In Russia during the terrible epidemic six years ago, the peasants would not trust the doctors whom they actually accused of causing the disease, but drank a fearful mixture of tar, resin and petroleum as preventives, and fired guns from the doors and windows to scare the cholera away.

Rooks were the birds whose conduct in connection with cholera was observed in Ireland in 1832. According to the contemporary 'Dublin Morning Register,' immediately the cholera came all the birds vanished from the rookery in the Marquess of Sligo's demesne, one of the largest in Ireland. "For three weeks, during which the disease raged violently, these noisy tenants of the trees completely deserted their lofty habitations. In the meantime the revenue police found immense numbers of them lying dead upon the shore near Erris, about ten miles distant."

Joint and Muscle Pains Banished by Nerviline

IT CURES RHEUMATISM

Thousands of people, chuck full of the joy of living—happy, glad, bright people, that Nerviline has cured of their pains, all tell the same wonderful story of its powers to drive out the aches and tortures of rheumatism and kindred ills.

"My goodness, but Nerviline is a miracle worker," writes Mrs. Charlotte Chipman, mother of a well-known family residing at Mount Pleasant. "Last month I was so crippled up with sciatica and muscular rheumatism as to be almost unable to do a bit of housework. My joints were so stiff and the muscles so frightfully sore that I even cried at times with the pain. For years we have used Nerviline in our family and I just got busy with this wonderful good old liniment. Lots of rubbing with Nerviline soon relieved my misery and I was in a real short time about my work as usual."

No matter where the ache is, no matter how distressing the pain you can rub it away with Nerviline. For forty years it has been curing lumbago, sciatica, backache, colds, chest trouble and all sorts of winter ills. Keep a large 50c family size bottle handy and you'll be saved lots of trouble and have smaller doctor bills. Small trial size 25c at dealers everywhere.

"What became of that theological student you used to chum with?"

"Gone to the bad."

"You don't tell me—"

"Yes; he's doing mission work in a tough neighborhood in New York."

There is nothing repulsive in Miller's Worm Powders, and they are as pleasant to take as sugar, so that few children will refuse them. In some cases they cause vomiting through their action in an unsound stomach, but this is only a manifestation of their cleansing power, no indication that they are hurtful. They can be thoroughly depended upon to clear all worms from the system.

Much Game in the North

The number of moose being killed this season in the country north, northwest and northeast of Edmonton exceeds the records of all previous years. Fifty-one carcasses have been shipped to Edmonton from a single siding in the north country.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Parrot Sentinels on Eiffel Tower

Birds have been enlisted to the secret service of the air.

They have become useful in Europe as sentries to warn men of the approach of the enemy before the hostile force is perceptible to the human eye. The French have found that parrots are acutely sensitive to the presence of aircraft, and therefore they have stationed a number of these birds on the top of the Eiffel Tower, in Paris, in order to warn the sentries of the approach of German Taubes. Before the craft is visible to the human eye the birds bristle with excitement and then begin to screech. Their acuteness is due not to their eyesight, as one might suppose, but to an unusual acuteness of hearing, which enables them thus to give a valuable warning.

Russo-Japanese Alliance

Czar Sends Decorations For the Emperor and Empress

The Russian press emphasized the political importance of the visit to Japan of Grank Duke George Michaelovitch, who is the bearer of decorations for the Emperor and Empress of Japan from Emperor Nicholas. The grand duke, it is said, is improving the opportunity to express Russia's friendship for Japan.

The Novo Vremya says the Russian government feels the deepest gratitude to Japan for the valuable assistance during the present war. This was shared fully by the Russian people, and will not be without effect, the newspaper say, on the future relations between the two nations.

The Bourse Gazette says that new grounds for a Russo-Japanese rapproachment have been opened by the attitude of Japan and that the idea of an alliance has gained fresh support. The Golos Russky asserts that the Russian people desire the ties to develop into an actual alliance.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

Horse Won a War Medal

A Russian artillery horse won a bronze medal at Plevna. Orders were given for some ammunition wagons to be hurried to a spot that meant crossing the enemy's zone of fire. All the time shells were crashing among the horses, bringing them down in heaps and frightening such as escaped.

Times without number did the Russian drivers, sparing neither whip nor spur, attempt to urge the horses forward, but they stood cowed and shivering with fright. Some were blindfolded; but the effect was the same, and only one horse showed any willingness to go.

Thereupon the driver jumped down, and, cutting the traces of the other horses, drove the willing one at full gallop through the fire.

The wagon passed through without exploding, and after the war the horse was decorated in the manner described and the driver promoted.

TAKE NOTICE

We publish simple, straight testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well-known people.

From all over America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Remedies.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LTD.

Germans Have Lots of Shells

Though the Germans are now generally given three shells by us for every one they fire, they occasionally attain their old standard of prodigality. A day or two ago, says a correspondent, they replied to a bombardment of their lines near Pilkem by pouring 3,000 shells on to our positions there between 10.30 a.m. and 1 p.m., but fortunately they did us comparatively little damage.

Canadian Thoroughbreds in Demand

The highest price ever paid in Canada for an Angus bull of his age was realized by Glencarnock Ensign, raised at Brandon, Manitoba, who has just been sold to a prominent stockman of North Dakota for fifteen hundred dollars. He is the second high-priced animal from Brandon district sold to United States expert stockman recently.

NO "FRILLS"

Just a Statement About Food

Sometimes a good, healthy commercial traveler suffers from poorly selected food and is lucky if he learns that Grape-Nuts food will put him right.

A traveling man writes "About a year ago my stomach got in a bad way. I had a headache most of the time and suffered misery. For several months I ran down until I lost about 70 pounds in weight and finally had to give up a good position and go home. Any food that I might use seemed to nauseate me.

"My wife, hardly knowing what to do, one day brought home a package of Grape-Nuts food and coaxed me to try it. I told her it was no use but finally to humor her I tried a little and they just struck my taste. It was teh first food that I had eaten in nearly a year that did not cause any suffering.

"Well, to make a long story short, I began to improve and stuck to Grape-Nuts. I went up from 135 pounds in December to 194 pounds the following October.

"My brain is clear, blood all right and appetite too much for any man's pocketbook. In fact, I am thoroughly made over and owe it all to Grape-Nuts. I talk so much about what Grape-Nuts will do that some of the men on the road have nicknamed me 'Grape-Nuts,' but I stand today a healthy, rosy cheeked man—a pretty good example of what the right kind of food will do.

"You can publish this if you want to. It is a true statement without any frills."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND — TRADE MARK

Horse Sale Distemper

You know that what you sell or buy through the sales has about one chance in fifty to escape **SALE STABLE DISTEMPER.** "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." By the bottle, or dozen bottles, at all druggists, horse goods houses or delivered by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO.,

Chemists and Bacteriologists. Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Privileges

A charitable lady was reading the Old Testament to an aged woman who lived at the home for old people, and chanced upon the passage concerning Solomon's household.

"Had Solomon really seven hundred wives?" inquired the old woman, after reflection.

"Oh, yes, Mary! It is so stated in the Bible."

"Lor', mum," was the comment "what privileges them early Christians had!"

THE AGONIES OF NEURALGIA

A Nerve Trouble, Always Due to Weak, Watery Blood

Only those who have been attacked with neuralgia can form the faintest idea of what its victims suffer. A tingling of the tender skin, a sharp sudden stab from some angry nerve; then piercing paroxysms of pain that is neuralgia. The cause of the trouble is disordered nerves, due to weak, watery blood. The cure is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which make new, rich, red blood, and thus sooth and strengthen the disordered nerves and cure neuralgia. Mr. Louis Martin, Mildmay, Ont., says: "I am writing to let you know the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to me. Two years ago I was a physical wreck. My nerves were all unstrung and I suffered tortures from neuralgia, in the head and throughout the nervous system generally. I was almost unfit for work, and only managed to get along with the greatest difficulty. I doctored for about five months and in this time took over forty dollars' worth of medicine without any benefit. More, I was actually growing worse, and finally had to take to my bed. My nerves got so bad that I could not turn over in bed without help and the pain was something awful. As I am a farmer you can easily see that necessary work was being neglected, so I sent for a brother who was in Alberta, to come and take charge of the work. When my brother arrived he at once urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, telling me of some cures that had come under his observation. I got half a dozen boxes, and before they were all gone there was no doubt they were helping me. Altogether I used nine boxes of the Pills and by that time I was a well man, and it is impossible to say how thankful I was for my release from pain."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Knew What He Wanted

During the recent fighting along the banks of the Aisne a man was badly wounded. The ambulance corps tenderly placed him on a stretcher.

"Take him to the hospital," said the man in charge.

Slowly the wounded man opened his eyes and whispered faintly.

"What's the matter with the canteen?"

Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

Working Day and Night

Flour mills at Calgary are working night and day on war orders for flour. The Calgary mills are now completing orders for 20,000 barrels of flour for France, and there are still large British orders to fill. The mills have orders which will keep them working on the war contracts for months to come.

So you think a college education is a good thing for a boy?"

"Yes. I think it's a pretty good thing. Fits him for something in life. If he can't catch on with a baseball team he can often land a job as a professor."

A Thorough Pill.—To clear the stomach and bowels of impurities and irritants is necessary when their action is irregular. The Pills that will do this work thoroughly are Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are mild in action but mighty in results. They purge painlessly and effectively, and work a permanent cure. They can be used without fear by the most delicately constituted, as there are no painful effects preceding their gentle operation.

The Fine Canadian Breed

The Canadians have a right to be proud of themselves. They have shown readiness to enlist, zeal in training, fine vigor and courage in fighting. Voltaire's "few acres of snows" are a nation full of fire. There are nearly 120,000 Canadian soldiers in Europe. There have been 212,000 enlistments. The first 250,000 is almost complete. There are 50,000 already on the firing line. The government calls for 250,000 more, and will get them. A hardy, rosy, "fit" set of fellows those Canadian youngsters. The old breed in the new environment has improved.—New York Times.

Don't Worry

about your digestive troubles, sick headache, tired feeling or constipation. The depression that induces worry is probably due to a disordered liver, anyway. Correct stomach ailments at once by promptly taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They aid digestion, regulate the bile, gently stimulate the liver, purify the blood and clear the bowels of all waste matter. Safe, sure, speedy. Acting both as a gentle laxative and a tonic, Beecham's Pills help to

Right The Wrong

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength, No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

ACENTS

Wanted in every town and village, to take orders for the best Made-to-Measure Clothing in Canada. Good commissions. Magnificent Samples.

CROWN TAILORING CO., Canada's Best Tailors, Toronto.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1. No2. No3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER NO. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR **FREE** BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. Co. (DEPT) STOCKWELL RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE

THERAPION SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

Logging Camps Are Busy

Unusual activity is prevailing in the British Columbia logging camps for this season of the year on account of unabated demand for British Columbia lumber. Camps which usually close down temporarily in December are working to full capacity.

