# THE ADVANCE.

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Vol. II, No. 16. MIDWAY, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895. $2.00 per Year.


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Care of Strathyre Mining Co., Fairview, B. C.
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MADE FROM SELECTED NO. 1 WHEAT
I have been appointed agent by Messrs. Eitel Bros., Bridgeport, Wash., for the sale of their celebrated brand of Gold Dust Flour, and shall sell the same on arrival at
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Every Sack Guaranteed Strictly First Quality.
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A Full Line of English, Canadian and American
PATENT MEDICINES,
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FANCY AND MEDICINAL SOAPS,
PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
And all Requisites for the Toilet and Sick Room
Orders by Mail receive careful Attention and Quick Dispatch.
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Pianos and Organs--Easy Terms
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### THE REDUCTION OF ORES.

In a mining community such as our own, where few opportunities are offered the general run of prospectors to become acquainted with each and every new appliance for the extraction of preciaus metals from ores, it is evidently the duty of a paper having some pretentions to being the mining journal of the district, to lose no chance of rendering its patrons a service, by placing before them the many different appliances claiming distinct merit that are now-a-days being experimented with in different parts of the world for the purposes before mentioned. With this end in view (having formerly given prominence to the "cyanide process") we now tender to our readers for their consideration and approval some of the qualities claimed for a recent perfected invention, viz., the Crawford mill. So many different processes for the treatment of ore are now in vogue, each claiming the right of preference one from the other, that it would be well for those interested in the development of mining properties, to pause, consider and enquire, before making choice of any particular process for the treatment of ore in which they themselves are interested. Some of the varied excellent qualities of the Crawford mill are herein set forth by one claiming acquaintance with the practical working of the same, in which the writer says:

In offering the following remarks I would preface them by saying that there is no intention of arrogating to the Crawford mill the ability of being able to get the full assay value from ores, but to point out that when ores are of a nature that can be treated by the mill it is by far the most desirable process, on account of its simplicity and cheapness, combined with efficiency, of any at present before the public. For a country like British Columbia especially is it suitable, as a large proportion of the gold in this country is either low grade or combined with sulphurets, which, by other mechanical processes, requires the use of concentrators, amalgamating pans, etc., etc., while these ores can be treated at small cost, and in one operation, by the Crawford mill. Extensive ledges and rich deposits exist which only require a cheap and effective method of treating refractory ores to amply repay the expenses of operation. Numerous exhaustive trials with the Crawford mill have proved it to be a cheap, rapid and effective method of treating such ores and concentrates, of both high and low grades, and this with a plant of the simplest description. It is self evident that on a low grade ore a small increase in the percentage saved is of no commercial advantage if accompanied by a material increase in the cost, and, therefore, a cheap and continuous system of work is the real necessity for a fair saving to be effected. In stamps, one thing not to be lost sight of, is the probability of direct loss in careless milling and inexperienced amalgamation. Now milling is one of the—in fact the—great part in gold saving, and if it is performed carelessly, or the amalgamation is in other than first.class hands, one may bid good-bye to any profits that should come from the mine. In the Crawford mill this is automatic; and there is no necesssity for an amalgamator, as the mill does its own amalgamation. The gold being under lock and key the amalgam is safe.

The Crawford mill will extract in one operation, and at small cost, gold contained in ores, whether the same be classed free or refractory, and dispenses with the cumberous, complicated and expensive apparatus now in use, whether of a chemical or mechanical character, thus removing the absolute prohibition which at present exists to the successful working of many mines, where, after the free gold has been extracted, a large amount of concentrates are produced, which have to depend on more expensive methods in order to remove the gold they contain.

While recognizing the general attachment of mining engineers to the use of stamps, it is by no means universal, and grave questions are being asked by men prominent in the profession on the subject. Mr. A. B. Paul, in an article in The Mining and Scientific Press, showing how much gold is lost and wasted in ways little suspected, says, speaking of the losses in slimes and tails: "There is not a mill working gold ores with simply stamps, silver plates and concentrates, that does not run away in its slimes and tails with at least 20 per cent of the value, and the majority of them 35 per cent, unless in exceptional cases of working specimen rock. I have made too many tests to accept any such data. I do not doubt that with some tests of tails, minus the run-off slimes, assays may be had which will show a less percentage of loss, but to take a 10x10 tank full of tails, with all the muddy water, and let it fairly settle; then dry, sample and assay, and show how your 95 per cent agrees."

One Crawford mill, properly erected, supplied automatically with ore reduced to about ¼ to ½ inch mesh and supplied with clear water, will treat from eight to twelve tons every twenty-four hours, and save 80 to 90 per cent of the gold in the ores, at a cost not exceeding $1.50 per ton, and will run continuously for very little wear and tear. If five mills are operated, the entire cost of milling, including wear and tear, will not exceed $1 per ton. Here I may mention that the manufacturers of the new steel parts, give a guarantee that they will treat not less than 1,200 tons, which, at 10 tons per day, means 120 days, and it is scarcely necessary for me to say that each will put through a great deal more than 1,200 tons without wanting renewals.

The percentage saved naturally varies with the character of the ores treated, whether they be hard or soft, and also with the constituent elements of the ore. Thus a larger amount of free milling ore can be treated in a given time than of a sulphuret ore, with a relatively varied percentage of gold saved. If, however, the ore carries more than 25 per cent of pyrites, in order to secure a high percentage of saving, the capacity of the mill has to be proportionately reduced.

The amount and character of the saving depend upon the speed with which the mill is driven and the adjustment of the water supply. This, together with the accurate setting of the mill upon a firm and abolsutely level foundation, constitutes essentially all the points for which an expert is required. When these points have been carefully considered and adjusted, the mill may be classed as automatic, and will require the attendance of one man only. Five mills, or the product from 50 tons every 24 hours can be handled as cheaply—so far as the cost of operating the mill is concerned—as from one mill, with the exception of the extra power required to drive the five mills, as after the mills are adjusted and the speed and water power regulated, one man can properly look after five mills. An ordinary travelling derrick or crane, when in place, will open the mill easily and quickly, if from any cause the wearing parts require examination or renewal.

The position which the bath of quicksilver occupies, and its method of operating upon the gold, constitutes an important factor in the economy of the mill. It is essential that pure water shall be brought in contact with the mercury. The mercury is not in any way ground up with the material, or brought in contact with deliterious elements, which would be calculated to sicken the mercury. It thus exercises its full power for amalgamation, and can be recovered with barely a trace of loss. The quicksilver bath can be renewed at any time when necessary without opening the mill or disturbing its operations, except for a very brief period.

