# MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR OF MENTALLY RETARDED ADULTS: A COMPARISON OF TWO MEASURES

bу

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#### ABSTRACT

Since 1973, Adaptive Behavior has been recommended by the American Association of Mental Deficiency as an important measure for classifying mentally retarded subjects. Recently, the literature has supported the use of maladaptive behavior measures to improve further this classification. However, problems result when attempting to assess maladaptive behavior. The AAMD Behavior Scale Part II (ABS) has a recorded interrater reliability of .57. The Maladaptive Behavior Profile, (MBP) a recently developed scale, has no validity and reliability information.

The purpose of this study was to attempt to increase the reliability of the ABS Part II by modifying the scoring procedure. For example, the terms "none", "ocassionally", and "frequently" were replaced with "none", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "yearly". The second purpose of this study was to estimate the reliability of the MBP along with attempting to assess its validity. Also, the items of both scales were analyzed to provide further suggestions for modifications to the scales which will serve to enhance their utility. Finally, this study attempted to estimate the relationship maladaptive behavior (as measured by ABS total scores) had with placement, intelligence, length of institutionalization, sex, age, and etiology.

A sample of 97 mentally retarded ambulatory adults residing in an institution were assessed using the ABS Part II (modified) and the MBP. Two raters familiar with the individual subject independently completed both scales. A sample of 32 subjects, selected from the 97 in sample 1, had the original ABS Part II rated independently by two additional raters. Observations were conducted on these 32 subjects in an attempt

to validate the findings with the MBP. Biodemographic information (age, sex, etiology, etc.) was obtained from the resident's files.

The results of this study revealed an interrater reliability of .706 for the modified version and a .448 interrater reliability coefficient for the original ABS. A rather low interrater reliability coefficient of .336 (severity) and .324 (Intervention) was found for the MBP. The item analysis information for the ABS modified and original and MBP revealed that many of the items were not discriminating among the institutionalized adults in the sample.

Because of the low interrater reliability of the MBP and the Behavior Observation Checklist, a predictive criterion validity study was not conducted. However, a content validity summary provided guidelines for modifying the scale.

Reason for admittance and placement were the only two biodemographic variables that reached significance when correlated with Maladaptive behavior.

In conclusion, the modifications made to the ABS Part II greatly enhanced the reliability. The MBP, while still in the experimental stages, needs further modifications made to format, scoring, and the item pool in order to make it more reliable and effective as a programming instrument.

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#### INTRODUCTION

The American Association on Mental Deficiency (AAMD; Grossman, 1973) defines mental retardation as:

significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior, and manifested during the developmental period (p.148).

Grossman (1973) goes on to define adaptive behavior as:

the effectiveness or degree with which the individual meets the standards of personal independence and social responsibilities expected of his age and cultural group (p.122).

Although the term maladaptive behavior does not appear in the actual definition of mental retardation, Philips (1967) concluded that it is uncommon for a mentally retarded child to present "no emotional maladjustment" (p.29). Nihira et al; (1975) adds that when planning programs for the retarded person, both adaptive behavior and maladaptive behavior should be carefully considered. Foster and Nihira (1969); Gully and Hosch (1979); Roszkowski (1980); Spreat (1980) all document the effectiveness of including maladaptive behavior along with adaptive behavior in optimizing discrimination in classifying mentally retarded subjects.

According to Congdon (1973), maladaptive behavior is an important measure to be used for psychological reports, transfer and placement screening, staffing, and gathering information on resident behavior.

#### STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

The difficulties of including maladaptive behavior in program development stem from the problems in assessing it. The AAMD has sponsored the construction of a scale (viz. AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale) for assessing adaptive and maladaptive behavior. Part I of the scale, which mainly

evaluates adaptive behavior, has a recorded interrater reliability coefficient of .86. Part II of the scale deals with Personal Maladaption and is not as reliable, for the manual records the mean interrater reliability coefficient as .57. One factor that may contribute to this low interrater reliability for Part II, according to Nathan, Millham, Chilcutt, and Atkinson (1980) is each rater has a personal reaction toward the subject that will influence his ratings. Also, raters and informants have varying opportunities to observe the subject. Marks and Rod-Mark (1980) quote a study by Hays and Marks (1980) where a poor correlation between observed behavior and maladaptive behavior as measured on Part II of the ABS was found. According to Irvin et.al. (1979), some domains have too few items serving, possibly to lower the reliability.

One of the goals of this study is to increase this reliability statistic by modifying Part II of the scale. Although it is important to improve the scales presently in use, it is also important to support the construction of new measurement devices.

The Maladaptive Behaviour Profile (MBP) is a new scale that has recently been constructed; however, no reliability or validity studies have been conducted. Thus, this study will also be concerned with estimating the utility of this scale. A promising function of this scale over the ABS Part II is the addition of a profile for determining the subjects behavior programming priorities.

When prevention, intervention, and program planning are being examined, other factors in addition to the relationship adaptive behavior has to maladaptive behavior should be considered. For example, Eyman et al., (1977) examined the relationship between behavior problems and sex, age, and level of retardation. Their study "confirmed a much higher prevalence of behavior

problems in institutions as compared to community placements" (p.137). Likewise, a higher prevalence of behavior disorders occur in those people with a more severe level of retardation (Eyman et.al., 1977; Schroeder et al., 1978). Behavior problems were also found to be more prevalent among residents who were institutionalized longer (Schroeder, 1978). Finally, Eymen et al., (1977) found more retarded males with maladaptive behavior than females. Other variables such as age and etiology may prove to be related to maladaptive behavior. Edgerton, (1979) summarized: "Those people who were in an institution appear to have been so placed because of behavior problems: restlessness, hyperactivity, temper tantrums, tendencies to harm themselves, running away, destructiveness, violences, sexual delinquency" (p.41).

Therefore, this study will also attempt to estimate the relationship maladaptive behavior has with age, etiology, intelligence, length of institutionalization, residential placement, reason for admittance and sex.

#### BACKGROUND OF PROBLEM

The inclusion of adaptive behavior in the definition of mental retardation has spurred considerable controversy. Many authors support the inclusion of a comprehensive diagnosis (Grossman, 1964; MacMillan et al., 1972; Sattler, 1974; Wilson, 1972). However, others (Benedict, 1972; Clausen, 1972) are still questioning the utility of adaptive behavior in the classification of mental retardation. While Benedict (1972) questions the value of "supplementing, a less than satisfactory classification terminology based on the IQ with an even more vague and less satisfactory classification principle" (viz., adaptive behavior), Clausen (1972) reacts more strongly by contending that the addition of adaptive behavior to the definition "introduces an

element of subjectivity which is detrimental to work in the field" (p.52). He adds that one of the major problems with this definition is the lack of adequate instruments for measuring adaptive behavior.

