

Prosecution Witnesses Prove Good Witnesses for Defense

Justice Metcalfe Puts Prosecuting Witness Admits Strike Committee to Co-operate So That They Be No Suffering

(Special to The Federationist) For more than three hours Monday afternoon, Mayor Gray... Justice Metcalfe put the prosecuting witness... to co-operate so that they be no suffering.

At lucid intervals he would have the question answered before his questioner had finished speaking, giving every indication that he had fallen a victim to stage fright when about to repeat a story that lacked rehearsal.

Sometimes he said he did not remember the circumstances which the questioner covered. Again he would blurt out his answers in a manner which would indicate that they were well committed.

Causes Checked In his versatile attack, Mr. McMurray showed Mr. Gray in his true colors. He parried direct by him to word Mr. A. J. Andrews, K. C., counsel for the crown, caused dozens of chuckles among those in the crowded courtroom. It was the consensus of those who are willing to take an unbiased attitude toward the accused that Mayor Gray proved a good witness for the defense, as did J. M. Carruthers, general manager of the Crescent Creamery, and Dr. M. H. Garvin, two witnesses called by the crown. Both sorely tried to impress upon the jury that the strike committee endangered human life in order to attain victory. Their pretended convictions were quickly brought to light under the unrelenting questioning of Mr. McMurray, who met every attempt of the two witnesses for the crown to lead the judge and jury to believe they were telling the truth, by his references to every detail of importance leading up to and during the strike.

Causes of Strike Mr. McMurray's questions supported the following contentions: The riots in January were caused by the unemployment among the returned soldiers. The strike of the metal trades and the general strike later, were called because the ironmasters would not permit collective bargaining, and because a principle could not be arbitrated, according to a statement made by Senator Robertson in 1915. Labor was ready to enter into negotiations to settle the general strike, six days after it was called. The Citizens committee took the fight into its own hands to crush Labor.

These Cards The misunderstanding caused by the issuing of cards to union drivers operating bread and milk wagons, was the wording of the cards and the place on which they were tacked.

CHARLES LESTOR AT THE EMPRESS The International Situation Today Will Be His Subject

The Socialist Party of Canada has been given a whole lot of free advertising lately, in connection with the Winnipeg trial. To any one who is at all acquainted with this party, all this talk of plotting revolution, etc., appears as a farce. Everyone is invited to all meetings and classes, and it would be a good idea for all workingmen and women, who wish to know the truth concerning these much-noted people, to attend the Sunday night meeting at the Empress Theatre. Here one will always be able to spend a profitable hour, and may probably gain quite a little knowledge concerning the present world-wide problem of defeating the working class. Next Sunday, Charles Lestor will be the speaker. Doors open at 7:30. Questions and discussion invited. The subject will be the "International Situation Today."

STREET CARMEN ELECT OFFICERS F. A. Hoover Loses to Cottrell for Office of Business Agent

The election of officers held by Division 101 Street and Electric Railways on December 8 resulted as follows: President, B. Rigby; acclamation; first vice-president, J. Byron 285; A. MacLennan 453; second vice-president, R. Foster 435; P. Logee 287; business agent, W. H. Cottrell 401; F. A. Hoover 372; recording secretary, F. W. Griffin 387; A. V. Loring 173; H. Speed 192; treasurer, E. B. Cleveland 380; J. Sidaway 380; warden (daymen), J. Hendry 618; J. A. Wood 81; warden (night men), W. H. Arnold, acclamation; conductor day men, A. E. Cook, acclamation; conductor night men, E. J. Fleet, acclamation; auditors (three), J. Byron 55; A. H. Gilling 318; E. Hougham 509; A. MacLennan 485; J. Price 376; executive member (day men), H. Blazer 224; S. Wedgbury 40; executive member (night men), T. A. Bancroft 30; E. Jackson 45; W. Murray 108; J. Price 87; executive member (extra men), A. H. Gilling 52; W. O. Scott 45; judge of elections, W. Kirby; tellers, W. H. Arnold, J. Auton, E. M. Viney; G. Hansson.

Members of O. B. U. to Decide When They Will Meet at Winnipeg Secretary Midgley has issued a call for a referendum vote dealing with the date of the O. B. U. convention which was postponed as a result of the executive officers of that organization facing trial for seditious conspiracy. The members are asked to vote on the following questions: Are you in favor of postponing the convention until after the trials at Winnipeg are concluded? In which month do you desire the convention to be held—January, 1920; February, 1920; or March, 1920? This step is being taken as from every indication the trials are likely to last longer than was at first expected, and it may be the wish of the members to hold the convention even if the officers are not able to attend.

REFERENDUM ON CONVENTION Members of O. B. U. to Decide When They Will Meet at Winnipeg

DEFENSE COMMITTEE TO MEET The defense committee will meet tonight (Friday) at 8 o'clock in the Federationist office. All members are urged to attend.

NOTICE TO WORKERS The miners of Kimberley, B. C., are on strike for a living wage, which the Consolidated Company refuse to grant, while at the same time admitting that the men in their employ are the lowest paid in the province in the mining industry. The miners of Moyie, B. C., have been locked out by the Consolidated Company for refusing to assist the Kimberley strike. All workers are warned to keep away from Kimberley and Moyie until trouble is settled. Do not be fooled by Consolidated Company's offer of cheap fares to Kimberley and Moyie. GEORGE DINGWALL, Acting District Secretary.

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Suggests That There Be General Closing Down of Industry

Member of Ruling Class in Financial Journal Suggests Starvation to Defeat Workers' Efforts to Maintain Standard of Living--Ruling Class, Not Working Class, Has "Public Be Damned" Policy

SO MUCH HAS BEEN SAID in the capitalistic press about the need for more and more production, and the inefficiency of the workers, that there are many small business people in this country, that are of the opinion that all the Labor troubles are the result of insatiable greed on the part of those who toil. Reference has also been made to the sabotage of the workers. Some weeks ago in an editorial in the Federationist, reference was made to the necessity for closing down of industry in the interest of "good business," and particularly as to this method being used in the United States. During the past week confirmation of this method of breaking the power of organized labor, and the methods to be adopted were received. They are so startling, and disclose the absolute mercilessness of the ruling class, that we reproduce them in their entirety. The most brutal and illuminating passages are emphasized.

GETTING-DOWN TO REAL LABOR PROBLEM When all these larger strikes have been suppressed, and the control of Labor beaten out by the government, the workman's situation will be the same as it was before. Something will have to be done for him, and harmony between the employer and the workman established in a real way. At the bottom of it all, Labor must be taught that benefits cannot come by legislation or magic, unsound re-arrangement of the economic forces of the world; in other words, that the good things of life, comfortable living, more leisure, luxuries, must all be earned in the sweat of the brow, that the only cure for the present ills is work—earnest, unstinted, freely given, a co-operation of all the talents of the man in charge and the man at the bench.

This is a difficult thing to teach after the more or less wild riot of the world during five years of war. An intelligent correspondent writes: "We all realize that rigid industrial unrest is widespread. Labor was never so extravagant, inordinate in demands, inefficient, and red as it is today, when the crying economic and moral needs of this country require conditions just the reverse of these.

"Probably the only general corrective of these adverse conditions will be in the operation of natural law—that of supply and demand."

The letter was written before the coal strike had been called off, and he thinks if such strikes should become a success, "then many large employers of Labor ought to promptly close down their plants. As long as Labor continues to win its demands, it will be as insatiable as the grave and the womb. Millions of involuntarily idle men and women would have a quick sobering effect on Labor as a whole; infinitely more so than all the moral precepts that have been uttered since the earliest times in ancient India.

"The best interests of all may soon demand a serious industrial depression. Courage and decision in the application of a desperate remedy are fast becoming imperative. Such a course may alone conserve or restore the proper interests of millions of investors. Of course, every person who owns a home, has a savings bank account, holds a life insurance policy, or a share in a building and loan association, is an investor; there are 113,334 investors in Pennsylvania railroad stock holdings alone! And many million investors in Liberty Bonds. The 'Reds' shall not prevail against them."

It may require economic depression to straighten out the heresies of the times, but the success of the government action in the coal strike marks a distinct advance. Its good effects will extend not only throughout the United States, but all over the world. It indicates that the majority of American workmen are not in favor of obtaining the benefits they desire by brute force. Even their leaders have been made to believe that the greater power of public opinion is against such methods. Once before the government has exerted its power to overcome strikes. It was then the initiative of one man, Grover Cleveland, that acted, but it was as a leader of public opinion, not as in this last instance, when the power of the public enforced action. Nevertheless, the benefit is obtained.

THE STRIKE LEADERS' DEFEAT The complete breakdown of the steel strike is shown by this week's reports in the steel and iron journals. A week of the coal strike passed without cutting down steel production, and now that the coal strike is called off, an early increase in output of pig iron and finished steel is expected. Mills which were completely shut down when the strike began, are now receiving returning workers in larger numbers than at any time since then. For instance, at Youngstown, 60 per cent. of the open hearth furnaces are now in operation, according to the Iron Age, and 32 out of 25 blast furnaces representing over 50 per cent. of the pig iron capacity.

That the coal miners are not immediately returning to work is not to be wondered at, when the pleasure of the vacation from the discomforting work are considered. The claims of the workers will be reviewed under circumstances favorable to them. Their action in striking is not laid against them, as, under the tyranny of leadership which pertains to most unions, they had little choice but to strike. The defeat in these two strikes is not especially a rebuke to the workers themselves, but a square blow at Bolshevist despotism, endeavored to be put over American workmen by revolutionary leaders.

With the West rising en masse against the I. W. W. righteously indicted to exterminate these enemies of the Republic and of civilization by the dastardly sniping and killing of American

T. A. BARNARD AT THE NATIONAL Labor Party School Plans Christmas Concert for December 29

It is expected that Comrade T. A. Barnard, who is at present in Prince Rupert, will be back in time to take the platform at the Federated Labor Party meeting in the National Theatre next Sunday evening. The chair will be taken by Mrs. J. A. Clark. Doors open at 7:30 p.m.

Last Sunday saw a record attendance at the Labor Party School. The attendance during the last few weeks has been steadily improving and last Sunday was the best yet. The subject to be taken up next Sunday afternoon is: "History, Real and So-called." The school at present is divided into three classes, all in the charge of capable teachers and parents who would have all points of view presented to the children should send them to the O'Brien Hall every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p.m.

The annual Christmas concert for the children of the Labor School will be held Monday, December 29, in the Granville Hall, 641 Granville Street. Last year's concert was an unqualified success, and both committee and children intend to make this one equal that of last year—it couldn't be better.

The regular monthly social meeting of the Junior Labor League will be held Friday, December 19, at the club rooms, 52 Dufferin Street West. As there are still four more committees to be appointed for the 1920 term, a full turn-out of the members is expected.

On Saturday, December 13, representatives of the F.L.P. Debating Club will meet Messrs. Hubbard and Watts of the Vancouver Co-operative Society in a debate on "Resolved that the co-operative movement is an asset to the community." Comrades Batt and Westmoreland will take the negative for the F.L.P. Club. The date will be held in the Labor Party rooms, 510 Dominion building.

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Professor Angus Discusses International Exchange Rates

Shows How Paper Currency Increases Prices of Commodities—Trades Council Wants O. B. U. Convention in January—O. B. U. Is Still Growing

At last night's meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, Professor Angus gave a very interesting address on the question of international exchange, and the cause of the varying rates of exchange between different countries. His address was well received and many questions were asked at the close, which were answered in a manner that left little doubt as to the opinion of the speaker, who showed a good grasp of his subject, his handling of the most delicate and worthy effort. The address was appreciated as evidenced by the hearty vote of thanks that was passed by the council after questions had been asked and different points raised discussed.

O. B. U. Convention The call for a referendum vote on the date for the O. B. U. convention was read, and after it had been explained by President Midgley, that the taking of a vote in the council was only an expression of opinion, and that the members would vote on the question in their units, a vote was taken, the council expressing the unanimous opinion that the convention should be held in January.

Business Agent Wood reported that the date of the past week had been taken up in the gathering of data to present to the Social Service Commission when it held its sittings here.