It has been found by experiment that the use of hot water in the mill is very advantageous, and by its use the ore is more rapidly disintegrated. The action of the quicksilver when heated is more pronounced, and hastens the amalgamation of the gold. The engineer or superintendent in charge will readily determine the best mode to do this.

The Crawford mill is portable and light. This means not only the saving of a large outlay in transportation, but also in the erection of the mill at the mine, both in the cost of foundations, and the the little time it takes to commence work. The driving power is less than the stampmill. Eight-horse-power is about what is requisite to drive a single mill.

Another feature is the low consumption of water. This necessarily varies according to the character of the ore, but may be said to be from 500 to 1,500 gallons per ton of ore crushed. Stamps require not less than 2,000 to 8,000 gallons of water per ton.

(To be continued.)

Great distress prevails in Cornwall owing to the continued and unparalleled depression in the tin mining industry. This is due to the decreased American demand, and to the increased supplies from the Straits Settlements. The average price of tin during the last three months has sunk lower than ever before. Many of the mines have been working at a loss. It has deen decided to close Botallack mine, which has been worked for centuries, and the fate of others is very doubtful, as many shares have been surrendered in almost all the mines.

There is a hazy rumor in circulation that the Kaslo & Slocan railway will be built this year. The rumor has been reported so often that no one believes it. Yet, we believe the men who furnished the money to build the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway will furnish the money to build the Kaslo & Slocan, and that construction will begin within ninety days.—Tribune.

# THE ADVANCE.

STUART & NORRIS.....PROPRIETORS.

*Published weekly at Midway, B. C.*

Subscription Price, $2.00 per annum, payable in advance, either yearly or half-yearly at the option of the subscriber.

Advertising Rates sent on application.

Though the columns of THE ADVANCE are always open for the discussion of matters of public interest and importance, we do not necessarily endorse any of the opinions expressed. *Correspondence of a personal nature will not be published.*

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895.


## THE MAIL SERVICE.

In a letter which will be found on the fourth page, our correspondent Nemo voices the sentiments of the people of *Kettle river on the matter of the mail* service which it has pleased the Dominion authorities to inflict upon them. Before making further remarks we would wish to correct Nemo's statement that "*this question does not* touch Midway or Rock creek, I know, but for all that it touches the bulk of the people." This is evidently inconsistent, for if it touches the bulk of the *people, surely it must effect the residents* of these two places, although not in the same degree that it does the people of Kettle river.

After a careful perusal of Nemo's letter the question naturally will suggest itself, to the outsider at least: who is to blame for this state of affairs, and does the fault lie at the door of Inspector Fletcher, Representative Mara, the postal authorities at Ottawa, or the discriminated-against, snubbed and sat-upon community of Kettle river? With respect to the first named gentleman very little need be said, as it is patent, judging by the tone of the provincial press, that he is perfectly unfit and entirely incompetent to carry out the duties pertaining to the office he holds, and the sooner he makes room for a more capable individual the better. Time and time again he has been appealed to to visit this portion of British Columbia and ascertain by personal experience and observation the requirements of the district, to all of which appeals he has been as deaf as the masters in whose employ *he is a tool to the supplications of the* people by petitions for redress of thier grievances. It is useless to enquire whether or not the fault lies with the authorities at Ottawa, as it is evident, *and was always a question past contra*diction, that they rely entirely upon the information supplied to them, and care very little whether an out-of-the-way (viewed from Ottawa) part of the *Dominion has one mail a week or one a* year or none at all. With them it is a matter of dollars and cents, and the inconvenience of a bad service to a few hundreds of people is a matter of per*fect indifference.* The question, therefore, is one to be settled directly between the people and their representative, J. A. Mara, who, should he have the inclination, has the power to do more in the matter than any other single individual.

For some years past our worthy member has been, *owing to certain* circumstances, able to treat the people whom he represents, and some of the questions affecting their welfare, with a certain amount of indifference, but *that time now draws to a close, and* very soon the people will have matters in their own hands, and woe to them if they grasp not the opportunity, and show by their actions that past ex*perience has taught a lesson not easily* forgotton. Something more is expected from a representative than smiles, hand shakes and pleasant words, and the people should accord the measure *of their support only to the individual* who, in the future, is willing to truly recognize their many wants, and render to them a faithful service, and none other.

[Since the above was in type we learn that Mr. Mara has recently made representations to the Department at Ottawa that a semi-weekly mail service for Kettle river is an urgent necessity and can be secured at a much smaller cost than the authorities were led to suppose. Such being the case, there is, therefore, little doubt that the district will at least receive the increased service to which it is entitled.—ED.

SOME change should be made in the Land Act, authorizing the cancellation of a certificate of improvements on a *pre-emption claim when it can be* proven that the affidavits sworn out in order to enable such certificate to be obtained were obviously false. At the present time, as the law now stands, *no provision exists for the cancellation* of a certificate of improvements which to all intents and purposes gives the holder of such certificate as good a title to the land as a Crown grant. That there has been, and always will be, a great amount of trading in pre-emption claims goes without saying, but there is no reason why claims should not be properly represented by the holder, and the legal amount of improvements be put on the land before a certificate is granted. There should also be some recognized standard by which the value of improvements can be appraised. It is always a comparatively easy matter for a pre-emptor to obtain a very generous value being put on the improvements made by him when the valuation is made by his personal friends. The advisability of appointing an official inspector of pre-emptions should at least claim the seri*ous consideration of the Provincial* Government, as there is little doubt that the present system, which in many cases enables public lands to be acquired in a manner in which it was never intended that they should be, could certainly be improved on.

IT IS to be hoped the authorities will see that no time is lost by the contractor in commencing work on the *Recorder's office to be erected here, as* rumblings of discontent are already heard from parties who have for the transaction of business to make what they consider 25 miles of useless travel *to Rock creek. Now that a visible* movement is taking place in mining matters it would be well to afford every facility for the expeditious transaction of business, anc to this end the speedy *erection of the building and the instal*lation of the Recorder in office will lend much assistance to the same.