LAME BACK

Spells Kidney Trouble

There's no use putting on liniments and plasters to cure that ache in your hips or back—the trouble is inside. Your kidneys are out of order. GIN PILLS go right to the cause of the backache and heal and regulate the kidney and bladder action. Then you get relief, permanent relief!

Many a man and woman who has been doubled up with shooting pains in the back having to stop work and lie down to get a little relief, has found new health and comfort in

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Two boxes completely cured Arnold McAskell, of Lower Selma, N.S. "I have never had any trouble with my back since," he says.

If you have a lame back—or any sign of Kidney trouble—get GIN PILLS to-day and start the cure working. 50c. a box, six boxes for $2.50—and every box guaranteed to give satisfaction or your money back. Trial treatment free if you write

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited

Toronto • Ont. 13

50c GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS

HOW RUSSIA WILL ASSIST IN WINNING WAR FOR THE ALLIES

MEN OF CZAR'S DOMAIN DETERMINED FIGHTERS

An American Writer Who has Spent Some Time in Russia is of the Opinion That the Russian Army is Going to be a Big Factor in Vanquishing Germany on the Land

"Russia is the country which will win the present world war for the allies."

That statement sums up the belief of Stanley Washburn, war correspondent, who has just arrived in Washington after having been with the Russian army practically since the start of the war.

Mr. Washburn made the assertion after due deliberation in answer to a question concerning his views on Russia's part in the war. He made it notwithstanding the fact that he was with the army from the time it began its retreat in front of the Austro-German forces in Galicia until it halted far in Russia.

"Russia," Mr. Washburn continued, "has passed, and passed successfully, the low tide of its fortunes in this war. On the other hand—although I do not want to be put in the position of saying that Germany is done by any means—it is my belief Germany has passed the zenith of its career in the conflict.

"Nothing convinces me of the accuracy of this belief more than the failure of the German campaign against the Russian army."

Mr. Washburn was told that the impression generally prevailed in this country that the German campaign was a victorious one.

"Quite the opposite, quite the opposite," he contended in answer. "When Germany began its operations against the Russian army the latter had plenty of men, but practically no supplies. It is true that the Germans tore through Galicia, that at one time they tore a hole forty miles wide through the very centre of the Russian army, but at no time did they accomplish the object of their campaign.

"That object was the destruction of the Russian army, which, according to the German viewpoint, would compel Russia to seek a separate peace.

"What has really happened is this: The German soldiers, according to what I gathered from the prisoners taken by the Russians, were told that Russia would seek peace if they captured Warsaw. They captured Warsaw, but they failed to capture or destroy the Russian army defending Warsaw.

"Then the Germans were told that if they went on a few miles further, the Russians undoubtedly would be destroyed and peace with Russia would be obtained. They went not a few miles, but many miles.

"But they had to fight and fight terrifically all the way. At no time did they destroy the Russian army, though they did destroy and capture several units of the army.

"Finally the Germans reached a point which is like a balance. They could go no farther. If they did, they would extend their communications beyond the danger point. And they knew that all the time they were making it simpler for the Russians to defend themselves.

"It is my firm belief that the Russian army is far more powerful on the defense than the offense.

"Although it suffered terribly in its retreat, the army inflicted tremendous damage on the Germans. Had the Russians been as well prepared as the Germans, the latter never would have advanced half as far as they did.

"But to get back to the point. The German army was told that the capture of Warsaw, then the capture of Brest, of Riga, of Ivangorod, and of any number of places meant peace. The German army got those places, but it failed to get peace.

"Consequently there has been a telling effect on the German morale. Thus far it has been only a seepage, but it has been a real seepage.

"As I regard the situation today, Germany and Russia are largely like two prize fighters, like Johnson and Willard at Havana, if you wish. Germany has all the science, all of the generalship, all of the weapons, everything that Johnson had in that fight. But like Johnson, Germany has a limit to its physical endurance.

"Russia, on the other hand, has just begun to acquire the science, weapons, and the like, but at no time has Russia been without endurance.

"Johnson in the prize fight reached the point where he knew it was useless to land another blow on Willard. The German army has reached the point where it feels that it is almost useless to advance further into Russia to deliver another blow, because it realizes that the Russian arm will only come back for more, that it can take and assemble more punishment than any other army the world has ever seen.

"It is because of this feeling on the part of the German army and because of the failure of the German plan to crush the Russian army and force Russian invasion as one of the greatest mistakes of the war.

"Although it may seem a rash prediction, I venture to make it that when the German army finally crumbles, if it does crumble, or when Germany is finally willing to make peace and peace will not be made until Germany is willing to make it almost at the allies' terms, Russia will be the power to force Germany to its knees.

"It will take at least a half million men, if not a million men, in actual losses to break through the German army, to break up the German machine. Russia will sacrifice a million, yes, five million, to accomplish victory in this war. None of the allies except Russian can make such a sacrifice. Germany and Austria combined cannot stand up before such a determination on Russia's part."

Mr. Washburn was asked why he believed that Russia would make such a sacrifice. He said he had reached his conclusions after talking with Russians from the Czar himself down to the humblest peasants.

One of these peasants had two sons in the army. Mr. Washburn asked him if he owuld like peace. He replied that every one wanted peace. Mr. Washburn asked him if he would like peace on German's terms. He said no. Mr. Washburn then asked him if he was willing to sacrifice his sons, if necessary, to get peace on Russia's terms. He replied:

"I am unwilling, yet willing."

The correspondent pointed out that when the Czar deposed Grand Duke Nicholas and took personal charge of the army he set at rest all rumors that Russia would consider a separate or would consider peace at all until the war is won.

"When the Czar went to the front," he said, "the little grand duke, his heir, went with him. The Romanon dynasty, by the Czar's act ,staked its future on the outcome of the war."

Mr. Washburn expressed the opinion that the Czar's decision to take command of the armies has had not only a good political but a good military effect.

"I say this," he continued, "without attempting in the least to detract from the grand duke. When the war started the grand duke was the one man in Russia to take charge of the Russian armies, to bring order out of chaos. This he did. He did it by exercising the greatest personal power ever displayed by any man in Russia. The grand duke is not only an able man but a fearless, decisive, and patriotic man.

He has never had but one purpose since the war started. That was to contribute his share to the Russian victory. When the Czar believed he had done his greatest work and that the time had come for the people to know that their ruler was himself willing to take charge of the army, the grand duke stepped aside willingly and in doing so urged the army to given even greater services to the Czar than it had given to him."

With respect to the Czar, Mr. Washburn is of the opinion that Americans generally misunderstood him.

"He is not a small man," said the writer, "in any sense of the word. On the other hand, he is an able, cultured gentleman with a great deal of determination.

"While it is true he may not be a great military man, he has chosen for his chief of staff a man who in my estimation is the greatest leader developed by the war. That is Gen. Alexieff. Alexieff knows the Russian army almost to the individual man in the army. He has a perfect grip on every situation.

"If he decides to retreat he will retreat in order. If he decides to advance he will be ready to advance and he will advance. When Alexieff decides the time has come to break through the German army he will be ready to break through. Nothing short of the miraculous will prevent him if he reaches that decision.

"But to return to the Czar. It took a great deal of determination to issue the vodka order. He issued it and it has been a good thing for Russia. It took a great deal of determination to dissolve it. It took equally great determination to remove the grand duke.

"The Czar of Russia has the greatest responsibility of any individual in the world. I doubt if there is any man alive who could serve in the position without doing many things wrong.

"But the present Czar is intensely patriotic and devoted to Russia. When he does a thing he does it because he believes it to be for Russia's good. And the Russian people are back of the Czar to a man in his determination to fight this war out until it is ended with victory.

Turning for a moment to his own experiences, Mr. Washburn said

"I consider myself the champion civilian evacuator in the world. I believe I have evacuated every place the Russian army evacuated. I long ago lost control of them. Sometimes I got out ahead of the army and sometimes not until after it left. But I always got out—and for that matter, so did the army.

"Russia to me today is the most interesting country in the world. It is so because of its great potentialities. France, Germany, Great Britain and the United States are well developed. Russia is not more than one-tenth developed.

"What the future has in store for Russia is beyond man's imagination. For myself I can hardly wait until I have recovered sufficient strength to return."

He—And, Judge, she's lost a lot of my money playing bridge.

She—Don't believe him, Judge. I don't know a thing about the game.

He—That's right, Judge.

The Farm Home

Greater Home Comforts and Conveniences Essential for the Success of Farm Life

When the white man first came to Wisconsin his whole effort was put forth to wrest from the soil the maintenance for life. Every member of the family helped to clear the land, to plant the grain and to gather the harvest. The house was merely a shelter from the wolf, the bear, the winter's cold. an the summer's heat. Little or no thought was given to its convenience, sanitation or comfort. As the forest lines moved farther and farther away from the little log house, the settlers realized that barns must be built to house the harvest and farm animals. Every dollar that could be earned had to be turned back into the farm to increase its yield and so the home, although the dearest thing to the heart of every man, was the last to be considered.

When great barns were raised and farm animals were comfortably housed, one by one comforts began to creep into the home. First, it was a good stove, then more convenient cooking utensils, then a white tablecloth and while dishes sent from the East, and then a room or two added and an adjoining woodshed built. With the increased bank account grew the hope of the new house, not a log house this, but a frame or brick house.

Today as we ride along the road we do not judge a man's prosperity by his broad fields or his great barns, but by the house in which he lives, and the way in which it is kept up. Unconsciously, when we see a house that is unpainted, whose roof seems to be sagging in, blinds off, door steps broken down, dooryard littered with farm tools and no vestige of lawn or flowers, we say to ourselves, "that farm is not paying." As we judge a nation by the prosperity of its homes, so we judge the farm by the prosperity of the home.

The up-to-date farmer realizes that the greatest saving he can make is the saving of his wife's strength and health, because to her is entrusted the most precious thing on the farm, the rearing of the boys and girls, and if her nerves are not in the very best condition, it is impossible for her to enter sympathetically into the lives of her family; to help decide for the children the all important questions that come to them. It is impossible for her to take a vital interest in the affairs of her husband, to be ready to assist in the work of the community and to help build up the rural schools, and yet these are the duties of every farm woman.

As machinery has taken the place of the hired man, so must machinery take the place of the hired girl who is today a scarce article in farm homes. The farmer who does most of the heavy work on his farm with the help of a gasoline engine must realize that washing and cleaning in the home can be done by the same or similar engine.