LOGGERS QUARTERS RAIDED AT KAMLOOPS Active strikes now being maintained at the camps of Adams River Lumber Co. at Chase; Roberts Lake Camp at Rock Bay; Hanson's Pie Camp, Sheraton, and the Kimberley Mines.

Nothing Incriminating Is Found—Lists Are Taken The Alert Bay men have decided to adopt tactics in their strike, particulars of which will be dealt with in their own report under a separate heading.

Hylo strike has been satisfactorily settled, although later reports are to the effect that the employers are trying to side step the terms of settlement to which they agreed.

Further reports coming from delegates in camps are to the effect that when their camps reopen in the new year blankets and sheets will be provided, the employers having given promises to that effect.

In next week's Federationist full details of defense fund contributions will be given. Several camps are already reporting the appointments of their delegates for January general meeting. Camps with 50 paid up members can select a delegate whose transportation only will be paid by the organization; his expenses must be defrayed by the men whom he represents. His credentials must be signed by at least 50 members as evidence to the organization.

Is Getting Up-to-date Library—Good Literature Sales The usual weekly meeting of the above unit, held in the Crystal Theatre, was a lively one. Brother Moir occupied the chair and after the reading of minutes, correspondence, etc., a general discussion took place on the advisability of appointing a committee to meet the Social Service Commission. Brother Waters was of the opinion that a committee should be appointed to gather data to place before the commission, pointing out that while the preamble of the O.B.U. advocated production for use, it also mentioned that the O.B.U. was organized to carry on a fight for wages, hours, etc.

Brother McGregor took the opposite view, stating that the master class of the workers, that the workers would be better occupied with their own education, than in helping to solve difficulties for the master class and thus perpetuate the system. After a lengthy discussion the communication was ordered filed.

The educational committee reported considerable improvement in the sale of literature and that \$100 was being expended in getting together the nucleus of an up-to-date library for the use of the members.

The unit since its formation has fitted a comfortable headquarters, fitted with a bookcase in the process of being filled with the best working class papers, with a few of the worst thrown in, and games; in short a place where the boys can gather and take counsel together. Every second Friday evening is set apart for an open forum, next Friday Brother McFadyen will open the discussion, the subject being the "Ideals of the O.B.U."

Leave for Winnipeg Jack Kavanagh and Jack Harrington have been called to Winnipeg to give evidence for the defense of the men now being held for seditious conspiracy. They will leave for the prairie metropolis this week-end.

Transport Workers Unit O. B. U. At the last meeting of the Transport Workers' Unit five new members were signed up, and a most interesting discussion took place on the various matters which are at present confronting the various units of the O. B. U. A general fund met with a favorable reception, and two members were appointed to sit on the committee which has this matter in hand. It was decided that the meetings of December 24 and December 31 be cancelled on account of the Christmas festivities. Members will please take notice that the meeting on Wednesday, Dec. 17, will be the last meeting this year, and nominations for officers will take place on that date. Be sure to be on hand that night to take part in the proceedings.

HEDLEY MINES ARE CLOSED In spite of the fact that the Hedley mines are now closed down, T. McKay, who has just arrived in Vancouver, brought \$70 for the defense fund from the miners at that place.

TUCKETT'S STILL UNFAIR The Tuckett Tobacco Co., of London, Ont., is still unfair to organized labor. Union men are advised to make it their business to insist on getting their share out of a box bearing the Blue (Union) Label.

ELECTRICIANS TO HOLD SMOKER Victory or no victory over the international office, the membership of Local 213, Electrical Workers, are going to hold a routing big smoker. The Union will hold the day after the trial. The attorney for the international office has had the case postponed time and time again, and has been trying to obtain another postponement. The judge, however, will not hear of further delay, so the case will come before him on December 16. The officers and members of Local 213 who have instituted this case to restrain the international office from revoking the charter are looking forward to a decision in their favor. The smoker will be held Wednesday evening, December 17, at 440 Pender Street West, and no matter what the decision of the judge is, the boys do not intend to allow it to interfere with their justification. Tickets are 50 cents, refreshments free.

JOLLIFICATION TO BE HELD DAY AFTER INJUNCTION CASE IS HEARD Victory or no victory over the international office, the membership of Local 213, Electrical Workers, are going to hold a routing big smoker. The Union will hold the day after the trial. The attorney for the international office has had the case postponed time and time again, and has been trying to obtain another postponement. The judge, however, will not hear of further delay, so the case will come before him on December 16. The officers and members of Local 213 who have instituted this case to restrain the international office from revoking the charter are looking forward to a decision in their favor. The smoker will be held Wednesday evening, December 17, at 440 Pender Street West, and no matter what the decision of the judge is, the boys do not intend to allow it to interfere with their justification. Tickets are 50 cents, refreshments free.

SERIOUS OUTLOOK IN CAPITAL CITY Reports as to labor conditions in Victoria would intimate that there is a serious unemployed problem in the Capital City. It is estimated that, owing to the closing down of the shipyards there, that there are 4500 men idle at the present time. During the week Mayor Porter wired to Ottawa urging that wooden shipbuilding be carried on for the government. The wire also intimated that it would be cheaper to build ships than it would to put down disorder. This would indicate that Mayor Porter considers the situation as being serious. A strong deputation representing the city, the Board of Trade, shipbuilding and lumber interests, with a representative of the Metal Trades Council, is on its way to interview the government and urge that some measures of relief be at once instituted.

PREPARING FOR A NEW SCALE O. B. U. Engineers Will Hold Meeting Sunday Afternoon Engineers and Mill Workers Unit of the O. B. U. will take a vote on the question of having the O. B. U. convention postponed at the O. B. U. next meeting in Vancouver next Monday evening, and as this matter is considered important, members should make it a point to be present in order to vote on this question. As the early part of each meeting is now thrown open for general organization purposes, members should get their fellow workers who have not yet joined the O. B. U. to attend when an attempt will be made to get their interested and become members.

The Hoist and Portable Engineers of the O. B. U. are preparing to enforce the new wage scale of 48 per day of eight hours, which has been endorsed by the Trades and Labor Council, and which becomes effective on Jan. 1st, 1920. A meeting of Engineers engaged on lever work has been called for 3 p.m. Sunday afternoon, in room 217, Labor Temple, when a general discussion regarding plans for enforcing the new scale will take place.

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News of the Lumber Workers Industrial Unit of the O. B. U.

(Continued from page 2) by such methods as they have adopted, why, we say hop to it, and be welcome. We know that if the company persist in repressive methods, this matter will come up again. It is only postponed, that's all.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT OF THE STRIKE AT HYLO, NORTH-WESTERN LUMBER CO.

Agreed that all men that are employed at Hylco for the Northwestern Lumber Co., be paid \$60 to \$70 per month, and that all men who were employed at the camp when the strike took place against a reduction in wages be given free transportation to the camp, and that the fare paid by them to Edmonton be refunded at the end of the season. It is also understood that in case when an individual for good reason is obliged to quit work, or is fired by the foreman, his fare to the city of Edmonton to be paid by the company.

Also that no discrimination takes place against the men on account of any activities in the strike or because he is a member of this organization.

Also that all bunkhouses be cleaned and washed, and that a new well be dug, so as to give drinking water to the men that is fit to drink, and that spittoons be provided in the camps.

(Signed) A. B. DONLEY, Northwest Lumber Co.

THE SQUAREST EMPLOYER IN CRANBROOK DISTRICT

Mr. Charles McNab, who has logging camps out from Waldo, is a man that is advancing with the times without having to be dragged, a good man to his employees, and believes in union labor and the eight-hour day, for he knows he has nothing to lose, but will be the gainer when the 8-hour day takes effect, and all camp conditions put up to what the law states. It will cut out the Jippo, who is nothing more than a worker out of place. Then the man with nothing will not be able to make profit off another worker's labor. It is sure bad enough where the employer has to make interest on capital invested.

McNab's camps are situated in a fine body of timber on good ground. The kitchen and dining room is well built and equipped with a good cook to furnish the workers with cats. The boys sure have no kick on that. The bunk houses are fine and roomy, furnished with spring bed and mattresses, and we hope to have blankets added to the list. A fine wash-house has just been completed, and electric light plant installed to furnish the camp with light. Two bull-cooks are responsible for the keeping of the camp and grounds clean. Camp scrubbed twice a week. The workers appreciate the fact that Mr. McNab has taken the lead in better camp conditions, and by retaining same, will show those narrow-minded employers who refuse to better conditions for the worker, what damnable pickers they are in not keeping up with the times.

KAMLOOPS DISTRICT

Membership cards in this office for the following members: K. Emmer, O. Baman, Joseph Miller, A. D. Moorepaure, A. Gridwy, E. J. Olli-coeur, D. Hiatt, A. Maurice, A. E. Campbell, H. Brown, E. E. Balan, H. Hendrickson, Mike Colistra, W. Der-vais, Thomas Gorman, J. McFarlin, J. T. Heming, E. Miller, J. Hogan, A. Anderson, A. Roberts, T. Delay, Pat Bennett, H. A. Thompson, G. Smith, Charles Preston, P. J. Roberts, W. Price, Charles Hawkinson, H. E. Paulson, John Snocick, Steve Kichuk, Wm. McCartney, Wm. Ger-ullo, R. Dondoneau, A. H. Peach. The above are O. B. U. cards. The following are B. C. Logger cards: J. Reid, C. O'Brien, S. Small, John Peina, Walter Isbell, O. Sunesson, Frank Flander, Mike Chornoby, J. C. Pederson, Jerry Davust, Jack Cov-mass, P. Behreudt, C. Armstrong. The following were signed up by Delegate J. Bush on the North Thompson, and have been returned to this office some time ago: L. Nustard, Chas. Vlin, Oscar Ol-son, Frank Bourdon, John M. Mit-chell, John R. McMillan, Alick, Kelly, Frank Brady. Cards returned to this office as not called for: Feder Business, Joe McFedden, M. Berry, J. McClellan, Allan McLaugh-lin, M. Beaton, F. W. Simons, G. Leitch, B. Kamin, James Ken-nedy, U. McGie. Reports returned to this office: G. Coulomb, T. Brown, John Lauke. Mail in this office for the follow-ing: Roy Gunn, D. D. McDonald, J. Daniels, C. D. Wilson, George Brown.

CONTRIBUTORS TO CHASE STRIKE FUND

Paid Through Kamloops Office. Trout Lake camps, per W. Fraser. Five Mile Camp. Walter Fraser, \$5; R. M. Dillon, \$5; Pat Cummins, \$2; John Anderson, \$2; Gust Franzen, \$5; A. Anderson, \$5; John M. Johnson, \$5; Neil O'Don-nell, \$10; B. J. Manion, \$1; F. Falk, \$2; A. E. Johnson, \$5; F. Johnson, \$1; A. McNeill, \$2; W. McFayden, or M. McFayden, \$1. Total, \$51.

Eight Mile Camp

Carl Olson, \$5; Charles Johnson, \$5; J. Beasley, \$5; A. Connell, \$5; P. McCarthy, \$5; Eric Swanson, \$5; A. Anderson, \$5; E. Hendrickson, \$5; G. Varbles, \$5; S. Franck, \$5; P. Norby, \$5; B. Benson, \$5; Mrs. Swedberg, \$1; B. Swedberg, \$1; A. Nelson, \$5. Total, \$67.

Campbell's Camp

Sam Johnson, \$5; G. Girhom, \$1; Harry Jones, \$5; J. Morrison, \$2; M. Johnston, \$5; H. Roberts, \$5; J. Sav-arin, \$1; John Simpson, \$3; S. H. Edwards, \$5; T. McKinley, \$1; P. O'Brien, \$2; B. Madden, \$5; S. C. Miller, \$5; T. J. Campbell, \$5; J. Davidson, \$5; J. Watchorn, \$2; Phil Bevo, \$5; Tom Rodway, \$5; A. E. Carlson, \$2. Total, \$67.

