ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE

RESPECTING THE

PRISONS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st OCTOBER,

1891.

VICTORIA, B.C.:
Printed by RICHARD WOLFENDEN, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

REPORT

—o—

VICTORIA, B. C., 23rd April, 1892.

The Honourable
the Attorney-General, Victoria.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit herewith my second annual report on the condition and management of the principal gaols of this Province, together with an account of the outlying prisons or lock-ups.

VICTORIA GAOL.

This gaol is a substantial brick building, containing 78 cells, capable of holding 127 prisoners.

NEW WESTMINSTER GAOL.

This is also a brick structure, containing 77 cells, which will accommodate 156 prisoners.

NANAIMO GAOL.

This gaol is built of logs and heavy timber. It contains 14 cells, with accommodation for 42 prisoners.

KAMLOOPS GAOL.

This prison is built of heavy scantling and lumber. There are altogether 11 cells, which are capable of holding 22 prisoners.

SUITABLE LOCK-UPS

Have been established at the undermentioned points :—

1. Ainsworth,
2. Alert Bay,
3. Ashcroft,
4. Barkerville,
5. Cowichan,
6. Comox,
7. Clinton,
8. Cassiar (Laketon),
9. Donald,
10. Esquimalt,
11. Fort Simpson,
12. Fort Steele,
13. Granite Creek,
14. Golden,
15. Hazleton,
16. Hope,
17. Kamloops,
18. Lillooet,
19. Lytton
20. Metlakatlah,
21. Moodyville,
22. Nicola Lake,
23. Nanaimo,
24. Nelson,
25. Okanagan Mission,
26. Osoyoos (Krugers),
27. Port Moody,
28. Quesnelle,
29. Rock Creek,
30. Revelstoke,
31. Spence's Bridge,
32. Vernon,
33. Vancouver,
34. Wellington,
35. Yale,
36. 150-Mile House,

all of which are in good order and answer present requirements.

The following rules for prison discipline are in force throughout this Province, and have been found sufficient for the order and conduct of prisons and lock-ups :

RULES TO BE OBSERVED IN ALL PROVINCIAL GAOLS AND LOCK-UPS.

1. All Prisoners upon being admitted to the Gaol must be thoroughly searched in the presence of a Constable and Officer of the Gaol.

2. Prisoners must be searched every evening before being locked up in their cells, and the cells and beds must also be searched.

3. The cells in use must be scrubbed and whitewashed every week, and the passages every day.

4. Prisoners shall have clean underclothing and a bath when required, not less than once a week. All male Prisoners shall, on conviction and sentence, have their hair cut as close as may be necessary for the purposes of health and cleanliness.

5. Strict silence must be observed in the cells, and no shouting or loud talking shall be allowed in the Gaol yard.

6. No lights will be allowed in any of the cells. All lights and fires in the Debtors' room must be extinguished at 8 o'clock, p. m.

7. No Visitor shall be allowed in the Gaol, or to speak with Prisoners, except by permission of the Officer in charge, and some Officer must be present at all interviews with Prisoners, unless otherwise ordered.

8. The Prisoners shall rise at 6:30 o'clock a. m., from April 1st to September 30th, and at 7 o'clock a. m., from October 1st to March 31st, and will be allowed half an hour to wash and dress themselves. In Victoria, New Westminster, and Nanaimo Gaols a Guard must be on the balcony before the cells are opened.

9. The Gaoler may allow such Prisoners as he thinks fit to be out in the Gaol yard an hour and a half in the morning, and the same time in the afternoon. On Sundays and holidays all Prisoners, except those in solitary confinement, are to be allowed this privilege.

10. The chain-gang shall leave the prison for work at 7:30 o'clock a. m. in the summer time (*vide* Rule 8), returning at 5:30 o'clock p. m. ; and in the winter time at 8 o'clock a. m., returning before dark. One hour shall be allowed at noon for dinner.

11. All Prisoners must obey the orders of any of the Prison Officers; those in the chain-gang, while outside the Gaol, must obey the orders of any of the Guards.

12 The Gaoler may place such irons on any Prisoner, other than a debtor, as he may deem necessary for the prevention of escape, subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Police. The Senior Convict Guard may refuse to allow any Prisoner to go out in the chain-gang until he is ironed to his satisfaction, subject to approval as above.

13. Prisoners' irons must be examined daily; those of the chain-gang, on leaving for work, by the Senior Convict Guard, and on return by the Officer in charge of the Gaol at the time.