The Northwest Mining Review says: "*The granting of the charter for the* construction of the Red Mountain railway, *which will connect with the Spo*kane Falls & Northern near Northport, *is additional evidence of the importance* of the mines of Trail creek, which point is to be the *present northern ter*minus of the road. It is also quite evident from the granting of the charter that the members of the Provincial Legislature are not influenced by any opposing corporation or by local prejudice, but have the good of the Province at heart and desire to encourage its development.

"The Red Mountain railway will add a most profitable feeder to the trunk line of the S. F. & N., and will greatly facilitate the handling of Trail and Sheep creek ores. When it is considered that there are two mines in Trail camp alone which could produce from 100 to 200 tons of ore per day, and that to this could be added as much more from the other mines of that camp and Sheep creek, making on a low estimate about 200 tons or 10 carloads of 20 tons each per day, something of the value of the traffic may be understood, and *when to this output is added the in*going supplies and passenger traffic, it *is shown there is considerable induce*ment offered to the promoters of this *railroad enterprise of which Mr. D. C.* Corbin is the president. It is probable, however, that the road will not be commenced until money is a little easier unless the mine owners guarantee a fair tonnage, for on this the earnings of the road depend entirely.

"It is fair to presume that when the Colville Indian reservation is open for settlement the mineral belt continuing through it will be developed, thus adding to the business of the road.

"Mr. Corbin is a pioneer in railroad building and has the remarkable faculty of securing the most favorable fields for operation, as is shown in the case of the Cœur d'Alene railroad, which he constructed and sold to good advantage, the present system of the S. F. & N., and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard and the proposed Red Mountain road. As is well known he is also largely interested on Kettle river, where he has some valuable coal mines, and there is talk of a railroad into that *section at an early date.*

In the face of the recent treatment accorded the Red Mountain Railway *extention bill by the Provincial legis*lature, the opening paragraph in the above article would suggest that our contemporary either does not understand the benevolent feeling of at least *some members of the legislature to*ward this enterprise, or would wish to be satirical. That individual self interest should be allowed to stand in the way of useful legislation, is greatly to be deplored, as it is only by lending every assistance possible to like enterprises that the development and building up of the mining industry of the south east portion of British Columbia may be expected to be ever accomplished. The second portion of the article shews how clearly necessary the building of the *road is, if the present impedi*ments restricting the trade of the Trail Creek country are to be swept away. The latter portion of the article, in which it is stated that the near fu*ture will witness a road being built* through the Colville reserve, to tap the coal and other mines on Kettle River and Boundary Creek, is evidently inspired, or if not, is at any rate correct, *that is if there is any virtue left in the* signs that "coming events cast their shadows before them".

D. C. Corbin says work will be commenced on the Canadian end of the Red Mountain railway by April 1st. A company to build the American end has been incorporated under the laws of the state of Washington. Men with money to build railways have less difficulty in getting the right to build them in Washington than in British Columbia. *Here the right is first obtained* by men who have no money, then it is sold to someone who has money. There the right is given under a general law; a law under which the interests of the *people are more safely guarded than in* British Columbia, where all railways are chartered by special acts.—Tribune.

Mr. W. T. Smith passed through *Midway on Tuesday on his way to and* from Rock creek, and reported everything progressing favorably at the Summit camp, work on the Emma claim being vigorously prosecuted under his management.

## Provincial Secretary's Office.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment:

Robert Wallace Jakes, of Midway, Esquire, M. D., C. M., to be resident physician in the Kettle River District.

# TAXES REMAINING UNPAID

## In the Okanagan Division of Yale District

For the Year ending 31st December, 1893.

# SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES.

| NAME OF PERSON ASSESSED. | Name of Supposed Owner, if other than those assessed. | Description of Tax. | DESCRIPTION OF THE PARCELS, SECTIONS OR LOTS. | Number of Acres. | Assessment Roll. | Amounnt, |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Brent, Louis* | | | *West half Section 22, Township 26* | 320 | 1893 | $ 8 00 |
| Cameron, D. J. | Crown | | Pre-emption 870, being East half Sec. 4, Tp. 23 | 320 | 1893 | 8 [illegible] |
| *Goldie, Robert* | Drake & Jackson | *Real and Personal* | Lot 19, Group 1 | 320 | 1893 | 2 00 |
| Hachey, Isaac | | Real and Personal | Lot 359, Group 1 | 359 | 1893 | 8 17 |
| Mason, H. S | | Wild land | Lot 307, Group 1 | 137 | 1893 | 15 00 |
| Lawes & Smyth | | Real | Lot 258, Group 1 | 640 | 1893 | 10 00 |
| Patten, L. W | | Real | North-west ¼ Sec. 17, and North-east ¼ Sec. 17 Tp. 35 | 320 | 1893 | 6 00 |
| Rashdall, G. H | | Real property tax | South-west ¼ Sec. 19, Township 9 | | 1893 | 13 34 |
| **TOWN OF ENDERBY.** | | | | | | |
| Byers, George | | Real Property Tax. | Lot 8, Block 11, First Addition, Enderby | | | 2 00 |
| Brewster, Charles | | Real Property Tax. | Lot 1, Block 13, Enderby | | | 5 33 |

*In accordance with the law, I hereby give notice that I shall offer for Sale by Public Auction the land of persons assessed by me on which Taxes,* including Personal Property Tax, together with the cost of advertising and other expenses remaining unpaid on the day of sale, in the above named District.

Under the Statute, persons liable to pay taxes imposed by the Assessment Act are personally liable for the amount thereof, and all lands of such persons situate within the Province are also liable therefor. The taxes are a charge on such lands, having preference over any claim, lien or privilege, or encumbrance of any party except the Crown, and does not require registration to preserve it.

**The above sale will take place on Monday, February 18th, 1895, at the Government Buildings, Vernon, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon.**

VERNON, B. C., January 12, 1895.

JOHN A. MONTEITH,
Assessor and Collector.


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**FURNITURE,**

d5-6m VERNON, B. C.

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POTATOES FOR SALE.

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and

NORTHERN RAILWAY

Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

Only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

Through Trains Semi-Weekly.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv.....SPOKANE.....Ar. 5:30 p.m.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at *Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning,* passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same day.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

aug15tf

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Best Liquors and Cigars,

First-Class Stabling.

ARMSTRONG, B. C.

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Stages to Marcus, Wash., and Midway, B. C.

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J. L. WISEMAN, Prop.

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GILBERT'S RESORT.

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LIQUORS and CIGARS.