One of the most popular adaptive behavior scales used today is the AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale (ABS). The authors of this scale (Nihira et al., 1975) have added a third dimension to Grossman's 1973 definition of Mental Retardation: Personal/Intra-Maladaption.

Items that measure Intra-Maladaption are included in Part II of the ABS. These include 265 qualitative descriptions of personality and behavioral disorders which are "relevant to the critical demands of the retardate's social environment" (Nihira, 1973, p.870). However, Nihira (1973) adds that "the practical significance of Intra-Maladaption as an independent dimension" (p.877) is questionable since Intra-Maladaption factors strongly load with Personal Independence. On the other hand, in the ABS Manual, Nihira (et al., 1975) concludes that:

"If, the main range of an individual's adaptive difficulty lies in Part Two, this disturbance may well be the reason for failure in phases of Part One, and if the indications of emotional disturbance, etc., derived from Part Two can be brought under control, it is possible that the Part One profile will also change as a result of that intervention" (p.40).

This implies that the strong relationship between Personal Independence and Intra-Maladaption requires further investigation if prevention and/or decreasing maladaptive behavior are the goal.

A major problem with the ABS Part II is rather low interrater reliabilities. In the 1975 Manual, Nihira et al., (1975) shows the reliabilities ranging from .37 to .77 with a mean of .57. Mongrain (1975) hypothesizes that these low reliability estimates of the ABS Part II result from:

lack of operational definitions of behaviors, (and) the ambiguity of criteria for assessing the frequency of occurrance of behaviors. (p.187)

For example, the terms "Occasionally" and "Frequently" are used as estimates of the frequency of specific behavior problems. Raters were found to differ considerably in their interpretation of these terms (Mongrain, 1975). This ambiguity adds subjectivity to the scale. Before this scale can be considered an objective assessment tool, the reliability statistic must be increased.

Another problem with the ABS and other behavioral assessment tools is that data from them do not specify programming priorities. "The purpose of the active diagnostician, however, is to categorize mentally retarded individuals in such a way as to point to appropriate remediation" (Blackman, 1972, p.69). The ABS Manual does state that a logical step after assessment is behavioral programming, followed by remediation. Likewise, Scheerenberger (1975) speaks of the importance of establishing program priorities, especially in "residential facilities where resources are extremely limited when compared to critical programs which have to be developed and implemented" (p.218). The ABS was designed to describe and evaluate behaviors. Programing priorities can be developed from the information that has been recorded on the scales profile sheets. This programing procedure as outlined by Nihira et al., (1975) is as follows:

- "Determination of individual needs as they relate to community and agency needs;
- Establishment of priority rankings of sets of behaviors which require work;
- 3. Establishment of individualized habilitative programs based on (1) and (2) above" (p.43).

Unfortunately, the ABS doesn't incorporate measures into the scale that will make priorities for behavioral management more evident. If programing

priorities are the aim, perhaps it is time to look towards scales that are specifically designed to do so.

"The Maladaptive Behaviour Profile (MBP) is designed as a tool to aid in the process of deciding upon goal priorities in behavior management" (Woodlands, 1979, p.2). The purpose behind this scale is to clearly illustrate programing priorities. This scale has just recently been developed; hence, no descriptive, reliability, or validity studies have been done. Scheerenberger (1974) stated that profiles of this type can be used by administrators as accountability measures as well as a method of communication. He concludes that:

"the most essential ingredient for effective communication between administrator and staff is a common understanding and acceptance of goals which they are mutually attempting to realize. Programmatic priorities must reflect the facility's overall goals and objectives" (p.4).

It is the purpose of this study to increase the reliability and subsequently improve the utility of one of the most common behavior rating scales, the
AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale Part II. This scale has been widely used for
program planning and evaluation of maladaptive behaviors of mentally retarded
people. Also, this study proposes to estimate the utility of a newly developed scale, the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile. The purpose of this scale is
to outline behavior goal priorities for the mentally handicapped.

#### STATEMENT OF RESEARCH QUESTIONS

The purpose of this study is to answer the following questions:

(1) Will the reliability of the ABS Part II increase if it is modified so that the ambiguity of terms decreases?

- (2) What is the reliability of the original AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scales Part II and the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile?
- (3) What is the validity of the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile?
- (4) Will there be a relationship between maladaptive behavior as measured by the ABS Part II (modified) and the MBP and:
  - a) placement of the retarded person (institution versus group home),
  - b) measured intelligence,
  - c) length of institutionalization,
  - d) sex,
  - e) age,
  - f) etiology, and
  - g) reason for admittance.

#### HYPOTHESES

The following hypotheses were formulated:

- (1) the reliability of a modified version of the ABS Part II will be significantly increased over the published version;
- (2) there will be no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and placement of retarded people;
- (3) there will be no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and intelligence;
- (4) there will be no significant relationship betwen maladaptive behavior and length of institutionalization;
- (5) there will be no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and age;
- (6) there will be no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and sex;

(7) there will be no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and etiology.

#### SUMMARY

When assessing behavior problems it is crucial that valid and reliable tools be used. Unfortunately, Clausen's (1972) concern that there are no adequate assessment tools appears justified, for the mean interrater reliability on the ABS Part II is reported as .57, and has been attributed to the ambiguity of the frequency terms.

The assessment, however, is only the beginning stage, for programing priority profiles such as the MBP, must be developed to give valid and reliable estimates "of a person's maladaptive behavior in such a way that priorities are more evident" (Woodlands, 1979, p.2). Once the priorities are specified, programing can be implemented that will eventually lead to remediation.

Finally, by measuring the relationship maladaptive behavior has with placement, IQ, length of institutionalization, age, sex and etiology one can look towards intervention and prevention of behavior problems in institutionalized mentally retarded subjects.