14. While the chain-gang are outside the Gaol, the Senior Guard shall have charge of the Guards and Convicts.

15. The Assistant Gaolers and Guards, while inside the Gaol, shall be under the orders of the Gaoler, or the Officer in charge of the Gaol at the time.

16. The Gaoler will be held responsible for the good order, cleanliness, and neatness of the Prison.

17. Any Prisoner who shall be proved guilty of wilfully disobeying the orders of the Officer in charge of the Gaol, or of fighting in the Gaol or chain-gang, or of refusing to work, or of making an unnecessary noise in the Prison, or of destroying clothing or other property of the Prison, or of refusing to keep himself clean, or of refusing or neglecting to clean his cell

when necessary or when ordered to do so, or of breaking any of the Prison rules, may be punished by order of the Superintendent of Police, or, in his absence, by order of any Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, or of any Justice of the Peace when there is no such Magistrate.

18. The punishment to be inflicted upon Prisoners for any disobedience of the Prison rules shall not be other than the following :—

(1.) Solitary confinement in dark cell, with or without bedding, not to exceed six days for any one offence, nor three days at any one time.

(2.) Bread and water diet, full or half rations, combined or not with No. 1.

(3.) Cold water punishment, with the approval of the visiting Physician.

19. In the absence of the Superintendent of Police, the Gaoler or Officer in charge of the Gaol shall have authority summarily to confine any Prisoner, for misconduct, in a solitary cell, or to place irons upon his hands and feet should he find it necessary; such a restraint not to extend over a longer time than is necessary to bring the matter before the Superintendent of Police, or, in his absence, before a Police or Stipendiary Magistrate, or of any Justice of the Peace when there is no such Magistrate.

20. Any person who may be found interfering with the discipline of the Prison shall be excluded from the Prison as a visitor.

21. A book will be kept by the Gaoler, in which the conduct of Prisoners shall be registered daily, with a view of obtaining a mitigation of punishment from the proper authorities in cases meriting reward.

By order,

FREDERICK S. HUSSEY,

Provincial Superintendent of Police and Warden of Gaols.

It is satisfactory to be able to report that the clauses in the above rules which refer to the punishment of convicts for breach of prison discipline are more seldom required than was formerly the case when no remission of sentence was allowed.

Under present regulations all prisoners under sentence may obtain a remission of five days in each month for good behaviour and, with a few exceptions, they do avail themselves of this privilege.

The objectionable practice of marching prisoners through the streets and working them in irons on public highways has been, I am pleased to say, wholly discontinued at Victoria, and it is to be hoped that in the near future it will be entirely abolished in all parts of British Columbia, as the effect on white prisoners in particular is most degrading.

The anexed statements compiled from prison records furnish information as to the number of offences for which prisoners were convicted and sentenced during the year, and the expenditure connected with the management of the gaols therein referred to.

THE VICTORIA JUVENILE REFORMATORY.

The Reformatory building was completed early in the year 1890 and formally occupied by the present superintendent and three lads, two under sentence for larceny to 18 months' imprisonment, and one to six months for vagrancy, in July of the same year.

The building is good and strong and is finished externally and internally to correspond with the gaol, and contains an office or general room in front, a reformatory ward in the rear, with nine cells, arranged in three tiers, one above the other, which are approached by stairs and balconies.

From the upper balcony the bath-room and lavatory, &c., &c., are reached; there is also a room nine feet by thirteen feet, which is used as a shoe shop. The building is heated by stoves and is quite comfortable.

The Reformatory is arranged to accommodate 18 prisoners, and will fully answer the purpose for which it is intended for a number of years to come, or until such time as a larger

and better institution is required, according to the increase of juvenile depravity, which may be anticipated with an increase of population.

The Reformatory is connected with the gaol kitchen by an enclosed and covered passage, secured by strong doors, by means of which food is supplied to the inmates.

The Reformatory being in close connection with the gaol enables the administration of the establishment to be conducted at a minimum cost.

There is an enclosed yard at the rear of the Reformatory where the lads are allowed out for exercise.

It is a fact much to be deplored that ever since the construction of this Reformatory up to the present date its history has been one of a series of escapes, due entirely to carelessness and inexperience in its management.

On the 19th October, 1890, all three lads escaped and have not been recaptured, since which time, up to the 14th day of January, 1892, there have been no inmates.

At present there are two boys in confinement, both for larceny, under sentences of three months each, one of whom has managed to escape twice within one month, but, unlike the former cases, he has been re-arrested on each occasion and returned to custody.