He must realize that the same law applies to the members of the family that applies to the dairy animals. The barns must be kept warm so that the cow uses all her energy to produce milk. So the home must be kept warm by a furnace so the family will be saved its strength to do the necessary work. Today the most needed thing on farms is well planned houses; houses in which every unnecessary step will be saved the wife and mother, and we are glad to say that with the great wave of prosperity that has come to Wisconsin, has persistently come the demand for conveniently planned houses from men of Wisconsin; and the Agricultural College of the University is now planning to send out plans for this new type of house that is being demanded. The proposed house plans will make provision for heating, lighting, disposal of sewage all at the very lowest cost.

The time has come in Wisconsin when we all realize that if we are going to save for Wisconsin her rural population we must put our best efforts on the building up of a home that will have all the conveniences of the city with all the glory of the country, so that when the boys and girls reach manhood and womanhood their one desire will be to remain on a portion of the old farm and rear a home patterned after the one in which they spent the happy years of their youth.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Kaiser Sends Sword

Congratulates Ottoman Emperor on His Troops' Success on Gallipoli Peninsula

The German Emperor, according to a Constantinople despatch forwarded by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, has sent a sword to the Sultan of Turkey together with a congratulatory message in recognition of the success of the Turkish campaign on the Gallipoli Peninsula. He congratulated the Sultan upon a great victory which had brought to an end the severe attacks of "impudent enemies," and sent the sword to immortalize the commemoration of a great victory, "a sword which during a war undertaken for defence and right shall be pointed at the heads of the enemy." The Emperor expressed the conviction that God's help would in the end secure victory.

The Kaiser also sent a sword to Enver Pasha.

"Can anyone here tell me about Good Friday?" he asked of the class of slum children.

"Sure!" cried the boy in the corner. "He was the guy that done encores for Robinson Crusoe."

BRITISH SUBMARINE BLOCKADE HAS STOPPED GERMAN COMMERCE

GERMANY'S COUNTER MEASURES UNSUCCESSFUL

The British Navy's Grip is Gradually Tightening, and Enemy's Trade With Scandinavia has been Completely cut off by the Activity of the British Submarines

The German navy has recently treated us to no little display of force at the southern end of the Baltic.

Reports tell of cruisers and destroyers dashing hither and thither, now attacking the British steamer Thelma in Swedish territorial waters, now steaming up through the Sound and into the Cattegut, only to come flying back helter-skelter to German waters "as if the devil were after them." It appears that in this case the "devil" was a flotilla of British destroyers, for we hear that our ships have been seen in force in this eastern arm of the North Sea, and that they have escorted two flotillas of submarines down the Cattegut as far as Elsinore, at the north end of the Sound.

This German parade of force is, on the face of it, merely another attempt to cope with our submarines, but at the back there are signs of uneasiness and even of panic.

Germany is getting very nervous of the Baltic blockade, says Mr. John F. H. Pollen, an authority and writer on naval affairs.

It has not "petered out" as she expected, but on the contrary it is growing in intensity. Germany's counter measures have been totally unsuccessful, for we have not as yet lost a single submarine; above all, the need of iron ore, cotton, and foodstuffs is being daily more felt, and perhaps the "open road to the East" is not producing the supply of raw materials that Germany anticipated!

The re-opening of the enemy's trade routes to Scandinavia is becoming more and more essential, but the waters of the Baltic are swarming with our submarines, and this re-opening is as far off as is ever was.

Could Germany close the Sound effectively to our submarines and could she then raise an impenetrable wall of mines and nets from her coasts to the limit of Sweden's territorial waters, there might yet be some hope that German merchantmen could cross the seas in safety.

Past events seem to indicate that Germany can never raise such a barrier, for, in naval warfare, apart from the unenviable credit of initiating a campaign of murder on the high seas, she has shown no such ingenuity in her plans as can lead us to suppose that her naval officers can in any way compete with ours in dash, in spirit, or in that wonderful faculty of adaptation to circumstances that has been the outstanding feature of our conduct in this sea war.

The British navy's grip is tightening, and the swarm of submarines is going to show Germany what a submarine blockade is, and the lesson will not be too pleasant.

In the Mediterranean the list of casualties among merchantmen is quite small, and no transports have recently been attacked, though an enormous number of these ships have been plying to and fro in the Middle Sea.

It would seem that the navy has got this submarine menace well in hand, and though we must expect a new outburst of activity on the part of the U Boats, and must prepare ourselves for some losses among our numerous transports, it seems certain that we shall not suffer any serious hindrance to our operations in the Balkans.

But there is another aspect of Germany's piracy campaign which must certainly be taken into account.

I refer to the possibility of attacks being made on our hospital ships. The German Wireless Press has for some days past contained lying statements to the effect that we are using hospital ships to carry munitions of war. The secretary of the admiralty has just issued a further absolute denial of these falsehoods. The first appearance of the hospital ship lies was quickly followed by the announcement that the Anglia with 400 wounded on board had been sunk by a mine!

It was further suggested that the mines had drifted in from our own fields in the North Sea, but this is proved false by the fact that a heavy southwesterly gale had raged for several days before the disaster. The most probable explanation is that a German mine-laying submarine, taking advantage of this gale, released a number of floating mines at the entrance to the Channel, trusting to their sinking something as they were carried up the Channel.

But the navy is on the spot and can no doubt afford adequate protection to our wounded as they return from the seat of war.

How Canada Aids the Allies

Over Eight Million Shells Have Already Gone Forward to Britain

The statement of business that has been transacted in Canada in behalf of the British government since the outbreak of the war shows that there have been orders given to Canada for 22,800,000 shells, and that over 8,000,000 shells out of that number have already gone forward to Britain.

The cost of all the component parts required in the manufacturing of the total order for shells, including the machinery and assembling, is estimated at $282,000,000. In addition there have been orders from the war office for cartridge cases, primers, forgings, etc., amounting to $20,000,000, making a total slightly exceeding $300,000,000. The actual shipments of ammunition that have gone forward to Great Britain from the factories of Canada have amounted to 2,000,000 "fixed" and 6,000,000 "unfixed" shells. This total output of 8,000,000 shells out of 22,800,000 contracted for represents an actual expenditure up to the end of last year of $65,000,000.

The latest available figures also show that there are some 422 plants engaged in filling contracts at present under the direction of the imperial munitions board. The different kind of shells that are being manufactured for the British government in this country are as follows: Fifteen pounder shrapnel empty, 18-pounder shrapnel fixed, 18-pounder high explosive empty, 18-pounder high explosive fixed, 4.5 howitzer empty, 4.5 howitzer fixed (except loading), 60-pounder high explosive empty, 6-inch high explosive empty, 8-inch explosive empty, 9.2-inch high explosive empty.

"Not Sufficiently Pulped"

However ardently other Germans may desire peace von Hindenburg, in an interview with Paul Goldmann, confessed that Germany's enemies at present desired no peace, adding, "They are not yet sufficiently pulped.

"We must continue, therefore, to press them, since they will not admit any of our successes."

He regards the German tactical situation as excellent—"particularly in the east the German army has reached the most favorable strategical line conceivable."

He believes the Russian reserves which are now called out can only complete the existing cadres, but not create new armies. He further said it would fill them with "especial joy if the war were not to terminate until the three chief culprits—England, Serbia, and Italy—have been punished as they deserve."

Von Hindenburg's education has not yet been completed. He will talk otherwise after a bit!

Patriotic Fund Work

Receipts and Advances in the Provinces Are Tabulated

The Canadian Patriotic Fund executive has issued a provincial analysis of the receipts and expenditures of the fund for the period ending December 31, 1915, illustrating the advantage of relegating to a national fund the responsibility of maintaining the wives and children of the soldiers.

"In certain parts of the country a little hostility was shown during the early months of the war to the national undertaking," says the statement, "the craze for local autonomy causing leading citizens of certain towns to prefer to retain control of their own funds rather than entrust them to the Canadian National Patriotic Fund. This attitude is now practically non-existant. Had it been general a glance at the following lists will show that, while more than ample provisions would have been made to soldiers' families in Eastern Canada, they would have had a hard time in certain of the western provinces. The principle at the back of the national fund is that a community shall contribute to the extent of its ability and draw to the extent of its needs. In the cases of Alberta and British Columbia, the former would not equal the latter. In both provinces enlistment has been heavy, while until recently there was a pronounced scarcity of funds. Perhaps this same condition still obtains in British Columbia. The National Patriotic Fund, however, insures the soldier's family against want, no matter what local conditions may be.

The following statement is by provinces to December 31, 1915, approximately:

	Received. $	Advanced. $
Nova Scotia..	269,782.57	217,508.92
Prince Edward Island	36,643.50	9,700.00
New Brunswick	281,510.72	194,691.61
Quebec	1,982,228.46	1,012,558.32
Ontario	2,812,027.84	1,766,215.42
Manitoba (head office only)..	56,911.27	In. Asso.)
Saskatchewan.	368,313.43	300,000.00
Alberta	370,540.73	665,048.61
B. Columbia.	411,304.08	483,004.22
Yukon	20,000	
Newfoundland		2,211.50
Head Office ..	152,590.69	

Invite Premiers to Visit Canada

An official invitation has been extended to the premiers of Australia and New Zealand, who are en route to Great Britain to confer with the imperial authorities, to make the return trip by way of Canada. It is expected they will accept.

The antipodean premiers' mission is similar to that of Sir Robert Borden in England last summer.

The Courtenay Review

And Comox Valley Advocate
A Weeky Newspaper, Pubished at Courtenay, B. C.
N. H. BODEN, Editor and Proprietor
Telephone 59
Subscription $1.50 per Year in Advance

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916

Mr. Carvell has been asking some questions in the House at Ottawa. He wanted to know; 1. Why the men of the 102nd are being mobolized at Comox.

2. What is the additional cost to the country of transporting the men to Comox.

3. How long will they be trained there.

4. What is the total precipitation at Comox.

5. How is it divided throughout the year.

No more central, dryer or warmer place could well have been found for the training of the 102nd Batt. There are large open tracts for manouvering and good roads for "hikes"

The cost of bringing the recruits to Comox from the inland places was no greater than it would have been to have taken the men from Vancouver Island to any other centre on the mainland. From now on the men will be on the spit, practically a seaside resort. In their off hours they can enjoy fishing, boating, clam digging, etc., and if they desire to enjoy other attractions, they are but three miles from the city of Courtenay, where they can get everything from beer to bananas.

The percipitation here is no greater than at any other point, and last year was 52.66 inches, as follows: January 6.64, February 5.47, March 4.07, April 1.79, May 1.91, June .27, July .79, August .89, September 1,24, October 9.43, November 7.71, December 12.45.

We do not know Mr. Carvell's reasons for asking these questions unless it was to try and put our member, Mr. Clements, in an awkward position, as he was instrumental in getting the Battalion stationed here, and it was mostly recruited from the Gomox-Atlin District, which he represents. The Government's engineers examined all other proposed places for the encampment and found this the most suitable, There will be no mud for one thing, and as soon as the fine weather sets in no fairer or healthier place can be found.