G. McNaughton, \$1; A. Estman, \$1; M. Murray, \$1; Del. Thomas, \$3; James Baldwin, \$5. Total, \$11. Collected at Murdoch's camp 1, Ducks, B. C., by John Bodin: H. Engbriken, \$1; M. Swanson, \$1; Oscar Fleming, \$1; J. C. Pederson, \$1; G. Peterson, \$1; John Bodin, \$3. Total, \$8.

Collected at Kamloops District of

Bob McDonald, \$2; H. Marshall, \$1; C. D. Wilson, \$3.50; Louis Arney, \$1; Jim Lynch, \$2; Fred Johnson, \$10; A. McDonald, \$5; E. G. Hon-nessey, \$2; Dave Palmer, \$2; J. Gor-don, \$5; A. Johnson, \$3; A. Page, \$1; J. L. Neilson, \$1; Thomas Jones, \$5; M. Johnson, \$2; J. Haughton, \$1; Alex. Hoy, \$5; Joseph Donald-son, \$2.20. Total, \$53.70. Received from Vancouver head-quarters per E. Winch, \$250. Total collections for fund, \$509.70. Paid out of district treasury to fund, \$710.55.

Total paid through Kamloops dis-trict office, from Sept. 20 to Nov. 5, \$1280.25. Note—This list does not include any payments which were paid di-rectly to the Strike Committee at Chase or to members sent out by them to collect funds in this district. The Strike Committee have a record of that. This list only includes one payment from the central strike fund, contributions paid through his

DUNCAN BAY STRIKE EXPENSES

Weekly Expense Sheet—Fares, Etc. Aug. 6th, fare and cash, \$29; Aug. 14, to Aug. 20, \$87.85; Aug. 20 to Aug. 28, \$36.20; Aug. 28 to Sept. 14, \$72.45; Sept. 14 to Sept. 19, \$44.35; Sept. 19 to Sept. 26, \$17.80; Sept. 26 to Oct. 2, \$22.65; Oct. 2 to Oct. 10, \$14.40; Oct. 10 to Oct. 17, \$38.85; Oct. 17 to Oct. 24, \$16; Oct. 24 to Nov. 1, \$34.50; Nov. 1 to Nov. 7, \$9.85; Nov. 7 to Nov. 14, \$43; Nov. 14 to Nov. 21, \$35.50; Nov. 21 to Nov. 28, \$88.10. Total expenses, \$590.50.

CASH RECEIVED FROM HEAD-QUARTERS

Collections and Donations. Aug. 6, collections, \$147; Aug. 13, collections, \$58; Aug. 15, collections, \$90.50; Sept. 2, donation, \$5; Sept. 7, received from headquarters, \$50; Sept. 22, headquarters, \$20; Sept. 26, headquarters, \$30; Oct. 7, from head-quarters, \$50; Oct. 28, from head-quarters, \$50; Nov. 11, from head-quarters, \$100; Nov. 22, from head-quarters by delegate, \$10; Nov. 24, from headquarters, \$50. Total, \$590.50.

ANOTHER O. B. U.

Another unit of the O. B. U. was formed at Cranbrook last week when the district secretary, J. H. Thomp-son, and Miss June Esther Rosover were married. The boys say that if he makes as good a husband as he does a secretary it will be a long time before the lady asks for the charter to be surrendered. Jimmy says, "That although with limited experience he nevertheless feels just-ified in saying to his fellow workers, friend, do thou likewise."

A meeting of the "triple alliance" of railway, mine and transport work-ers in London has passed a resolu-tion protesting against the "contin-ued arrest and imprisonment of trade unionists in the United States."

NOVEMBER STATEMENT, 1919

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Wages, office, Janitor, Electric light account, Equipment, etc. Total: \$11,237.93

NOVEMBER STATEMENT, 1919

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Dues, Fees, Delegates' Remittances, Less commission, Less expenses, District members paid, O. B. U. buttons sold, etc. Total: \$1500.56

There Is Time

yet for you to have your suit made by us and delivered to you to wear on Christmas Day. For man or woman we have a selection that combines the finest of weaves and patterns in genuine woollen fabrics of sterling, standard quality. As to style, you select just what you think suits you best. We'll assist your judgment if you like, but we like our customers to please themselves. What we do is to carry out your ideas carefully and faithfully with guaranteed fit and highest grade workmanship at highly economical prices.

Men's Suits \$40 up. Women's Suits \$55 up

ESTABLISHED 1910. B.C. TAILORING COMPANY. 128 HASTINGS ST. EAST. Near Carnegie Library

The guarantee of quality which I give with every piece of "Grady-grade" dentistry is based upon the high quality of the materials and the skill, care and accuracy of the workman-ship. I make a duplicate chart of the work done and an accurate record is kept in this office. Work that, with proper attention, becomes defective in ten years is replaced by me. Of course, it is to the advantage of the patient to keep his mouth in good order, and for this reason I stipulate that he must visit me at least twice a year for the purpose of examination and to receive the advice which I give him regarding the preservation of the teeth.

The Careful Dentist. DR. GRADY. HASTINGS STREET, CORNER OF SEYMOUR. Over Drug Store. Phone 8715

In Cincinnati, members of the Robert Bently Post of the American Legion, raided the headquarters of the Socialist party, sacked the rooms destroyed property and burned thou-sands of books and pamphlets in the streets. Their conduct was so law-less and anarchistic that Mayor John Galvin was moved to denounce the affair as "mob rule."

Ireland is preparing for municipal elections in January, 1920, when the labor party will present a full field of candidates. At a conference held in Dublin, delegates representing the trades councils throughout Ireland decided that the organized workers will contest the elections as a dis-tinct labor party, independent of all other political parties.

VICTOR RECORDS for CHRISTMAS

NOW is the time to make your Holiday selection of Victor Records, as anticipating your requirements we have not only on hand every Record in the Catalogue, but a great many extra copies of all the favorite selections to ensure our customers getting the Records they wish. Call at our store any time, we'll gladly play any Music you wish to hear.

We recommend the following Records as eminently fit for Christmas presents:

- 16053—ADESTE FIDELES Chimes
LEAD, KINDLY LIGHT Chimes
35594—ANGELS FROM REALMS OF GLORY Trinity Choir
OH, LITTLE TOWN OF BETHLEHEM Trinity Choir
17647—FIRST NOWELL Lyric Quartette
NAZARETH Lyric Quartette
16060—HOLY NIGHT (Adam) Macdonough
HOSANNA (Cranier) Macdonough
16996—JOY TO THE WORLD Trinity Choir
O, COME ALL YE FAITHFUL Trinity Choir
88561—NOEL (In French) Enrico Caruso
31873—CHRISTMAS SONGS AND CAROLS Victor Mixed Chorus
216042—CHRISTMAS MORN' Miro's Band
CHRISTMAS EVE Miro's Band

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THE B. C. FEDERATIONIST

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Unity of Labor: The Hope of the World

FRIDAY, December 12, 1919

THIS WEEK WE publish in another column a review of conditions as seen by the big interests. This review is published and circulated by the financial interests of the United States, and certainly makes interesting reading at this time:

HOW THEY WOULD DO IT.

appropriate at this time, when we are told that greater and greater production is necessary to save the world from going to the dogs. We have already, in a previous issue, pointed out that "greater production" to the big interests, does not mean the production of more commodities, but greater production per industrial worker per hour or per day. It also means cheaper production, so that the captains of industry can dispose of the surplus wealth created by the worker in competition with other nations seeking to get control of the world's market.

During the Winnipeg strike, which may not be disconnected with the line of policy advocated in the review in question, strike leaders were charged with making women and children suffer for lack of the necessities of life. Today men are being tried who are accused of having conspired to do all manner of things, and the supposed suffering of men, women and children caused by the strike is being used against them. Yet we have a suggestion given prominence in the review of the financial interests, that suggests a general shutting down of industry all over the United States, in order to defeat the workers in their efforts to resist a lower standard of living. For it must be remembered that the workers organized or unorganized, cannot get more than the market will allow for their labor power. This is realized by the writer who so naively suggests a general closing down of industries. He instances the law of supply and demand in order to make conditions suitable to the employing interests, that as many of the workers as possible should be thrown on the labor market, in order that they can be made to submit to the dictates of the ruling class. He would starve, not the people of a city, but the people of a country, so that the interests of his class might be conserved. For sheer brutality and Hunnish tactics, this policy cannot be beaten, and yet today men are on trial because they took part in a strike, and tied up the industries of a city. And quite possibly on strike because of the carrying out by the employing class interests, such a policy as is advocated in order that Labor may be defeated in its efforts to resist a lowering of the standard of living. And then they accuse Labor of preaching a class war?

If the carrying out of the suggestion contained in the review is not a clear indication that there is a class war, and that the ruling class realizes it much clearer than does the working class, then we are unable to read and understand the relationship between the workers and the ruling class in society. If the employers do not realize that the class war exists, why do they advocate making attacks on the workers as a class? Why do they suggest that the starvation method is the only way to bring about conditions to their liking, and by employers we do not mean the small employer of Labor, but the large financial interests that control and dictate as to how production shall be carried on, and under what conditions. And also when production shall cease and the workers be starved into submission, and rebellious slaves exterminated by the gunmen and thug route. They prate against anarchy, and adopt anarchistic methods. They would be, and are, a law unto themselves. They preach violence, and then accuse the workers of the crimes which they themselves are guilty, and that dear public whom they are so considerate of, and which they say is the victim of strikes, etc., believes that only the worker adopt the "public be damned policy," and that the captains of industry are conserving its interests. As a matter of fact, the public nor any other interest is considered when the interests of the real rulers of the world are at stake. Wars are started and finished at the dictates of the real ruling class, and that dear middle class, still continues to have the opinion that it is playing the game of empire between the industrial wage slaves and their exploiters.

In reality, the small business men and the dear public is gulled by a prostitute press, which gives such information, or misinformation, as the real rulers of the land would have it give. It may be asked how this affects Canada? Our reply is that Canadian interests are largely United States owned and controlled, and if there is anything still left lying around loose that could be exploited in the shape of natural resources it is because the financiers of the United States do not think that they are worth bothering with. In the meantime, citizens' leagues and other monstrosities are formed to kill anarchy. Ye gods, it would make a donkey laugh to see the antics of some of our dear public in these interesting times, when anarchy is rampant, and the ruling class rules

by force and the starvation and machine-gun method. When unarmed workers are arrested and tried for having anarchistic ideas, while the real anarchists, the ruling class, reap the fruits of the exploitation of the slaves of all lands.

THERE ARE CERTAIN people in the world, who are never content unless the general population is miserable. These individuals are more concerned about other people's morals, than about anything else on earth. They would regulate what people should eat, what they should wear, and how they should wear it. They also would remove anything and everything that will tend to make life enjoyable. Nothing meets with their approval unless it is tending to take the joy out of life. The latest point of attack for these people is music on Sundays. A number of individuals who take a delight in music, and can see nothing that is harmful to people's morals in it, have given Vancouver citizens Sunday evening concerts at the Orpheum theatre. These concerts have been largely enjoyed by those attending them. Hence the busy-bodies who are so smug in their own righteousness, would put a stop to them. Now, music in church has never been looked upon as immoral. In fact, the Church at one time monopolized all that was best in the art of music, so that it could control, by its influence, the people that attended the places of worship. If music is not immoral in churches, can some wiseacre tell us how it will tend to demoralize the people of Vancouver if they hear it in a theatre?

THOSE JOY-KILLING PHARISEES.

It is true that many people would sooner hear music in a theatre, and played by the Symphony Orchestra, than they would in a church, and to that extent it may detract from the average church attendance, but that evidently must be the fault of the church, and not the people who don't attend. If the busy-bodies who are so much concerned about the morals of other people, would take a look around Vancouver or any other city, and see the cause of immorality, and prostitution, and all the evils that beset young people in the industrial centres, and take a hand in clearing the world of a system that alone is the cause of all crime, including the robbery of the workers, it might be possible that some attention would be paid to their ravings. In the meantime, if some genius would only inculcate a sense of tolerance in the minds of these modern Pharisees, it might be possible for people to escape from the cares of slaving for a living by listening to real music, outside of a church, without any interference from any busy-bodies that would be better off if they minded their own business, and let other people look after theirs, and their morals at the same time.