#### CHAPTER II

#### REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

According to Grossman and Rowitz (1974), a change in the care and services for the mentally retarded (M.R.) came about in the early 1960's. Retarded people were no longer regarded as incapable beings, but rather individuals with a need for development. The major area of focus was behavior problems, because of high incidence in this population. Thus, a surge of behavior modification programs resulted. Program planners were inundated with private and financial support. Grossman et al. (1974) added that by the late 1960's, "it became necessary not only to plan programs but to show that evaluation of these programs was occurring" (p.9). Clark (1969) concluded that while program evaluation was a major decisive factor in effective planning, so were adequate measuring instruments for behavior assessment. Program evaluators not only had to contend with utilizing behavior scales, but by the 1970's, according to Grossman et al. (1974), financial support began to dwindle. Consequently, program accountability was a familiar key phrase, and program planners became concerned with the cost of intervention and intervention priorities.

With the need for specifying priority behaviors for intervention purposes, the 1970's brought continued concern regarding the utility of existing scales for accurately assessing behavior problems. Many authors (Berdine, W. et al., 1977; Bhattacharya S., 1973; Irvin, L., et al., 1979; Schachler, M., et al., 1978; and J. Taylor, 1976) set out to study these scales in the hope to develop better behavioral assessment tools. Irvin et al., (1979) concluded that the problems with rating scales include low reliability and validity. Generally the utility of these scales was under scrutiny.

The 1980's finds us in the position of developing and improving reliable measures that will adequately assess the individual's behavior and hence allowing us to move toward effective behavior programming.

### AAMD ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR SCALE: Psychometric Problems

The ABS is a behavior rating scale used primarily in institutions for the mentally handicapped. It can also be used for emotionally maladjusted and developmentally disabled individuals as well. This scale consists of two parts. The first part assesses personal independence and will not be dealt with in this study. Part Two of the scale was developed to measure personal and social maladaption. This section of the scale "is the product of extensive survey of the social expectations placed upon retarded persons, both in residential institutions and in the community" (Nihira, et al., 1975, p.7). The following 14 domains are included in this section:

I.	Violent and Destructive Behavior	(Vio.Des.Beh.)
II.	Antisocial Behavior	(Anti.Soc.Beh.)
III.	Rebellious Behavior	(Reb.Beh.)
IV.	Untrustworthy Behavior	(Untrust.Beh.)
٧.	Withdrawal	(Withd.)
VI.	Stereotyped Behavior and Odd Mannerisms	(St.Beh.O.Man.)
VII.	Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners	(Inapp.Inter.Man.)
VIII.	Inappropriate Vocal Habits	(Inapp.Voc.Hab.)
IX.	Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits	(Unacc.Ecc.Hab.)
Χ.,	Self-Abusive Behavior	(Self-Ab.Beh.)
XI.	Hyperactive Tendencies	(Hyper.Tend.)

XII. Sexually Abherrant Behavior (Sex.Ab.Beh.)

XIII. Psychological Disturbances (Psych.Dist.)

XIV. Use of Medications (Use.Med.)

(Nihira et al., 1975, p.7)

The domain "Use of Medications" is hardly a maladaptive behavior; however, the authors contend that this domain provides information on how a person is adapting to his environment.

The domains of Part Two are all scored by the same method. The rater decides whether or not the subject displays the listed behaviors under each domain. If the subject does display the behavior outlined, the rater must then decide whether it occurs "occasionally" or "frequently".

"'Occasionally' signifies that the behavior occurs once in a while, or now and then and 'frequently' signifies that the behavior occurs quite often, or habitually" (Nihira et al., 1974, p.11). The following is an example of a subdomain and its items:

#### Demands Excessive Attention or Praise

	Occasionally	Frequently
Wants excessive praise Is jealous of attention given	1	2
others	1	2
Demands excessive reassurance	1	2
Acts silly to gain attention Other (specify):	1	2
none of above	Total	
	(Nihira et al.,	1974, p.17)

Both Bhattacharya (1973) and Mongrain (1975) concluded that this scoring method is arbitrary. Mongrain (1975) found raters to overlap considerably in their definitions of the terms "occasionally" and "frequently". For example, the raters scoring item eleven (uses Profane or Hostile Language) were found to overlap completely in the scoring criteria. Their

interpretations for "occasionally" ranged from one incident per day to one every four years. However, the raters who selected "frequently" ranged from one incident per day to two per month in their interpretations. While Mongrain (1975) found only one of the forty-four subdomains to overlap completely there were twenty-six with some overlap and only eight with no overlap. With this arbitrariness it is no wonder the reliability of Section Two is low.

Bhattacharya (1973) recommended introducing a 5 point scale with "clear-cut criteria for each point" to rectify this arbitrariness (p.27). His suggestions were incorporated into the modifications made on the ABS in this study.

Another problem with the ABS that may contribute to the subdomains being represented unequally, is described by Mongrain (1975):

The subtests of this scale are of unequal length; and items use different scales. For example, individuals can obtain scores of 0-10 for the item "is withdrawn or shy". For the item "seems to feel persecuted" scores range from 0-14. Thus this pin-pointing of target behaviors is difficult. (p.185)

#### AAMD ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR SCALE (MODIFIED)

As with the original scale, the raters are to select the statements that are representative of the subject's behavior. However, instead of circling "occasionally" or "frequently" the raters select yearly (Y), monthly (M), weekly (W), or daily (D). The raters are to leave the individual item uncircled if the behavior does not occur. If none of the behaviors occur in the subdomain the rater is again instructed to check "None of the above". This 5 point scale was developed to increase the reliability of this instrument.

The following is an example of the scoring modifications:

Demands Excessive Attention or Praise

	<u>Y</u>	M	W	D
Wants excessive praise Is jealous of attention given others Demands excessive reassurance Acts silly to gain attention Other: (specify)	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4
None of above Total				

(modified from Nihira et al., 1974, p.17)

#### AAMD ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR SCALE: Interpretive Problems

Because this scale purports to be useful for program planning and evaluation, it is important for one to be aware of the problems that may arise when interpreting scores from behavior profiles. For example, upon completing Part Two of the ABS, one obtains a profile of an individual's maladaptive behavior. Programing priorities may not be a function of frequency of maladaptive behavior. For instance, a person on occasion may "choke others"; however he may have a high incidence of drooling and nail biting. Thus he would receive a high profile peak for "Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits" and a lower score for "Violent and Destructive Behavior". Which behavior, however, is in greater need of remediation?

#### MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROFILE

The purpose of this scale is not to give a detailed account of the individual's behavior, but to outline goal priorities for behavior programing. The authors of this scale conclude that:

As the Profile is therefore nothing more than organized subjective evaluations of broad classes of behavior, the user should recognize that it can not substitute for precise and objective measurement in behavioral programing.

(Woodlands Psychology Dept., 1979, p.2)

The domain of this profile includes:

Aggression (Aggres.)