Instruction is daily given to juvenile offenders under sentence, but very little progress is made by those undergoing short terms of imprisonment.

Annexed to this Report is a list of all boys who have been sentenced to this Reformatory, with the particulars of each.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

F. S. HUSSEY,

Superintendent of Provincial Police.

Statement showing the offences for which prisoners were sentenced during the year ending 31st October, 1891.

OFFENCES.	Victoria.	New Westminster.	Nanaimo.	Kamloops.
Abusive and obscene language	.....	6	7	.....
Arson	.....	.....	.....	1
Assault	10	11	18	2
Assault, felonious	.....	1	2	2
Attempted suicide	.....	1	1	.....
Bigamy	.....	1	.....	.....
Breaches of the peace	3	3	29	.....
Burglary	.....	1	.....	.....
Contempt of Court	.....	2	2	.....
Carrying unlawful weapons	1	.....	6	.....
Cruelty to animals	.....	1	.....	.....
Cutting, wounding, and attempting same	.....	1	.....	.....
Deserting employment	.....	4	3	.....
Destroying and injuring property	.....	.....	3	.....
Drunk and disorderly	52	18	247	36
Embezzlement	1	.....	.....	.....
Escaping from and obstructing constable	.....	.....	5	.....
Escaping from prison	.....	.....	2	.....
Forgery	3	.....	1	2
Fraud or obtaining money under false pretenses	3	.....	1	2
Gambling	3	19	.....	.....
Giving liquor to Indians and unlawful possession	55	49	91	14
Horse, cattle, and sheep stealing	.....	.....	.....	2
House-breaking and robbery	3	.....	1	.....
Highway robbery	.....	.....	.....	1
Indecent assault and exposure	2	2	.....	.....
Inmates and frequenters of houses of ill-fame	.....	2	.....	.....
Larceny	40	31	10	8
Manslaughter	2	1	1	.....
Murder	.....	1	.....	.....
Attempt to commit murder	.....	.....	1	.....
Rape, and assault with intent	1	2	1	.....
Shooting with intent	.....	.....	.....	1
Sodomy	.....	1	.....	.....
Threatening and seditious language	.....	.....	1	.....
Vagrancy	14	13	15	7
Other offences not above enumerated	32	2	1	4
Total	222	173	449	80

VICTORIA GAOL.

———o———

VICTORIA GAOL, B. C., November 10th, 1891.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit herewith my fourth annual statistical report of the Victoria Gaol for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

During the prison year 285 prisoners were brought to gaol, being 48 more than the preceding year. On the 31st October, 1890, there were remaining in custody 26 prisoners, and at the end of the present year 53, being 27 more than last year.

It will be observed on looking over the list of crimes, that a number of prisoners were charged with the most serious offences against the law, from that of the common drunk to the gravest of crimes, that of murder. I am pleased to state that each officer connected with the gaol fully recognizes the responsibility of his position and that each has invariably discharged his duties to my satisfaction.

Strict economy has been observed in connection with all gaol expenditures, nevertheless the cost of keep, including all expenses for each prisoner, is 12¼ cents more than that of the year previous. I can only account for increase from the fact that the daily average of prisoners was 9½ less than in 1890. On the other hand, the actual cost of keep for each prisoner per diem for food and clothing is about one cent per day less. The total cost of food and clothing amounted to $1,469.68, whilst the total sum received for keep of prisoners from all sources was $2,856.51, and if the sum of $369.90 for the sale of gaol produce is included, the amount would be $3,226.41, leaving a balance in favour of the gaol on the food and clothing account of $1,756.73.

All articles supplied to the gaol by contract are fully up to the requirement, and of good quality, with the exception of the bread, which has been on different occasions of poor quality; but since I have called the attention of the contractor to the matter there has been a decided improvement in that most important article of gaol diet.

The health of prisoners generally during the year, with few exceptions, has been good, no deaths having occurred. The sanitary appointments and the drainage of the gaol are carefully attended to.

Prisoners sentenced to hard labour have been mostly employed on the gaol premises, clearing and grubbing new land, improving the grounds generally, and the usual garden work. A shed has been constructed at the rear of the gaol, at a slight expense, for the use of prisoners during the wet winter months, when employed breaking stone for roads, of which material there is a considerable quantity on hand ready for use.

The discipline of prisoners confined in gaol on the whole has been good, more especially considering the fact that all male prisoners, good, bad, and indifferent, are confined in the same ward, and have more or less intercourse with each other. However, this cannot be avoided, as there is no means of classifying prisoners according to their behaviour or crime.

