The Midway Dispatch.

Vol. I. No. 12. MIDWAY, BRITISH COLUMBIA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1902. $2.00 per Year.

CORSETS

I have just received a full line of the FAMOUS D. & A. CORSETS.

They are made to FIT and give you that easy comfortable feeling so much desired in a Corset, prices from

$1.00 to $1.75.

...FALL GOODS...

Fall goods are beginning to arrive. This week's arrivals are :- Ladies Tailor made Suits in Oxford Greys, Ladies Overskirts, Ladies Wrappers, Childrens Dresses, sizes 6 to 10 years, good value at $1.75.

Canadian Tweed Cloth

Suitable for House Dresses and Childrens Dresses, dark shades, 26 inches wide, 20 cents a yard, 6 yards for $1.00.

J. McNICOL.

Books Magazines and Stationery

THE MIDWAY NEWS DEPOT

THOMAS WALKER, Proprietor.

All the best brands of Cigars and Tobaccos kept constantly on hand.

Latest shades and patterns of Wall Paper now in stock.

Seventh Street, Midway.

Candies Canned Goods Biscuits

About That Prescription

The doctor gave you, he wanted you to have the purest ingredients it is possible to obtain, properly compounded. I will fill it exactly as he orders.

A. F. Thomas, Druggist, Midway.

Prices to Suit the Times.

Special Cut Prices in Summer Goods

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Shelf Hardware, Lamps and Glassware, etc., etc.

OUR MOTTO: Quick Sales and Small Profits.

A fresh stock of staple and fancy groceries arriving daily.

POST OFFICE STORE **HAIN & CO.** MIDWAY, B. C.

A FARMING COUNTRY

From Rock Creek to Sidley there are 2,900 Acres Under Cultivation.

LIST OF THE CULTIVATED FARMS

Only a Comparatively Short Time ago most of the Land now Under Cultivation was Unpre-empted--- Cultivated Acreage will be Largely Increased Next Year.

Probably it will surprise most readers, even local readers, of THE DISPATCH to read the statement that there are at least 40 farmers cultivating more or less of the arable land surrounding Midway, that is from Boundary Falls to Rock Creek, and that farther westwards, from Rock Creek to Sidley, there are about 60 more. It will doubtless be a still greater surprise to read an assertion, deliberately made after looking into the facts of the position, that there are this season between 3,000 and 3,500 acres under cultivation in the district embraced within the boundaries just mentioned. However, these are the simple facts, and they may be verified by any one who will take the trouble to go through the district and make a careful enquiry, as was recently done by the writer. Further, the area above referred to does not include farm lands south of the International Boundary line, but takes in only the occupied lands in this district and province. Were the farms and homesteads south of the line on what was formerly an Indian Reservation, including those immediately below Midway in the valley of the Kettle River, and the 50 or 60 situate within the area from Anarchist Mountain south to Dry Gulch and east to Myers Creek, to be added the total would reach to 170 or 180 in all. Since, though, the present purpose is to deal with the farms from Rock Creek to the neighborhood of Sidley, on Anarchist Mountain, particular reference to those nearer Midway will not now be made.

Of the 60 mentioned as situate between Rock Creek and Sidley about a dozen, cultivating nearly 600 acres, on the road from Gillespie's to Rock Creek, via Rock Mountain and "One-eyed" Mountain (facetiously so named for the reason that among others living in that part of the district are said to be three men and one horse each having but one eye). These together account for 2,900 of the maximum area of 3,500 acres first mentioned. It should not be difficult to account for the remaining 600 acres between Rock Creek and Boundary Falls.

For the information of those interested yet unfamiliar with the individual areas under cultivation (meaning the land in fallow—a comparatively small acreage, by the way—as well as that under crop this season) the following details are given :—

On Camp McKinney Road :

FARMER	IN CULTIVATION
H. Brown	40 acres
W. Brown	70 "
J. Martin	40 "
P. "Denmark" Johnson	150 "
J. B. Christopherson	45 "
—Hawkins	25 "
A. D. McLennan	65 "
R. Grant	65 "
F. Hatton	50 "
Several unenumerated say	50 "
	600 acres

On Oesyoos road :—

H. Edwards	40 "
R. Stephens	50 "
F. Edwards	70 "
F. Schorn	50 "
G. O'Neill	65 "
A. Maurer	20 "
D. McBride	65 "
W. Lawless	85 "
J. Goodyear	30 "
— Gillespie (not ascertained)	
W. Gardner	100 "
LaCause Bros. (Tedrow's est.)	100 "
J. Culling	50 "
E. N. Cudworth	60 "
E. J. Cudworth	20 "
D. S. Kelsey	60 "
F. Kelsey	50 "
C. Coss	65 "
S. Johnson	20 "
A. Letts	15 "
W. Almquist	60 "
J. L. Dodds	30 "
G. Higginbotham	
W. Akers	25 "
C. Vaughan	15 "
Mrs. Argersinger's, (rented)	60 "
R. G. Sidley (162 in crop)	400 "
Several unenumerated, say	95 "
	1,700 acres

On Gillespie's to Rock Mountain road etc.:—

Barton Bros.	60 acres
Mrs. Burns	40 "
J. Wisted	40 "
T. Wisted	35 "
— Wisted Sen	25 "
W. Tipple	50 "
Jos. Johnston	60 "
C. Kingsley	40 "
J. Dalander	20 "
J. Bozarth	50 "
F. Hart	40 "
A. Madge, H. Boler, W. Buddy, Kelly Bros., — Eales, — Eck and others, say	140 "
	600
Total	2,900 acres

Of course the foregoing gives no idea of the total area of land held by the farmers named. When it is stated that there is now no vacant land of any account, that is none unpre-empted, between Sidley and Rock Creek, a distance of 16 to 18 miles, it will be easily understood that numbers of the pre-emptions are full sized. Most of the occupied land is well-watered, doing well generally as is evidenced by the facts that most of them are gradually increasing their live and dead stock possessions and adding to their area under cultivation and that many have crown granted their land, whilst none are offering their farms for sale.

Under conditions not yet all obtained mixed farming and dairying through out could be carried on to advantage and in most seasons with profit. The chief present obstacle is lack of cheap transportation, which involves, practically, lack of market, the distance from populous centres being too great to admit of produce being delivered at prices that will give a fair return to the producer and yet compete successfully with that brought in from parts connected with the mining towns and camps by rail. The farms in the district under notice range in distance from Midway, the nearest railway point, from 15 to 30 miles, and this over roads not allowing of very heavy loads being hauled. The provincial government has not dealt liberally with these parts in the matter of roadmaking, notwithstanding that as long ago as 1897 the then Chief Commissioner of Land and Work, G. B. Martin, M. P. P., passed through the district and was so surprised with the progress that even then —five years ago — it was making, that, he could not not refrain from talking about it when he reached Midway and Greenwood. But since railway surveys have been made right through the district, and there is a prospect of the C. P. R. or the V. V. & E. building a railroad west from Midway next year, the hope is general that the transportation difficulty will be removed before another harvest time shall come around. Given cheap transportation there appears to be but one more contingency to take into account, viz., that of the permancy of the mining industry in the Boundary district. Fortunately each succeeding year sees such substantial progress in this connection that district farmers now appear to have very good reason to look forward to a fast-enlarging market in the Boundary mining camps and towns, including Camp McKinney, the West Fork camps, Midway, Greenwood, Phoenix, Eholt and the mines surrounding these several towns.