Property Damage (Prop.Dam.)

Poor Coping with Frustration (Poor Cope.Frus.)

Social Aggravation (Soc.Agg.)

Stereotypic Mannerisms (St.Man.)

Uncooperative (Uncoop.)

Self-Abuse (Self-Ab.)

Sexually Inappropriate Behavior (Sex.Inapp.Beh.)

Inappropriate Toilet Related Habits (Inapp.Toil.Rel.Hab.)

Other (Other)

(Woodlands Psychology Dept., 1979, p.2)

The first step towards completing this scale is to decide the problem severity (severe, moderate, mild or none) for each broad class of behavior. The next step is to decide how crucial it is to eliminate this behavior. If a behavior interferes with the individual's learning or disturbs others from learning then it would have an immediate intervention need. On the other hand, an individual may possess severe behavior problems that do not interfere with his learning. In this case the rater may decide the intervention need is eventual or unnecessary. To obtain a person's individual programming priority, one only has to sum the "severity" and "intervention" need score to receive a programing rank. An example of this procedure follows:

Programing Problem severity Intervention Priorities

"Aggression to others" +

3 2 1 X 4 1 X = 7 6 5 4 3 2 X moderate Immediate 2nd Priority

The authors of this profile have also included "Specific Maladaptive Behavior Profiles" that relate to each of the 10 broad behavior categories. If an individual receives a priority in the first to sixth category then the rater completes a specific profile for each of the categories with this ranking. This will allow program planners to specify the behavior goals.

Some possible advantages of the MBP are that each general behavior (i.e., aggression, property damage, etc.) is treated independently and the specific items within each category are not added to equal a total score. Bhattacharya (1973) concluded when reviewing the ABS that the additive method is subject to skepticism since no relationship has been determined between the domains or items.

A possible disadvantage of the MBP is that its degree of subjectivity in rating problem severity and intervention need may result in a low reliability statistic. Also, the system of adding severity and intervention scores to equal programming priorities has questionable validity. Finally, as with the ABS Part II, the domains are not composed of an equal number of items.

In conclusion, the aim of this project is to study the utility of the AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale, Part Two, and the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile. Hopefully, the changes made to the ABS will allow program planners to more effectively utilize this scale for assessment of the mentally retarded individual's maladaptive behavior. A reliable assessment is the basis upon which program planning and evaluation are built. Likewise, the

Maladaptive Behaviour Profile will be studied to determine its effectiveness in outlining goal priorities for the mentally retarded individual.

In summary, the ABS has come under attack in recent years because of the concern for more effective program planning and evaluation. The main concerns for Part Two of the scale have been the low reliability statistic and programing weaknesses. Hopefully by taking Bhattachary's (1973) suggestion and increasing the scoring criteria to a 5 point scale, the problems with the reliability will decrease. However, when deducing an individual's behavior intervention priorities from the profile, considerably more work will have to be done to solve the problem of the unequal lengths of the subdomains and weighting of problem areas.

#### CHAPTER III

#### ME THOD

This chapter defines the population and describes sampling procedures. The purpose of raters in the study and how they were selected is outlined. Measuring instruments are also described using a step procedure as it related to the data collection. Finally, methods of analyzing the data are presented.

#### DESCRIPTION OF POPULATION

The population involved in this study consisted of the residents of Glendale Lodge, an institute for the mentally handicapped located in Victoria, B.C. Two hundred and eighty permanent residents live within the 13 lodges of the institution and 24 residents live in a large group home (Lodge 14) separated from the main facility. The people in the group home were transferred from the institution approximately 2 years ago.

#### SAMPLING PROCEDURE

The following is a list of the sampling procedures.

- 1. It is important that the population from which the sample was selected be accurately defined. A survey sheet presented in Appendix A was completed to gather biodemographic information about the population. Information on lodge by sex, and ambulation collected on this population are presented in Table 1.
- 2. All the independently ambulatory males and females 18 years of age and older were sampled from the original 304 individuals in the population.

  Table 2 illustrates the lodge placement and sex ratio of the 157 residents who qualified for this sample.

Lodge	Total Residents	Ambulatory	Males Non-ambulatory	Ambulatory	Females Non-ambulatory
1	22	9	0	12	1
2	25	24	1	0	0
3	22	7	7	2	6
4	23	0	9	0	14
5	22	0	10	1	11
6	25	25	0	0	0
7	19	10	2	6	1
8	24	0	0	24	0
9	25	0	8	0	17
10	24	9	3	8	4
11	21	0	11	0	10
12	23	13	4	3	3
13	. 5	3	0	1	1
14	24	15	. 0	- 9	0
OTAL	304	115	55	66	68

- 3. Because the relationship between maladaptive behavior and institutionalized versus group home residents is to be investigated, the selection of
  the sample must represent these 2 groups. All of the residents from Lodge
  14 (group home) were selected with another 40 males and 40 females randomly
  selected from the remaining 157 subjects. As can be seen in Table 2, Lodges
  3, 5, 7, and 13 had too few subjects for a correlational study, thus, they
  were excluded from the sampling. Table 3 shows the 103 subjects sampled for
  this study.
- 4. Incidents of observed maladaptive behavior were to be used in a practical criterion validation of the MBP and ABS Part II (modified). Because there were too many subjects in sample 1 (103) to make 4 hours observation on each subject, a smaller sample of 32 was selected. The number 32 was chosen because Borg, et al., (1979) stated that "in correlation research it is generally desirable to have a minimum of 30 cases" (p.195).
- 5. There were 3 sampling methods considered for sample 2. These included:
- (1) randomly selecting 32 subjects from sample 1 and using 2 raters to evaluate all 32. The problems with this selection procedure is that the raters are assigned to one lodge; therefore they are not adequately familiar with the behavior of residents on other lodges to complete the ABS Part II and MBP. The advantage of this method is that it would eliminate most of the rater variability.
- (2) randomly selecting 32 subjects from sample 1, but have 2 raters for each of the lodges represented in this sampling. This would mean a maximum of 14 raters might be required. Error attributed to rater variability would be too large to justify using this procedure.
- (3) finally, the method chosen was to select the three lodges (within the main institution) with the most representation. Table 3 reveals that

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 $\underline{\text{TABLE 2}}$  Lodge distribution for 157 Ambulatory Residents 18 Years of Age and Over

Lodge	Total Residents	Males	Females
1	21	9	12
2	23	23	0
3	2	2	0
5	1	0	1
6	25	25	0
7	4	4	0
8	23	0	23
10	17	9	8
12	15	13	2
13	3	2	1
14	23	14	9
TOTAL	157	101	56

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Lodge	Total Subjects	Males	Females
1	20	8	12
2	7	7	0
6	13	13	0
8	18	0	18
10	14	6	8
12	8	6	2
14	23	14	9
TOTAL	103	54	49

lodges 1, 8, and 14 met this criteria. However, lodge 14 contained 3 group homes each with its own raters. This would mean 6 raters instead of 2 would have been selected; thus increasing rater variability. Lodge 10 was selected instead, because its frequency of representation was the next strongest. Next, 32 subjects were randomly selected from these 3 lodges in a way that would correspond to the proportion of subjects represented in these lodges. Table 4 illustrates the proportion of subjects selected from each of the 3 lodges in sample 2.