It having been proved to my satisfaction that the wickets in the cell doors were large enough to admit of prisoners tampering with the locks and of a medium-size prisoner to pass through, I had the wickets of 44 cells strengthened and the size reduced by the placing of iron bars across the wicket, so that in future there need be no apprehension of trouble from this source.

During the year there has been one escape from custody. A prisoner sentenced to one year at hard labour for robbery managed to elude the vigilance of the guard when working at the rear of the gaol, and near the fence. The prisoner managed to get into the city during the night and was ably assisted by his friends (a number of longshoremen) to make good his escape to the United States. This man was known as a "tough," and the province loses nothing by his absence; but it is very undesirable that any criminal should obtain his liberty by escape, since it encourages attempts by others, and no effort or reasonable expense should be spared to secure a recapture should an escape occur again.

Religious service is held for the benefit and improvement of prisoners every Sunday. The Rev. M. C. Brown, M.A., of the Church of England, has inaugurated a service in the morning, and the Woman's Christian Temperance Union continue, as in the past, a service in the afternoon, both services being well attended; so that from a spiritual point of view the religious requirements of prisoners are by no means neglected.

In my last annual report attention was called to several needed improvements, the principal one being the insecurity of the high gaol-yard fence, which is liable to be blown down at any time during the strong winds of winter. It is very desirable that an appropriation of $300.00 be made in the estimates for this very necessary work.

I have again compiled a complete list of crimes, nationalities, occupations, religious denominations, habits, social condition, and ages, in as concise a form as possible, and which, for some unaccountable reason, was not included in the published report of last year.

I have the honour to be Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. F. JOHN,

Warden.

F. S. Hussey, Esq.,
Superintendent Provincial Police, &c., &c., Victoria.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT VICTORIA, B. C.

Report for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

1.—OFFICIAL STAFF.

OFFICE.	NAME.	SALARY PER ANNUM.
Warden	R. F. John	$1,200 00
1st Gaoler	Wm. Muldoon	960 00
2nd ,,	E. J. Parsons	840 00
3rd ,,	R. Liddell	840 00
1st Guard	A. Thomas	960 00
2nd ,,	C. H. F. Blake	840 00
3rd ,,	Jos. Mellon	720 00
Gaol Surgeon	Dr. J. S. Helmcken	400 00
		$6,760 00

2—.STATEMENT "A."

Number of Prisoners remaining in custody 31st October, 1890	26
Number of Prisoners received during the year	285
	311

3.—STATEMENT "B."

A Return of the names, ages, callings, and crimes of Prisoners who died in Gaol during the year ending 31st October, 1891 ..... None.

4.—STATEMENT "C."

Discharged from Prison on expiration of sentence	133	
,, ,, Supreme Court	37	
,, ,, County Court Judge's Criminal Court		
,, ,, Provincial Police Court	19	
,, on payment of fine	28	
,, temporarily insane	5	
Transferred to Penitentiary	7	
,, Lunatic Asylum	2	
,, Nanaimo Gaol	2	
,, Naval authorities	21	
Out on bail	3	
Escaped from custody	1	
		258
Remaining in custody 31st October, 1891		53
		311

5.—STATEMENT "D."

Offenders pardoned during the year	None.

6.—STATEMENT "E."

Average number of Prisoners per month	990
" " per day	32½
Number of Prisoners in confinement on 31st October, 1890	26
" " " 1891	53
Total number received during the year	285

7.—STATEMENT "F."—Receipts and Expenditure for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Amount received for keep of Prisoners, Victoria City	$1,783 86	
" " " Naval	855 25	
" " " Provincial	217 40	
		$2,856 51
Cash received for sale of Gaol produce and paid to Sergt. Langley		369 90
Provincial fines received and paid to Sergt. Langley and Supt. Hussey		163 50
Victoria City Police Court fines received and paid over to Clerk, C. P. Court		285 00

Expenditure.