IT IS REPORTED in the press that Lenin has stated that the peasants will not conform to the communistic principles of the new order. He is reported as having said at the All-Russian Soviet Congress: "The peasants have become landowners and now side with capitalists against Bolshevism. The peasants must not be treated with violence which might cause rebellion, but by better organization and propaganda they must be converted to the communistic idea."

THEY MUST JOIN FORCES.

The revolution in Hungary was defeated by the peasant or land-owning class, and from the very commencement of the Soviet regime in Russia trouble has been experienced by the lack of understanding amongst the agriculturists of the necessity of communal production. Professor Goode, writing in the Manchester Guardian, and giving his conclusions as to the Soviet regime, referring to the land policy, says: "For the land they have a real policy. If one grants their principles, one can see that they acted swiftly and with effect. They employed expropriation, certainly, but they distributed the land to those who could and would work it, not in a haphazard fashion, but with the usual Bolshevik minuteness of organization necessary for carrying out so stupendous a proposal."

There is nothing strange in the fact that agriculturists cannot see eye to eye with their fellows in the industrial centres. Environment at all times determines the viewpoints of any section of the community, and the industrial worker who is face to face with capitalism in its most intensified form realizes his position much quicker than the agriculturist. In Russia the peasants were land hungry. Lenin realized this at the very outset and gave the land to them. But not realizing social production, and all that this entails, still clinging to the idea that farmers produce wheat, and other farm products, they cannot see the force of keeping the cities supplied with food, neither can they see the necessity and logic of working the land on a communal basis. This must be a lesson to the workers of all countries. Particularly must it be a lesson to the industrial workers on this continent. Capitalism has built up large industrial centres that could not exist for more than a week if the farm supplies were shut out, and the industrial workers would starve in their millions unless the agriculturists were with them in the event of any change taking place. This can be even carried further. It can be applied to countries. Great Britain, which has never been able to produce foodstuffs sufficient for the needs of the people since capitalistic production has been developed to the extent that its people have become a manufacturing and an industrial popula-

tion, and has drawn its foodstuffs from the four corners of the world, as well as raw materials, which have been paid for by the finished products of the industrial workers, could be starved much more effectively than could Germany or Russia, these countries being largely independent of foodstuffs from outside. Russia has not lacked so much foodstuffs as it has lacked the means of producing them. And this again brings us to the necessity of all sections of the working class, whether they be agriculturists or industrial workers, realizing that there can be no change made until they realize the nature of the present system, of which social production is the main factor. They must both realize that one section cannot exist without the other. They are co-partners in the production of all wealth. The industrialists produce the machinery of production, the farmers produce the food necessary for them to have to carry on this production, and the farmer cannot carry on production successfully unless he has the machinery, and this has been amply proven in Russia, large quantities of farm implements from the U. S. A. having been bought and paid for by the Soviet Government, but they were never delivered, and consequently the Bolshevik administration was hampered to that extent. The blockade has had much to do with the suffering caused by the lack of necessities in Russia, but the lack of understanding on the part of the peasants of communal and social production, has been the greatest stumbling block, and in this fact there can be found a lesson for all workers in all countries, and especially on the American continent. This lesson is that the agriculturist must realize the necessity for a change, if any change is to be brought about with a minimum of suffering in the cities at the commencement of the new order, whether that be next year or a hundred years hence.

Reading the Christian Science Monitor the other day, we came across the following:

The Monkeys of Sumatra

In the islands of the Eastern, or, as it is commonly called, the Malay Archipelago, the monkeys which abound in those parts are trained to be useful, and to assist in picking the coconuts off the trees. The monkeys can climb higher than any man can go, and thus fruit that would otherwise be inaccessible is gathered. A leading London daily newspaper, in connection with this fact, imparts the information that, on a certain coconut plantation in Sumatra where the monkeys form an exceedingly valuable addition to the working staff, they absolutely refuse to work overtime. Punctually at 4 o'clock every afternoon they come scuttling down from the trees, and no threats or entreaties can induce them to pick one single nut more until the next day. We had thought that exploitation had been carried to excess when child labor was secured so that cheaper labor could be secured, but even the monkeys are not free from capitalistic exploitation. There is one thing, however, the wage slave should note, it is, that the monkeys know just when to call a halt to the exploiting process. Some slaves would give us the impression that the more they are exploited, the better they like it; in fact, they defend the system under which they are exploited.

The great coal strike in the U. S. A. is settled. That is for the time being, and the big interests have accomplished their object, which was not only to break the miners so that it would be easier to break other organizations, but in the interests of good business. The basis of settlement is an increase of 14 per cent., with an arbitration of the whole question, with the question of hours still unsettled. The reason the miners asked for six hours per day was not because of any perversity on their part, but so that all the men could obtain employment. It is not generally known that the miners have only been working half time, or about that, for a considerable time, and that was the real motive behind the miners' actions. They wished to prevent suffering amongst their numbers by reducing the hours of labor. However, while the miners have been for the time defeated, it only means that the next struggle will be more bitter, and the issues more clear, until the time comes when the workers will not demand shorter hours, but the product of their toil.

At the police court on Wednesday afternoon when the perjury charges against Dourasoff and Roth were to be resumed, counsel for the defense asked for an adjournment until December 17. It appears that there was a conference prior to the court sitting, at which the counsel for the defense, Mr. Rubinowitz; the counsel for the prosecution, and heads of the police and detective departments, appeared. What transpired at this conference we are unable to say, but it has been suggested to us that it is owing to the fact that the 17th day of December is the date set for the end of the world that the hearing of the case was adjourned to that date.

The prairie weather experienced on the coast this last week has made most Vancouver citizens think of the jokes that have been pulled off as to the wet seasons here. But with coal at \$12.50 and \$13 per ton, there are many who much prefer the natural climatic conditions, and are prepared at any time to let the prairies have the monopoly on the "dry cold that is not cold, and you don't feel." They prefer the wet that does not wet.

Christmas is pretty near now, but owing to a callous government the lot of the war widow will be none too good. Millions for railroads, but nothing for those who lost their support in France and Flanders. And then they wonder that the soldiers get peeved.

REPRESSION HAS BEEN GENERAL

Kavanagh Deals With the Conditions in U. S. A.

The regular propaganda meeting of the S. P. of C. last Sunday evening at the Empress Theatre was well attended. Jack Kavanagh was the speaker and James Smith chairman. Comrade Smith made an interesting, short introductory speech, outlining the educational programme of the Socialist party. Comrade Kavanagh said that during the past few years, the world's attention had been directed to Europe as the scene of strife and turmoil, confined not alone to the military aspect. Although it was true that the military requirements of the several militant states were only a momentary means to an end, yet these had, for the time being, dictated the policies of the several countries, and in order that these requirements might be met, repression and dictatorial policies had been general from a governmental point of view towards the producing class of toilers who made it possible to conduct warfare, as they were at the base of every form of human activity. Governmental promises and governmental repression usually went together and this applied not only to Germany during war time, but to the Allies also and so also to the U. S. A. Expectation had been large that those promises would be fulfilled after war terminated, but following upon the appointment of many commissions and consideration of their recommendations, industrial unrest was as difficult, if not more difficult a problem for any government to solve today as at any period in war time. In the U. S. A., the speaker said, repression, disorder and lawlessness manifested themselves with ever-increasing need for governmental alarm. Yet the difficulty was that in the nature of the case, especially in the U. S. A., the forces of repression were the forces of disorder. It was the only one of all the warring nations that had the clear-cut aspect of a wholly capitalistic country. It lacked the steadying influence of a native aristocracy. Its methods of repression manifested themselves more callous and brutally bare than was the case in Europe. Comrade Kavanagh instanced the Centralia affair in this connection. The methods adopted by the press of America were characteristic of everything in the governmental atmosphere of the country. He himself had been in Centralia two hours after the happenings, and from what he could glean, no exact information could be obtained as to what actually did happen, nor how, nor as to exactly how the whole matter was instigated. One thing was certain, however, and that was that press propaganda on the part of the master class had a purpose, and that was to keep the worker in a state of ignorance as to his own condition, for exploitation.

The safety of the profit system was the first and last consideration of the master class today, the world over, and from their point of view, anything that tended to threaten that system and its continuance was a menace to them. By virtue of the same fact, the ultimate need of the worker was the ending of the profit system, and so the persistent antagonism between the classes must continue until that day.

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And the Seven Younger Toys

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Stanfield's Heavy Underwear, suit \$6.00

Men's Dress Shirts, in light colors \$1.25

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Bakery Salesmen's Local, No. 371 Last meeting being the election of officers, resulted in a good turnout of members. Daddy Bowron being elected president; T. W. Richards, vice; Archie Granger was re-elected secretary, and given an increase in wages owing to the H. C. of L. Bull now occupies the post of recording secretary, with J. W. Allen being elected as trustee. It was reported to the meeting that the Electric Bakery had now signed the union agreements and was 100 per cent. unionized, nine new members joining up. The offer of the Master Bakers' Association of \$1.25 increase being the figure for the last three months in the increased cost of living, was accepted, same being retroactive to November 1.

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GENERAL ELECTION NOW ON IN AUSTRALIA

Labour Party Hopes to Secure Control of Government

Anti-Labor Government Has Broken Every Pledge Made

[By W. Francis Ahern]

By the time this appears in print, the people of Australia will be about to vote in one of the most momentous elections that has ever taken place in that country, mainly because of the unparalleled difficulties facing the country arising out of the end of the war.

The people generally are heartily sick of the present anti-labor government which has failed in a wholesale manner to discharge its duties to the country and the people, and doing nothing to prepare for the great problem of reconstruction.

Like all other countries, profiteering has been an evil in Australia. The profiteer has been let loose on the people and huge fortunes have been made out of the necessities of the nation in times of war. The anti-labor government has allowed the people to be saddled with a staggering debt out of all proportions to the population, because Australia has extended many more millions than her quota in proportion to population when compared with the other overseas British dominions.

The primary producers of the country have been neglected and the government has utterly failed to secure for them anything like fair treatment as compared with other countries.

This is shown by the fact that while Canada and the United States farmers get \$2.20 per bushel for their wheat, the Australian farmers were compelled to accept \$1.14 per bushel, and in some cases less than that. As a result of this acreage of wheat which in 1915 was 12,480,000 acres, has declined to 7,990,000 acres at the present time.

The secondary industries of the country have also been neglected, while the anti-labor government has failed to stand for a white Australia or explain in a satisfactory manner why the Japanese have obtained a footing in the Caroline and Marshall Islands—half way from Japan to Australia. Thus instead of directing attention to protecting Australia, every effort has been centred in getting the men away to fight overseas and where the voluntary recruiting was considered to be below the requirements, efforts were made to conscript the manhood of the country. Happily, the plot failed, as is well known now. It is not too much to say, however, that had conscription been carried in Australia, the country would have been in an exceedingly perilous state at the present time. The country would have been drained of its manhood while the debt would have been staggering.

In addition to this every pledge made to the people of Australia by the anti-labor government has been ruthlessly broken. Even pledges made to the soldiers and their dependents were not respected.

With an appalling record for failures and gross disregard of pledges, the anti-labor government decided to face the people six months before their time, fearing that if they waited till later they would be exposed in a greater extent than now. That explains why Australia is in the throes of a general election for December 13 instead of at the end of May, 1920. They hope to win by a snatch vote, with the aid of the soldiers, as was done by Lloyd George in the recent British election. But if the feeling now apparent is maintained till election day, there is nothing more certain than that the anti-labor government will be defeated and a labor government elected in its place.

The labor party has put before the people of Australia a comprehensive labor policy and it has been well received. The policy manifests a desire for the cultivation of an Australian sentiment, the maintenance of a white Australia, the development in Australia of an enlightened and self-reliant community, the emancipation of human labor from all forms of exploitation, and obtaining for all workers the full reward of their industry by the collective ownership and democratic control of the collectively used agencies of production, distribution and exchange.