#### DESCRIPTIONS OF SAMPLES

<u>Sample 1</u>: This sample consisted of 103 ambulatory residents who were 18 years of age and over. Eighty of these subjects resided within 6 lodges of the institution with 23 subjects living in a group home in the community (viz., lodge 14). Table 3 shows the distribution of these subjects by lodge and sex.

Sample 2: Likewise, this sample consisted of 32 ambulatory residents who were 18 years of age and over. Three lodges were represented by lodges 1, 8, and 10 contained within the institution. Table 4 indicates the distribution of the subjects in Sample 2.

#### PURPOSE OF RATERS

The method chosen to complete the ABS Part II and MBP was by first person assessment. Nihira et al., (1975) defines this method as:

When the individual making the evaluation is both sufficiently familiar with the handicapped person involved and has had enough professional or on-the-job training to judge the relevance of the scale items, the evaluator should fill out the scale item, himself or herself (p.10).

Lodge	Sample 1 Subjects	Total Subjects	Sample 2 Males	Females
1	20	12	7	5
8	18	11	0	11
10	14	9	3	6
OTAL	5,2	32	10	22

#### SELECTION OF RATERS

Sample 1: Two raters from each of the seven lodges participating in the study were selected from the afternoon shift (1500 hrs to 2300 hrs) of April 1980. It was important that the raters be familiar with the subjects on their lodge, so a minimum of two months lodge working experience was a stipulation. Also, it was necessary that the raters have similar training, so the experimenter attempted to select Child Care Aids as raters. Tables 5 and 6 illustrate the Description of Raters 1 and Raters 2 respectively.

<u>Sample 2</u>: Two Child Care Aids were selected from each of the 3 lodges represented in this sample. These new raters were also selected from the afternoon shift (1500 hrs to 2300 hrs) of May 1980. The same stipulations made for the sample 1 raters was also made for sample 2 raters; however, those participating in sample 1 were not allowed to rate in sample 2, to prevent biasing the reliability estimate.

#### MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

<u>Data Collection 1, Test Package A</u>: Two test packages for each of the 103 subjects plus one training package for each of the raters was used to gather information. The following materials were included in each package:

- (1) subject information sheet.
- (2) Instruction sheet for ABS Part II (modified) and the modified AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale Part II.
- (3) Instruction sheet and the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile, and
- (4) Rater Information sheet (adopted from Mongrain, 1975).

  The information sheets and scales were placed in the test package envelope

TABLE 5

Description of Raters (1)

Age	N	Sex N	Education	N	Length of Emp. Years	N	Length of time on present lodge-Yrs.	N	Job Classification	N
20	3	F = 9			0-1	3	0-1	4	Health Care Worker I*	1
21-30	3	M = 0	4 Years College	1	1-2	1	1-2	4	Health Care Worker II*	8
31-40	1		2 Years College	7	2-3	1	2-3			
41-50	0		Elementary		3–4	ľ	3-4	1		
51-60	2	٠	Unknown	1	4-5		•			
					5-6					
					6-7	2				
			,		7–8					
					8–9	1				

<sup>\*</sup> Health Care Worker I

<sup>\*</sup> Health Care Worker II

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Age	N	Sex N	Education	N	Length of Emp. Years	N	Length of time on present lodge-Yrs.	N	Job Classification N	i i
20	1	F = 7	4 Years College	2	0-1	1	0-1	3	Health Care Worker I l	_
21-30	7	M = 3	2 Years College	7	1-2	2	1-2	5	Health Care Worker II 9	
31-40	1		Secondary School	1	2-3	2	2-3			1
41-50			Elementary		3-4		3-4	1		26 -
51-60	1		Unknown		4–5	1	unknown	1		
					5-6	2				
		. *	·		6-7					
					7-8					
					8-9	1				
					unknown	1	•			

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Lodge	Subjects	X Time/Tes	t Package	X Nos. Raters/Lodge	= Total time (hrs)
1	. 20	25 Mi	nutes	2	16.7
2 .	7	25	11	2	5.8
6	13	25	11	2	10.8
8	18	25	<b>11</b>	2	15.0
10	14	25	11	2	11.7
12	8	25	***	2	6.7
14	23	25	11	2	19.1
TOTAL	103	25		2	85.8

in the order they were to be completed. The ABS and MBP appeared in counter balance order. This procedure controlled for bias that might be attributed to administration order. Contents of this test package appear in Appendix A.

<u>Data Collection 2, Test Package B</u>: Two test packages for each of the 32 subjects plus one training test package for each of the 6 raters were organized as follows:

- (1) subject information sheet,
- (2) Instructions and AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale Part II (original),
- (3) Rater information sheet.

An example of this test package is also presented in Appendix A.

#### SUMMARY OF PROCEDURE

- 1. In February, 1980, biodemographic information was collected on the 304 permanent residents of Glendale Lodge. From this population, a sample of 103 residents was selected to represent ambulatory adults of the population. Sample 2, consisting of 32 subjects was selected from these 103 residents.
- 2. In March, clearance from the Human Subjects Committee was obtained.
- 3. Also in March, the raters were selected. The selection criteria were as follows:
  - (1) they must be Child Care Aid,
  - (2) they must be working the 1500 hrs to 2300 hrs shift for the month of April,
  - (3) they must be presently working on the lodges participating in the study, and
  - (4) they must have worked at least the two previous months on the lodge they were representing.

Lodge	Subjects	X Time/Test Package	X Nos. Raters/ Lodge	= Total Time (hrs)
1	12	15 min.	2	6.0
8	11	15 min.	2	5.5
10 .	9	15 min.	2	4.5
TAL	32	15	2	16.0

4. The training of the raters for Data Collection 1 began the first week of April. Each rater practiced by completing the test package on one of the residents not represented in the sample.