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H. W. WRIGHT, PROP.

:-: ENDERBY, B. C. :-:

Livery in Connection.

First-class accommodation for Commercial Travellers.

*Hunting and Fishing in abundance through* this district.

Pack Horses and Guides furnished to Sportsmen on shortest notice.

T. ELLIOT,

General Merchant,

FAIRVIEW, B. C.

Keeps the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, &c.

any place south of Vernon, and sells on terms to suit the times, Cheapest Place to buy for Cash in the Okanagan Country.

FULL WEIGHT AND MEASURE ASSURED.

MIDWAY

The Future

Railway, Mining and Agricultural Centre of the Kettle River Country.

Lots on Easy Terms to Actual Residents.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

H. P. PALMERSTON,

MIDWAY B. C.

Armstrong Sash and Door Factory.

ALL KINDS OF

DOORS, SASHES, MOULDINGS,
HOUSE FURNISHINGS, ETC., ETC.,

Manufactured on the Premises and Kept in Stock.

Write for Prices to

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WULFFSOHN & BEWICKE, Ltd.,

BANKERS

Financial, Real Estate, Insurance and General Agents.

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VANCOUVER, B. C. AND VERNON, B. C.

JOHANN WULFFSOHN, Managing Director.
Vernon Branch, G. A. Hankey, Manager.

## LOCAL AND DISTRICT.

Two more families have moved into Midway. They have rented Mr. Shuster's house, the one formerly occupied by Dr. Jakes.

The regular bi-monthly dance will be held in Palmerston's hall Saturday evening. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Coldstream Lodge of K. of P., Vernon, give their first anniversary anniversary ball in Cameron's hall in that town to-morrow evening.

Mr. Leonard Norris, Government Agent, Vernon, arrived in Midway today. He is making final arrangements for the construction of the two Kettle river bridges.

Mr. J. Stevens returned yesterday to Fairview from a trip to Vernon. He has disposed of his interests in the Paris and Lincoln claims, White's camp, to Mr. H. P. Palmerston, who has also secured that of the late Mr. M. Hotter.

Mr. P. B. Nelson, of Fourth of July creek, paid Midway a visit on Sunday last, thence went on as far as Camp McKinney, returning on Wednesday. Mr. Nelson was quite taken with Midway as a townsite and McKinney as a good mining camp.

Mrs. Lundy came in from Spokane on Sunday, where she has been residing for over a month past, seeking medical assistance. Her many friends are pleased to mark her improved state of health, and to extend once again a hearty welcome to Midway.

Most of the teams which went from Spallumcheen to haul ore in Kootenay for the C. P. R. will return shortly. Their owners claim that things were not as represented to them, that the sleighing is poor and the distances longer than they were led to believe.

Mr. Jackson narrowly escaped losing a valuable team a day or two ago. While crossing Kettle river at the ford near his ranch the ice gave way, allowing the team to drop through into deep water. After being in the water for some time the horses were landed with much difficulty.

Merry voices, combined with the jingling of bells, awoke the echoes of slumbering little Rock creek on Friday night last, when a sleighing party composed of some of Midway's citizens drew up to the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. McMynn, who tendered to them a truly cordial welcome. The enjoyment of the few hours spent at Rock creek and the beautiful moonlight drive will linger ever in the memories of those who took part therein.

The last cold snap is favorable to the completion of the Ingram bridge over Kettle river. Had the thaw continued a day or two more the ice in the river would have gone out, which would have meant great trouble in getting in the piers, and perhaps a cessation of work, as the river rises very rapidly when a general thaw sets in. If the frost holds for a week the piers will be in position, and nothing will then retard the completion of this very necessary public work.

Word has been received from the friends of Mr. Wm. Aiken, who, it will be remembered, was the unfortunate man that was frozen to death on the mountain near Greenwood camp about the middle of December last. In their letter to Mr. J. Kerr of Boundary creek, they request some momento of their relative, as at present they have nothing that belonged to him, and at the same time thanks are tendered to himself and to all those who rendered the last respects at the grave and gave a decent burial to the unfortunate stranger.

Whilst here recently Colonel Thompson looked over the No. 7 claim in Douglas camp, which he bonded in New York before coming out. The part owner, Mr. James Schofield, having control of the property, was able to carry this into effect when on his way to England. The sum for which it is bonded has not transpired. Colonel Thompson was so pleased with the property that he intimated before leaving his intention of having a number of men to work upon it at a near date. Considerable development by shafts and open cuts has already been done upon this claim, enough to entitle it to be placed among the best of the camp, and further development is expected to confirm the high opinion already formed of it by mining men.

## BOUNDARY FALLS NOTES.

(From our own correspondent.)

Col. Thompson, who has been here for a couple of weeks perfecting arrangements for the purchase of some of the principal properties in Greenwood camp, left on Sunday last for Spokane and points east.

Messrs. Winters & Rendell have recorded a claim on the divide near Greenwood camp, naming it the Mountain View. This may, on development, turn out to be a good property, as the ore is similar in character to that found in some of the high grade properties.

Another gentleman, representing St. Louis capitalists, came into Boundary camp a few days since and is looking for properties. This gentleman, Captain Burbridge by name, is, it is understood, a man of large experience in mining, and will no doubt form a correct opinion of the vast mineral wealth of our camps.

Mr. G. Town's claim, the Volcano, in White's camp, has been bonded to Mr. Suydam.

Mr. Suydam is at present in Salt Lake City, and the mining men to be found there are much exercised over the specimens of ore shown and the accounts given of the mining prospects of the district.

Mr. T. Hardy is making another addition to his buildings, having at present two buildings in course of erection, one 20x30 feet for a doctor's office, and one 30x40 feet for an addition to the hotel premises.

## ARMSTRONG HAPPENINGS.

(From our own correspondent.)

I am sorry to relate a chapter of accidents this week.

Mr. Thos. Hayes, whilst leading a calf, which became restive, had the misfortune to slip down on the ice and break one of his legs, on one day of last week. Medical attendance was soon at hand, and since the setting of the limb the patient has been progressing favorably.

Mr. Frank Eaton, whilst out on a hunting trip, had an unfortunate fall with a rifle in his hand, which, from the shock occasioned by coming into contact with the ice over which he was passing at the time, went off, the ball passing through the hand, inflicting a very nasty wound.