The experience of years, so the oldest farming settler in the district avers, has proved the district to be well suited for dairying, excepting that until transportation shall be provided it will not be able to compete with the creameries of the North-west and Manitoba. It is described, with its cold temperature in winter and its only moderate degree of heat in summer, as having ideal climate for butter-making. Though too cold for wheat growing to advantage the district produces good crops of oats and its rather short season is favorable for barley, which ripens early and does "extra well," to use the words of one who knows what he has reaped of this crop. Root crops and some garden vegetables can also be grown. Strange to say it has long been taken for granted that large fruits will not do well at the higher altitude of Anarchist mountain, but it is quite probable that this opinion will ere long to be found to be an erroneous one. True, with the snow lying from three to four feet in depth in the winter, the prospect for fruit-growing may not appear to be a bright one, yet with nothing like the severity of frost that is experienced in parts of the Kettle River valley where it has been found that certain of the large fruits will thrive and yield freely, experiments should long since have been persisted in. Mr. Sidley, the pioneer rancher of the district, did plant some fruit trees years ago, but the gophers destroyed them so he gave up trying to grow them until last year he planted a dozen trees, obtained from Stone & Wellington's Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont., and some of these have already grown well enough to show that good results may be looked for where the trees are properly planted and cared for. As for small fruits, there does not seem to be any good reason why some of these would not flourish and gave a good return for the time and trouble taken in establishing them.

As to crop yields—an average crop, where well put in, will generally return 50 bushels of oats to the acre, and barley will do similarly. Rye yields up to 30 bushels ; wheat (grown chiefly for chicken feed) about 25 bushels ; potatoes (which are a good-looking sample, but not generally of first class quality) 150 to 200 bushels, and carrots, parsnips and turnips range from 15 to 20 tons. Four threshers—two steam and two horse-power—find full employment during the season in the district, and Mr. Sidley has one "steamer" with all modern improvements on the way in for his own use.

Most farmers breed a few cattle for home consumption or for sale to the butcher, or both. Hogs are kept in considerable numbers and fattened for market on grain and roots grown on the farm. Poultry also adds to both the yearly cash returns and to the home food supply. There does not seem to be any sufficient reason, even without railway transportation facilities, why this district should not almost entirely drive out competition in the Boundary Creek district in pork, both fresh and cured, and poultry too. Perhaps in butter and eggs the provision of means of speedy transportation must be awaited. However, with a little more enterprise and energy much might be accomplished towards securing the local market in towns and camps above mentioned.

Boundary Smelters Running Again.

Once again all three Boundary smelters are running at their full ore treatment capacity. On Monday, 8th inst., the third and fourth furnaces of the Granby Company's works at Grand Forks were again blown in, and since then all four stacks have been in operation there. Last Wednesday the B.C. Copper Co.'s smelter at Greenwood started its second furnace again, this having been cold since the beginning of July, so now with two furnaces runinng both mine and smelter are employing full forces of workmen. On Thursday the Montreal and Boston Copper Company,s furnace at the Boundary Falls smelter was blown in. This makes seven furnaces in all running in the Boundary, these having a total capacity of about 3,500 tons.

The mines now at work are the Granby Consolidated Mining Smelting & Power Company's Old Ironsides, Victoria and Knob Hill group; the Snowshoe Gold & Copper Company's Snowshoe, also at Phoenix; the B.C. Chartered Company's B.C. mine in Summit camp- the British Columbia Copper Company's Mother Lode mine and the Montreal & Boston Copper Company's Sunset mine, both in Deadwood camp. A couple of men are at work on the Emma, in Summit camp, and a similar number on the Morrison in Deadwood camp, but the Jewel, in Long Lake camp, and the No. 7, in Central camp are closed down for the time being, though both are expected to resume work shortly. Among other properties are the Providence and the Goldfinch, both getting out ore for shipment to Trail, whilst the Crescent, in Skylark camp, has lately been working along the same lines and now has a couple of carloads of ore of good grade awaiting transportotion. Several other properties are having more or less prospecting work done on them. Altogether prospects are favorable for much mining and smelting activity during the remaining months of the year.

The Granby Company's mines are, of course, shipping their ore to the Grand Forks smelter; the Greenwood smelter is getting its supplies chiefly from the Mother Lode, with several cars each day from the Snowshoe; the Boundary Falls works are supplementing their supplies from the Sunset with ore from both Snowshoe and B. C. mines. Whilst they were shipping the Jewel sent its ore to the Grand Forks and the No. 7 to Greenwood. So far no ore from the Republic mines has come over the mountain to either Greenwood or Boundary.

The Mother Lode Improving.

The surface workings upon the northern part of the B. C. Copper company's Mother Lode property in Deadwood camp show a decided improvement in the quality of ore as compared with that heretofore mined in the big quarry situate farther south on the same claim, and this notwithstanding that these older and much more extensive workings have latterly been turning out a better grade of ore than they were two months ago. This means, with ore running somewhat better in the big quarry and considerably better in the new quarry, that the position is better for the mine, even though the expected rise in the price of copper has not yet taken place.

As the ore in the new quarry carries a higher percentage of both iron and sulphur than that from the old, it serves admirably to flux the more silicious ores from the older surface workings. The gold and copper values compare favorably with those carried by the shoots of good class ore occuring on the 300 foot level of the mine, so that in this respect, too, there is substantial reason to be well satisfied with recent developments.

The ore output of the mine is now between 600 and 700 tons a day. Of this about 200 tons is coming from the new quarry and practically the whole of the remainder from the old quarry. The proportion from the former will shortly be increased to 500 tons daily. There is still a large reserve of ore broken down in the underground stopes but this is at present not being drawn upon.

Since the second furnace was blown in three days ago at the company's smelter both furnaces have been running as satisfactorily as did the single one before the output of matte was doubled. Among recent improvements made at the works is the connecting direct with the main boilers of the steam pump which now that water in Copper creek is too low for the gravity system to maintain a sufficient supply of water for granulating the slag from both furnaces, pumps water from Boundary Creek to the big elevated tank from which water flows to the furnace jackets and slag flume. The capacity of this pump is being enlarged so that there may be no difficulty experienced in keeping up a supply of water in excess of present needs.

Boundary Ore Shipments.

The tonnage of ore shipped by the mines of the Boundary District during 1901, and for the eight months of 1902, is as under :

	1901	1902
Old Ironsides and Knob Hill group	231,762	215,079
Mother Lode	99,548	74,092
B. C.	47,517	3,010
Sunset	800	4,520
Winnipeg	1,040	785
King Solomon	850	.....
Snowshoe	1,731	3,898
No. 7	665	482
Jewel	325	2,175
Golden Crown	.....	625
Sundry small shipments	2,500	1,380
Totals	386,738	306,046

Shipments during 1900 totalled 97,837 tons ; during the year 1901, to December 31st, 386,738 tons, and during eight months of 1902, 306,046 tons, making an aggregate of 790,621 tons

The Dispatch.