It advocates a broad virile policy of development, the increase of production, and the encouragement of primary and secondary industries. Producers of primary necessities are to be guaranteed a return that will secure for them the cost of production and a reasonable profit. Wheat growers are to be guaranteed a good price for their grain for local use, while steps are to be taken to provide overseas markets for the sale of exportable surpluses. Not only will these operations be confined to England, but extensions will be made to America and other countries. In order to help primary producers there will be a generous system of rural credits.

Attention is to be given to water conservation, irrigation, afforestation, the construction and maintenance

TROOPS DRIVE MINERS TO WORK

Radicals Charged With Violating Judge's Injunction

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Detachments of United States cavalry at Monarch and Carneyville dispelled any illusion that miners may have that they will be permitted to continue their individual strike. In the Monarch camp all miners were rushed to the union hall at the point of the bayonet, and voted to return to work. In Carneyville similar methods were applied, and these proved so successful that the mines have reopened, it is reported. A large number of miners who are declared to be "radicals" are held under military orders and will be proceeded against on the charge of violating Judge Anderson's injunction. Major Dean, in command of the troops, acknowledged that these men were held without warrants.

ance of developmental roads and highways, the extension of opportunities for primary, secondary and technical instruction for country people. Encouragement will be given to the development and equipment and harbor outside the capital cities to cheapen and facilitate the dispatch of primary products overseas.

National insurance is to be provided for primary producers to protect them against fires, frosts, droughts, storms, loss of stock and other misfortunes. An effective tariff is promised in order to secure Australian white-labor grown sugar for the people instead of the Australian people having sugar from countries grown by colored labor under outrageous conditions.

Australian industries are to be protected and new industries fostered by effective protective tariff. In this tariff the workers shall get their due share of the benefits secured to the industries concerned. Woolen mills are to be erected in order that the Australian people may get their clothing requirements instead of having to purchase them from overseas.

Above all things, the Australian labor party intends to deal with the profiteers, if elected to power, with the gloves off. It will make it impossible for a caste of commercial and financial profiteers to levy toll on the people of the country. It will fix prices in such a way that it will be impossible for the profiteers to make outrageous fortunes as has been done in the past. Naturally the profiteers are highly frightened lest the labor party gets into power.

The labor party intends to stand by the returned soldiers and the dependents of those who have fallen. The soldiers were drawn mainly from the workers and the replacing of them will be labor's great work. It will insist on every pledge made to the soldiers being carried out to the last letter of the law. Living wage pensions will be granted to them, while soldiers totally disabled along with Australia, the country, also widows of those who were housed free for life. The labor party claims this to be a duty to those men and their dependents.

Provision will also be made for the maintenance of other returned soldiers until the means of their earning their living are found. There will be no "scrapping" of returned soldiers in Australia if the labor party can prevent it. A cash gratuity of 32 cents per day from the date of enlistment to the evening of the armistice is also to be paid to the soldiers.

All war time acts taking away the liberties of the people and the press will be repealed, as also will the compulsory clauses of the Australian defense Act. The army of Australia in the future will be on an entirely voluntary basis. Shipping is to be nationalized, and the present Australian government owned fleet will be enlarged so that it can enter into active competition with the shipping trust. There will be state-owned insurance and workers compensation—insurance of life, fire, and general risk, much on the same lines as the successful insurance scheme of the Queensland state labor government.

Realizing the appalling conditions under which large families of workers are compelled to live, the labor party proposes to inaugurate a comprehensive housing scheme, under which liberal financial assistance will be given to workers to secure their own home. Old-age pensions and invalid pensions are to be increased from \$3 to \$5 per week in order to meet the increased cost of living. There will also be provision for pensions for widows and orphans and to the children of fathers who, by reason of ill health or other disabilities, cannot maintain them. A national service, charged with prevention and cure of disease will be inaugurated, with free medical and dental attendance to persons in poor circumstances, sanitariums for sufferers of pulmonary diseases are also to be established.

Provision is also to be made for industrial reform, and a system of taxation which will make those pay who have the wealth instead of the present unfair system of taxation.

The above in short represents the main points of labor's policy for the elections in Australia. And as stated above there is good reason to believe that the labor party in the forthcoming elections will score heavily, if indeed it does not place the present anti-labor government out of power altogether.

Cork.—Soldiers of the English Shropshire Regiment marched all through the streets recently shouting "To hell with the Sinn Fein!" Fights with civilians ensued. Armored cars were turned out on which the whole regiment, fully armed, attacked civilians, washed along and instituted a general reign of terror. In some places the civilians in force routed the soldiers, but isolated groups of citizens were at the mercy of the military.

SOLDIERS SEND A DELEGATE TO COUNCIL

Gerat War Veterans Line Up With Organized Labor

Pr. Rupert Central Body Is Active in Defense

The last meeting of the Prince Rupert Central Labor Council was held on November 25, with Chairman Cox presiding. A good deal of business was transacted.

Credentials were received from the G. W. V. A. for A. G. Galland, an fraternal delegate on the council, and the delegate was seated.

Del. Derry stated that he had been nominated by the A. & N. V. A. as their delegate, but had not received his credentials. Del. Derry was seated as representing the A. & N. V. A.

A lengthy list of correspondence was read, including the reports of the trials at Winnipeg, the voting on the O. B. U. referendum initiated by the Calgary convention, and a call from the general secretary of the O. B. U. to nominate a representative for the coming O. B. U. convention.

Del. Moore reported that the women had organized a Women's Auxiliary to the O. L. C., and had elected temporary officers and drawn up a draft of proposed constitution and bylaws. He asked Mrs. Booth to give a fuller report.

Mrs. Booth said that they held a meeting with about 15 present. Officers, consisting of chairman and secretary, had been elected, dues set at 25¢ per month, initiation fee 50¢. It was their intention to look after the social side of the O. B. U., and requested the council to install a counter for the refreshments and provide an electric stove. They requested the privilege of wearing buttons and carrying O. B. U. cards.

The report was accepted. Mrs. Gavthorne read the proposed constitution and bylaws. A discussion took place on a motion that they be approved, but the motion carried. On motion, the matter of cards and buttons was referred to the executive committee, with power to act.

The assistant secretary reported the total collections for the defense fund as follows: (The collection by the L. W. I. U. is the total from all over the district, ranging from Stewart to Swanson Bay, Queen Charlotte Islands, and up the G.T.P. to Hazelton.)

L. W. I. U. \$36.16
L. C. Delegates 204.00
Grants by C. L. C. 213.00
Bakers' Unit 61.05
Total \$604.21

All this had been forwarded to Winnipeg. Collections from the sale of bonds, now starting; would be forwarded to Vancouver for the B. C. quota of the defense fund. Report accepted.

The letter from the B. C. defense committee re the bond campaign was then considered. The assistant secretary reported that he had ordered bonds to the amount of \$500 of each denomination. Action endorsed. The organization of the campaign was turned over to the defense committee.

The coming O. B. U. convention call was considered, and after a brief discussion, nominations were called for. The following were the nominees: Delegates Casey, Ruderman, Ormslow, Rose, Booth, Cox, Field, Cameron, F. Shaw. Nominations were suspended pending the next regular meeting, when final nominations will be made, and date of election set.

The secretary-treasurer submitted the financial report for October, as follows: Dues and fees, \$330.50; hall rents, \$4; chair rents, \$23.60; per capita, \$5.50; supplies, \$21.80; balance over from general strike fund, \$7.10; mass meeting (Pritchard), \$133.25; balance September 30, \$420.70. Total, \$946.55. Expenditures: Hall rent, \$30; theatre rent, \$20; defense fund, \$113; coal and express, \$11; printing, \$28.50; telegrams, \$2.30; per capita headquarters, \$45.25; electric light, \$1; loan, \$40; charter frame, \$1.75; ads. (strike committee), \$11.80. Total, \$304.65. Bank balance, October 31, \$641.90. Report accepted.

The secretary-treasurer read a letter from the Provincial Government requesting minute particulars from the council as to its membership, organization, etc. Same was referred to the executive committee.

On motion, the Women's Auxiliary was given representation on the council on the same basis as units.

The teamsters reported that the advance they had framed had been granted before it was presented. The only outstanding matter was the question of overtime, and not much trouble was anticipated on that score.

The secretary-treasurer complained about the illegibility of many of the receipts that delegates were turning in, some of them being impossible to read or decipher. He requested that more care be paid to this important detail, or otherwise an immense amount of work would be thrown upon him, and an accurate account of each member's standing made impossible.

The bond campaign at Prince Rupert is going ahead in a manner that is satisfactory to the active members of the O. B. U. Some rebuffs are met with, of course, but it only makes the results all the harder. The mayor has been approached by the Women's Auxiliary to give them a tag-day for raising funds, but they were refused on the ground that he would not encourage anarchy.

How he can draw a parallel between an effort to raise funds for the defense of accused men in the courts of the land and the teaching of anarchy passeth comprehension. But then, the mind of the petty bourgeois is a strange and fearful contraption, like unto nothing else on earth.

Where is your union button?

LABOR PREMIER TO ENTER FEDERAL ARENA

It is Expected That Premier Ryan Will Lead Labor Forces in Federal Election

Mr. Ryan, the Labor premier of the Queensland State government, and who has done such yeoman work in the way of bringing about Socialism in that state, has been invited to enter Federal politics, and has been offered a Labor seat in the Federal (and more important) parliament of Australia. It is extremely likely that he will accept the offer, and lead the Labor movement in the coming elections. It is generally agreed that with Premier Ryan in the Labor van, nothing can stop Labor sweeping the country next December.

Chicago.—The United States supreme court has affirmed a decision by the Illinois state supreme court that Charles Doid, president of the Piano and Organ Workers' International union, shall serve 30 days in jail and pay a \$500 fine for violating an injunction. On October 1, 1917, employees of this union suspended work at the Lyon & Healy company plant when they were refused wage increases and several of their number were discharged. Their wages ranged from 22 to 36 cents an hour. Judge Smith of the superior court, this city, issued an injunction against the strikers who were denied the right to picket. The workers ignored this command. They were arrested on Judge Smith's order and President Doid was fined \$500 and sentenced to 30 days in jail.

Nashville, Tenn.—"Law and order" with a vengeance is shown to exist in this city when J. B. Lawson was kidnapped by a mob, thrown into an automobile and deported to Springfield, this state, and then told to "get out of Tennessee." Lawson is a representative of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees and came to Nashville at the request of the local street car men's union to assist them. No charge was made against the unionist and no warrant was issued against him. The central body has offered a reward of \$1,000 for the "apprehension, arrest and conviction" of the mobbers.

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SHIPYARD LOCAL 1805, U. B. Carpenters—Meets Room 307 every 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month. President, J. W. Wilkinson; recording secretary, W. J. Johnson; 73-24th Ave. W.; financial secretary, H. A. Macdonald; Room 212 Labor Temple.

STREET AND ELECTRIC RAILWAY Employees, Pioneer Division, No. 101—Meets at O. P. Hall, Mount Pleasant, 1st and 3rd Mondays at 10:15 a.m. and 7 p.m. President, W. H. Cottrell; recording secretary, F. E. Griffin; 5419 Commercial Drive; treasurer, E. S. Cleveland; financial secretary and business agent, Fred A. Hoover; 2409 Clark Drive; office contact prior and main streets.

TRANSPORT WORKERS UNIT, O.B.U. (Teamsters, Warehousemen, Auto Mechanics, etc.)—Meets every Wednesday at 152 Cordova Street East. President, J. Shaw; secretary, C. A. Reed; 2244 Princes Edward Street. Office: 152 Cordova Street East.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION No. 226—Meets last Sunday of each month at 3 p.m. President, W. H. Jordan; vice-president, W. H. Youhill; secretary, treasurer, R. H. Neelands, Box 66.

Provincial Unions

B. C. FEDERATION OF LABOR—Meets in annual convention in January. Executive officers, 1918-19: President, J. Kavanagh, Labor Temple, Vancouver; vice-president, Vancouver Island, Campbell; J. Taylor; Victoria, J. Taylor; Prince Rupert, Geo. Casey; Vancouver, W. H. Cottrell; P. McConnell; New Westminster, Geo. McMurphy; West Kootenay, Silverton, T. B. Roberts; Crow's Nest Pass, W. B. Phillips; Fernie, W. A. Sherman. Secretary-treasurer, A. B. Walla, Labor Temple, 408 Dunsmuir St., Vancouver, B. C.