Mr. Alex. Stuart, whilst engaged in chopping down timber, had the misfortune to have a large limb fall from the tree, which inflicted a very severe cut upon his head. The latter two gentlemen are getting on as well as may be expected.

Rev. J. K. Wright has just returned from Winnipeg, where he has been spending a short holiday. He reports the weather very cold in that country, the thermometer registering as much as 35 and 40 degrees below zero, quite a contrast to this country, where we have only a few degrees of frost.

J. A. Mara, M. P., returned from Vernon on Saturday's train, and says he expects the general elections to come off soon, and does not expect a walk-over this time.

E. C. Cargill is at present shipping beef and bacon to the Kootenay country, and has a contract for supplying 100 tons of hay. This is the kind of trade we are looking for.

A large number of Vernon people visited Armstrong on Saturday night last, amongst whom might be observed Mayor Martin, who came along to keep the boys in order.

## SAD NEWS.

On Tuesday evening, at Midway, Mr. J. A. Coryell, C. E., received the sad intelligence of the death of his sister, Mrs. Weddel, of Kelowna, which took place last Monday morning. The deceased lady was perfectly well half an hour previous to her death, which was occasioned by embolism. Mr. J. A. Coryell and Mr. F. Coryell left at once for Kelowna. The deceased lady was very popular and much respected by all who knew her. Four young children are rendered motherless by her death, which has spread a gloom over the community.

## THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

**Some Important Bills Parliament Will Be Called Upon to Consider.**

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The fourth session of the thirteenth parliament of Queen Victoria opened at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Queen's speech was as follows:

My Lords and gentlemen: My relations with foreign powers remain friendly and on a satisfactory footing. An agreement has been concluded after protracted negotiations between my government and that of the French republic for the settlement of the frontier between my colony of Sierra Leone and the neighboring French possessions. I regret to say the war between China and Japan still continues. I have maintained a close and cordial understanding with the powers interested in these regions and I shall lose no favorable opportunity of promoting the peaceful termination of the contest.

In consequence of reports which reached my government of excesses committed by Turkish troops, regular or irregular, on Armenians in Asia Minor, I thought it right, in conjunction with other powers, to make representations to the Porte. The sultan has declared his intention of severely punishing any of his officers or soldiers who have been guilty of such acts, and has sent a commission to conduct an investigation on the spot. Delegates from the powers which have consuls at Erzeroum will accompany this commission.

I am happy to observe the striking fact that in Ireland offenses of all kinds against the law have sunk during the past year to the lowest level hitherto marked in official records. A proposal will be submitted you for remedying defects which experience has brought to light in the workings of the law of landlord and tenant in Ireland and for dealing with certain evicted tenants whose situation still constitutes a peril to social order.

Bills will be presented to you dealing with Church disestablishment in Wales. Bills will also be submitted for the popular control of the liquor tariff and the abolition of plural voting and provision for the payment of the charges of returning officers at elections; for the unification of London and for facilitating the construction of light railways, which will, I trust, benefit the districts in view of the agricultural depression; for the promotion of conciliation in trade disputes and amendment to factory accounts; for the completion of a system of county government in Scotland and for further legislation for the crofters.

## WHY SHOULD WE TAKE EXERCISE.

Ten reasons for the necessity of muscular activity.

1. Any man who does not take time for exercise will probably have to take time to be ill.

2. Body and mind are both gifts, and for the proper use of them our Maker will hold us responsible.

3. Exercise gradually increases the physical powers, and gives more strength to resist sickness.

4. Exercise will do for your body what intellectual training will do for your mind—educate and strengthen it.

5. Plato called a man lame because he exercised the mind while the body was allowed to suffer.

6. A sound body lies at the foundation of all that goes to make life a success. Exercise will help to give it.

7. Exercise will help a young man to lead a chaste life.

8. Varied, light and brisk exercise, next to sleep, will rest the tired brain better than anything else.

9. Metal will rust if not used, and the body will become diseased if not exercised.

10. A man "too busy" to take care of his health is like a workman too busy to sharpen his tools.

## EXTRACTS FROM HISTORY.

Paraguay was settled by the Spaniards in 1515.

The republic of Holland was constituted in 1579.

The first wheat raised in the new world was sown on the island of Isabella in January, 1494, and on March 30 the crop was gathered.

Canada was discovered by Cabot in 1499; explored by the French, 1508, 1524 and 1534; settled, 1540; Quebec built, 1608; taken by England, 1628.

The West Indies being the first land discovered by Columbus in 1492, early settlements were made in them, not only by Spain, but by England, France, Holland, Denmark and Sweden.

The union of the crowns of England and Scotland took place in A.D. 1603, to the great advantage of both countries, but they had their separate parliaments and governments till A. D. 1706.

The Spaniards took possession of Chili soon after their conquest of Peru, and continued in possession until 1810, when the struggle for independence began. The republic was established in 1818.

## IN DAYS OF OLD.

The New Testament was first printed in Irish in 1602.

As late as 1772 women rode astride. Side saddles are modern inventions.

It is just 100 years since the Cornishman, William Murdock, discovered that coal gas might be used as an illuminant.

The most curious among famous pearls is that which, three centuries ago, the French traveler, Tavernier, sold to the Persian monarch for $675,000. It is still in the possession of the present shah.

Oil was used for burning in lamps as early as the epoch of Abraham, about 1921 B.C. It was the custom of the Jews to anoint with oil persons appointed to high offices, as the priests and kings.

Few relics of antiquity are so curiously interesting as the charts employed by ancient mariners, which have portrayed upon them ever so many extraordinary monsters, horrible dragons and terrific giants scattered here and there.

## THINGS TO THINK ABOUT.

Self-love sends out no missionaries.

Sin at first sight always looks harmless.

God's telephone in the soul is conscience.

The next door neighbor of selfishness is sin.

A temptation yielded to is a step toward the pit.

We are most like God when we can most forgive.

Knock down a liar and you hit the devil square in the face.

A strong test of our love to God is our treatment of an enemy.

It is as much the duty of a Christian to give as it is to pray.

God alone can tell where our personal influence is going to stop.

## ODDS AND ENDS.

Chinese control almost the entire shoemaking business in California.

United States people spend $42,000,000 a year for letter postage.

The nightjar has a cry like one lamenting in distress.

A species of crow in India has a note which exactly resembles the human voice in loud laughing.