C. M. CROUSE..... Editor and Proprietor

Published weekly at Midway, B. C.

Subscription price, $2.00 per annum, payable in advance, either yearly or half yearly at the option of the subscriber.

Advertising rates sent on application.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1902.

One of the latest additions to our exchange table is the Independent American, published at Republic Wash. It has both a daily and weekly edition and is certainly full of news. Republic is to be congratulated upon having such a paper as the Independent American, as it reflects great credit on the town.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a descriptive article on the number of ranches situate between Rock Creek and Sidley, having considerable acreage under cultivation. The notes are very carefully compiled by a representative of THE DISPATCH, after making a tour of that district and securing reliable data as to the number of acres under cultivation and the various conditions under which the different branches of agriculture are carried on in that district. We trust that the article will prove of interest to the majority of our readers. Next week we will publish some particulars of R. G. Sidley's farm, which, from its being the largest in the district, is worthy of especial mention.

Owing to our increased advertising patronage we have found it necessary to increase the size of THE DISPATCH from a five to a six column paper. In doing this we feel a pardonable pride that the business men of Midway are patriotic enough to patronize their local paper to such an extent to make it possible for us to make the change above referred to. Such universal patronage among the business men of Midway is especially pleasing to us at the present time, when other papers of the district are complaining of lack of support. It proves conclusively that the people of Midway, who have business of any kind are wide awake and advertise at a time when the condition fo the country is not as prosperous as we would hope. By so doing they are showing their good judgment. Many are of the opinion that the only time to advertise is when the country is flourishing. such an idea is contrary to all the rules governing successful advertising. Men who have made a study of the question unite in advocating a liberal display of printers' ink to overcome the causes of depression of trade. We do not think there is an other town or city in the Province of British Columbia where a larger percentage of the business men patronize, and patronize liberally, their local paper, than Midway. This is saying much, but it is not an exaggerated estimation of our local support, and believing this we consider it our duty —a pleasurable duty we owe to our patrons—to make mention of the fact through our columns. True, there are a few engaged in business in the town, whose names do not decorate our columns, but they are very few, and we hope that before long they will permit us to largely increase their volume of business by telling the public all about what they have to offer, through the columns of THE DISPATCH.

To Settle Arable Lands.

We have received from the secretary of the Voters' League, of Victoria, a printed copy of a report prepared for that body by Frank Moberly C. E., dealing with the question of settling the arable lands of British Columbia. The question is one of vast importance to the success of the province and Mr. Moberly's remarks are very interesting indeed, and it is quite evident he has given the question much thought. If the provincial government would but act upon his suggestions the heavy importations of agricultural produce into the province would be greatly reduced, as the home market would mostly be supplied by home grown produce.

The Voters' League is an independent organization which was recently formed for the purpose of considering questions of public interest, and perhaps no question is of more importance in the province to-day than the one here referred to. We trust the League will be given the hearty support of the provincial press in helping along its good work.

Mr. Moberly has had great opportunities for looking into the situation having been over the various districts which he mentions in his article. Not only has he been over the ground but has as well inquired into the conditions affecting the various localities as is evidenced by his remarks. Mr. Moberly says:

"I am going to speak principally of the Mainland, as I know little of the Island, and will leave that for others to deal with who are more intimate with that section. British Columbia is not an agricultural country, but it has tracts of arable land of more or less extent throughout the districts of East and West Kootenay and Yale, which are of surpassing richness and are capable of raising crops of any kind—grains, hay, vegetables or fruit, and dairying should everywhere be successful. But there are difficulties in the way. The first—perhaps the most important—is that the land is blanketed by people who are holding it for speculation at absurd prices—$40 or $50 an acre. In a large number of cases they have no legal claim to the lands and pay no taxes; but an intending settler goes looking for lands in these districts, sees the posts with the notice on them, and gives the land the go-by as it may take a week's travel to the nearest land office to find out if the land is really taken up or not, so that he cannot afford the time or expense necessary to make enquiries. Another drawback is that a large portion of the lands will require irrigation. This in East Kootenay can be accomplished over larger areas and easier and more cheaply than in any other sections of the province, owing to the conformation of the country, but it is quite possible in many parts of the other districts to carry on irrigation work successfully. As it would take too long to go into details, I will not describe it more minutely.

Now, all these districts should be carefully examined and reported on by the government, giving the position and amount of any arable land available for settlement; what market and what mode of communication there is, and whether or not irrigation would be necessary, so that an intending settler may know exactly where he is to go and what he is to expect. This report should also show what tracts of arable land are held and not worked, and steps should be taken to at least double tax land that is so held, or else let it revert to the crown; as, with the limited amount of agricultural land in this province every acre should be cultivated and none of it allowed to lie waste or to be used for cattle ranges.

Immediately after making a preliminary examination of the country, steps should be taken to survey those lands fit for farming in blocks of from 20 to 100 acres, and confining ownership as much as possible to blocks of that size. Every assistance and encouragement should be given to settlers taking up these lands to go into mixed farming and dairying.

Large individual land holdings are a mistake and have resulted disastrously wherever tried in Canada, as on account of the scarcity of agricultural labor, the land is poorly cultivated, weeds increase, and the soil is exhausted. Take France as an example, where the holdings are small; the average product per acre is ten times the average in Canada, and more than that above the average in the States.

A man with a small farm and enough stock on it to keep up its fertility can make every acre that he works pay, and pay well. There is a ready market all over the province for farm produce, and prices are always at the top notch and always will be as long as the mining industry lasts.

After the examination I have spoken of has been made, it will be found that different classes of settlers will be required for different localities. For one, those who understand the clearing of land and handling of heavy timber, etc. Then, steps should be taken to reach out for exactly the class of settler required for each locality, and take them there.

Dairying is an industry that special attention should be paid to. Everywhere, from the eastern boundary to the coast, timothy and red and white clover and all root crops will grow to the greatest advantage, the climate is everything that can be desired, and even where the climate is most severe the housing of cattle is a small matter, as any severe weather never lasts more than a week or two at the outside and is not to be compared with the drawbacks suffered by the farmers of Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and the Northwest who have on an average of five or six months to house and feed their cattle; and yet those farmers sell their products at a profit in British Columbia, where the same articles could be produced in abundance and perfection at, I am bound to say, half the cost and exertion. Last year in the Similkameen country, where nature has done everything possible to make it a perfect dairying country, I was purchasing butter at 50 cents a pound, made in Western Ontario, and drinking milk canned in Nova Scotia There is something wrong about that, is there not? And does not the very same state of affairs exist everywhere else in British Columbia? And yet the cry is "No market!"

According to the trade and navigation report for 1900—the last I have seen—we import 536,913 pounds of butter from the States, and I imagine that amount is exceeded by our imports from the Eastern provinces.