Time: This training session lasted approximately 1 hour for each rater. Since there were 17 raters, training time took about 17 hours. The raters were trained individually and, in a few cases, in groups of 2. The experimenter did the training.

5. Data Collection 1 was carried out in April. The experimenter worked on the lodges while the raters completed the scales.

Time: Table 7 shows the estimated time each lodge devoted to

Data Collection 1.

Note: the test packages took approximately 25 minutes to complete.

6. The information for Data Collection 2 was collected in May. The experimenter again worked on the lodges while these raters completed the scales.

Time: Table 8 illustrates the estimated time each lodge contributed to the study. Test package B took about 15 minutes to complete per person.

These 6 raters also underwent a training session before they completed the scales. The experimenter also trained these raters at an estimated time of 40 minutes per rater. A total time of 4 hours resulted.

7. Behavioral observations were also conducted on these 32 subjects. This information was to be used as a practical validation measure for the ABS Part II (original), ABS Part II (modified) and the MBP. The experimenter completed 6, 10 minute observations on 4 different occasions on each of the 32 subjects. This was a total of 128 hours of observation time. All

	<del></del>				
Time	Dayshift 0700 - 1400 hrs.	Afternoon Shift	1400 - 2300 hrs.		
Activity Observed	Activity randomly selected	Meal or snack	Washroom routine	Structured activi- ty or free play	
Nos. of observations	6	6	6	6	
Observation time (min.)/ observation	10	10	10	10	
Total Observation time/ activity (min.)	60	60 .	60	60	
Total observation time/ subject (min.)		240			
(hours)		4			

observations took place between 0700 and 2300 hours. The observations were taken over the whole day to get a comprehensive view of the subject's behavior. Although the raters were working the afternoon shift the month they rated each subject, they alternated between afternoon and day shifts monthly. Thus, they were also informed of the subject's behavior over the whole day. Table 9 shows a more detailed behavioral observation outline. Since these observations were scheduled for the months of June, July, and August, the 32 subjects were each observed at equal intervals throughout the 3 months.

8. To aid in the recording of observations, a maladaptive behavior checklist was developed. The domains of the MBP constitute the behavior descriptions for this checklist. An example of this checklist can be found in Appendix A.

## Method of Analysis

Biodemographic Data Analysis: Sample 1, selected from the Glendale population of ambulatory adults, was analyzed to determine how representative it was of this total ambulatory adult population. The analysis program used was the SPSS (version 8.00) (Kirk, 1980), which is supported by the Computing Centre at the University of British Columbia. The following variables were included in this analysis: age, etiology, I.Q., length of institutionalization, placement, and sex. More specifically, the mean, median, and absolute frequencies were determined. This information is provided in Appendix B.

Item and Test Analysis: The LERTAP test analysis package (Nelson, 1974) was especially designed for item/test analysis. This program, which is available in the Computing Centre at the University of British Columbia, was used to analyze both the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile and the original and

modified version of the AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale. More specifically, information to be sought from this program included: mean, range, standard deviation, intercorrelations, Hoyt estimate of internal consistency and Cronbach's alpha stratified.

Allen and Yen (1979) observed that when developing a new instrument, "the test developer desires to construct a test that discriminates well among examinees with varying levels of the trait" (p.120). An item to total test correlation of .40, as set by Nunnally (1967), was selected as the criterion for discriminating versus non-discriminating items. The stringent .40 criterion, also supported by Mongrain (1975), was used in this study.

Interrater Reliability: Two raters per subject independently scored the items on the scales. An interscorer reliability coefficient (Pearson coefficient) was computed between the total scores for rater 1 and rater 2 of the ABS original and modified scales. This correlation was computed using the SPSS Program.

Interobserver Agreement: is a form of reliability used to determine if the observers "watching the same behavior at the same time will record the same data" (Mitchell, 1979, p.377). The interobserver agreement percentage, according to Mitchell (1979), "is the most common index of the quality of data collected in observational studies" (p.377). The subjects selected were heterogeneous in that their behavior differed considerably. According to Mitchell (1979) there are problems with the interobserver agreement. For example, it treats agreement as an all-or-none happening; thus it can result in an underestimate of the true agreement between observers. Another problem is that it can overestimate the real agreement when behaviors have very high

and very low frequencies. In order to give a clearer indication of observer agreement the behaviors that both observers rated as not occurring were calculated separately in order that an agreement on the actual frequency of occurring behaviors could be computed.

<u>Validity</u>: The eventual method of validating the MBP depended on a number of outcomes. For example, if the reliability of the scale is moderately high along with a strong interobserver agreement percentage, the Behavioral Observational Checklist could serve as a practical validation check against the subtests of the MBP. Because the MBP was not designed as an additive scale, it is not feasible to use the ABS (which is an additive scale) as a criterion validity check. The content validity of the MBP will be discussed in terms of the utility of the scale, reliability, problems with administration and comments from the raters.

Correlational Study: A correlational study to determine the relation-ship maladaptive behavior has with age, etiology, IQ, length of institution-alization, placement and sex was conducted. Again the SPSS program was selected. Pearson Correlations and Oneway Analysis of Variance was used to analyze the variables to determine their relationship with maladaptive behavior.

### CHAPTER IV

#### RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

This chapter provides the item and test analysis information for the ABS Part II original and modified along with the MBP. Also described is the reliability of the Behavior Observation Checklist and the validity of the MBP. Finally, the correlations between Maladaptive Behavior and the biodemographic variables are presented.

## ABS Part II (original)

Item Analysis: Table C1 through C12, found in Appendix C, provide item analysis information for each of the 13 domains of the ABS Part II (original). The 14th domain, <u>Use of Medication</u>, was not analyzed because the raters were not nurses; hence they did not administer medication to the subjects. The correlations between items and domains are given in lieu of the subtest domains to total test domain correlations, so further modifications to the scale can be made by deleting items that don't discriminate among subjects. Also, these subtest domain correlations can be found in Mongrain's (1975) study.

An item to total test correlation criterion of .40 was set by Nunnally (1964) as showing adequate discrimination among subjects. Table 10 provides the percentage of items within each domain that met this stringent .40 criterion. Both item/domain and item/total test correlations for both raters are given. Appendix C contains the actual correlation for each item within each domain. Also provided in Appendix C is the ABS original with the discriminating items coded directly on the scale.