In India a huge funnel of wicker-work is planted in a stream below a waterfall, and every fish coming down drops into it, the water straining out and leaving the flapping prey in the receptacle all ready to be gathered in.

## BOOK GATHERINGS.

Brooklyn has six large libraries, containing in all about 300,000 volumes.

A large sale for cook books published in this country is reported from Madrid and other Spanish cities.

Three hundred thousand dollars' worth of Victor Hugo's works have been sold annually for the last six years.

Prof. Kluge, of Jena, in an address, stated that Shakespeare, in his works, uses 23,000 words. The lecturer then showed that the Old Testament contained but 5,809 different words.

## PRODUCTS OF SOUTH AMERICA.

Peru gives the world sugar, cotton, wool and guano.

The chief product of Brazil is coffee and the second sugar.

Uruguay furnishes hides, tallow, wool, frozen meat and meat extract.

Venezuela gives sugar, coffee, vanilla, rubber, tonca beans and cocoa.

The principal products of the Argentine republic are wheat, wool and frozen mutton.

## NOTES FOR THE SUPERSTITIOUS.

In many places it is believed that the person who hears the whippoorwill in the daytime will die before the end of the year.

Many persons will not allow the rocking of an empty chair, because they say it is a forerunner of death in the family.

An old way of interrogating fate in love affairs is to slice an apple in two with a sharp knife. If this can be done without cutting a seed the wish of the heart will be fulfilled.

Among the uneducated whites in Alabama there is a popular superstition that if a colored person kisses a baby twice on the mouth the teething period will be easy to the child.

In Michigan a double cedar knot is carried in the pocket to cure rheumatism, and in New Hampshire men carry a gall from the stems of the golden rod for the same disease.

The Scandinavian races think that spirits can be driven away and witches kept at bay by a knife stuck in the house or nails driven up. These races have held from time immemorial the idea that it was lucky to find a piece of iron.

## TALKS ABOUT AUTHORS.

Walter Besant, the English novelist, was intended by his parents for a career in the church, but he drifted naturally into literary work.

William Black, the novelist, does his literary work in a room at the top of his house above the noise of the street and away from all unnecessary interruptions.

Rose Terry Cooke, with all her power and reputation as a writer, was not able, it is said, to make much more than mere pin money out of her literary labors.

Dr. Edward Eggleston, the novelist, has just been appointed an associate professor at Cambridge college and will begin next fall a series of lectures upon colonial life and literature.

Mrs. Cruger's pen name of "Julien Gordon" finds a contrast in Mrs. Craige's "John Oliver Hobbes." Still there are no hobnails in the style of either of these gifted Americans.

## SUMMER BREEZES.

"I'm going to write a book on 'How to live on nothing a year.'" "It can't be done." "It can, I have a recipe." "What is it?" "Marry a rich girl."—Dramatic Life.

"Buy why don't you send for Dr. Masher, Aunt Jane? He's the cleverest doctor in the whole country!" "Oh, no, dear, I couldn't. He dresses so irreligiously."—London Punch.

So It Was.—"This is a crazy sort of a safe," said one of the burglars, after they had blown it open. "Yes," replied the other, "I'll admit it's a little cracked."—Detroit Free Press.

Cholly (recounting his experience)—"Weally, that girl is awfully clevah, y' know. Why—aw—before I could—aw—get my mind made up to propose, y' know, she had aw—alweady declined me."—N. Y. Herald.

## IN ROYAL CIRCLES.

Pope Leo possesses the invaluable gift in statesmen of never forgetting a face.

Mushrooms are favored above all other foods by the czar of Russia, and he especially enjoys picking them himself.

Queen Victoria has mastered the Hindustanee language, in learning which she has shown a great deal of interest and spent considerable time.

The queen of Greece is president of a sisterhood devoted to the reformation of criminals, and visits personally the condemned prisoners in Athenian prisons.

The Austrian emperor, in order to acknowle a singular display of loyalty, accepted the sum of five florins, equal to about two dollars, which had been bequeathed to his majesty by a poor peasant recently deceased in the Austrian province of Carniola.

## SAID BY THE SCIENTISTS.

A German scientist holds that all diamonds come from meteors.

A German biologist says that the two sides of the face are never alike.

A Roman scientist, Dr. Fornesari, has demonstrated that tobacco smoke kills nearly all kinds of germs.

A German geologist estimates that the Dead sea will be one mass of solid salt within less than five hundred years.

In speaking of the solidification of a body by cooling, Prof. Dewar says that water can be made to become solid by the evaporation of a quarter of its weight.

Few are aware that the human body falls asleep by degrees. A French physiologist conceives that the sense of sight sleeps first, then the sense of taste, next the sense of smell, next that of hearing and lastly that of touch.

## BITS OF INFORMATION.

The flesh of the upper portion of a beaver's body is said to taste like beef; that of the lower portions is said to resemble fish.

The smaller the seeds of plants the more numerous they are. A single plant of spleen wort will produce over 1,000,000 seeds.

The light of the firefly is produced by some combination of phosphorus, though in what manner it has not yet been determined.

At the end of each hair of a cat's whiskers is a bulb of nervous substance which converts the hairs into exceedingly delicate feelers.

## CABLEGRAMS FROM EUROPE.

Paris eats 1,000 horses weekly.

A street in Germany is paved with India rubber.

Constantinople is the most drunken city in the world.

A divorce can be obtained in St. Helena for less than $7.50.

The coffee palaces of Melbourne are the finest in the world.

There are said to be 1,000 so-called haunted houses in London.

A dealer in artificial limbs estimates that 300,000 Englishmen have lost one or both legs.


FOR SALE

BENVOULIN HOTEL

OKANAGAN MISSION, B. C.

This is a splendidly finished house inside and out, almost new, with good stable and out buildings, is centrally located in the valley and commands a good trade. It stands on its own grounds of two and a half acres in extent, and is a good investment.

ALSO A FIRST-CLASS

BLACKSMITH SHOP

WITH

COMPLETE OUTFIT OF TOOLS.

This building is two storeys high and stands on its own ground of half an acre in extent, and is in a commanding business position.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO

D. NICHOLSON,

OKANAGAN MISSION.

THE

CYANIDE PROCESS

HAS BEEN A

GREAT SUCCESS

In Africa, Australia, America, and also in Canada, including the Province of British Columbia.