In the matter of beef, by the farmer raising small herds and farm feeding them, we would have a great improvement in the quality of beef. We now pay first class prices for a very inferior article; and, as I before said, I would not allow any arable land to be monopolized for cattle ranging purposes. Pork is another article which it pays to raise, the imports from the States alone in bacon and ham being 3,089,608 pounds, for 1900. Now, in Ontario (from which we also get a great quantity of these articles) the farmers found they were unable to compete with the Northwest in wheat, so they turned their grain into pork with most favorable results.

I might just say here that everywhere, besides the arable land, there is plenty of waste land with good pasturage for all kinds of stock.

I will just touch on the fruit question. Fruit does well in the Upper Kootenay valley, in the Fort Steele district, along Kootenay lake wherever there is any soil; in the Kettle River valley, the Okanagan, the Similkameen, the Chilliwack and Nicola district; the treasare most prolific bearers and require the minimum attention. Yet, outside of the Okanagan and Chilliwack districts, little has been done in that line, although we import from the States apples, cherries, plums, peaches and small fruits to the tune of $90,000 per year; besides what comes from Eastern Canada in shape of fresh fruits and the vast quantities of canned fruits. We should be able to supply our own market with fruit, as also that of the Yukon and the Northwest, which are our natural markets.

Poultry and eggs are also required in large quantities to supply the markets of the province and the Yukon. The import of eggs for these two markets is about 700,000 dozen per annum from the States, besides those supplied by Manitoba and the Eastern provinces. The same holds good with poultry, as we import about $17,000 from the States, and our own market is largely supplied with turkeys from Ontario. Poultry can be raised anywhere, and to advantage, in British Columbia, and certainly if it pays the Ontario and Manitoba farmers to raise them, pay freight out here and to contend with all the difficulties of their rigorous climate, it should surely pay the farmer here with everything in his favor.

For the raising of geese, ducks and turkeys, there is an ideal region round the shores of Kamloops Lake, where the climate and all other conditions are perfect for the purpose. It is situated on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, and is centrally situated as regards the markets of the province and there are no doubt many other localities suitable for the purpose.

I will close my remarks by saying that the question of agriculture goes hand in hand with that of transportation I would beg to suggest that the Voter,s League appoint a strong committee to take up the transport question in all its bearings.

HARVESTERS AND THRASHERS

Harvesters and thrashers who are heavy consumers of Chewing Tobacco, will find

PAY ROLL CHEWING TOBACCO

much more wholesome than the rank tobaccos of the past. As only pure ingredients enter into the manufacture of this brand, it can be used with perfect security. Valuable presents can also be obtained by saving the Snowshoe Tags, which are on every plug. The time for the redemption of Snowshoe Tags has been extended to

Jan. 1st, 1904.

STOCK FOR SALE.

Durham Bulls, Fresh Calved Cows, Cows in Calf, Steers and Heifers, Boar Pigs, Sows and Young Pigs, Sheep and Poultry, Saddle and Pack Ponies. Apply to

J. A. COULSON,

1½ miles from Midway, or Dispatch office.

LOST

On 18th inst., somewhere between J. G. McMynn's ranch and Midway, one logging chain. Finder will oblige by leaving at this office.

Commercial Job Printing

—AT—

THE DISPATCH

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that 60 days after date hereof I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of unsurveyed mountain pasture, being the North ½ Sec. 25 and fractional North West ¼ Section 26, Township 89, Osoyoos District.

E. L. GREEN.

August 8th, 1902. 7c

"THE MILWAUKEE"

A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the Great Railway running the "PIONEER LIMITED" trains every day and night between St. Paul and Chicago, and Omaha and Chicago, "The only perfect trains in the world." Understand: Connections are made with ALL Transcontinental Lines, assuring to passengers the best service known. Luxurious coaches, electric lights, steam heat, of a verity equaled by no other line.

See that your ticket reads via "The Milwaukee" when going to any point in the United States or Canada. All ticket agents sell them.

For rates pamphlets or other information, address,

R. L. FORD, Trav. Pass. Agt. SPOKANE, WASH.
H. S. ROWE, General Agent, PORTLAND, OR.

RUBBER STAMPS

Seals
Stencils
Price Markers
Printing Wheels
Numbering Machines
Band Dating and Numbering Stamps
Check Perforators
Rubber Type
Printing Presses, Etc., Etc.

FRANKLIN STAMP WORKS, VANCOUVER, B. C.

TICKETS

—TO AND FROM ALL—

POINTS EAST VIA

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

SHORT LINE

TO

St. Paul, Duluth, Minneapolis, Chicago

AND POINTS EAST

Through Tourist Sleepers, Dining and Buffet Smoking Library Cars.

DAILY TRAINS: FAST TIME: SERVICE AND SCENERY UNEQUALED.

For Rates, Folders and Full Information, call on or address,

H. BRANDT, G. P. & T. A., 701 W. Riverside Avenue, SPOKANE, WASH.

A. B. C. DENNISTON, G. W. P. A., SEATTLE, WASH.

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

Notice.

BLUE BELL MINERAL CLAIM.

Situate in the Osoyoos Mining Division of Yale District. Where Located:—Kruger Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Charles de Blois Green, as agent for George G. Powell, free miner's certificate No. B8057, and for Evan Morris, free miners certificate No. B81762, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1902.

8c C. DEB. GREEN.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Boundary Falls Hotel

THOS. WAKE, PROPRIETOR.

This hotel is centrally located and is a stopping place for stage lines. Good stabling on the premises.

—: GOOD FISHING IN THE VICINITY :—

Only the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, and Cigars at the Bar.

SITUATED AT BOUNDARY FALLS, B. C.

R. MEYERHOFF'S STAGE

Carrying His Majesty's Mails

Will leave MIDWAY on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 8.30 a. m., arriving at CAMP McKINNEY at 5 p. m.

Returning will leave CAMP McKINNEY on Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 9 a. m., reaching MIDWAY at 1.30 p. m., and making connection with the train going east at 2:55 o'clock.

The best of accommodation for the convenience of the travelling public.

R. MEYERHOFF, PROPRIETOR.

CROWELL'S HOTEL . . .

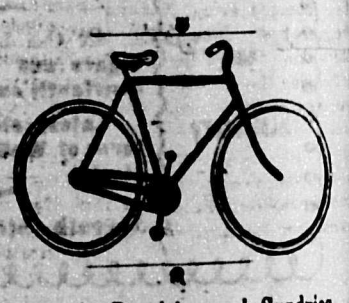
THE BEST HOTEL IN MIDWAY

Headquarters for Railroad, Mining and Commercial Men

First Class Livery Stable in Connection with Hotel.

S. A. CROWELL, Prop.

W. H. WEBB



CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING

CARRIAGE AND SIGN PAINTING. Bicycle Repairing and Sundries.

J. H. BUSH

GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Horse Shoeing a Specialty

All Kinds of Work Executed to the Satisfaction of Customers

HOTEL . . SPOKANE

SEVENTH STREET, MIDWAY, B. C.