VICTORIA AND DISTRICT TRADES and Labor Council—Meets first and third Wednesdays, Knights of Pythias Hall, North Park Street, at 8 p.m. President, E. S. Woodworth; 150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-2181-2182-2183-2184-2185-2186-2187-2188-2189-2190-2191-2192-2193-2194-2195-2196-2197-2198-2199-2200-2201-2202-2203-2204-2205-2206-2207-2208-2209-2210-2211-2212-2213-2214-2215-2216-2217-2218-2219-2220-2221-2222-2223-2224-2225-2226-2227-2228-2229-2230-2231-2232-2233-2234-2235-2236-2237-2238-2239-2240-22

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Your time is getting short to do all your shopping in time for Christmas. Perhaps these suggestions will be useful.

SHIRTS—A wide variety of patterns, at \$3 to \$10
NECKWEAR—Some selection \$1 to \$4.50
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 820 GRANVILLE ST.

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 3340 Large UPRIGHT PIANO in Plain Mahogany Case, 7 1/2 Octaves, New but slightly marked.
 3200 EVANS PIANO, made in Ingersoll, Ontario. Tone is fine, but case old fashioned and keys discolored.
 385 Uprights ORGANS, by Dominion Organ Co. New. Now is the time to buy. Prices rising. Old Pianos are Sweeter. Old Organs are Surer.
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Province of British Columbia Minimum Wage Board

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the "Minimum Wage Act" public meetings will be held at the Board of Trade Hall, Kelowna, B. C., on Wednesday, the 17th day of December, 1919, at 10 o'clock a.m., and at the Provincial Court House, Georgia Street, Vancouver, B. C., on Friday, the 19th day of December, 1919, at 10 o'clock a.m., respectively, for the purpose of hearing any person interested in the establishment of a minimum wage and maximum hours and conditions of labour for women engaged in the "Fruit and Vegetable Industry," which includes the work of females engaged in canning, preserving, drying, packing, or otherwise adapting for sale or use, any kind of fruit or vegetable.

A cordial invitation to be present is extended to all those who desire to be heard on the above matters before a minimum wage and maximum hours and conditions of labour are determined.

Minimum Wage Board for the Province of British Columbia.
 J. D. McNIYEN, Chairman,
 HELEN GREGORY MacGILL,
 THOMAS MATHEWS.
 Victoria, B. C., Nov. 25th, 1919.

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 MISS LILLIE ROSE, ADA SMITH, E. LOVE and the EEL
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 - 60c California Syrup of Figs 49c
 - 50c Chase's Nerve Food 34c
 - 25c Calor Tooth Powder 18c
 - 50c Halfloam Tooth Paste 35c
 - 25c Dutch Drops 14c
 - 50c Oia Pills 35c
 - \$1.00 Doria Face Powder 55c
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 THE ORIGINAL OUT-POST DRUGGISTS OF VANCOUVER
 —Six Stores—
 405 Hastings St. W. 1905
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RAY'S OF SANITY OUT OF HYSTERIA

U. S. Papers Show a Return to Reason and Realities

Out of the mass of hysterical outbursts of the law and order crowd in the U. S. A. comes a few rays of sanity and wisdom. The New York Evening Post, in an editorial, says: "The average American is glad to see that we are 'lusting Red back to Europe' at last, and that careful inquiry will be made into allegations that immigration and Labor Department authorities have treated some too gently. But it is better to have officials under criticism for excessive caution in deportation cases than for excessive severity. Mr. Sprenza, whom Gov. Hughes appointed to the State Immigration Commission, has said: 'There is no appeal to the judicial authorities except in a limited sense under our immigration laws from the decisions of the boards of special inquiry at immigrant stations. Yet boards of special inquiry are not judicial courts, but committees of Government employees of a low hierarchical grade, laymen not lawyers, yet wielding a most tremendous power without other guarantee than their consciences. America is too free a country to deny persons held for deportation an appeal from one authority to another, to refuse court hearings on writs of habeas corpus, and to fail to take thorough precautions that no man shall be home here. Arbitrary action would not only transgress the rights of individuals but involve us in difficulties with nations to whose subjects we have agreed by treaty to give protection in person and property. The New York World, in commenting on the Centralia affair, and newspaper comments on it, has the following to say: 'It is not a crime to be a member of the I. W. W., which is a radical Labor organization that has been in existence for a great many years, and that is seeking to overthrow the wage system. Nor is it a crime in itself to be a Bolshevik. When a government begins to arrest everybody 'suspected of being a member of the Industrial Workers of the World,' and a governor can think of no better way of running down a murderer than to beseech his state to 'stamp out Bolshevism, I. W. W., and all seditious doctrines,' the administration of the law is in a bad way in the particular section of the country. Shocking as they were, the Armistice day murders at Centralia were not rebellion or revolution or sedition, or anything but plain murders. There is testimony now which goes to show that they were not even premeditated, but resulted from a conflict between members of the I. W. W. and some of the marchers in the parade who fell out of line and attacked the I. W. W. headquarters. In either event the authorities of the State of Washington are not confronted with a conspiracy to overthrow government, but with a violation of the penal code, and official lawlessness in a sorry antidote to individual lawlessness. Murders are committed by individuals, not by organizations, and guilt is a very personal matter. In spite of the poses of professional politicians and platform orators, there is no Bolshevik menace in the United States, and there is no I. W. W. menace that an ordinarily capable police force is not competent to deal with. There is a great deal of Bolshevik agitation, which is mainly rhetorical, and the I. W. W. leaders are trying to capitalize industrial discontent for the benefit of their peculiar economic theories. But the American people are not fools and they have not gone crazy. They do not need a nurse to take them to work in the morning and bring them home at night lest they be corrupted by the seditious doctrines of soap-box orators. They have a great deal more sense than the politicians who are worrying about the quality of their Americanism, and whenever they are put to the test they prove it. The folly and incapacity of hanging politicians entrusted with the responsibilities of government present a much graver danger to the country than all the wild words of all the wild agitators. It is only when government begins to break down under the weight of its own stupidity that the people's faith is shaken in their institutions. The remarks of the Evening Post as to immigration proceedings might well be considered by the Dominion government which enacted amendments to the Immigration Act, and which do not allow of appeal to the courts of the land to any individual tried by government officials who are not in any way free agents, but employees of the government. The courts are capable of deciding whether any man is doing that which he should not do, and no other court sitting on camera is necessary unless there is something to cover up in the methods of 'justice' employed. Get Your Bond at the Fed. Office During the Liberty Bond campaign the Federationist Office will be open each evening to 10 o'clock, Saturdays included, so that those desirous of aiding the defense of the workers arrested in Winnipeg can be supplied with bonds without any difficulty. Get behind a button, this is your fight. Pittsburgh, Kan.—The coal taken from the mines in this district has not reached its destination. The Santa Fe switching crew at Frontenac is reported to have refused to handle the cars containing coal mined by non-union miners, thus blocking its distribution. —Seattle's building trust closed all of the city's larger auditoriums against Walter Thomas Mills, nationally known lecturer and non-partisan league organizer, who was scheduled to speak in the Arena Sunday evening on "Free Speech, Free Press and Free Assembly."

FRENCH LABOR VOTE INCREASES

Capitalist Papers Fail to Give Correct Version of Election

The capitalist press is exceedingly happy at the stinging "defeat" of Socialism in France at the recent elections, and newspaper after newspaper prints editorials to prove that the cause of the workers has gone down in signal rout in that country. The Socialist representation in the French chamber of deputies declined about 20 as a result of the recent elections. That is the only rag and shred of truth upon which the whole nation-wide barrage of lies is based. The Socialist vote increased from 600,000 to 900,000 over that in 1914. The exact figures are not yet available, because of the clumsiness of the election system that the crafty old monkey—as the French workers call the man that the capitalist press calls the Tiger—imposed upon the people of France. But the vote that was 1,100,000 in 1914, is already known to be 1,700,000, and returns from many centres not yet known will certainly raise the total to 1,800,000 and possible to 2,000,000. In 1914 the Socialists cast 10 per cent. of the total vote. In 1919, standing squarely for the Russian Bolsheviks, purged of all "moderate" elements, fighting bitterly the reaction and the insane "patriotism" that Clemenceau stands for, they polled at least 28 per cent. of the vote. There was a new election system, crookeder than any France has known since the foundation of the republic, that gave France—as one representative phrased it—votes without votes. Hence the decline of representatives in parliament. The Socialists with a fair system would have elected 175 members. If the French elections were a defeat for Socialism, then may there be many of them! And if the old system won a victory, let it win many more!

Loggers' Quarters Raided at Kamloops

(Continued from page one)

organization of his right to have transportation paid. Small camps can send delegates if they are willing to defray his expenses, including transportation. The delegation will meet on January 5, and the following days for committee work, the convention opening on January 8th. It is interesting to notice the tactics which the employers will resort to to intimidate the workers. The Comox Logging Railway Co. have already had two strikes this year owing to rotten conditions, and although the company gave promises of bringing their camps up to the required standard, they have deliberately and consistently refused to do so, consequently for some time there have been evidences of a determination on the part of the men to again take the only action which the company understand. To forestall this the company notified their married employees who live in company houses that in the event of trouble they would have to vacate the houses on January 1st. Surely these people do not think that such patty tactics are going to keep the workers docile and willing to put up with conditions which are injurious to the health and well-being of the individual and the community? In Wednesday's Province it was stated that at a meeting of lumber men held in Calgary on Tuesday the employers expressed the opinion that the O.B.U. was the chief obstacle in the way of harmonious relations between the employer and employee. This is not the case. The basic cause of the lack of harmony is the antagonistic interests of employers and worker owing to the wages and profit system; but apart from this, the antagonism which undoubtedly does exist is because the O.B.U. or at any rate the lumber workers section with which we are at this time particularly concerned, insists that the laws which are already on the statute books of the provinces of the Dominion and which, if enforced, would be beneficial to the worker shall be lived up to both in letter and spirit. To this the employers are solidly opposed, and it is a fight to the finish, the Lumber Workers Industrial Union of the O.B.U. demanding that the laws relating to sanitary conditions in camp and mills—the semi-monthly pay, etc., etc., shall be enforced. The employers on the other hand being prepared to resort to any and every means to evade complying with the laws. As usual those who are supposed to administer the law, but do not do so, side with the employer; for instance, the mounted and city police on Monday last raided the district headquarters of the union at Kamloops with a search warrant for banned literature. They took away a sack full of matter, including lists of delegates, mailing lists and all correspondence. They are welcome to do so. This organization challenges the fullest investigation. It has nothing to hide. All its business meetings are conducted with wide open doors. We have had secret service men acting as delegates, and we knew it all the time. We are out to advance the social and economic interests of the workers. Who objects? Only those people who profit by the exploitation and degradation of the workers. What we want to know is why do not the police raid every camp where the laws are not lived up to and jail the employer—why? Here's our challenge to the employers and their hirelings. By the end of 1920 the Lumber Workers Industrial Union will comprise 50,000 members who will see that the laws are enforced. GET BEHIND A BUTTON Workers' Liberty Bond Buttons are issued to every purchaser of a bond. Have you got yours yet. Get behind a button and show that you are willing to help all you can the defense of the men arrested in Winnipeg.

Skating Shoes made to order—Our cutter has a special pattern for a skating shoe. We can turn these out on six hours' notice.

Skates sharpened and attached.

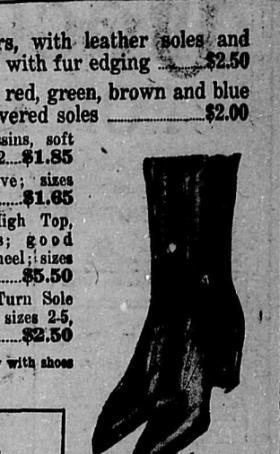
THIS XMAS.
A PAIR OF Paris Shoes
 Think what giving a pair of good sound shoes for Xmas means.