According to Mr. H. H. Stevens member for Vancouver in the Dominion Parliament, Canada spends annually on liquor one hundred and three million dollars. The breweries employed less than five thousand hands, and if Dominion-wide prohibition were attained, could be turned to far greater national use by being converted into plants for making denatured alcohol for industrial purposes.

When it is remembered that every customer for liquor pays for it in cash, while the business sections of the community are obliged to give credit, a system which adds to the cost of living, the above mentioned sum diverted into business channels would enable storekeepres to pay their way better, and give improved service to all their customers. At one time Vancouver alone spent four and a half million dollars on drink, money which would otherwise have been spent in other and more profitable ways.

Much has been said, too much in fact, about what this section and that section has done, or is doing, in the Empire's struggle on behalf of humanity. We do not propose to reopen the discussion, and we notice that the flow of recruits continues steady and grimly. Our appeal is to those who are left at home not to spare themselves in works of mercy, in self sacrifice, in work for the benefit of the community, in the elimination of waste and in increasing production; less loitering and loss of time, and a greater recognition of the fact that the Empire and Dominion alike depend upon the efficiency of the individual. In the Old Country, owing to lack of raw materials (or rather because the space taken up by imports of raw materials is needed for food) and the desire to economize labour, people are asked to return empty bottles to the stores, old newspapers to be made up again, and so on. Here the urgency does not at present exist, but the prevalence of waste is deplorable, in food and in material, and in time. We have got to get down to business right now.

We notice that, evidently anticipating the result of the plebiscite to be taken on prohibition, the liquor interests are now sounding on the chances of compensation. In face of the fact that a license is only granted for a year, and that the sale of liquor carries big profits the trade wants to be compensated for the good thing it is about to lose. Does the the government compensate country stores because they are not allowed to sell flavouring extracts and "painkiller" to Indians? No, they are subject to a penalty if they do. and if they observe the restriction, they escape the penalty, but they are not compensated for the loss of business. The liquor trade has existed long enough to set aside a sinking fund against possible closing down of saloons; just as every business man provides for depreciation and writes off the good will year by year. That the liquor trade has been unbusinesslike is no reason for milking the exchequer of the people.

It's high time the City Council got busy and appointed a health officer or some one to look after the cleaning up of the city. Now that the snow has gone the side streets are found to be covered with all kinds of refuse and filth. Backyards and lanes are in the same dirty condition. On our main streets are tin cans, broken bottles, and other unsightly rubbish and there is apparently no one to enforce its removal. Officers to look after this sort of thing should have been appointed with power to enforce regulations at the first sitting of the council. Now, if warm weather comes on suddenly we may be up against a serious epidemic, and who will be to blame for it?

The City Council have very wisely decided to build a City Hall on one of the unused street ends in the centre of the town. It will in all probability be used for many years to come, and we can see no reason why it should not have a nice front instead of the unsightly livery barn effect the plans call for. The building will be completely isolated and there is no necessity of making a nightmare of it.

According to advices from the United States capital, only fifteen out of the twentyone ships in the American Atlantic fleet are on active duty, the other six being crippled for lack of officers and men. The commander in chief is alarmed and not without reason. No wonder the Huns can handle President Wilson. Yet some people, happily very few, think that the States would protect Canada.

In spite of the criticism levied against the Premier's shipbuilding policy we notice that over in Washington and Oregon they are laying down a large number of ships. It is a matter that should be handled, not from a partisan standpoint, but from a national point of view,

Notes By The Way

Of the male population, Canada is contributing one man in eight, Australia the same, and the United Kingdom one in every five, to the fighting forces of the Empire. The Canadian figure is allowing for half a million men, but as only 225,000 men have so far been raised it follows that at present one Canadian man out of sixteen Canadian males of all ages has enlisted.

With British Columbia well on the way now to Prohibition, and Ontario on a similar track, the fair Dominion should soon be dry. The great West, for once, has given the East a lead, and the puny efforts of the anti-prohibitionists are merely plowing the sands. Liquor has had its day, and liquor has got go. As Lord Roseberry once said, "Unless you get the liquor traffic under control, the liquor traffic will control you"

Mr. Brewster's supporters at the Victoria bye-election were very miscellaneons and for the first time in their lives probably, agreed together. Following upon Premier Bowser's solemn pledge concerning the plebiscite to be taken upon prohibition, and, during the present session, of legislation to curtail the sale of liquor, the liquor interests stampeded and hurled their weight behind the Liberal candidate. The temperance people were already there in support and certain denominarions went solid likewise. Mr. Brewster will have a lively time in keeping them in harmony.

COMOX

Mrs. H. Moore has received a letter from the Red Cross Society at Victoria acknowledging with thanks two boxes of Red Cross supplies from the Comox and Lazo societies.

The boxes contained the following: From Lazo, 2 1-2 doz. suits pyjamas, 1 1-2 surgical coats, 3 pair mitts, 6 pair socks, 2 face cloths. From Comox, 2 doz. day shirts, 1 1 2 doz. surgical coats, 9 suits pyjamas, 3 doz. pair socks, Little Red Cross Workers, 16 pair bed socks, 3 1-2 doz. face cloths. The Comox work was contributed by the following ladies: Mesdames Butcher, Giddings, C. J. Moore, Cliffe, Thompson, Radford, Gage, Hudson, Wilcox, Martin, Holmes, McKenzie, Barlow, Davis, Smith, Piercy, Ardley, Carthew, Grant, H, Moore, Misses Wright, Wilson, Beattie, Fraser, Grant, Duggan and Carthew.

The ladies of Comox have also opened a fund and have taken steps to adopt a prisoner of war.

Rev. A. Buschlager will conduct services at S. Peter's church at 10.30 on Sunday next.

A private in the 102nd had a dream. He dreamt that peace was declared and the French and English officers were talking how brave and gallant the Canadians fought, and someone asked Lord Kitchener how about the 102nd, L. K. scratched his head for a while and then said, "Oh, we left them on the Goose Spit."

The Race Track Committee will hold their next dance on Friday evg., March 31st,

Campbell's

Spring Opening

Ladies Dept.

MILLINERY
Newest Eastern creations in ladies ready to wear hats Flowers, Ribbons, Wreaths

READY TO WEAR GOODS
Middies, blouses, piques and duck skirts. House dresses, misses and children's pinafores. Muslins and Cambric underwear

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Crepes, fancy muslins, piques ducks, Galateas, garbadines, prints, printed voiles, zephyr ginghams

CORSETS
New models in C-C a la Grace Corsets

Mens Dept.

HATS and CAPS
Newest American styles in men's soft and hard felt hats in all leading shades. New shapes in men's motor and golf Tweed caps

NECKWEAR
Newest novelties in men's flowing end, derby and batwing ties

SHOES
Newest spring lasts in Invictus shoes "The Best Good Shoe for Men"

SHIRTS
W. G. & R. shirts in silk mixtures, black and white stripes also the Country Club shirt with large open neck

CLOTHING
Spring samples of Campbell's Made-to-measure Clothing is now being shown in all the newest weaves and shades

Campbell's

CUMBERLAND

Good Chick Food Means Growth—Eggs—Dollars for You

Lay the right food for your chicks, and later they will lay the right food for yot:—EGGS. Eggs continue to command high prices that spell DOSSART and CENTS FOR YOU; but you must feed your chickens well

Royal Standard Mills Chick Food

Does not scour young chitks, causing moiality, but nourishes and hastens a healthy growth. Contains no dust nor waste ingredients, is not cheapened for sale purpose. Scientifically compounded, contains special high grade meat scraps, and has a PROTEIN VALUE of 75%. A BETTER CHICK FOOD IS NOT SOLD ANYWHERE

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Ladies and Gents Suits Made-To-Order

Suits $27 up **Pants $7 up**

Pressing		Cleaning and Pressed	
Suits	$ .75	Suits	$1.25 up
Coats	.50	Coats	.75
Pants	.25	Panls	.50
Skirts	.25	Skirts	.50
Vests	.15	Vests	.35
Dresses	.50	Dresses	1.74
Overcoats	.75	Overcoats	1.25

Repairing, Etc.
Gents clothes kept in order by the month $2.50

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The City Commission and the Utility

A recent address before the Ohio Electric Light Association puts in a clear light the principle of mutual obligation as between the public commission and the utilities which it is designed to regulate. At the outset commissions seem to have been intended chiefly to maintain the interests of the public against those of corporations doing a public business, and commissions therefore were looked at somewhat askance by those who had their money invested in railways, lighting companies and similar enerprizes. But in recent times the relations between the public and those who thus serve it have undergone a change for the better that is one of the strongest signs of improvement in civic affairs. These relations seemed at one time to be mutually predatory, but such a condition of affairs has practically ceased to exist. The time has now come when the managers of public utilities recognize fully their obligations as well as their opportunities and are striving to build up their respective enterprises on a permanent and sound basis, with a keen eye to the future and t e realization that good service means increased profits. Many a city council would be agreeably surprised if it could listen to the deliberations of its utility managers or to their confidential conferences with their engineers. Instead of plotting to charge all the traffic would bear, they would find these gentlemen scheming improvements which look to better service and to lower prices, and would realize that they are ready to meet the public more than half way in working for their mutual good.—Electrical World.

HAPPY VALLEY

We are sorry to lose one of our most esteemed and prominent citizens from our midst. Mr. Robert Bennet and family have left the valley to take up their residence in Ladysmith.

The valley is in a state of rejoicing, owing to the return of the last prospector from the Rockies. The prospectors evidently found the place warmer (?) than they imagined.

Miss Marian Gray, of Fanny Bay, spent the week end with her parents.

T wo of our young men have returned from "Ugly Man's Camps", Perhaps they were too good looking (?) for the inhabitants of the camp.

Mrs. Monks, jr., has left to make her home at Bevan.

Miss Christina Gray left on the Cowichan on Sunday bound for "parts unknown." If you don't come back, write.

We notice that the barns on Barn Hill which were slightly on the bias, owing to the recent heavy snows, are being straightened.

Crochet parties are much in vogue amongst the young ladies of Happy Valley.

After all the "prairie schooner ride" was the best part of it.

O Canada!

Since the outbreak of war, and up to March 1, 1916, that is nineteen months, Canada has enlisted 263,000 men, or roughly 500 men every day. This figure does not include the many thousands of British reservists who left the Dominion to rejoin their regiments in England, nor does it include those who preferred fo join units that were mobolized in the Old Country and who journeyed across the herring pond at their own expense without saying much about it. 263,000! And siill there are thousands of men available, who will steadily "join up." There's young Bill who will finish his college course this term, and the Black Brothers who have almost completed the sale of their ranch, and Silent Pete who was turned down once because of an axe wound, and there's Mister Nemo who wanted to leave his affairs in good shape for his wife's sake, and Happy Alec, married with 6 olive branches who says there's a sight too many single chaps hanging back anyway but that he can't wait any longer for them.