L. E. SALTER, PROPRIETOR.

A new building, well furnished. Everything new and first-class. Only the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars kept in stock. Every convenience furnished the traveling public. Bus meets all trains.

NO CHINESE EMPLOYED.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT.

Lindsay, of Rock Creek, was in n Saturday'

oundagin, merchant, of Chesaw, town last week.

. Davis is driving the Camp Mc- stage in place of W. Garrison, taking a vacation.

W. M. Roy has purchased the e and lot on Fifth street, former- property of J. W. Reed.

ahl is having the appearance of ge hotel near the C. P. R. sta- reatly improved by a coat of W. H. Webb is doing the

nt rains have had the effect of g the air and settling the dust, e district is now enjoying that utumn weather peculiar to the d portions of the Kettle River

. Cawston went on to his home remeos on Wednesday, after delivered a large band of cattle slaughter house of P. Burns & short distance beyond Green- He will shortly return with er band for the same firm.

and Mrs. C.J. Leggatt, who have pending a vacation with the lat- ister, Mrs. Jas. Atwood, returned il to-day. Mrs. Atwood accom- d them and will make a short n the smelter city.

l Heilscher, C. P. R. car repairer dway, is laid up from work as a of running a nail into his hand. ound has given Mr. Heilscher erable pain, but it is getting better, and it is to be hoped e will shortly be able to again to his duties.

man West, after conducting the House at Carmi, for a period of ears has returned to his old lo- at Bull Creek, and travellers from the West Fork country e provided with a comfortable ing place and excellent meals. taking charge he has thoroughly anled the hotel building, making sive repairs, so that every con- nce is now offered to guests.

K. Stuart, who for the past two has been in Paris and Glasgow harge of the Canadian mineral it at the exhibitions held in these ctive cities, paid Midway a visit on day and Friday, going out on y's train on his way to London, and. Mr. Stuart will perform r duties at the St Louis Exhibi- in 1904. He will return to Canada e spring and begin the work of ing samples of ores throughout Dominion.

Benerman and H. Strauss left rday on a hunting trip up the They intended going Friday their cayuses had ordained other-

After making a start the team way throwing the occupants out, njuries resulted beyond a few es that are usually obtained in a e mix-up. It is not known wheth- e accident was due to the pure dness of the cayuses or the event- ay selected for starting, viz Fri-

. A. McPhail has purchased from H. Bergman his house and lots sit- on the corner of Jessaline and 4th ets. The house which was built Mr Bergman three years ago is one the neatest cottages in Midway. makes the second transfer of pro- ty that took place in the town dur- the past week, which shows although the district is compara- ly quiet at present, there is a de- nd for Midway property.

Last Friday a team of horses attach- a wagon, belonging to J. M. Mel- e, were left standing outside J. Mc ol's general store, when they be- me frightened and ran away. In king a sharp turn to go over to venth street they collided with a ephone pole, bringing them to a ndstill, but only slightly damaging rig. The horses got clear of the and were captured before getting ll under speed again and before any ther damage resulted.

A party composed of J. A. Uns- rth, G. E. Richardson, H. H. Pan- l, Abel Hallberg, O. L. Gunderson, nt up the river in the neighborhood James creek, last week in search of me. They returned on Friday with arge number of birds, but only one r. Reports from all over the dis- ct agree that deer have not in any ge numbers come down from the her mountains, although the season sufficiently far advanced to cause em to follow their custom of occupy- points of less altitude.

. H. Bush, while out hunting one y last week up Norwegian creek, ot two deer. C. L. Thomet also was ccessful in getting one, in the neigh- rhood of James creek. It would ap- ar that the great secret in bringing own game is in knowing just how it done, Several of our local marks- en are wondering why they cannot ven see a deer, when others are for- nate enough to obtain the coveted rophies, but they do not consider hat deer never go looking for the hunt- r, but on the contrary, he must hunt or deer.

At the C. P. R. station, Midway, is o be seen one of the prettiest lawns n the district. Water is supplied by fountain, which is kept continuously unning, power being furnished by the company's pump on the bank of Kettle various kinds of ornamental shrubs and flowers decorate the outside of the lawn, the whole making a veritable picture of loveliness. Such enterprise as displayed by Station Agent Hailey is worthy of commendation, and sets a good example for others to follow.

R. H. Bergman left last Wednesday via Great Northern for New York en route to England. Mr. Bergman has been a resident of Midway almost continuously for six years and "Bobby" will be greatly missed by his many friends here, during his absence, It is his intention while away to take a course of studies in mining engineering and the knowledge about mining gained by him while here should be of much benefit in assisting him in his studies. Mr. Bergman owns several mining interests in the district, which are all crown granted.

Passenger traffic over the Great Northern between here and American points continues quite brisk. The completion of the road to Curlew and the fast stage between that point and Midway has cut seriously into the C. P. R. traffic, as Spokane is reached a day sooner over the Great Northern than by the C. P. R. Such a saving of time means much to the travelling public, and so soon as the Great Northern is completed to Midway, the C. P. R. will be compelled to offer better freight and passenger rates than are now being gvien, otherwise its traffic to and from here will be practically nil. Opposition is the life of trade, and in no business is this more noticeable than in that of railroading.

Large numbers of Chinamen continue to placer mine for gold on Boundary creek, notwithstanding the general opinion that seems to exist among white miners, that the diggings are all worked out. When asked if John is making much out of the creek, the question always elicits the same reply "two bitte," but any one accustomed to the money getting propensities of the Mongolian knows full well that a fair day's wage is being made, otherwise they would not continue to shovel the "pay dirt." It would be interesting to know just how much has been taken from the bars on Boundary creek since mining was commenced about 35 years ago, and it would be still more interesting to know how much there still lies hidden in the treasure vaults of that historic stream. It would not be at all surprising to hear at any time that a discovery of phenomenal richness had been made on the creek that has paid wages to hundreds of miners in the past 35 years.

John Thornton, familiarly known as "Jolly Jack" was in Midway last week for the first time in many weeks. His recent illness has left him very infirm, and although he is 77 years of age, his venture-loving spirit is as young as it was 50 years ago. As an instance of the old man's undying hope of yet figuring in some rich gold find, a short time ago application was made to admit him to the Old Men's Home, Kamloops, but when informed of this Jolly remarked that he would not go at once under that protecting care he could not take part in the rush that would follow the report of some new eldorado. However, following the persuasion of kind friends he has decided to go the Kamloops institution next Monday, where he will be well cared for in his declining years. His departure will remove from Midway one of the most familiar characters of the place, and not the old timers alone, will miss his familiar face, as every resident of the district, both old and young alike, looked upon meeting the old man as a pleasure.