REPAIRING
 Our work is better, our materials higher grade, and our service the best in Vancouver.

Men's All Felt Slippers, in dark plaid, felt soles, with pigskin cover \$3.00
 Men's Leather Mocassins with sole. A slipper that you can wear all day while at home. \$4.50
 Men's Black Oil Grained Bluchers; heavy sole, channel nailed; all sizes \$6.00
 Men's Fine Shoes, for Saturday only. Reg. \$9.00, \$9.50 and \$10.00 values at \$7.20
 Boys' Grain Boots; standard screw and stitched; 1-5 1/2 \$4.20



Ladies Felt Slippers, with leather soles and heels; Juliet style with fur edging \$2.50
 All Felt Slippers, in red, green, brown and blue plaids; leather covered soles \$2.00
 Misses' Leather Mocassins, soft wool lining; sizes 11-2 \$1.85
 Child's, same as above; sizes 5-10 \$1.65
 Misses' Brown Elk, High Top, Wet Weather Shoes; good heavy sole and low heel; sizes 11-2 1/2 \$5.50
 Child's Black Patent Turn Sole Shoes; colored tops; sizes 2-5, for \$2.50



Consider the grade of these shoes as well as the price.

P. Paris 51 Hastings W.

NORWAY ELECTS 52 SOCIALISTS

Polis 250,000 Votes for Party That Endorsed Bolsheviki

Fifty-two Socialists will be members of the incoming Norwegian parliament, the Socialist party at the present general elections having polled 250,000 votes. The party stands without reserve on the side of the Bolsheviki, and recently dispatched Egede Nissen, one of the best known of the Norwegian leaders, to Moscow. The party is strongly anti-militaristic. Some months ago formally organized the constitution of soldiers' societies by all men liable for military service. Pass The Federationist along and help get new subscribers.

A the Pantages

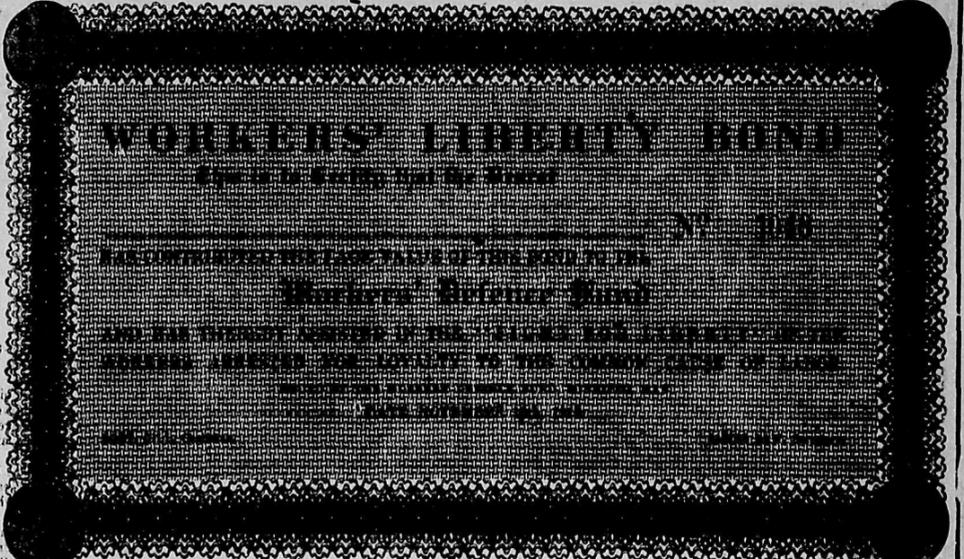
Eddie Foy, most widely imitated, yet one of the most imitable comedians of the American stage, will headline the new bill at the Pantages beginning Monday afternoon, assisted by his seven younger Foy's in their new comedy, "Somebody in New York." Foy has been entertaining the public for many years, and his remarkably talented family of children is following along the same steps to fame. They present an amusingly arranged offering that gives them opportunity to show their gifts as singers, dancers and impersonators. Programmed as a vaudeville novelty surprise, the performance of the Pantages, three men and two young women, is said to be one of exceptional versatility. They are singers, dancers and musicians, yet it is with marvelous feats of strength that they attain the greatest triumph. George and May Le Fevre will be seen in an artist's dance offering that presents dances of long ago and today. They are said to carry a \$10,000 collection of novel headgear and gorgeous costumes. "The New Janitor" is a rollicking comedy playlet presented by Bozo Archer and Blanche Elford. Bozo

One Funeral Overdue

The senate of Canada cost the people of Canada \$292,095.27 in the fiscal year of 1918. Of this \$171,103.65 was for indemnities and transportation. On account of transportation alone \$3,997.48 was paid, although the senators, like members of the House of Commons, travel on passes. For salaries of senate officials and contingencies, \$113,503.07 was paid. "Contingencies," like "charity," appear to cover a multitude of things, in the case of the senate at least. For example nine leather trunks were paid for under the head of senate contingencies and the cost of these was \$450. For 113 small stationery trunks \$280 were paid. A new black rod was bought for the gentleman usher of the Black Rod, and this cost \$17. This particular rod of correction does not appear to have been used to very good effect as almost directly after the \$17 item for this we find these other items: \$90 for official gown; \$75 for official suit; \$20 for official hat; and case, and \$30 for heavy suit. Seven Christmas gratuities to the amount of \$119 and \$20.50 for attending the funeral of Sir MacKenzie Bowell were charged up to senate contingencies. "There is one other funeral for which the people of Canada would pay a good deal more, than \$20.50, and that is the funeral of the senate itself," says the Farmers' Sun. "This funeral is long overdue." An annual business of more than \$50,000,000 was done during 1918 by the eleven co-operative associations of New Zealand. A net profit of \$1,000,000 was distributed among 26,000 shareholders. The New Zealand co-operative societies look forward to the federation with co-operative of Australia and eventually with those of the whole British Empire. What about renewing your sub?

Workers' Liberty Bonds

For the Defense of the Men Arrested as a Result of the Winnipeg Strike, in Denominations of \$1, \$2 and \$5. Have You Got Yours Yet?



A Day's Pay for Winnipeg Liberty of Speech and Action Is Worth Paying and Fighting For

Make all monies payable to A. S. WELLS, Secretary of Defense Committee, 405 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, B. C.

-register happiness !!!

NOT that it is anything new, but when a man "registers happiness" his hands are usually in the arm-pits of his vest, while his teeth bite on a good cigar.

THEN, there's only one cigar that's equal to the occasion—that "registers happiness" (a full-brother to satisfaction)—and that's the VAN LOO.

To be had—(10) in the new lithographed container at all cigar stores.

Stettler Cigar Factory Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.

VAN LOO CIGARS

WE SELL EVERYTHING
WOODWARDS
WE SELL FOR LESS

GROCERIES FOR LESS

Here Are a Few of Our Specials for One Week, Commencing Friday, December 12

NOTE THE SAVINGS

- | | |
|--|---|
| Almond Paste, 1/2 lb. pkt. 40c | Finest Oranges Peel, lb. 40c |
| Crown Brand Syrup, 2-lb. 28c | Excelsior Dates, pkt. 22c |
| Blue Label Ketchup, large bottle 30c | Empress Mince Meat, 2-lb. tin 40c |
| Genuine Pride of Canada Maple Syrup, qt. tins 85c | Bournville Cocoa (Cadbury's), 1/4 lb. tin 25c |
| Genuine Pride of Canada Maple Syrup, qt. bottles 85c | Oxo Cubes, large tins 19c |
| Genuine Pride of Canada Maple Syrup, 1/2 gal. \$1.55 | Wax Candles, large, 3 for 10c |
| Bon Ami, powdered or brick 9 1/2c | Eggo Baking Powder, tin 25c |
| Shelled Walnuts, 1/2 lb. pkt. 32c | Royal Baking Powder, tin 40c |
| Wetley's Mince Meat, pkt. 16c | Quaker Corn, per tin 18c |
| Reckitt's Blue, per pkt. 5c | Cottage Peanut Butter, 16-oz. jar 25c |
| Old Dutch Cleanser, tin 9c | Delmonte Corn, per tin 24c |
| Crisco, 1-lb. tin 38c | Maybloom Tea, per lb. 53c |
| Crisco, 3-lb. tin \$1.15 | Purity Flour, 7-lb. bag 49c |
| Laundry Soap, 4-lb. bars 50c | Pastry Spice, Ginger, Cinnamon, tin 10c |
| Mack's No-Rub Tablet 5c | Empress Mustard, per tin 13c |
| Dutch Tea Buns, pkt. 19c | Libby's Tomato Soup, tin 11c |
| Christie's Soda Biscuits, per tin 62c | Large tins Snap 18c |
| Graham's Seedless Raisins, per pkt. 14c | Magic Washing Tablets, per pkt. 18c |
| White Maid Seeded Raisins, per pkt. 20 1/2c | Large Sunlight Soap, bar 11 1/2c |
| White Navy Beans 7c | Lux, per pkt. 11 1/2c |
| Maple Leaf Milk, large size tins 11 1/2c | B. & K. Wheat Flakes, per pkt. 19c |
| Finest Australian Currants, per lb. 27c | Ivory Soap, per bar 9 1/2c |
| Finest Dromedary Dates, per pkt. 26c | Clark's Chili Sauce, per bottle 26c |
| Finest Tapioca, per lb. 14c | Ramsay's Soda Biscuits, per pkt. 25c |
| Finest Japan Rice, lb. 15 1/2c | Reindeer Coffee and Milk, per tin 14c |
| Finest Citron Peel, lb. 55c | Wild Rose Pastry Flour, 10-lb. sacks 64c |
| Finest Lemon Peel, lb. 40c | Cotton's Bird Seed, pkt. 20c |
| | Table Salt, per sack 7c |

- ### Specials from the Fruit Department
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Soft Shelled Walnuts, lb. 55c | Choice Table Figs, lb. 40c |
| Choice Eating Apples, 3 lbs. for 25c | Empress Grapes, lb. 30c |
| Peanuts, per lb. 40c | Filbert Nuts, per lb. 40c |

GET IT AT WOODWARD'S

Prosecution Witnesses Prove Good Witnesses for the Defense

(Continued from Page 1)

Knows Nothing of Capital
 "Do you know that capital is organized internationally?" Mr. McMurray asked. "I don't know anything about capital," his worship replied. "Were you a member of the Citizens Committee?" counsel asked. "I was not," came the reply. "Well, that explains it," said Mr. McMurray. Mr. McMurray contended that the strike was called because two or three stubborn men who were 20 years behind in progress, refused to accept the principle of collective bargaining, already in operation between the city and its employees, and accepted by many large firms.

Mayor Gray said the right of the police to collective bargaining was not taken away from them, only the right to sympathetic strike. He said that the city always dealt with the "force," not the Policemen's Union, and that was the way it will continue.

In support of his stand that the fight of the Ironmasters was taken over by the interests, Mr. McMurray read the answer given to the offer for negotiations for settlement by Labor, six days after the general strike was called. It was taken down by him, and verified by the iron men, his worship said. "They said," the statement read, "that at the request of the Citizens Committee, which they adhered to, they had nothing to say at the present time."

"I do not want to discredit the mayor," Mr. McMurray said, in answer to a question from Justice Metcalfe, "but I also want to discredit some other citizens." In a lengthy recital, which bore all the appearance of having been well committed to memory before his appearance in court, Mayor Gray attempted to give an explanation of the statements appearing in the Strike Bulletin, in which he was charged with reusing a gun man and losing his mental balance.

He said that he had a right to assist in preventing the arrest of Major Howard, Senator Robertson's aide.

Chief of the features of the evidence given by Mr. Carruthers, was his unwillingness to state with any degree of exactness the financial loss sustained as a result of the strike. Mr. McMurray, in his cross-examination, clearly showed that Mr. Carruthers was fencing, and that owing to the Crescent Creamery not having made profits to their liking on previous occasions the people of Winnipeg were forced to suffer for the lack of milk. He was forced to admit that the strike committee were disposed to co-operate so that no one would suffer, and the issuance of strike cards was with the best intentions. It was also brought out that the strike had been orderly, and the inference was that the chief thing that worried Mr. Carruthers at the time the strike was called, was the potential loss which would be suffered by the company, and not so much the inconvenience and suffering the children of the city would have to undergo.