The Church Club

On Tuesday evening the subject chosen by the Patriotic Department for consideration by the club was "The Viewpoint of a Neutral Country in the Great European Struggle."

The country chosen was the United States and the chief speaker, Mr. Towler, who had indeed equipped himself to give a clear exposition of the expressed opinion of various sections of that country.

Perhaps the most convincing authority quoted was that contained in a pamphlet prepared by Samuel Harden, Church President of the Carnegie Institute, Pittsburg. These 32 pages are packed full of just such considerations as the ordinary thoughtful inquirer demands concerning the present war.

The title, "The American Verdict on the War." A reply to the appeal to the civilized world of 93 German professors; and the fact that this pamphlet, translated into all the principal languages of the world, is being circulated broadcast in all neutral countries, among the Allies and even in Germany, makes one feel disposed to sit up and take notice.

The synopsis of this excellent article is impossible but the conclusion or verdict can be stated.

To remain neutral is not to remain indifferent. Dante's lowest hell is the desert of those timid beings who insist on neutrality in the everlastingly fight between good and evil. This fight is one between the forces of good and evil. Notwithstanding, the attempt of thousands of German professors to justify the war, Germany, and Germany alone is responsible for both the beginning of it and for the horrors of its prosecution. A uerican eave earnestly striven to find the right and condemn it. After all available evidence is sifted the blame does not appear to lie at Englands door.

This conclusion would confirm us the truth of the report that at least 90 per cent of the American nation is in sympathy with the Allies, and this includes many of the eight million Germans who are residing in the United States, who were strong enough to resist German gold.

Red Cross Work

Will the workers kindly send in all finished goods to the office in Courtenay or to Sandwick hall before Tuesday March 28th.

All those who are knitting socks are asked to use No. 10 needles, with 52 or 56 stitches. Wool is expected from Victoria in a short time.

There are a number of bandages ready cut out waiting for willing workers. These are easily run up on the machine.

A public meeting was held last Tuesday in the Agricultural Hall for the purpose of considering the work to be done in connection with the Returned Soldiers Aid Commission, Mr. McIntyre was in the chair and introduced the subject with a few appropriate words. M,. Sutton read correspondence from the Victoria office of the commission asking for such a meeting to be called, and the chairman then called upon the Rev. E. Laycock to explain the objects of the R. S. A. C. Afterwards the meeting was thrown open for discussion, and it was decided to form a local branch, and Mr, McIntyre was elected as President and Mr. Laycock as Secretary. It was also decided that anyone who wishes to join the b anch should be asked to contribute 25 cents per quarter as membership fee. The following contributions were collected and are hereby acknowledged. Mr. and Mrs. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Sutton, Mess.s. Anderton, Fielder, Hurford, Johnston, Rev. Laycock. McIntyre, Mc. Phe., Rev, Menzies, Robertson, Towler Watchorne, Wood ($4.00). At the request of the chairman the Ven. Arch-Deacon Collinson, who was present in the hall, and the Rev. T, Menzies. Each spoke a few words of support and encouragement and support. A reception committee was appointed consisting of Rev. T. Menzies, R. U. Hurford, and L. Anderton.

British Columbia holds the record for sending more men to the Allied Army than any other division of the Empire of Great Britain. In one month 1200 men came up the Fraser River from points on the old Cariboo Trail to join the Regiment there, Wallachin, a town on the trail, sent forty-seven men to the front out of sixty-seven eligible citizens of the town. Vancouver sent 10,000 men out of its population of 110,000. Prince Rupert went over this ratio. Every settlement in British Columbia has its soldier in the ranks.

The managers of the Kourtenay Koon Klub desire to thank the following ladies and gentlemen who contributed cake, and candy, bread and butter etc. for the entertainment: Mesdames McPhee Hicks-Beach, Idiens, Lindon, Iliens, Cokeley, C. Wood, Morrison, Willoughby, Anderton, Crawford, A. Kerton, F. Kerton, Ledgerwood, Bookey, Walker, McNeil, Stenhouse, Beasley' Dundas Fechner, Booth, Beadnell, Vigors, Kilpatrick, Mitchell, Millard. McBryde, Smith, Leighton, Carroll, Machin, Emde Hannay. McKenzie, Allen, Creech, Callin, Sutton. Misses Bridges, L. McQuillan, J. McQuillan, Dunham, Beaton Thompson, Gibson, Davie. Messrs. Cooke, pressed tongue, W. Aitken, bread Shepherd, coffee, Marrochi, bread, Ald. Aston 50 cents. J. Johnston $1. Loggie candy, 25 cents, Huisheda' candy, 50c, McIntyre 50 cents, Courtenay Feed Store 50 cents. We also wish to thank those who sent refreshments whose names are not on the list.

The receipts were ;

Concert	109 75
Dance	34 50
Refreshments	33 15
Donations	2 00
Total	$179 40

Expenditure :

Music	$18 00
Rent of hall	15 00
Cleaning hall	7 00
Review, printing	12 00
McPhee & Morrison	9 05
Milk, sugar, etc	4 15
Tailoring	6 40
W, G. Robertson	2 05
W. F. Evans	1 90
Wigs and tambos.	6 50
Turner Beaton	13 50
Sundries	2 75
	98 30
Sent to Prisoners of war fund	81 10
	$179 40

$2 worth of sugar and nuts was purchased out of donations received and made into candy.

There is still some money to come in from various parties which will be donated to other patriotic purposes.

New Westminster Markets

The following were the quotations at the NewWestminster market on Friday last. Some of the best hindquarters of beef brought but 10c per pound, and the average price of potatoes was $17 per ton. Local apples were $1 to $1.25 per box.

Ducks, young, per pair	24 to 28
Ducks, dressed, per lb	30
Ducks, old, live weight	15 to 19
Chickens	17 to 20
do dressed	24 to 26
do Spring	20 to 22
Potatoes perton	$16 to $18
Potatoes, per sack	$1.00
Onions per sack	$2.40
Cabbegs per sack	$1.00
Carrots, per sack	80c
Turnips per sack	75c
Beets per sack	75c
Eggs, retail	24 to 25
Eggs, wholesale	21 to 22
Eggs, Duck	$100
Butter, retail, per lb	40
Butter, wholesale	32
Steer beef in carcass	9 to 10
Beef, hindquarters	12
Beef, forequarters	
Pork, per lb	12 to 12 1-2
Veal, per lb	11 to 14

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong, who have been living with Mrs Bigelow left for their home in Vancouver on Wednesday.

TENDERS WANTED

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the erection of a Municipal Building, the plans and specifications for which may be seen at the Municipal Office Tenders must be in the hands of the City Clerk on or before Saturday, the 18th March, 1916, and must be accompanied by a certified cheque for five per cent. of tender.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to the City Clerk.

Dated this Ninth day of March, 1916.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that all Dog Licenses must be paid on or before the First day of April. Any dog found running without a tag after that date will be summarily dealt with.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk

Courtenay, 13th March, 1916.

TENDERS WANTED

FOR 50 yards of river gravel to be delivered and spread on Union street between the Builders' Supply corner and the Royal Bank corner. Tenders close Monday the 20th instant.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. A. W. HAMES,
City Clerk

Courtenay, 13th March. 1616.

The Water Question Solved

FOR RENT

Four Good Houses, water and electric light in each

Apply, MRS. WM. LEWIS

Courtenay Hotel

COURTENAY, B. C.

Comfort With Moderate Rates

Best Wines nd Liquors — T. BOOTH Prop.

Cumberland Hotel

Good Accomodation — Cusine Excellen

Wm. Merryfield

Proprietor

CHAS. SIMMS

Expert Watchmaker — Qualified Optician

s selling Spectacles an Eye glasses from $2.50 per pair, Including sight testing. Each eye tested separately to insure correct vision

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Muskrat, White Weasel, Beaver, Lynx, Wolves, Marten and other Fur bearers collected in your section

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The Mystery of the Ravenspurs

By Fred M. White

Ward, Lock & Co. Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

CHAPTER LV

A Shock for the Princess

It was not a pleasant task, but it had to be done. Fortunately it was possible to do everything discreetly and in order, for the vaults were large and there was not the slightest chance that any of the household would come near.

The bodies were laid out there and the key turned upon them. Geoffrey looked at his companions and inquired what was to be done next.

"Inform the head of the house and send for the police," Tchigorsky said; "so far as I can see, it will be impossible to keep the matter a secret. Nor are we to blame. Those men came here for no good purpose, and we took steps to prevent them from entering the house.

"Unfortunately, we forget there would be an exceptionally high tide, and consequently they have paid the penalty of their folly. But we can't bury these two fellows as we did the others."

"Hadn't we better search them?" Ralph suggested. "They came in response to the note sent them by their mistress. The note was opened and read. One of them is sure to have the letter on his person."

"Then let the police find it," Tchigorsky said promptly. "It will be the link in the evidence that we require. When you and I come to tell our story, Ralph, and the police find that letter, the net around Princess Zara will be complete. I have only to produce that diary and the case is finished."

Ralph nodded approval. Five minutes later and the head of the house, seated over a book in the library, was exceedingly astonished to see Ralph and Geoffrey, followed by Tchigorsky, enter the room.

He swept a keen glance over their faces; he saw at once they had news of grave import for him.

"I do not understand," he said. "Dr. Tchigorsky, I am amazed. I was under the impression that you were dead and buried."

"Other people shared the same opinion, sir," Tchigorsky said coolly. "The great misfortune of another man was my golden opportunity. It was necessary for certain people to regard me as dead—your enemies particularly. But perhaps I had better explain.

"It would be as well," Ravenspur murmured.

Tchigorsky proceeded to clear the mystery of Voski's death. He had to tell the whole story, beginning at Lassa and going on to the end. Ravenspur listened with the air of a man who dreams. To a man used all his life to the quiet of an English shire it seemed impossible to believe that such things could be. And why should these people persecute him; why should they come here? What did these men mean by drowning themselves in the vaults?

"They came here at the instigation of Mrs. May," Tchigorsky said.

"But I don't see how that lady comes to be in it at all."

"You will in a minute," said Tchigorsky grimly. "You will when I tell you that Mrs. May and Princess Zara are one and the same person." Ravenspur gasped. The bare idea of having such a woman under his roof filled him with horror. Even yet he could not understand his danger.

"But why does she come?" he demanded. "For revenge on you two?"

"Oh, no. My being here was a mere coincidence. Of course the princess would have removed me sooner or later. Ralph, strange to say, she does not recognize at all, probably because he has disguised himself with such simple cleverness. Princess Zara came here to destroy your family."