It Will Not Cost You more than $4 per ton to extract from 90 to 96 per cent of the assay value of your ores. Send samples to us and we will report thereon free of cost, provided freight is prepaid. Call and see us or write to

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld.,

W. PELLEW HARVEY, F.C.S.,

SUPT. EXPERIMENTAL WORKS,

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GRAND PRAIRIE

HOTEL

GRAND PRAIRIE, KETTLE RIVER.

Good Stock o

Liquors and Cigars

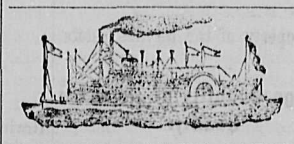
. . . Good Stabling,

PRICES REASONABLE.

McLAREN BROS., PROPRIETORS.

BLACKSMITH SHOP IN CONNECTION

Stages Leave every Monday and Wednesday for Marcus, Wash.



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Through Tickets on Sale to Eastern and Pacific Coast Points.

Rates Lower Than Any Other Line

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H. S. SCADDING,

AGENT, PENTICTON

OR TO

G. M'L. BROWN,

DIST. PASS. AGENT,

VANCOUVER, B. C.


MINERAL ACT, 1891.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

THE EMPIRE MINERAL CLAIM,

Situated in Camp Fairview, in the Osoyoos Mining Division of Yale District.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Francis R. Kline, Free Miner's certificate 82,455, intend by my agent, Thomas Elliot, of Camp Fairview, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice, that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1895.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to the "Trustees and Executors Act," notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of John Moffat, of Fairview, British Columbia, who died on the first day of November, 1894, and of whose estate probate was granted on the 17th day of December, to George J. Sheehan, of Fairview, aforesaid, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of February, 1895, after which date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having reference only to the debts, claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice, and for the assets or any part thereof so administered or distributed and he will not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim or demand he shall not then have had notice; and all persons indebted to the estate of the deceased are required forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the executor.

GEORGE J. SHEEHAN,

EXECUTOR,

December, 18th, 1895. Fairview, B. C.


D. McDUFF,

General Blacksmith,

MIDWAY, B. C.

All Kinds of Work Executed to the Satisfaction of Customers.

MARTIN BROS.

LEADING HOUSE FOR

Hardware, Stove, Tinware, Paints, Oils and Glass.

Vernon, B. C.

BACON and PORK

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For Prices Write

J. BROWN,

f7-1m OKANAGAN MISSION.

Alexander Muir,

ACCOUNTANT AND GENERAL AGENT

VERNON, B. C.,

P. O. Box, 91, Barnard Ave.

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Proper attention given to smaller firms.

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(Incorporated)

Of Toronto, Ont.

Is open to loan Money for the purpose of building in and around Vernon. No delay where security is good. Apply to

ALEXANDER MUIR,

SEC.-TREAS. AND AGENT.

W. HENDERSON'S

STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

MIDWAY AND GRAND PRAIRIE

CARRYING

Mail, Freight, Express & Passengers.

Connects With E. D. Morrison's Stage to Marcus.

Leaves Grand Prairie Hotel Wednesday and Saturday; leaves Midway Thursday and Sunday.

Leaves Marcus Mondays and Fridays for Grand Prairie, and Grand Prairie Wednesdays and Saturdays for Midway. de12-3mo

FOR SALE

IN THE BEST LOCALITY ON THE VERNON Townsite, a few acre and half-acre lots, either for building or gardening.

Apply at this office or to

F. ADRIAN MEYER,

VERNON, B.C

FOR SALE

160 Acres of Land. All Meadow.

BETWEEN Sixty and Seventy Acres Cleared and Drained. Six miles from Camp McKinney. One Mile from waggon road.

Apply ADVANCE OFFICE.


County Court Notice.

SITTINGS of the County Court of Yale will be holden as follows:

At Osoyoos on Wednesday, 10th April, 1895;

At Midway on Saturday, 13th April, 1895,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

By Command

C. A. R. LAMBLY,

R. C. C.

GOVERNMENT OFFICE, OSOYOOS,

23rd April 1894.

TAX NOTICE.

Rock Creek Division of Yale District.

NOTICE is hereby given that assessed and Provincial revenue taxes for 1895 are now due and payable at my office, Osoyoos, at the following rates:—

If paid on or before the 30th June—

One-half of one per cent on the assessed value of real estate:

One-third of one per cent on the assessed value of personal property;

One-half of one per cent on the income of every person of fifteen hundred dollars and over;

Two per cent on the assessed value of Wild Land.

If paid on or after the 1st July—

Two-thirds of one per cent on the assessed value of real estate:

One-half of one per cent on the assessed value of personal property;

Three-quarters of one per cent on the income of every person of fifteen hundred dollars and over;

Two and one-half per cent on the assessed value of Wild Land.

All persons whose taxes are in arrears up to the 31st December, 1894, are requested to pay the same forthwith, or costs will be incurred at an early date.

C. A. R. LAMBLY,

Assessor and Collector for the Rock Creek Division of Yale District.

Government Office,

Osoyoos, 8th January, 1895. jd

## CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of THE ADVANCE:

SIR—The way in which Her Most Gracious Majesty's mail, save the mark, for Kettle River is now scheduled, one would naturally think that this deplorable part of British Columbia had been discriminated against for some misdeed, or perhaps for too much importunation. Whichever, or whatever the cause, there is no doubt that the bulk of the people on Kettle River are most unjustly inconvenienced. Why the mail carrier should be forced to lay over for three days at Penticton passes the limit of conception allotted to the average biped in this snubbed and sat upon community. Why the mail carrier could not be allowed to lay over the three days at Kettle River, and so give every one a chance to answer mail at a decent interval instead of being forced to hold back their return mail a whole week, is the question each one is asking the other in this part of the world. This question does not touch Midway or Rock Creek, I know, but for all that it touches the bulk of the people, and a change of starting point from Penticton to Grand Forks would not inconvenience either Midway or Rock Creek, but simply as far as correspondence goes, place them on the same footing as Kettle River and Grand Forks. The mail arrives at Kettle River from 6 p. m. to 7 p. m. and at Grand Forks from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m., leaving again for Penticton on the following morning before 6 a. m. Under these circumstances how is it possible to get and answer mail? Well, I will answer that question; it is simply impossible. The only alternative is to answer the next week. This last service has been a retrograde movement and has placed us in a worse position than when we only received mail once a month, for then we did have a chance to answer by return. It is not a safe surmise to make that the next move of the postal authorities will be not to carry any return mail at all, and the move after that to tell us to carry our own mail, and pay double postage on it for the privilege.