With the evidence coming to light in a way that seemed to please Mr. McMurray, Mr. Andrews rose in a temper and objected to the questions which were being asked, Justice Metcalfe curtly advised Mr. Andrews that he could not very well deny the accused the right of counsel.

Mr. Andrews sat down and a titter went through the courtroom. "You must admit, Mr. Carruthers," Mr. McMurray asked, "that the strike committee gave up a part of their fighting strength to see to it that there would be no suffering." Mr. Carruthers said sheepishly he guessed they did. Asked if the loss to the Crescent Creamery would amount to \$100,000, Mr. Carruthers would not venture a guess other than it might amount to that much. He refused to estimate the loss in profits in two days. Mr. McMurray directed the witness' attention to the Citizens Committee, asking if he knew them. He was told that he did not know them, because they numbered a thousand. Mr. McMurray told Justice Metcalfe, when it was jokingly suggested that it would be hard to mention all of the members' names, that a baker's dozen would be quite sufficient. Mr. Carruthers named some of the men.

Mr. McMurray stopped him at "Thompson." "Is he a lawyer?" said Mr. McMurray. Judge Metcalfe suggested that if he was a lawyer, he would not be a capitalist. Mr. McMurray averred that he might be employed by a capitalist or corporation. Mr. Andrews interposed with the remark: "If you want to know about the Citizens Committee, you might read about its work in the London Times."

Mr. McMurray asked Mr. Andrews who it was that wrote it for the London Times. Dr. Garvin assumed a ministerial air, when he started to give his testimony, but under cross examination by Mr. McMurray, soon gave evidence that his dignity had changed to embarrassment. He remained on the stand only a few minutes, during which he told of the "terrible" conditions in the doctor's offices in the Somerset Block, because of the elevators being stopped running making it necessary for them to carry water up several flights of stairs. "And you could work if you wanted to, only the labor was gone?" "Yes," admitted Dr. Garvin, reluctantly.

Mention the Federationist when you make a purchase at a store.

Professor Angus Discusses International Exchange Rates

(Continued from page 1)

and instanced the number of people in Great Britain that received pensions from India. Then there were remittances to dependants in other countries, carriage of goods between countries by other than their own bottoms, interest payments on debts, the banking expenses that these payments entailed, and shipments of gold and silver; all these gave rise to the need of foreign payments and international exchange. He stated that in a period of time these payments must balance, and that it was impossible to have a country sending out more than it took in. He said that we often hear of a favorable or unfavorable balance of trade, which often only referred to one form of payment, namely that of exchange of commodities, and that this term was largely superficial. He stated that the only money that was universally accepted in foreign ex-

An Attractive

Showing of Jersey Silk Petticoats

—Jersey Silk top Petticoats, with 12-inch taffeta frill, in shades of rose, saxe blue, navy, paddy green, purple, taupe, grey, bottle green and shot effects, at **\$8.50**, or outside sizes at **\$9.75**.

—All Jersey Silk Petticoats, in shades of rose, cerise, saxe blue, purple, paddy, navy, taupe, Copenhagen or brown. These come in effective block patterns with accordion pleated frill—**\$12.50**.

—All Jersey Silk Petticoats, in diamond block pattern with accordion pleated frill, in shades of rose, cerise, saxe blue, purple, paddy, navy, salmon, taupe, grey, Copenhagen or brown, **\$14.50**.

Give "TREFOUSSE" The best of all Christmas Gloves

Trefousse Limited
 575 Granville Street
 Sey. 3540

Suggests That There Be General Closing Down of Industry

(Continued from page 1)

soldiers in a parade, we are getting well along in clearing the way for industrial prosperity, unhampered by the dangers of Bolshevist upheaval.

OUTLOOK CLEARING

It may be said that the outlook is clearer for industrial peace than at any time for some months.

The disposition of the railroads is the most important long-distance problem before us. The arrangement between the British government and the railroad companies provides for state control to continue as at present, for two years after the declaration of peace. This includes payment of dividends to railroad shareholders. Whatever may be done here about control, a guaranteed rental for a considerable period is absolutely essential.

THE MARKET

As usual, the pendulum has swung too far, and many securities have become good business investments. Impulsive and reckless uprushing of prices has been cured—at least for the present—but securities whose earnings and prospects warrant it will regain some of their advance. If the cure has been effectual, the bludgeon of high money rates will be laid aside. The United States must be called upon for a considerable period for the articles that the world is short of, or out of altogether, and those companies equipped with large capital and great facilities for making such articles, must reap the benefit and their securities grow more valuable. As to those concerns which in the last four or five years have earned and added to surplus more than the present market price of their securities, like the steels, investment in them, to hold, must prove beneficial.

The above from a confidential document published by the financial interests of the United States, will throw not a little light on the steel and coal mining strikes in that country. The source of the confidential document is the firm of J. S. Bache & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange. The Bache Review, is the title of this beautifully candid document.

It will be noticed that there is a direct incitement to violence in the passage having reference to the rising en masse against the I. W. W. in the west. This is particularly apprehensible to say the least, when it is considered that it is based on a misstatement of fact, as it was definitely proven at the coroner's inquest, that the parade turned out of its way to attack the I. W. W. Hall, and not until that attack was commenced did the men fire on the paraders.

Small business men have been in the habit of swallowing all that the press has had to say about organized Labor. Employers of Labor, with a lesser status than the "captains of industry," have believed all that has been told them as to the viciousness of the workers, but they have never been allowed to see into the inner workings of big finance. The above will give them a little light on this subject, and may possibly convince them that the "public be damned" is not the policy of the workers, but the policy of big business. This is not the first time that The Federationist has been able to publish confidential information supplied to the higher-ups, for our temerity in doing this, the paper has been the subject of vicious attacks, the latest exposures will bring down on this paper the wrath of the big fellow, but being prepared, and forewarned, let the storm come. There have been others that have been weathered, and the one in the offing will pass over and The Federationist will still continue to expose ruling class methods of conducting big business.

P. M. CHRISTOPHER.

The Caribondale miners' union referred to in the telegram, which is located at Coleman, Alta., and was formerly known as Local No. 2227, United Mine Workers of America, took a secret ballot on Saturday last on the question of joining the O.B.U., the result being 300 for and 38 against.

Can Delegate McVety or any other representative of international form of organization deny these facts? If they think they can, the officers of the O.B.U. would be pleased to meet them on the platform at a public meeting at any time convenient.

In reply to a question from Del. Kavanagh, Professor Angus stated that the British sovereign had not lost any of its value, but it was the credit of paper money, not the gold, that had depreciated. Del. Kavanagh took the position that Victory Bonds were not currency, but loans, and he was supported in this by the professor.

Other questions were asked, and Del. Kavanagh and Chas. Lester spoke for a short time on the international aspect of the situation, taking the position that there was no way out of the middle, and, as Del. Kavanagh stated, the only people that can solve the problems raised are the working people, and they have not yet been asked to do so. A vote of thanks was extended to the professor by President Midgley, who stated that the council would not doubt be pleased to hear the professor on the question of the distribution of wealth. The meeting then adjourned.

International Is Ignoring the Facts

(Continued from page 1)

showing a steady improvement from month to month, with the month of November standing as the banner month in the matter of income, the receipts being in excess of \$5,000, to be exact, \$3,235.57.

Let it be remembered that the first membership cards in the O.B.U. were not issued until the beginning of July, consequently this only represents the first five months life of the organization.

Delegate McVety is reported to have stated that Andy Shilland was attending to the re-organization of the miners in the Crow's Nest Pass. The principal mining camp in the Crow's Nest Pass is Fernie.

The following is a copy of a telegram received from Fernie on Wednesday, the 11th instant, and the following day, even the "Daily Sun" admitted that Fernie had again attached itself to the One Big Union.

Fernie, B. C., Dec. 9, 1919.
 Victor R. Midgley,
 401 North West Bldg.,
 Vancouver, B. C.
 Fernie gone, sold for the O.B.U. Rush supplies to cover 600 members. Money forwarded. Send H. Beard, Natal, B. C. supplies also.
 F. BRINDLEY.

The following telegram asking for 1,000 membership cases to be sent to Edmonton was also received the same day:

Blairmore, Alta., Dec. 9, 1919.
 V. R. Midgley,
 401 North West Bldg.,
 Vancouver, B. C.
 Supplies received. Am leaving tonight. Send me 1,000 to Edmonton. Caribondale over top, 300 to 34.

BUY YOUR XMAS GIFTS THE EASY WAY

Practical Xmas Gifts

—are always appreciated on account of their lasting qualities—so why not give something to wear. The remembrance of such a gift will linger long in the memory of the recipient.

YOU NEEDN'T WORRY ABOUT THE COST

—when you can get real practical gifts in the form of **Lovely Furs and Smart, Up-to-date Clothes for Ladies, and Nifty Togs for Men** at the "New York" on the easiest of terms. In fact, it's the one place where

Your Credit Is Good

—Come in tomorrow and we'll help you solve your problems.

Remember Our Slogan:—"PAY-THE-EASY-WAY"

Dress Well on Easy Terms at the

New York Outfitting Co., Ltd.

143 HASTINGS STREET WEST

Opposite Province Office Sey. 1361

OUR CREDIT BOOK SPARES YOUR BANK BOOK

The Blairmore coal miners' unit of the O.B.U. have succeeded so well with the organization of the miners in their district that they are now turning to the organization of the retail stores.

This week they have ordered three union shop cards. One for a butcher shop, and two for barber shops. The demand for supplies during the past month has been so great that the office of the general executive board has been unable to supply all of the requirements. The demand for membership cases and enamel buttons has been particularly heavy, and there are at the present moment, orders on file for 3,000 membership cases that cannot be filled.

Since the beginning of July membership cases in excess of 36,000 have been issued from headquarters. If the international representatives still doubt these facts, the secretary will be pleased to furnish them or any of their members with proof.

The strike at Kimberley of the metal miners still continues. Although the men have been out for a considerable period of time, and have been evicted from the company's property, they are determined to stay with it until they win.

The delegates attending the recent Coal Miners' O.B.U. convention at Calgary, upon hearing the train for home on December 3rd, found 17 men on their way to the Kimberley mines. The Labor Bureau, according to these men, had informed them that the strike

was over, and everything O.K. When the O.B.U. delegates informed them of the true situation, they would gladly have got off the train, but did not have possession of their baggage checks, and consequently, they were forced to finish their trip. President Beard of the Coal Miners' section of the O.B.U., on returning to his home at Natal telephoned to the secretary of the Loggers' Union at Cranbrook to meet the train and give these men the correct information, and we understand that their journey ended at Cranbrook.

Comrade Gill, along with Hansen, is doing good work in the Drumheller Valley. They have wired this week for supplies for an additional 500 members.

A Shipbuilders' Unit of the O.B.U. has been organized at Port Arthur, Ont.

Have you got your bond yet? If not remember that the campaign closed December 15. Now is the time to do your bit.

London, England.—The British government has dropped its scheme to make strikes illegal and to prohibit trade unions from giving financial aid to strikers. Trade union representatives voices their objection to the plan. These proposals were contained in a bill that is intended to replace the wages (temporary regulation) act. An industrial court was to be created and the court's decision could not be resisted by strike.

MEMBERSHIP OVER ONE THOUSAND

Co-operative Store Doing Good Business and Prospects Bright

The Co-operative Store at 41 Pender Street West is meeting with great success. A steady flow of orders are coming in daily, and the membership has now passed the 1,000 mark. The G.W.V.A. Co-operative Society of South Vancouver has transferred its membership to the Vancouver Co-operative Society and branch stores will be

Real Parisian Ivory Direct from France

Our French Ivory section has grown to dimensions of a distinct department of considerable prominence. The stock now embraces practically everything produced in this beautiful ware.

As a Christmas Gift French Ivory is wonderfully appropriate and is highly valued both for its beauty and its utility.

A small deposit will ensure your selection being put aside for you.

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