"In the name of Heaven, why?"

"Partly for money, partly for revenge. I told you all about her husband, who was an English officer. I told you why she married him. When she discovered the papers she wanted, then she killed him and returned the papers to her own people, giving out that she and her husband had perished up country in a fearful cholera epidemic. She wanted money. Why not kill off her husband's family one by one so that finally the estates should come to her? Mr. Ravenspur, surely you have guessed who was the English officer Princess Zara married?"

Ravenspur staggered back as before a heavy blow. The illuminating flash almost stunned him. He fell gasping into a chair.

"My son, Jasper," he said hoarsely. "That fiend is his widow."

"And Marion's mother," Ralph croaked.

Geoffrey was almost as much astonished as his grandfather. He wondered why he had not seen all this before. Once explained, the problem was ridiculously simple. Ravenspur covered his face with his hands.

"Marion must not know," he said. "It would kill her."

"She knows already," Tchigorsky said. "That woman has great influence over her child. And the idea was for the child to get everything. The others were to be killed off until she was the only one left. With this large fortune at command Zara meant to be another Queen of Sheba. And she would have succeeded, too."

Ravenspur shuddered. He was torn by conflicting emotions. Perhaps tenderness and sympathy for Marion were uppermost. How much did she know? How much had she guessed? Was she entirely in the dark as to her mother's machinations, or had she come resolved to protect the relatives as much as possible?

Ravenspur poured out these questions one after another. Tchigorsky could or would say nothing to relieve the other's feelings on these points.

"What you ask has nothing to do with the case," he said. "I have proved to you, I am prepared to prove in any court of law, how your family has been destroyed and who is the author of the mischief.

"She is under your roof, where she is powerless to move. Her two confederates lie dead in the vaults yonder. I have already explained to you how it came about that the princess is here and how her infernal apparatus fail. It now remains to call in the police."

"There will be a fearful scandal," Ravenspur groaned.

Tchigorsky glanced at him impatiently. The cosmopolitan knew a great many things that were sealed books to Ravenspur—in point of knowledge it was as a child alongside a great master; but Tchigorsky knew nothing of family pride.

"Which will be forgotten in a week," he said emphatically. "And when the thing is over you will be free again. You cannot realize what that means as yet."

"No," Ravenspur said. "I cannot."

"Nevertheless, you can see for yourself that what I say is a fact," Tchigorsky resumed. "And as a county magistrate and a deputy-lieutenant you would hardly venture to suggest that we should bury those bodies and say nothing to anybody about it?"

Ravenspur nodded approval. A few minutes later a groom was carrying a note to the police inspector at Alton. Ravenspur turned to Tchigorsky with a manner more genial than he usually assumed.

"I have forgotten to thank you," he said. "And you, Ralph, have saved the house. If you can forget the past—" He said no more, but his hand went out. Ralph seemed to divine it and pressed it closely. There was no word uttered on either side. But they both understood and Ralph smiled. Geoffrey had never seen his uncle smile before. The expression of his face was genial, almost handsome. His wooden look had utterly disappeared and nobody ever saw it again. The transformation of Ralph Ravenspur was not the least wonderful incident of the whole mysterious affair.

The door opened and Vera came lightly into the room.

"What does all this mystery mean?" she asked. "Geoffrey you are—Dr. Tchigorsky!"

The last words came with a scream that might have been heard all over the house. Tchigorsky closed the door and proceeded rapidly to explain But it was not the full explanation he had given to the others. There was time enough for that.

Vera was too bewildered to ask questions. At a sign from Geoffrey she slipped from the room. Then she recollected that she had come downstairs on an errand of mercy. She had promised to get a cup of tea for the woman whom she still knew as Mrs. May. She procured the tea from the drawing room and, in a dazed kind of state made her way up the stairs again.

Mrs. May was sitting up in bed. There was a pink spot on either cheek and her dark eyes were blazing.

"I hope nothing is wrong," she said. "It might have been my fancy but it seemed to me that I heard you call Tchigorsky's name at the top of your voice."

The suggestion was made with a fervent earnestness that the woman could not repress. But Vera did not notice it.

"I did," she said. "I walked into the library, hearing voices there, and in a chair Dr. Tchigorsky was seated. No wonder that I cried out. It was a fearful shock. And when he began to talk I could not believe the evidence of my senses."

"Then who was it that was buried?"

(To be Continued)

GILLETT'S LYE

W. N. U. 1091

WOMEN OF CANADA.

Fort Coulonge, Quebec.—"I am happy to tell you that your medicine did me wonderful good. I was troubled with weakness and I tried wines and other things but received very little benefit. I was young at the time and knew very little about medicines till a lady friend came to me with a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I became strong and a year afterward had twins."—MRS. J. BRADY, Fort Coulonge, Quebec.

Thousands of women right here in Canada who are now blessed with robust health cannot understand why thousands of other women continue to worry and suffer when they can obtain for a trifling sum Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which will surely and quickly banish all pain, distress and misery and restore the womanly health.

Young mothers who preserve the charms of face and figure in spite of an increasing family and the care of growing children are always to be envied. "Favorite Prescription" gives the strength and health upon which happy motherhood depends. It enables the mother to nourish the infant life depending on her, and enjoy the happiness of watching the development of a perfectly healthy child.

A GREAT BOOK THAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD HAVE.

Over a million copies of the "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" are now in the hands of the people. It is a book that everyone should have and read in case of accident or sickness.

Send fifty cents (or stamps) for mailing charges to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and enclose this notice and you will receive by return mail, all charges and customs duty prepaid, this valuable book.

Bees to Fight Troops

In the bush fighting in East Africa the Germans and their black troops placed hives of wild bees, partially stupefied by smoke, under lids on each side of narrow tracks along which our troops must advance. Wires or cords lifted the lids when touched by the advancing troops, and swarms of infuriated bees, recovered from their temporary stupor were let loose on the attackers. Many men were so horribly stung on the face or hands as to be temporarily blinded or rendered incapable of holding their weapons. Over 100 stings are said to have been extracted from one of the men of the Loyal North Lancashires.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Inspiring Spectacle

British manhood, as a whole, has stood the test of the war very well. There is certainly no general "sabotage" against the war. The fact that no fewer than 2,829,263 men came forward and offered themselves for service in the twenty-three days prior to December 15 last is positive proof of that. Never before in any country—certainly not in the United States during the Civil War—was there ever any such record as that of the uprising of a people. It is an inspiring spectacle for the whole human race, and particularly for the Anglo-Saxon part of it. It foretells the eventual success of the Allies' cause.—Boston Transcript.

"You haven't forgotten us, have you, waiter?"

"Oh, no, sir. You are the two fried smelts."

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Murine is prepared by our Physicians, as used for many years in their practice, now dedicated to the Public and sold by Your Druggist. Try Murine to Refresh, Cleanse, and Strengthen Eyes after exposure to Cold Cutting Winds and Dust and to restore healthful tone to Eyes Reddened and made Sore by Overwork and Eye Strain.

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UNION BANK REPORT SHOWS 1915 A VERY SUCCESSFUL YEAR

In Spite of Taxes and Contingent Appropriation, Dividends and Bonus Were Maintained Without Drawing Upon Past Profits—Bank in Very Strong Position For Renewal of Trade Activity.

The fifty-first annual statement of the Union Bank of Canada, which was presented at the annual meeting in Winnipeg on Wednesday, January 12, reveals a year which has been highly satisfactory from the shareholders' standpoint and at the same time has witnessed a great expansion in the deposit business of the Bank and a remarkable increase in its liquid assets, while its loans to Canadian trade and industry have been maintained to the full extent of the present reduced requirements of the country. The Bank reports net profits for the year amounting to $659,688, which compares with $712,440 in 1914 (a very moderate reduction, having regard to the prevailing conditions, which have been universally unfavorable to profitable bank operations); they represent 13.2 per cent. on the capital stock, and sufficed for the payment of the full regular dividends of 8 per cent. and the bonus of 1 per cent., together with the appropriation of $150,000 to Contingent Account, the payment of War Tax of $45,730.77, and the usual contribution of $10,000 to Officers' Pension Fund, while the balance carried forward is increased by some $3,956, and now amounts to $106,976.75. It is worthy of note that this Bank has passed through the entire three years, 1913, 1914 and 1915, maintaining its dividends and bonuses, its pension contribution, its provision for depreciation and contingencies, its special taxes and sundry patriotic donations, and all without having to draw upon accumulated profits or Rest Account, and with an annual increase in the profit balance carried forward.

The balance sheet shows an expansion of over nine millions in the total volume of assets and liabilities. The public liabilities total $81,654,026.75, as against $70,902,919.04 a year ago; the chief items being note circulation $7,673,659.00 (increase about $1,300,000), deposits not bearing interest $21,999,832.00 (increase four and a half millions), deposits bearing interest $50,685,304.63 increase a little under five millions), and balances due to banks abroad, $984,405.99.

The changes in the assets column are important, and serve to exhibit the immense reservoirs of strength which have been accumulated since the war began and which are now ready and available for the support of Canadian business in the period of expansion which is already coming in sight. Total assets amount to $90,663,063.70. The liquid reserve amounts to $39,138,385.31, which is an increase of close upon thirteen million dollars, or almost fifty per cent. over the figures of a year ago. It consists of $9,257,094.56 of coin and Dominion notes in hand, $2,800,000 of gold and notes in the Central Gold Reserve, $3,556,491.45 of cheques on other banks and $706,742.00 of notes of the same, $6,033,345.88 due by banks abroad, $3,434,139.73 of railway and other bonds and stocks, $7,746,570.44 or call loans in Canada and $4,183,657.69 of call loans abroad, with smaller sums in other gilt-edged items.

Notwithstanding these large sums put into liquid assets, the Bank has in no degree neglected its duty to the commercial community. Current loans and discounts in Canada (other than call loans) are $48,941,315.32, which is scarcely two millions less than in 1914 in spite of the marked contraction in the trade of the country, and is actually two millions more than in 1913. If we add together the current and call loans in Canada we find an increase of $2,700,000 during the past year. Discounts outside of Canada are $608,602.92, a moderate increase. There is a marked reduction in overdue debts, and all the less realizable items are very small, which appears to indicate a healthy condition of affairs among the Bank's clients.

Very few banks, and only the very strongest, have come through the past three years with such satisfactory results as the Union Bank, and the figures seem to show that President John Galt and General Manager G. H. Balfour have brought to the business, since it was removed to Winnipeg, the same conservative and thoroughly sound principles which actuated it when its headquarters were in the cautious East, in the city of Quebec.