The shipping of horses from Midway to the Northwest has been engaged in rather extensively during the past summer and spring. On Saturday another carload was shipped by C. V. Semered, of Greenwood, for Edmonton. It was perhaps the best carload that has been sent from here. With the exception of one or two the horses were all thoroughly broken and weighed in the neighborhood of 1200 pounds each. These should find ready sale as they can be put to work at once; the buyer will know what he is getting and will be saved the risk of breaking, which often results in a greater expense than the original cost of the animal. The horses were nearly all purchased on this side of the line, only four or five being brought from near Chesaw. The large influx of settlers into the Canadian Northwest is opening up a fine market for horses suitable for ranching purposes; horses weighing 1200 pounds and over. This is not a temporary demand but will increase from year to year, and our local ranchers would do well to breed a class of horses that would find ready sale instead of continuing to raise the native cayuse, which is but of little value only as a saddle animal. Of course there are a number of ranchers, who are already breeding a fair class of horses, but they are few, and ten cayuses roam the hills today to every one that has any breeding. It costs but little more to breed a good class of horses than it does a poor class, and when a colt has attained the age of three or four years, if a good class he will find ready sale at from $75 to $100, while of the cayuse stamp $25 would be a large price. The difference is so great that farmers are standing in their own light who continue to raise bucking cayuses.

Westminster Exhibition

The Canadian Pacific Railway has announced the following rates in connection with the New Westminster Exhibition. Tickets will be on sale on Main Line between Calgary and Kamloops, and on Okanagan Branch, on Sept. 28th, 29th, 30th and Oct. 1st, good to return until Oct. 6th. On Main Line between Savonas and Vancouver tickets will be on sale Sept. 29th, 30th, October 1st and 2nd, good to return until Oct. 5th. On the Okanagan Lake tickets will be sold on Sept. 26th, 29th, and Oct. 1st, good to return until Oct. 6th.

Vancouver	$ .50	Illecillewaet	$13.20
Westminster Jc'.	.40	Glacier	13.65
Port Moody	.50	Beaver Mouth	14.40
Hammond	.65	Donald	14.75
Haney	.75	Golden	15.20
Whonnock	1.00	Palliser	15.60
Ruskin	1.10	Field	16.25
Mission Junction	1.40	Hector	16.50
Sumas	1.80	Laggan	16.70
Harrison	2.20	Banff	17 75
Agassiz	2.50	Anthracite	17.90
Yale	3.80	Canmore	18.20
North Bend	4 85	Morley	19.00
Lytton	5.65	Cochrane	19.55
Spences Bridge	6.30	Calgary	20.25
Ashcroft	7.10		
Savonas	7.75	Enderby	11.70
Kamloops	8.50	Armstrong	12.00
Shuswap	9.50	Vernon	12.40
Salmon Arm	10.60	Okanagan L'd'g.	12.55
Sicamous Junc.	11.00	Kelowna	13.40
Revelstoke	12.35	Penticton	14.45

Victoria Exhibition Oct. 7th to 11th

(INCLUSIVE.)

Passengers who hold tickets issued as above, and who wish also to visit the Victoria Exhibition, can have their tickets extended for a period of eight days on application to the Ticket Agents at Vancouver or New Westminster, and upon the purchase of tickets to Victor[illegible] and return.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Saw Millers under the name of Lequime & Powers, in Midway, B. C., and Grand Forks, B. C., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the Midway Sawmill are to be paid to Wm. Powers, of Midway, B. C., who will continue the Midway business and satisfy all claims against the said business. All debts owing to the Grand Forks Sawmill are to be paid to B. Lequime, of Grand Forks, B. C., who will continue the Grand Forks business and satisfy all claims against the Grand Forks mill.

Signed { WM. POWERS, B. LEQUIME.

Witness JAMES McQUEEN.

Dated at Midway this 9th day of Sept., 1902. 11c

John McCallum has completed thrashing his grain. Although Mr. McCallum usually has a good crop, this season's surpassed that of any of recent years. His large granary, recently constructed by J. M. Melville, is filled to the roof with a fine sample of oats and wheat.

The moving picture entertainment billed for Saturday night was unfortunately interrupted by a lesser quantity of gas on hand than is necessary for working of the machine used. On Tuesday evening the show will be given at McNicol's Hall at 8 o'clock.

Never judge a man by his clothing. The man with fringe around the bottom of the trousers, slouch hat and worn out shoes may be the editor of your local paper, while the man with new clothes and new shoes may simply be one of his delinquent subscribers.

IMMENSE OPPORTUNITY.

For Getting a Beautiful Watch and Chain Free.---No Money Required.---Every Man, Woman, Boy, or Girl has the same Opportunity under our System.

In order to have Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills placed in the hands of all persons suffering from bad health we make the following most liberal offer :—

If you will send us your name and address and agree to sell for us twelve boxes of Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills at 25c. per box, we will give you **absolutely Free a beautiful Watch and Chain** in either Ladies or Gents size, or your choice of twenty other premiums such as fine sets of Jewelry, Rings, Violins, Mandolins, Tea Sets, Sateen Skirts, Cameras, etc. Remember we **don't want any money** until after you sell the Pills and you don't have to sell any more than 12 boxes to get the premiums. This is a bona fide offer from a reliable consern that has given thousands of dollars worth of premiums to agents all over the country. Remember also that Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills are a well known remedy for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, Bright's disease, diabetes, rheumatism, nervous troubles, and female complaints, and are for sale by all first class druggists and dealers in all parts of the world. You have only to show them to sell them. You are not offering something that the people don't know. Our watches are the regular standard size for Ladies or Gentlemen in Nickel or Gun Metal Cases with handsome illuminated dials and reliable time-keepers, watches such as no lady or gentleman need be ashamed to carry, and they will be sent absolutely Free to all who sell only twelve boxes of those wonderful Toxin Pills. Write at once and be the first in your locality to earn one of those beautiful watches and chain. As soon as we receive your letter or post card we will send you post paid twelve boxes, together with our Illustrated Catalogue and beautifully colored card with your name and address on as our authorized agent. Bear in mind that you will not be asked to sell any more than the **12** boxes and we **don't want any money** until after you have sold them. We bear all the expense and are only making this liberal offer as a method of advertising Dr. Arnold's English Toxin Pills. Don't delay, write at once and earn a beautiful present for yourself for Christmas.

Address

ARNOLD MEDICINE CO., Dept. 118

50 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, Ont.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

GREENWOOD, B. C.

H. NICHOLSON,

—: NOTARY PUBLIC,

REAL ESTATE,

FINANCIAL AGENT

AND MINING BROKER.

CAMP McKINNEY, B.C.

Dr. R. Mathison,

——: DENTIST.

NADEN--FLOOD BLOCK - GREENWOOD.

F. M. KERBY,

A. M. Can. Soc. C. E.

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

AND

CIVIL ENGINEER.

MIDWAY AND GREENWOOD.

DR. SIMMONS,

DENTIST,

RENDELL BLOCK, GREENWOOD.

Phone 96, V. & N.

Chas. A. Webster,

PROMOTER, INVENTOR, DESIGNER,

Spokane, Wash., U.S.A. Midway, B.C.

Spokane Falls & Northern

RAILWAY Co.

Nelson & Ft. Sheppard

RAILWAY Co.

Red Mountain Railway Co.,

Washington & G. N. Ry.,

Van., Vic. & E. Ry. & N. Co.