As can be seen from Table 10, the percentage of items that correlate .40 with the total test scores varies from 0% for both raters of <u>Stereotyped Behavior</u> to 60% on the Hyperactive domain for Rater 1. Note that

TABLE 10Percentage of items within each domain that met the .40 discrimination criteria for item to domain and item to total test correlation by rater.

Domain	•	Oomain	Item/Total Te		
	<sup>%R</sup> 1	<sup>%R</sup> 2	<sup>%R</sup> 1	<sup>%R</sup> 2	
Violent and Destructive Behavior	41.9	19.4	39.0	39.0	
Antisocial Behavior	17.1	34.4	28.6	17.1	
Rebellious Behavior	21.2	3.0	27.3	12.1	
Untrustworthy Behavior	54.5	72.7	9.1	9.1	
Nithdrawal	35.3	52.9	17.6	0	
Stereotyped Behavior	20.0	0	0	0	
Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners	25.0	75.0	12.5	50.0	
Unacceptable Vocal Habits	0	0	25.0	25.0	
Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits	27.3	21.2	33.3	15.2	
Self-Abusive Behavior	30.0	20.0	50.0	50.0	
Hyperactive	60.0	60.0	60.0	0	
Sexually Aberrant Behavior	30.0	20.0	50.0	50.0	
esychological Disturbance	12.2	26.8	7.3	17.1	

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Rater 2 for this same domain had 0% items that met the .40 discrimination index. When considering the item to domain correlations <u>Unacceptable</u>

<u>Vocal Habits</u> was found with 0% items meeting the .40 discrimination index.

However, the domain <u>Untrustworthy Behavior</u> showed 72.7% of its items for Rater 2 were discriminating at the .40 level.

Additionally, the item analysis information provided the percentage of subjects scoring 0 on each item in every domain. A score of 0 indicated the maladaptive behavior in question was not present. Thus, this was considered the correct or desired response. All items that had between 15% and 85% of the subjects scoring zero can be considered to discriminate adequately between subjects. Table 11 provides the percentage of items within each domain for both raters that fell within this 15% to 85% correct responses range. For Untrustworthy Behavior Rater 1 found 0% of its items within this range. When looking at the actual data on Table C4, in Appendix C, all the items within this domain for Rater 1 had at least 90% of its subjects with a zero score. Rater 2 showing 18.2 percent of its items within this .15 to .85 range revealed 2 out of a possible 11 items falling within this range. However, for the domain Hyperactive, Table 11 shows that 60% and 80% of its items for Rater 1 and 2 respectively fell within this .15 to .85 range. Table C10 (Appendix C) shows that the percentage of subjects with a zero score ranged from 66.7% (item 2) to 93.9% (item 5) for Rater 1. Rater 2 had a range of 43.1% (item 4) to 100.0% (item 5). Appendix C not only lists the percentages for each item of each domain, but also provides further item analysis information including means and standard deviations.

TABLE 11

Percentage of items within each domain that had 15% to 85% of the subjects within the correct response range for both raters

Domain	% Discri	minating R <sub>2</sub>
	R <sub>1</sub>	
Violent and Destructive Behavior	32.3	41.9
Antisocial Behavior	22.9	37.1
Rebellious Behavior	27.3	33.3
Untrustworthy Behavior	0	18.2
Withdrawal	29.4	64.7
Stereotyped Behavior	60.0	26.7
Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners	25.0	62.5
Unacceptable Vocal Habits	62.5	87.5
Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits	27.3	21.2
Self-Abusive Behavior	40.0	60.0
Hyperactive	60.0	80.0
Sexually Aberrant Behavior	9.1	1.4
Psychological Disturbance	17.1	29.3

Test Analysis: ABS Part II (Original).

Tables 12 and 13 show the correlations among domains and total test scores for Rater 1 and Rater 2 respectively. Rater 1 (Table 12) with a sample size of 32 had a critical index of .349. The correlations for domains ranged from -.24 for Withdrawal Behavior correlated with Untrustworthy Behavior to .70 for Antisocial Behavior correlated with Violent and Destructive Behavior. The correlations between domains and total test scores for Rater 1 ranged from .17 for Untrustworthy Behavior to .86 for Rebellious Behavior. All the correlations for domain scores with total test scores reached significance at .05 level except for Withdrawal and Stereotyped Behavior and Odd Mannerisms.

Rater 2 (Table 13) with a sample size of 32, also with an r<sub>critical</sub> index of .349 showed correlations for domains ranging from -.32 for <u>Stereotyped Behaviors and Odd Mannerisms</u> correlated with <u>Untrustworthy Behavior</u> to .69 for <u>Psychological Disturbances</u> correlated with <u>Antisocial Behavior</u>. The range of domain scores correlated with the total test score ranged from .07 for <u>Withdrawal</u> to .78 for <u>Violent and Destructive Behavior</u>. All the correlations for domain scores with total test scores reached significance at .05 level except for <u>Withdrawal</u> and <u>Stereotyped Behavior</u>. This was the same as for Rater 1.

The test analysis information for the domains for Rater 1 can be found in Table 14. Information given includes mean, range, standard deviation, Hoyt estimate of internal consistency, and standard error of measurement. The mean scores ranged from .64 (<u>Untrustworthy Behavior</u>) to 6.15 (<u>Violent and Destructive Behavior</u>). Note that domains do not have equal numbers of items. Hoyt estimate of internal consistency ranged from .19 (<u>Unacceptable Vocal Habits</u>) to .79 (Violent and Destructive Behavior).

TABLE 12

Correlations among domains and total test scores of the ABS Part II Original (1)