Naval Losses in War

The Year Book of the United States navy estimates ship losses of belligerent nations as follows:

	No. of Ships.	Tonnage.
England	42	254,494
France	12	28,270
Russia	6	21,775
Japan	7	4,810
Italy	4	17,778
Germany	69	238,904
Austria	7	7,391
Turkey	13	16,490

Binks—Who does the new baby take after?

Jinks—Oh! he's neutral.

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TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

LITTLE
THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

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Russia to the Fore

Her Paramount Interest is in the Balkans Where Her Prestige Has Suffered

Russia's activity on the eastern front is reported to have led to the recall of von Mackenzen from the Balkans to take command of the German operations along the River Styr. This, if correct, is a welcome indication of the return of the Czar's armies to the offensive.

Russia is supplying some badly-needed relief to the Balkan situation. Germany cannot carry out any further ambitious Balkan project while Russia menaces the lines farther back. This latest move is an indication that the Allies have begun to work in concert since a demonstration against the enemy where it is being made is the logical part for Russia to play at the moment. The bearing of such action is to render both Saloniki and Egypt immune from a thrust by the Hun.

Russia's paramount interest at present, also is in the Balkans, where her prestige has suffered an eclipse. Russia will never rest until the stigma of Germany's Balkan operations in contempt of her arms is removed, and she is in a position again to challenge Austrian diplomacy in the Balkan capitals. She has learned already by hard experience some stern lessons by which she will profit.

History's Greatest Spectacle

Figures in some respect are the most eloquent things in the world. We realize this when we read of Great Britain sending three million of her best and bravest to the war, and not content with that, contributing in addition 1,150,000 unmarried men and 1,679,263 married men under Lord Derby's scheme of enlistment. Nothing like this has been known since the world began.—Vancouver World.

Almost every woman in France is becoming "marraine," or godmother to a soldier. She does not pick and choose, but takes the man allotted her by the Central Committee. Henceforth he is her soldier, and she writes to him, prays for him, sends him gifts, and interests herself in every way in his welfare.

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SUNLIGHT SOAP

143

It bears the Seal of Purity

All over the world the name Sunlight stands for purity in Soap. Our $5,000 guarantee of Purity is something more than an advertisement. It marks the high standard we have set for ourselves to give you the best laundry soap it is possible to produce at any price.

Sunlight 5¢ Soap

Big Fur Trade

Saskatchewan Dealers Bring in Pelts Valued at $600,000

Pelts to the value of nearly $600,000 is the record of the fur year of Saskatchewan, according to official figures. One hundred and thirty-one dealers are shown as being in the fur trade for the last year, bringing in a total of 961,849, as compared with 716,182 pelts for the year before.

The figures give some idea of the immensity of the fur trade of Saskatchewan.

According to the figures, muskrat skins were in the lead with a total of 892,960, the lowest pelts being white foxes, of which only six are reported.

She Gives Them All the Credit

SAYS DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS MADE HER WELL

Miss Gertie Newman, After Two Years' Suffering, Tells How She Found a Complete Cure.

Boyd's Cove, Notre Dame Bay, Nfld. —(Special).—"After two years of weakness and suffering I am again in perfect health and I give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

That is the statement made by Miss Gertie M. Newman, an estimable young lady living here. She is so overjoyed at her recovery that she wants all suffering women to know how she found her cure.

"I had a cold to start with," Miss Newman continues, "and then things just seemed to go from bad to worse. My back ached, I had cramps in my muscles, and I suffered from headaches. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing, my eyes were puffed and swollen and I perspired freely with the least exertion. I was always irritable and in the mornings I had a bitter taste in my mouth.

"Reading of cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills I decided to give them a trial. I took a dozen boxes in all and you can see how they helped me. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all suffering women."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are suffering woman's best friend.

Dr. Borger, assistant director of the Pasteur Institute in Batavia, one of the greatest hygienists of the day, has succumbed to plague while conducting experiments with a view to combating the dire inroads of that fell epidemic. Dr. Borger has conducted himself with a heroism equal to that of any proud possessor of a V.C.

A Wonderful Medicine For Children

Mrs. Geo. Huffman, Willington, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and can recommend them as a wonderful medicine for children. I am the mother of five and have used no other medicine for any of them." Thousands of other mothers say the same thing of the Tablets. That is why once a mother has used them for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

In spite of the common idea that crows do nothing but caw, the old augurers recognized no less than 65 intonations of the raven's voice, each with its special significance. From the ringing "Rahk! rahk! rahk! rahk!" of the hooded crow, the Swedes have borrowed their fierce cheer, the finest battle cry possessed by any people.

W. N. U. 1091

Build Many Elevators in Alberta

The Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Company will probably construct 20 or even 30 elevators the coming season. "We constructed a number last year," said C. Rice-Jones, president, when interviewed in Calgary, "and with the abundant harvest of the past season, the demonstrated shortage space when the province is visited with a great crop, and the probability of another good crop for the coming year, we will undoubtedly carry on quite a program of construction during the coming season as well."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Europe Buying Canadian Timber

British Columbia timbers have been shipped to England for trench construction and the cedar shingle industry has again begun to move at a lively pace. An order of 4,000,000 shingle was recently sent to New York, via the Panama, but the big slide there has closed the markets of the east for the time being. Pulp mills are doing good business now, and large quantities of paper and boxes have been shipped to the States, to China, and other Pacific countries.

The Oil of the People.—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

"Hard to get along with, isn't he?"

"Oh, yes. He is as quarrelsome as a pacificist."

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

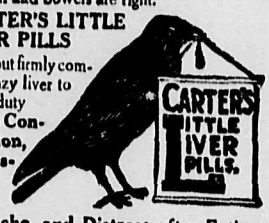
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good



Use Alberta Coal in Spokane

Advices from Spokane announce that public buildings there are using Alberta coal for heating purposes for the first time in their history. Formerly American coal was used exclusively. The reason for change given is that Alberta coal is cheaper in proportion to the heating services rendered.

"I hear that Richwood's daughter ran away with the chauffeur."

"Yes; and Richwood is nearly crazy over it."

"Well, it is hard to lose a daughter in that way."

"Oh, I don't know so much about that; but they took the motor car with them."

B.C. Mines Are Busy

Activity in the metalliferous mines of West Kootenay and the boundary districts has so increased the demand for coke that every oven in Fernie is running and 200 ovens at Michel, which have been idle for three years, also have been lighted up, according to a statement from Fernie, British Columbia.

The demand for coal also has been much better of late, especially from railroads, whose traffic is steadily increasing.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Hub—Things were awfully dull in the stock market today. Absolutely nothing doing.

Wife—Why don't you mark some of the stock down and advertise a bargain sale.

To Asthma Sufferers.—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy comes like a helping hand to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and hope by curing his trouble—something he has come to believe impossible. Its benefit is too evident to be questioned—it is its own best argument—its own best advertisement. If you suffer from asthma get this time-tried remedy and find help like thousands of others.

Another New Battalion

A movement is on foot for the organization in the west for overseas service of a battalion of Scandinavians and Icelanders. Messrs. Prout, Ross and Sigfusson, members of the Manitoba legislature, who offered the militia deaprtment to jointly raise an overseas battalion, have a telegram fom Sir Sam Hughes accepting their offer, the command of the battalion depending on the qualifications of the organizers.

Beautifies While You Sleep

Before retiring, bathe the face and neck with hot water, then dry and rub "USIT" into the skin with the finger tips. By persistent treatment you will soon restore to your complexion the wonderful freshness and beauty of youth. Make this treatment a nightly habit and "USIT" will beautify you while you sleep.

"USIT" is a skin food and wrinkle chaser. It builds up firm elastic tissues, removes wrinkles, fills out depressions and gives the skin a wonderful smoothness and fineness of texture which alone indicates perfect skin health.

"USIT" is put up in handsome opal bottles, and until the Drug Stores in Canada are completely stocked we are filling mail orders. Accept no substitute.

Send 50 Cents today for trial bottle, sufficient for six weeks' use. We pay postage to any address in Canada.

USIT MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
476 Roncesvalles Ave., TORONTO

"Some day we'll be telephoning through the air without wires."

"Maybe; but won't it be queer to have an operator call back to you and say, 'The air is busy now?'"

Salonika—the centre of interest in the Near East today—is the namecity of the Princess of Macedon, Thessalonica, sister of Alexander, where in turn have ruled Greek, Roman, and Slav, Caracen and Sicilian, Burgundian, Venetian and Turk; where Cicero endured exile, where St. Paul planted a Faith.

What Dr. Chase is Doing for Our Soldier Boys

At Home and Abroad---To Every Soldier a Full Sixty-cent Box of Dr. Chase's Ointment Free---Greatly Appreciated by the Boys.

Realizing that ointment is one of the prime necessities to the soldier, both in training and at the front, it was early decided to supply all Canadian recruits free of charge.

That this offer was appreciated by the military authorities is best evidenced by some of the replies received from Headquarters, as well as from individual camps.

Brigadier-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes wrote:—"This is indeed a most useful and acceptable donation, and for which please accept my most sincere thanks."

Lieut.-Col. Murphy, in charge of Valcartier Camp, wrote:—"I would be very glad to receive donation of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and feel sure it would be acceptable."

One Major reports:—"The Ointment arrived on the day the Battery completed 24 miles route march on foot, and I can assure you the Ointment was very beneficial, and much appreciated by those with sore feet."

For the 31st Regiment, Owen Sound, Q.M. Sergt. Miller writes:—"I have been directed by Col. Chisholm to tender to you our hearty thanks for your splendid gift of Dr. Chase's Ointment to the members of the Overseas Contingent. I can assure you it was appreciated by the men, and if the quantity had been doubled we would have had a hard time to save a box. The men swear by it."

From Niagara Camp Q.M. Sergt. O. M. Stevenson writes for the 37th Battalion:—"The Ointment has been distributed among the boys of our company, and is highly appreciated by them. I assure you that they will find it very useful both here and at the front."

Further distributions of Dr. Chase's Ointment will be made to the recruits assembling for training at the various towns and cities throughout the country. Officers in charge are requested to advise us how many boxes they can use, allowing one for each man. In a score of ways this Ointment is useful to the soldier, and it is our desire that every man shall be supplied free of charge. Address Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

ejected.

FIVE TONS OF OINTMENT

Weekly Supply for Use of British Soldiers Upon Their Feet.

London, Feb. 10.—An "eyewitness" at the British general army headquarters in France pays a tribute in an article given out yesterday by the Official Press Bureau to the work of the army supply departments. He calls the Ordnance Department a "military universal provider." He says in part:—

The vastness of the work of maintaining a modern army may be gauged by the fact that during the past month the supplies furnished included 450 miles of telephone wire, 530,000 sand bags and 10,000 pounds of shoe blacking, while in ten days the Ordnance Department supplied 120,000 for waistcoats and 300,000 flannel belts. The average weekly issue of ointment for feet is five tons.