The only all rail route between points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson, Grand Forks and Republic. Connects at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co. for points east, west and south; connects at Rossland and Nelson with the Canadian Pacific Ry.

Connects at Nelson with the K. R. & N. Co. for Kaslo and Slocan points.

Connects at Curlew with stage for Greenwood and Midway B. C.

Buffet cars run on trains between Spokane and Republic.

EFFECTIVE AUGUST 17, 1902:

Leave.		Arrive.
9.25 a.m.	SPOKANE	5.45 p.m.
10.30 a.m.	ROSSLAND	5.10 p m.
7.15 a.m.	NELSON	8.00 p.m.
11.07 a.m.	MILLERS GRAND FORKS	3.58 p.m.
9.20 a.m.	REPUBLIC	5.45 p.m.

E. A. JACKSON,

General Passenger Agent.

Spokane, Wash.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Excursion Rates

...EAST...

September 29th and 30th

—TO—

Washington, D. C., and Return

$69.85

From Rossland, Nelson, Etc.

Corresponding reductions from all stations.

Parlor-Cafe Cars

COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY

BETWEEN

NELSON AND MIDWAY

MEALS: A LA CARTE OR TABLE D HOTE

LIQUORS AND CIGARS

AT

STANDARD PRICES

COMPLETE EQUIPMENT

UNEQUALLED IN THE WEST.

For time tables, rates and full information call on or address A. W. HAILEY, Agent, Midway, or

J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson, B. C.

E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B. C

MINERAL ACT, 1896,

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

JEFFERSON MINERAL CLAIM.

Situate in the Kettle River Mining Division of Yale District. Where located: On Grass Mountain, Camp McKinney.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Henry Nicholson, free miners' certificate No. B41832, as agent for F. A. Doty, free miner's certificate No. B41819, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1902. 1c

HENRY NICHOLSON.

T. M. GULLEY & CO.

Furniture,

Carpets,

Linoleums.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.

Large Stock. Low Prices.

T. M. GULLEY & CO.,

COPPER STREET, GREENWOOD.

Greenwood-Curlew VIA MIDWAY Stage Line.

The undersigned is running a DAILY STAGE between Greenwood and Curlew via Midway. Stage will leave Greenwood at 6:30 a. m., arriving in Midway at 7:45 and at Curlew in time to connect with the train for Spokane due 10:45 returning will leave Curlew at 5 p. m., upon arrival of incoming train, reaching Midway at 7:30 p. m. and Greenwood at 9 p. m. Will connect with Meyerhoff's Stage from all points West.

J. H. TYRRELL, Proprietor.

Midway Livery, Feed & Sale Stable

Seventh Street, Midway,

Opposite Crowell's Hotel.

J. H. Tyrrell, - Proprietor.

SINGLE and DOUBLE DRIVERS

PACK and SADDLE HORSES

Hay and Oats for Sale. - Bus Meets all Trains.

General Transfer and Dray Business.

Riverside Hotel

Rock Creek, B. C.

S. T. LARSEN, Prop.

Stopping place for Stages to and from all Boundary Creek points.

Good Accommodation for the Traveling Public.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

GOLD DUST

will take every particle of dust and dirt from your floors and woodwork—makes them as clean as a whistle, neat as a pin. Nothing so good for washing clothes and dishes.

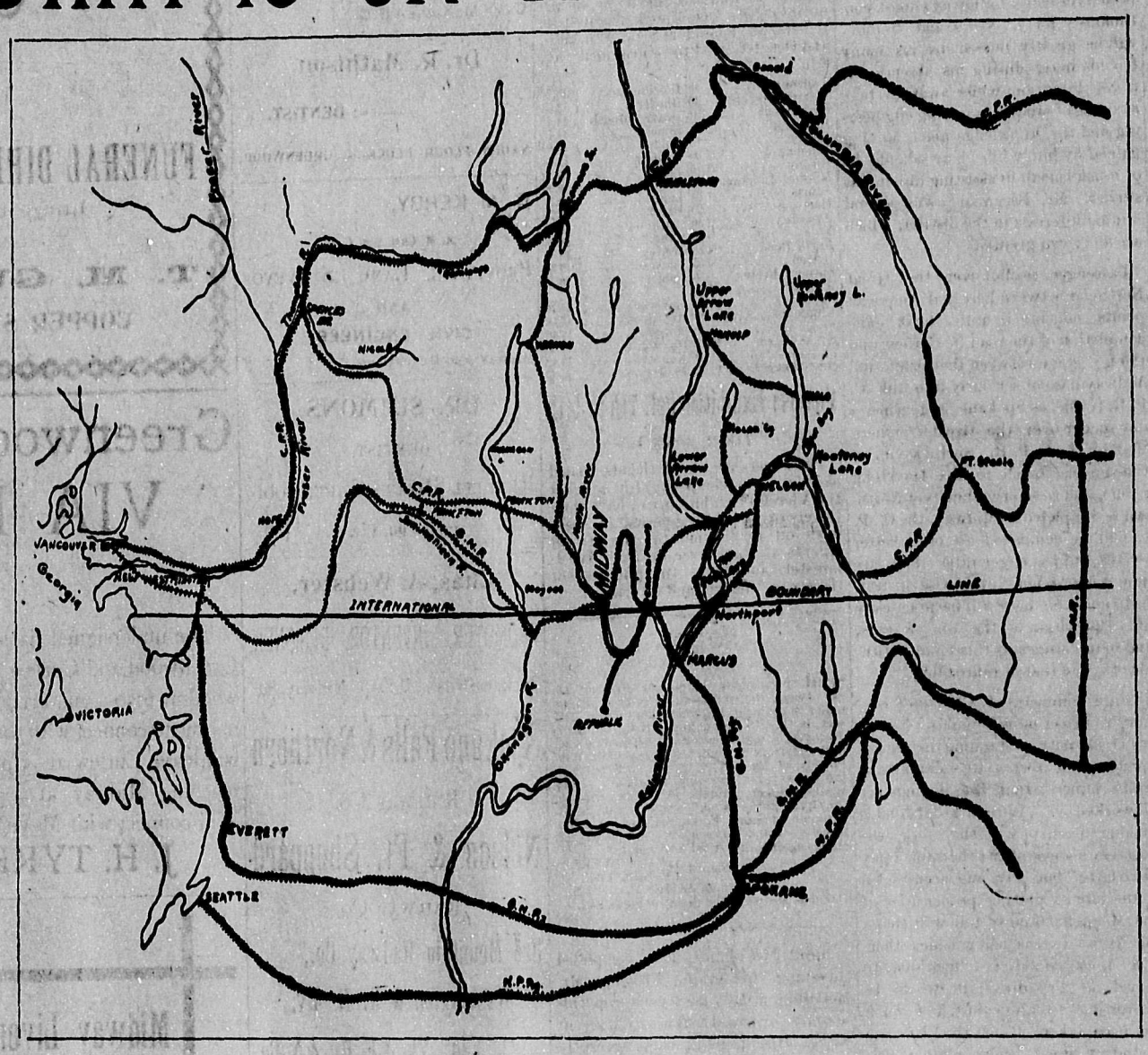
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis.