Bread	$478 78	
Meat	384 56	
Groceries, soap, brooms, and brushes	422 24	
Clothing, bedding, and repairing material	184 10	
		1,469 68
Coal and coke		455 40
Light (gas)		225 95
Water		107 28
Medicine and disinfectants		36 81
Lime, paint, oil, and tar		30 13
Household and kitchen utensils		39 50
Works and buildings, including tools		291 18
Repairs to locks and cell doors		145 00
Sundry accounts, as per vouchers		83 37
		2,884 30
Salaries, including 8 months to ex-Guard Workman, disabled		7,120 00
Total		$10,004 30

Keep of each Prisoner for food and clothing, per diem	12¾ cents.
" " including salaries and all expenses, per diem	84¼ "

Crimes.—Abduction, 1; attempt to rob, 1; assault, 10; assault with intent to rob, 3; accessory to murder, 1; attempt to murder, 1; bigamy, 1; breach Naval Discipline Act, 16; breach Military Act, 7; breach Merchants' Shipping Act, 13; breaking and entering, 1; breaking gaol, 1; broaching cargo, 2; cattle stealing, 1; conspiracy, 16; carrying concealed weapon, 1; creating disturbances, 3; debtors, 1; drunkeness and disorderly, 53; embezzlement,

3; gambling 5; housebreaking, 2; indecent exposure, 2; infraction Indian Liquor Act, 56; larceny, 41; murder, 2; necessary witness, 1; obtaining money by false pretences, 6; obstructing passengers, 1; possessing stolen property, 1; prejury, 2; robbery, 2; rescuing prisoner, 1; rape, 2; refusing to pay fare, 2; sheep stealing, 1; sodomy, 2; unsound mind, 7; vagrancy, 14. Total, 285.

Nationalities.—England, 69; Ireland, 24; Scotland, 16; Wales, 7; Canada, 20; British Columbia, 57; United States, 39; China, 20; Norway and Sweden, 11; Germany, 5; France, 3; Italy, 3; Australia, 4; other countries, 7. Total, 285.

Occupations.—Bartenders, 2; bricklayers, 1; boot-blacks, 1; boiler-makers, 1; C Battery men, 7; carpenters, 11; cooks, 11; clerks, 3; farmers, 9; fishermen, 19; hostlers, 1; hunters, 1; inn-keepers, 2; labourers, 61; longshoremen, 9; musicians, 1; marines, 4; moulders, 1; machinists, 4; miners, 21; painters, 3; seamen, 44; shoemakers, 1; stokers, 13; stonemasons, 1; tailors, 1; teamsters, 5; traders, 6; tinsmiths, 2; no occupation, 39. Total, 285.

Religious Denominations.—Church of England, 71; Roman Catholic, 58; Presbyterians, 31; Methodist, 25; Lutheran, 14; Baptist, 3; Unitarian, 1; religion not defined, 82. Total, 285.

Educational.—Read and write, 180; read only, 13; no education, 92. Total, 285.

Social Condition.—Single, 205; married, 74; widowers, 5; widows, 1. Total, 285.

Habits.—Temperate, 58; intemperate, 227. Total, 285.

Ages from	17 to 20	24
„	20 to 30	129
„	30 to 40	69
„	40 to 50	39
„	50 to 60	19
„	60 to 70	5
	Total	285

Return showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Month.		Total number confined in Gaol.	Under sentence.	Awaiting trial.	Employed inside of Gaol. Daily average.	Employed in chain-gang. Daily average.	Female.	Sick.	Insane.	Under sentence of death.	Chaingang—where and how employed.	Amount received for prison labour, if any.
Nov.,	1890	47	42	5	13	8	4	1	1	....	Improving grounds, clearing new land, blasting and breaking rock for roads. In very wet weather prisoners are employed picking oakum inside the Gaol. Prison labour has been utilized on Government House grounds and the Government Buildings during the early part of the year.	Nil.
Dec.,	„	58	48	2	17	14	4	9	1	....		There is about $500 worth of broken stone on the premises for the repairing of roads at the present date.
Jan.,	1891	58	50	3	12	15	2	9	1	....		
Feb.,	„	36	33	2	13	7	1	7	2	....		
March,	„	50	27	20	12	7	1	5	2	....		
April,	„	43	37	5	11	14	3	5	1	....		
May,	„	39	38	3	9	12	4	1	1	...		
June,	„	57	39	4	10	12	2	7	2	....		
July,	„	57	45	5	12	17	3	4	1	....		
August	„	61	47	7	14	17	2	4	1	....		
Sept.,	„	66	48	12	16	14	5	5	2	....		
Oct.,	„	76	55	15	18	22	4	3	3	....		

8.—STATEMENT "G."—Tenders accepted for supplies.

Bread	G. T. Demaine.
Meat	John Parker.
Groceries, soap, brooms, and brushes	H. Saunders.
Clothing	H. B. Co.
Coal	Hall, Goepel & Co.