NEMO.

### THE SILVER STANDARD AND PRICES IN AMERICA.

The Statist:—"A correspondent asks us what we meant in last week's issue by saying that if the silver standard were adopted in America it would lead to a ruinous fall in prices for the time being, and he argues that, on the contrary, it would cause an enormous rise. In one sense he is right; in another he is wrong. It would cause a rise in the United States in silver, a gold dollar being intrinsically worth more than two silver dollars. Gold prices, when translated into silver, would, of course, appear immensely higher. But we were considering last week what would happen outside of the United States as well as inside, and more particularly the former, and it is quite clear that gold prices for all American securities would fall abroad. For example, the railways would receive their revenues in silver, and they would pay their dividends in the same metal. It is in the highest degree improbable that they could raise rates in silver to twice what they are at the present time when expressed in gold. Therefore, the first effect would be a great decline in the railway receipts, measured in gold. The struggling companies which now have a very great difficulty in paying a dividend, would then be unable to pay dividends at all. Even the better companies would probably for a while be able to pay no higher rates in silver than they have been paying in gold, and that would mean a great reduction in dividends received abroad. Further, the currency bonds are payable in whatever happens to be the current money of the United States at the time, and the interest on these would, consequently, be paid in silver. After a while, of course, matters would right themselves. The rise in silver prices in the United States would make ordinary unthinking people suppose that they were doing greatly better: and the whole of the debtor class, being able, if the change took place, to repay their debts in silver, would really be immensely benefitted. Their debts—for the moment, at all events—would be cut down by one-half.

### COMMENDIBLE ENTERPRISE.

It is proposed to introduce steam ploughs into Spallumcheen. Mr. B. F. Young, who brought the first header into the valley, is the principal promoter of this new enterprise. The header has turned out a complete success, Mr. Young having been able in one day to cut and stack twenty-five acres of wheat with ten horses and nine men. Not only, however, did it harvest the grain quickly, but it also saved the wild oats from being scattered all over the field. The header having, therfore, proved itself to be a complete success, Mr. Young proposes to go further and make wheat growing more profitable by using a steam plough. It is estimated that a steam plough (which could be laid down in the Upper Okanagan or Spallumcheen at an approximate cost of $2,500) can be made a profitable investment, for not only will it plough up a large acreage in a short space of time, but will also plough much deeper than any five-horse team, especially in the summer time, when the clay soil is baked hard. It would thus enable the fertile soil (which in Spallumcheen goes down a great depth) to be brought up to the surface. Outside of this, the saving in horse feed would be very great, the large ranchers in Spallumcheen using up several hundred dollars worth of oats every season when ploughing alone is being done. Mr. Young proposes to use a traction engine, which will be easily run along the hard baked soil, and not the cable system. Anything in creation which will enable wheat growers in these hard times to put in their crops at a smaller expense and thus enable them to reap a larger profit than of late years, ought at least to be given a fair trial, and Mr. Young ought to be well backed up in his experiment.

### STOOD THE TEST.

For some time past the appearance of the Alpha mine in its lowest level has been steadily improving, and it has been hoped that ere long the lowest tunnel would at least find out what was underneath the great surface blowout. The strike that has been made, however, has greatly exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and the Alpha may be put down now as one of the greatest mines in the Slocan country. On Tuesday the drift ran into solid ore, and the whole face of the tunnel is now in good, clean shipping ore. This proves that the ore chute is continuous for at least 165 feet from the grass roots, and continues down as big and with as clean ore as on the surface. It is almost impossible for any one not a practical miner to realize what this strike means to the camp. But if one considers that practically from the surface of this ore body over 800 tons of ore were shipped which netted in the nighborhood of $40,000 over freight and treatment, one gets a hazy notion of the ore that can be mined and sold when stopes are opened up from this lower level. Besides which it is a great proof that the chutes of clean ore in the Slocan are as a rule solid and continuous. The mines go down. One prospect after another is having the test of development applied to it, and one after another is standing the test. All Silverton is rejoicing.—Slocan Times.


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BEST OF LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Mining Men Personally Conducted to Any of the Camps, or Horses Furnished.

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REPAIRING A SPECIALTY,
VERNON, B. C.

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F. ADRIEN MEYER, PRINCIPAL.

SEND FOR PROSPECTUS.


### GOLD COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

**Osoyoos Division of Yale District.**

All placer claims and lease holds in this district legally held may be laid over from the 1st of November, 1894, to the 1st of June, 1895.

C. A. R. LAMBLY,
Osoyoos, B. C., Gold Commissioner,
27th October, 1894.


JOHNSON'S EXPRESS STAGE LINE.

GOING SOUTH

will leave Penticton 7 a. m. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Fairview 1 p. m., and Oro, Washington, the same evening.

GOING NORTH

will leave Oro, Washington, 7 a. m., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, reaching Fairview at 11 a. m., connecting with SS. Aberdeen and S. & O. and C. P. Railways.

Aaron Johnson, Prop.

COLDSTREAM HOTEL VERNON, B. C.

OPPOSITE TO RAILWAY DEPOT.

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Having taken over the stables of Gallagher & Stevenson, and thoroughly overhauled and refitted the premises, I am prepared to meet the demands of the public. I have on hand a complete stock of new rigs, (double and single) for public use, and also a good lot of well broken carriage and saddle horses.

Tourists desiring to see the country would do well to call.

Good Single Drivers, Good Double Drivers, Good Saddle Horses.

Ladies' gentle double and single drivers and saddle horses.

Horses boarded by the week or month (box stalls if desired).
Horses broken to harness, and horses and cattle sold on commission.
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W. GARDNER, PROPRIETOR.

NOTE.—This stable will be run strictly first-class in every particular. My drivers are all free and gentle disposition, and the most durable stock the market can produce. Special attention to transient trade and to boarders.

☞ All kinds of heavy teaming promptly attended to.

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REST.....6,000,000.

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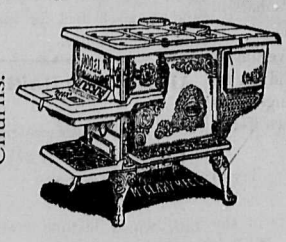

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First Class Accommodation. Good Stabling, Terminus of Stage Line from Marcus, Washington.
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