...MIDWAY IS ON THE MAP TO STAY...

It will be the most important Railway Centre in the Interior of British Columbia. It is in the centre of a rich Mining, Stock-Raising, Ranching, Gardening, Manufacturing, Coal Producing, and Railway District.

Midway property will make you rich. It is not a speculation, it is an investment.



Midway, the coming railway, commercial, wholesale and manufacturing centre of the Kettle River and Boundary Creek Districts, is situated at the confluence of Boundary Creek and Kettle River. The leading residence town in the country, with an excellent climate, pure water supply, and surrounded by rich agricultural land.

Business, residence and garden lots at low prices and on easy terms. Send for maps, prices, and full particulars to

A. M. WOVENDEN, Sec.,
30 St John Street,
Montreal, P. Q.

The MIDWAY COMPANY, Ltd.

C. M. CROUSE,
Agent for British Columbia,
Midway, B. C.

Game Laws.

It is lawful to shoot game as follows (dates inclusive):

September 1 to December 14—Deer, buck or doe; mountain goat, mountain sheep (ram,)

September 1 to December 31—Caribou; elk, wapiti, (bull); grouse of all kinds, including prairie chickens; hare; moose, (bull).

September 1 to February 28—Bittern; duck, all kinds; heron; meadow lark, plover.

November 2 to March 31—Beaver, land otter, marten.

It is unlawful to shoot or destroy at any time: Birds living on noxious insects; English blackbirds; caribou, cow or calf; chaffinch; deer, fawn under twelve months; elk, wapiti, cow or calf under two years; gull; linnet; moose, cow or calf under twelve months; mountain sheep, ewe or lamb; English partridge; pheasants, cock or hen, except as hereinafter provided; quail, all kinds; robins (farmers only may shoot these in gardens between June 1 and Sept. 1); skylark, thrush.

It is unlawful to buy, sell or expose for sale, show or advertisement, caribou, hare, bull moose, mountain goat, mountain ram before October 1; deer before September 1; nor any of the above named animals or birds at any time, except duck, blue grouse, heron and plover during the open season.

It is unlawful to kill or take more than five caribou in one season; more than ten deer, or to hunt them with dogs or to kill for hides alone; more than 250 ducks; more than two bull elk or wapiti; more than two bull moose; more than five mountain goats; more than three mountain rams; or to take or destroy the eggs of protected birds at any time.

It is unlawful to enter land enclosed by fence, water or natural boundary, after notice or if notice under Section 17 is posted up; for non-residents to shoot without a license; for non-resident Indians to kill game at any time; to export or transport in the raw state, game birds of every kind and animals protected except bear, beaver, marten and land otter; to use traps, nets, gins, drugged bait, etc., to catch game birds; to expose for sale any deer without its head or bird without its plumage; to use batteries, swivel guns or sunken punts in non tidal waters to take ducks or geese; for unlicensed non-residents to trap or kill bear or beaver for their pelts; to kill any game bird between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise; to kill game birds or animals imported for acclimatization purposes; to buy or sell heads of mountain sheep; to take trout except by hook and line, or to use salmon roe as bait.

D. A. Holbrook, a Boundary Creek pioneer, who left the district for Thunder Mountain when the rush to the latter locality was on last year, has returned. He did not find Thunder Mountain an Eldorado—rather the reverse for men of small means, and now, like several others recently returned to the Boundary after wandering far afield, thinks this district quite good enough for him to "stay with." Mr. Holbrook came into the Boundary Creek from Puget Sound, where he had been running a steamboat, in the summer of 1892. Late in the fall of that year he located and recorded a mineral claim he named the D. A. Later he took out a few tons of ore from this claim and sent it to one of the Sound smelters, receiving a return above freight and treatment costs of between $140. and $150. per ton. Since then he has located other claims in the same neighborhood, but like many other hard-working prospectors, has not yet "made a stake." Still he has full confidence that "the Boundary is all right" and retains his faith in the future. Perhaps no other single individual did more to advertise Boundary Creek district during the middle '90s and his many friends will rejoice with him should he eventually reap a substantial reward for his persistent faith and hard labor in the district.

Needed in Every Home

THE NEW AND ENLARGED EDITION OF

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

A Dictionary of ENGLISH, Biography, Geography, Fiction, etc.

New Plates Throughout

25,000 New Words Phrases and Definitions

Prepared under the direct supervision of W. T. HARRIS, Ph.D., LL.D., United States Commissioner of Education, assisted by a large corps of competent specialists and editors.

Rich Bindings. 2364 Quarto Pages. 5000 Illustrations

☞ *The International was first issued in 1890, succeeding the "Unabridged." The New and Enlarged Edition of the International was issued in October, 1900. Get the latest and best.*

We also publish Webster's Collegiate Dictionary with Glossary of Scottish Words and Phrases. 1116 Pages. 1000 Illustrations. Size 7x10x2 3-4 inches. "First-class in quality, second-class in size."

Specimen pages, etc. of both books sent on application.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

Men Wanted

To sell for the large Fonthill nurseries. Applications should be filed at once. Highest wages paid, permanent place assured to the right men. We furnish guaranteed stock commanding highest testimonials from British Columbia Inspectors.

49 WELLINGTON ST. E. TORONTO, ONT. **Stone & Wellington.**

Northwestern Business College,

309 SECOND AVE., SPOKANE, WASH.

—THE—

Leading Business Training School OF THE INLAND EMPIRE.

FIVE DEPARTMENTS.

Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, Civil Service, Normal, Telegraphy.

Our students hold the record of the United States for proficiency in Business and Civil Service branches. Send for catalogue.

E. H. THOMPSON, B. S., PRINCIPAL.

The Midway Sawmill

WM. POWERS, PROPRIETOR.

MANUFACTURER OF

All kinds of ROUGH and DRESSED LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLES, SASHES and DOORS.

Band sawing and job work done to order

Riverside Nurseries

Grand Forks, B. C.

MARTIN BURRELL, - - PROPRIETOR.

Home-grown, thrifty, acclimatised trees and shrubs. Currants, Raspberries, Strawberries, etc.

A fine assortment of Maples and other shade trees, Roses, Lilacs, Hedge Plants, other ornamentals.

The secret of success in planting, is, FIRST—to secure good stock, SECOND—to plant as soon as possible after it is dug.

Trees obtained from our nursery can be planted at Midway two days after they are dug.

Price list, and full information promptly given.

THE

PIONEER HOTEL

GREENWOOD, - - B. C.

One of the Best Equipped Hotels in the Boundary. Everything First Class.

J. W. NELSON, Proprietor.

Lancashire House,

: : MIDWAY, B.C. : :

The undersigned having re-opened this well-known and comfortable hotel invites the patronage of all old customers and the public generally.

BEST BRANDS OF LIQUORS & CIGARS.

Furnace-heated and comfortably furnished rooms.

Greenwood-Curlew, via Midway Saige Stops for breakfast and meals are served upon its arrival in the evening, while change of horses is being made.

Mrs. Dowding, Proprietress.