The complexity of the work is illustrated by the fact that the index of the stores include 50,000 separate kinds of articles. Most of these still are obtained from England, but some are being manufactured by the Ordnance Department in its own workshops in France.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

ELK HOTEL
Comox, B. C.
Best Meals North of Nanaimo
Choicest Liquors and Cigars
C. A. Martin, Prop.

J. E. ASTON
Logger's Shoes made to order.
In North and South, in East and West,
Aston's Handmade Shoes will stand the Test.

The Comox Barber Shop
Oldest Shop in Courtenay
Nothing But First Class Work Guaranteed. Baths in connection
C. E. DALRYMPLE, Prop.

SCOW LOST
On December the 17th from Stevestoston, Scow G. Q. L. 2. Last seen off Nanoose Bay, December 21st.
Any information leading to the recovery of this Scow will be rewarded.
MARSH-HUTTON-POWERS Co., Ltd,
New Westminster Phone 826

When In Doubt Play Trumps
Have Goard Tune Your Piano
Factory Experience
Recommends from Leading Musicians from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Copies of same furnished on request
W. J. Goard will be in this city about April 1. Leave orders at this Office, or write direct to
845, 8th Ave., W. - Vancouver

Palace Livery & Feed Stable
Horses and Buggies for Hire
Terms cash.
We also attend to wood hauling
JAS. CAIRNS & SON
Proprietors
Courtenay Phone 25

GRAND DISPLAY
at
Willard's Harness Emporium
Fine Showing of Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Gloves, Trunks, Suit Cases, Etc.
Harness Repaired Neatly
W. W. WILLARD
Cumberland and Courtenay

You cannot eat your cake and have it
But you have the satisfaction of knowing that the ingredients are of the highest grade when purchasing at the Courtenay. Customers swear by, not at, "Purity" Bread for quality
Cakes of all descriptions made to order
Courtenay Bakery
WM. AITKEN

Sutton & Kirkwood
Undertakers and Embalmers
Night or Day Calls Promptly Attended
Phone 1 Courtenay

Just as of old, Israel would have a king to rule over them, so in the recent bye-elections the desire has been strongly manifested to put in some semblance of an opposition. To carry this simile still further, the Israelites were not overly particular who the king was so long as they had a royal house installed, so in the bye-elections the electorate have been disposed to vote for any one not of the government party. One outstanding feature of the contest was the indomitable courage of that old warhorse, the new Premier. Called upon to take up the reins of office under triple burden of ill health, changed economic conditions and the additional drag upon the Province under war conditions, he formulated under most difficult circumstances, a constructive policy to meet the two affecting the province. In spite of the adverse money market, Mr. Bowser realized the imperative need of developing, at this critical juncture the three leading industries of the province, namely agriculture, lumbering and mining. Going still further, he announced a policy of social reform, designed to meet both the advancing force of public opinion concerning prohibition, combined with the demand for the curtailment of the liquor traffic during the war at least. With these colours firmly nailed to the mast the new head entered his first session as Premier and leader of the Conservative party.

On the other hand, the main plank of the opposition has been and is still, the destruction of the Government. To obtain success Mr. Brewster and his friends have blindly promised everything that seemed a likely draw. Without any definition of terms they have promised prohibition, women's suffrage, etc., but "smash Bowser first, and not only him, but his friends and supporters, root and branch, hip and thigh." The very announcement of the great and courageous concession by the Premier of a straight vote on prohibition, drove the liquor traffic in Victoria over to Mr Brewster's ranks of high minded purists, their one instinct being selfpreservation and Mr. Brewster, the supposed friend of prohibition, apparently welcomed them with open arms. Mr. Bowser says that only the votes cast for or against Prohibition will be counted, unlike that farcial vote upon local veto a few years ago when the nonvoter was counted as being against the reform measure Grouped behind Mr. Brewster are the packed ranks of office seekers, and would be government contractors, and everybody else with an axe to grind and interests to forward. Accusations were made, charges were levied, irrespective of truth or decency, and the leading Liberal organ surpassed itself in the art of misconstruction and calumny. Without noticing such slimy tactics, utterly unknown in the bitterest conflict ever waged in British politics, the Premier's constructive policy stands out clear--as distinct as stars shining above a mudflat.

We are aware that in addition to a few malcontents like Sir C. H. Tupper, several Conservatives lent their support to Mr. Brewster. Will that do them any good? We venture to say "no," no with so many hungry Grits clamuoring to be satiated. "Thank you gentlemen; and please close the door from outstde" will be their lot of portion when, if ever, H. C. Brewster becomes the boss.

In conclusion what has Leader Brewster said concerning the uplifting of politics and the elimination of "graft", to use a pet term of his following? Like a wise politician he has said, and dare say, nothing, for there are the hungry to be fed and the Conservative party to be slain.

We prefer a constructive to a destructive policy any day, for a man may make a few mistakes that will be forgiven, in the course of his upbuilding policy, while the relentless policy of destruction harbours only animosity, self gain and the disintegration of the good results of a constructive and progressive policy. Let Isreal be careful lest Saul of necessity be followed by David.

Geo. T. Willingmyre the wool pecialist of the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Government, visted Duncan recently and made arrangements with the president and secretary of the Flock Masters Association with respect to the sale of the wool which the association plans this season He gave some valuable information as to the methods adopted elsewhere in the Dominion to market wool co-operatively and successfully. He was satisfied that there would be a sufficient number of fleeces on Vancouver Island to warrant sending a grader. The only sheep breeders association in the province is at Duncan, and was established in 1893. Capt Vigors has opened negotiations to have the wool crop from the Comox valley dealt with co-operatively. This would doubtless mean that the growers would receive a much better price for their wool than in former years when they had to depend on some peddler to come round and buy the fleeces at his own price.

The Editor was busy when he was asked: "How are the markets?" The man was referred to the office devil, who looked wise and said: "Young men unsteady; girls lively and in demand; papa firm, but declining; mamma, unsettled, waiting for higher bids; coffee considerably mixed; fresh fish, active and slippery; egg quiet, but expected to open soon; whiskey, still going down; onions, strong; yeast, rising; breadstuffs, heavy; boots and shoes, those on the market are soled and constantly going up and down, hats and caps, not so high as last year, except foolscap, which is stationery; tobacco, very low and has a downward tendency; silver, close, but not close enough to get hold of; snow a drug on the market."

The Department of Insurance has sent out a bulletin showing the number of fires that occured during 1915. There were 701 fires reported, 430 of which were in dwellings with a loss of $406,335. Defective chimneys caused 39, incendiary 21, sparks from chimney 71, stovepipes not sufficiently protected 16, clothes too near stove 14, ashes against 10, and 96 from unknown causes. The others were also from causes due to negligence. The public are warned to be careful.

The recruiting officers at Toronto are instituting a campaign addressed to the women and girls in the form of a circular asking them not to accept attention, dinners or theatre tickets from young men who are eligible for military service. The literature has been distributed in restaurants, on street cars, and wherever women congregate.

The City of Ladysmith gets its municipal loans for 6 per cent. per annum and had an offer of 5 1-2 from another bank. How is it that Courtenay has to pay 7 per cent, for its money, and private citizens have to pay 9 per cent for their loans?

Portugal is the thirteenth nation to enter the war. Her regular army consists of 30,000 men, with 230,000 reserves. She is credited with a total available strength of about 880,000 men. She has a small navy.

By the time the lawyers get through "picking" the Dominion Trust there won't be much left for the creditors. It might have been better to have let Arnold run along for a time.

The "pay up week" idea advocated in the Province is a good one, but when the railways in the U. K. some 60 years ago altered their pay day from weekly to fortnightly an Irishman couldn't understand it, and said, "sure enough he would sooner have his fortnightly pay weekly."

The first 6 months trial of the new liquor act in Saskatchewan reveals the fact that closing the bar and buying in bottles at government dispensaries, to be consumed by the people in their homes, has led to such an enormous increase in the consumption of spirits, while beer has enormously decreased, that they contemplate cutting out spirits, but not beer and wine. The well paid Prohib reformers profess not to understand the reason of this, but the Government records of the sales prove that it is so, and I'll give the reason next week, meanwhile, the general feeling is in favor of moderate remedial measures and the betting is 10 to 1 against the drastic measutes of the Prohibs at the next election—Critic

McBryde's Bakery & Tea Rooms
Calhoun Block Courtenay

OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT
P. McBryde for almost 8 years with Marocchi Bros. begs to announce to the community that he has opened a Bakery and Tea Room at the above address
I have had a technical training in the Kilmarnock Bakery School and Glasgow Technical, Scotland, under the best masters, and hold a first class certificate, upper grade, in the technics of bread making and a first class certificate in baking confectionery by the Master Bakers Association I can assure the public that the bread and cakes made by me will be manufactured by the best methods known to the baking world today and will be pure, healthful and appetising
Hoping for a share of public patronage
Remember the address - Next the Royal Bank of Canada

Money To Loan
We are open to receive applications for Loans on Improved Farm Property in the Comox District
H. D. FORDE & CO.
Real Estate, Insurance and Financial Agents
sabel St. COURTENAY

Notice of Intention to Apply for Retail Liquor License

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned intends to apply to the Board of License Commissioners at their next sitting to be held on the 8th day of April, 1916, for a license to sell intoxicating liquor by retail under Subsection 3 of Section 290, of the "Municipal Act" in that certain store or shop situate on the ground floor, of those certain premises, situate on Lot 4, Map 311, Townsile of Courtenay, formerly known as Peocey's Drug Store, on Mill Street, in the City of Courtenay.

JOHN R. JOHNSTON,
Applicant

Dated this 8th day of March, A. D. 1916.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER of an application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Sections Twenty-six (26) and Thirty-five (35), Comox District, British Columbia.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of my intention at the expiration of one calander month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to Reginald Terry Carwithen on the 6th day of November 1871, and Numbered 372A, which has been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 2nd day of March 1916,

S. Y. WOTTEN,
Registrar General of Titles

Cumberland

Fred Bell and Sam Jones left on Friday morning by the 10:30 train in search of work.

There was over twelve inches of snow fell here on Sunday and Monday, followed by two day's rain.

The annual Masquerade Ball, under auspices of the Cumberland Volunteer Fire Brigade, will be held in the Ilo Ilo Hall on St. Patrick's Day, March 17.

Grippe! Coughs! Colds!
Mentholated White Pine and Tar 50c per bottle
Laxative Quinine Tablets 25c per box
Cod Liver Oil and Malt with Wild Cherry $1
Cod Liver Oil Compound $1
Wild Cherry Cough Mixture 50c
Robertson's Drug Store
Phone 30

ROBERT GRIEVE
Candies,
Cigars,
Pipes,
Tobaccos
Swan's Old Stand, Courtenay