9.—STATEMENT "H."—Value of Prison Property.

Real Estate and Buildings, estimated value	$65,000 00
Stores and tools, &c., "	2,500 00
Total	$67,500 00

Certified correct.

R. F. JOHN,

Warden.

31st October, 1891.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Report for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

1.—OFFICIAL STAFF.

OFFICE.	NAME.	SALARY PER ANNUM.
1st Gaoler	W. Moresby	$1,200 00
2nd ,,	Geo. W. Armstrong	912 00
3rd ,,	Joseph Burr	720 00
4th ,,	George Robinson	720 00
1st Convict Guard	W. H. Edwards	960 00
2nd ,,	A. O'Connor	720 00
3rd ,,	Richard B. Lister	720 00

2.—STATEMENT "A."

Number of Prisoners remaining in custody 31st October, 1890 41
,, ,, received during the year 224

3.—STATEMENT "B."—A Return of the names, ages, callings, and crimes of Prisoners who died in Gaol during the year ending 31st October, 1891 ..... None.

4.—STATEMENT "C."

Discharged from Prison on expiration of sentence	118
,, ,, Supreme Court	12
,, ,, County Court Judge's Criminal Court	13
,, ,, Provincial Police Court	20
,, on payment of fine	31
,, temporarily insane	2
Transferred to Penitentiary	12
,, Lunatic Asylum	13
,, Reformatory	
,, Naval authorities	
Remaining in custody 31st October, 1891	41

5.—STATEMENT "D."

Offenders pardoned during the year 1

6.—STATEMENT "E."

Average number of Prisoners per month	1,304¾
,, ,, day	43
Number of Prisoners in confinement on 31st October, 1890	41
,, ,, ,, 1891	41
Total number received during the year	224

7.—STATEMENT "F."—Receipts and expenditure for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Amount received for keep of Prisoners $2,781 50

Amount of Fines, Forfeitures, and Cash received (full particulars in detail, showing how money has been disposed of):—

DR.			CR.
Fines	$ 900 50	Paid Municipal Court, N. W	$ 920 05
Costs of Court	20 05		
New Westminster Corporation	2,292 00	Paid to C. Warwick, Gov't. Agent	2,781 50
Vancouver Corporation	153 00		
Keep of sailors	336 50		
	$3,702 05		$3,702 05

Cash on hand on 31st October, 1891 ..... *Nil.*

Expenditure:—

Food	$1,412 84
Bedding	78 00
Clothing	380 12
Hospital Stores	128 42
Salaries of Officers	5,592 00
Fuel and Light	781 33
For the erection of new buildings and repairs (sundries)	424 99
	$8,797 70

Keep of each prisoner for food and clothing per day ..... $9^1/$ cents.

" " including salaries and all expenses, per diem ..... $62^3/_5$ "

Return showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Month.		Total number confined in Gaol.	Under sentence.	Awaiting trial.	Employed inside of Gaol.	Employed in chain-gang.	Female.	Sick.	Insane.	Under sentence of death.	Chain-gang—where and how employed.	Amount received for prison labour (if any).
Nov.,	1890	66	50	16	290	138	2	18	1	....	Gaol yard and Court House ..	Nil.
Dec.,	"	75	59	16	310	164	2	25	3	1	"	"
Jan.,	1891	56	49	7	310	203	1	14	1	1	Corporation and Gaol yard ...	"
Feb.,	"	56	49	7	280	136	2	12	....	....	" " ...	"
March,	"	58	48	10	310	282	4	16	1	....	" " ...	"
April,	"	61	49	12	300	274	3	16	2	....	" " ...	"
May,	"	62	49	13	310	308	2	17	1	....	" " ...	"
June,	"	73	56	17	300	334	2	4	1	....	" " ...	"
July,	"	56	49	7	310	542	1	10	2	....	" " ...	"
August,	"	56	50	6	191	527	1	9	2	....	" " ...	"
Sept.,	"	78	69	9	270	534	....	6	1	....	....	
Oct.,	"	52	43	9	310	257	....	6	1	1	.....	

8.—STATEMENT "G."—Tenders accepted for supplies.

W. Dickinson	Meat and vegetables	T. J. Rae	Groceries.
A. Tennasse	Bread.	Do.	Clothing.
Wm. H. Vianan	Fish.	J. E. Wise	Fuel.

9.—STATEMENT "H."—Value of Prison Property.

Real estate and buildings	$100,000 00
Stores and tools, &c	2,000 00

Certified correct.

W MORESBY,

Gaoler.

31st October, 1891.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT NANAIMO, B. C.

Report for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

1.—OFFICIAL STAFF.

OFFICE.	NAME.	SALARY PER ANNUM.
Constable and Gaoler	William Stewart	$1,080 00
Constable and Assistant Gaoler	Samuel Drake	960 00
Constable	Alexander F. McKinnon	720 00
1st Convict Guard	Archibald Hamilton	720 00
2nd "	Moses H. McIndoo	720 00
Medical Officer	Louis T. Davis, M. D	240 00

2.—STATEMENT "A."

Number of Prisoners remaining in custody 31st October, 1891 32
" " received during the year 553

Total 585

3.—STATEMENT "B."

A Return of the names, ages, callings, and crimes of Prisoners who died in Gaol during the year ending 31st October, 1891 ..... Nil.

4.—STATEMENT "C."

Discharged from Prison on expiration of sentence 99
" " Supreme Court 4
" " County Court Judge's Criminal Court 2
" " Provincial Police Court, a number paying costs 220
" on payment of fine 310
" temporary insane 1
Transferred to Penitentiary 6
" Lunatic Asylum 2
" Reformatory .....
" Naval authorities .....
Remaining in custody 31st October, 1891 32

5.—STATEMENT "D."

Offenders pardoned during the year ..... Nil.

6.—STATEMENT "E."

Average number of Prisoners per month ..... $927\frac{5}{6}$
" " day ..... $30\frac{1}{2}$
Number of Prisoners in confinement on 31st October, 1890 27
" " " " 1891 32
Total number received during the year 585

7.—STATEMENT "F."—Receipts and expenditure for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Amount received for keep of Prisoners ..... Nil.

Amount of fines, forfeitures, and cash received (full particulars in detail, showing how money has been disposed of) :—

Revenue—Fines and Fees	$3,629 50
Justices' Fees	560 00
Constables' Fees	1,329 00

Expenditure :—

Food	$1,189 09
Bedding	244 35
Clothing	528 05
Sundries	204 60
Salaries of Officers	4,440 00
Water	60 00
Fuel and Light	200 69
Tools and repairs	28 40
For the erection of new buildings and repairs	53 15
	$6,948 33

Keep of each prisoner for food and clothing per day ..... $15\frac{1}{2}$

" " including salaries and all expenses, per diem ..... $62\frac{4}{10}$

Return showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Month.		Total number confined in Gaol.	Under sentence.	Awaiting trial.	Employed inside of Gaol.	Employed in chain-gang.	Female.	Sick.	Insane.	Under sentence of death.	Chain-gang—where and how employed.	Amount received for prison labour (if any).
Nov.,	1890	781	28	4	121	233	16	23	1	...	Grading Departure Bay Road, repairing Comox Road, and clearing various streets in the Municipality, &c., &c.	Nil.
Dec.,	,,	839	25	2	127	109	10	15	1	....		
Jan.,	1891	853	28	1	123	262	20	15	....	....		
Feb.,	,,	789	31	2	102	214	3	53	....	....		
March,	,,	862	29	4	125	282	21	7	....	....		
April,	,,	921	30	4	147	294	8	52	....	....		
May,	,,	978	30	6	174	347	27	11	1	....		
June,	,,	1024	32	6	155	340	17	19	....	....		
July,	,,	941	32	....	179	355	21	34	....	....		
August,	,,	899	32	....	156	348	43	21	....	....		
Sept.,	,,	814	31	....	99	315	49	27	....	....		
Oct.,	,,	990	37	....	85	357	70	27	....	....		

8.—STATEMENT "G."—Tenders accepted for supplies.

Bread	Black & Malcolm.
Meat and vegetables	E. Quennell.
Groceries, &c	Hirst Bros.
Clothing, &c	,,

9.—STATEMENT "H."—Value of Prison Property.

Real estate and buildings	$11,300 00
Stores and tools, &c	1,722 00
Total	$13,022 00

Certified correct.

W. STEWART,

Gaoler.

31st October, 1891.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT KAMLOOPS.

Report for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

1.—OFFICIAL STAFF.

OFFICE.	NAME.	SALARY PER ANNUM.
Gaoler	J. A. Sinclair	$840 00
Convict Guard	J. C. McLearn	720 00

2.—STATEMENT "A."

Number of Prisoners remaining in custody 31st October, 1890 13
" " received during the year 113

3.—STATEMENT "B."

A Return of the names, ages, callings, and crimes of Prisoners who died in Gaol during the year ending 31st October, 1891.

NAME.	AGE.	COUNTRY.	CALLING.	RESIDENCE.	CRIME.	DATE OF DEATH.
Donald Matheson	37	Scotland	Labourer	Kamloops	Drunkenness	28th February.

4.—STATEMENT "C."

Discharged from Prison on expiration of sentence 51
" " Supreme Court ....
" " County Court Judge's Criminal Court 1
" " Provincial Police Court 8
" on payment of fine 21
" temporarily insane 6
Transferred to Penitentiary 7
" Lunatic Asylum 3
" Reformatory ....
" Naval authorities ....
Remaining in custody 31st October, 1891 12

5.—STATEMENT "D."

Offenders pardoned during the year ..... Nil.

6.—STATEMENT "E."

Average number of prisoners per month	21
" " " day	16.3
Number of prisoners in confinement on 31st October, 1890	13
" " " " 1891	12
Total number received during the year	113

7.—STATEMENT "F."—Receipts and expenditure for the year ending 31st October, 1891.

Amount received for keep of prisoners	$
Amount of fines, forfeitures, and cash received (full particulars in detail, showing how money has been disposed of):—Paid to Government Agent at Kamloops	320 00
Cash on hand on 31st October, 1891	Nil.

Expenditure:—

Food	$ 317 04
Bedding	11 55
Clothing	132 98
Hospital stores	58 35
Salaries of officers	1,480 00
Fuel and light	181 55
For the erection of new buildings and repairs	9 00
Total	$2,190 47

Keep of each prisoner for food and clothing, per day	7½ cents.
" " including salaries and all expenses, per diem	36¾ "

Return showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st October, 1891

Month.		Total number confined in Gaol.	Under sentence.	Awaiting trial.	Employed inside of Gaol.	Employed in chain-gang.	Female.	Sick.	Insane.	Under sentence of death.	Chain-gang—where and how employed.	Amount received for prison labour (if any).
Nov.,	1890	14	13	1	5	8	1	4	....	..	Grading streets, Kamloops.	
Dec.,	"	17	16	1	5	9	1	1	1	..		
Jan.,	1891	15	14	1	5	9	1	....	....	..		
Feb.,	"	19	15	4	5	9	2	3	....	..		
March,	"	19	15	4	6	9	2	2	....	..		
April,	"	27	23	4	6	17	2	1	1	..		
May,	"	26	23	3	7	13	3	....	....	..	3 awaiting transport to Westminster.	
June,	"	26	24	2	6	17	4	....	....	..		
July,	"	21	19	2	8	10	4	1	1	..		
August,	"	25	24	1	7	11	5	1	1	..		
Sept.,	"	22	18	4	9	7	4	2	....	..		
Oct.,	"	21	19	2	9	7	4	1	....	....		

8.—STATEMENT "G."—Tenders accepted for supplies.

Wood & Tunstall	Clothing.
H. B. Company	Groceries.
T. Hornby	Wood.
L. J. Edwards	Coal.
J. S. Smith	Bread.
Hull Bros. & Co	Meat.
W. H. Buse	Vegetables.

9.—STATEMENT "H."—Value of Prison Property.

Real estate and buildings	$7,000 00
Stores and tools, etc	436 78
Total	$7,436 78

Certified correct,

J. A. SINCLAIR,
Gaoler

31st October, 1891.

JUVENILE REFORMATORY.

Return of all Lads sentenced to confinement in the Victoria Juvenile Reformatory.

NAME.	AGE.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	COUNTRY.	REMARKS.
David Caffire	13	Larceny	18 mos. imprisonment	British Columbia	Escaped from the Reformatory during August, 1890, and recaptured; made a final escape October 19, 1890.
Charles Caffire	11	Larceny	18 ,, ,,	British Columbia	Escaped from the Reformatory October 19, 1890.
David Sellick	15	Vagrancy	6 ,, ,,	Canada	Escaped from the Reformatory 19th October, 1890.
George VanHorst	14	Larceny	3 ,, ,,	British Columbia	Escaped from the Reformatory twice in one month, but now in custody.
George Brown	16	Larceny	1 ,, ,,	British Columbia	Discharged; time expired March 19, 1892.
Jeff Nibby	13	Larceny	3 ,, ,,	British Columbia	In custody.

VICTORIA B.C.:
Printed by RICHARD WOLFENDEN, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.