Domains	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
								•					٠	
Viol. Des. Beh.	1.00													
Anti-Soc. Beh.	. 70	1.00		,					•					
Reb. Beh.	.69	.55	1.00											
Un. Beh.	.04	.17	.21	1.00								-		
With.	.09	<b>¬</b> 03	.19	<del></del> 24	1.00									
St. Beh., O. Man.	<del>-</del> 03	.03	.21	<b>-</b> 08	.36	1.00								
Inapp. Interper. Man.	.41	.63	.36	.05	- 22	.03	1.00							
Unacc. Voc. Hab.	.20	.25	.40	<b>~13</b>	.41	.29	.27	1.00						
Unadd. Ecc. Hab.	.69	.51	.64	.05	.27	.27	.09	.26	1.00					
Self-Ab. Beh.	.70	.58	.52	.01	.17	.19	.29	.18	.65	1.00				
Hyper. Tend.	.52	.67	.58	.01	.04	.43	.48	.30	. 44	. 34	1.00			
Sex. Ab. Beh.	.27	.32	.36	.07	.03	.09	.29	.26	. 36	.13	.37	1.00	•	
Psycho. Dist.	.30	.51	.51	.39	<del>-</del> 18	<b>~</b> 19	.45	. 32	.12	.28	.26	.22	1.00	
ABS Pt. II (1)	. 80	.78	.86	.17	.28	. 39	.49	.49	.78	.71	.70	. 47	.51	1.00
	Viol. Des. Beh. Anti-Soc. Beh. Reb. Beh. Un. Beh. With. St. Beh., O. Man. Inapp. Interper. Man.	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70         Reb. Beh.       .69         Un. Beh.       .04         With.       .09         St. Beh., O. Man.       -03         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70         Hyper. Tend.       .52         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27         Psycho. Dist.       .30	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55         Un. Beh.       .04       .17         With.       .09       -03         St. Beh., O. Man.       -03       .03         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32         Psycho. Dist.       .30       .51	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55       1.00         Un. Beh.       .04       .17       .21         With.       .09       -03       .19         St. Beh., O. Man.       -03       .03       .21         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63       .36         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25       .40         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51       .64         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58       .52         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67       .58         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32       .36         Psycho. Dist.       .30       .51       .51	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55       1.00         Un. Beh.       .04       .17       .21       1.00         With.       .09       -03       .19       -24         St. Beh., O. Man.       -03       .03       .21       -08         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63       .36       .05         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25       .40       -13         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51       .64       .05         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58       .52       .01         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67       .58       .01         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32       .36       .07         Psycho. Dist.       .30       .51       .51       .39	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55       1.00         Un. Beh.       .04       .17       .21       1.00         With.       .09       -03       .19       -24       1.00         St. Beh., O. Man.       -03       .03       .21       -08       .36         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63       .36       .05       -22         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25       .40       -13       .41         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51       .64       .05       .27         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58       .52       .01       .17         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67       .58       .01       .04         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32       .36       .07       .03         Psycho. Dist.       .30       .51       .51       .39       →18	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh70 1.00  Reb. Beh69 .55 1.00  Un. Beh04 .17 .21 1.00  With09 = .03 .19 = .24 1.00  St. Beh., O. Man. = .03 .03 .21 = .08 .36 1.00  Inapp. Interper. Man41 .63 .36 .05 = .22 .03  Unacc. Voc. Hab20 .25 .40 = .13 .41 .29  Unadd. Ecc. Hab69 .51 .64 .05 .27 .27  Self-Ab. Beh70 .58 .52 .01 .17 .19  Hyper. Tend52 .67 .58 .01 .04 .43  Sex. Ab. Beh27 .32 .36 .07 .03 .09  Psycho. Dist30 .51 .51 .39 = .18 = .19	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55       1.00         Un. Beh.       .04       .17       .21       1.00         With.       .09       ¬03       .19       ¬24       1.00         St. Beh., O. Man.       ¬03       .03       .21       ¬08       .36       1.00         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63       .36       .05       ¬22       .03       1.00         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25       .40       ¬13       .41       .29       .27         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51       .64       .05       .27       .27       .09         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58       .52       .01       .17       .19       .29         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67       .58       .01       .04       .43       .48         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32       .36       .07       .03       .09       .29         Psycho. Dist.       .30       .51       .51       .39       ¬18       ¬19       .45	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh70 1.00  Reb. Beh69 .55 1.00  Un. Beh04 .17 .21 1.00  With09 = -03 .19 = -24 1.00  St. Beh., O. Man. = -03 .03 .21 = -08 .36 1.00  Inapp. Interper. Man41 .63 .36 .05 = -22 .03 1.00  Unacc. Voc. Hab20 .25 .40 = -13 .41 .29 .27 1.00  Unadd. Ecc. Hab69 .51 .64 .05 .27 .27 .09 .26 1.00  Self-Ab. Beh70 .58 .52 .01 .17 .19 .29 .18 .65 1.00  Hyper. Tend52 .67 .58 .01 .04 .43 .48 .30 .44 .34  Sex. Ab. Beh27 .32 .36 .07 .03 .09 .29 .26 .36 .13  Psycho. Dist30 .51 .51 .39 = -1819 .45 .32 .12 .28	Viol. Des. Beh.       1.00         Anti-Soc. Beh.       .70       1.00         Reb. Beh.       .69       .55       1.00         Un. Beh.       .04       .17       .21       1.00         With.       .09       ¬03       .19       ¬24       1.00         St. Beh., O. Man.       ¬03       .03       .21       ¬08       .36       1.00         Inapp. Interper. Man.       .41       .63       .36       .05       ¬22       .03       1.00         Unacc. Voc. Hab.       .20       .25       .40       ¬13       .41       .29       .27       1.00         Unadd. Ecc. Hab.       .69       .51       .64       .05       .27       .27       .09       .26       1.00         Self-Ab. Beh.       .70       .58       .52       .01       .17       .19       .29       .18       .65       1.00         Hyper. Tend.       .52       .67       .58       .01       .04       .43       .48       .30       .44       .34       1.00         Sex. Ab. Beh.       .27       .32       .36       .07       .03       .09       .29       .26       .36       .13	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh70 1.00  Reb. Beh69 .55 1.00  Un. Beh04 .17 .21 1.00  With09 ~03 .19 ~24 1.00  St. Beh., O. Man. ~03 .03 .21 ~08 .36 1.00  Inapp. Interper. Man41 .63 .36 .05 ~22 .03 1.00  Unacc. Voc. Hab20 .25 .40 ~13 .41 .29 .27 1.00  Unadd. Ecc. Hab69 .51 .64 .05 .27 .27 .09 .26 1.00  Self-Ab. Beh70 .58 .52 .01 .17 .19 .29 .18 .65 1.00  Ilyper. Tend52 .67 .58 .01 .04 .43 .48 .30 .44 .34 1.00  Sex. Ab. Beh27 .32 .36 .07 .03 .09 .29 .26 .36 .13 .37 1.00  Psycho. Dist30 .51 .51 .39 ~18 ~19 .45 .32 .12 .28 .26 .22	Viol. Des. Beh. 1.00  Anti-Soc. Beh70 1.00  Reb. Beh69 .55 1.00  Un. Beh04 .17 .21 1.00  With09

N = 32;  $r_{critical} = .349$  (p = .05)

TABLE 13

Correlations among domains and total test scores of the ABS Part II (original) (2)

			3	4	5	6		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Viol. Des. Beh.	1.00	·												
2. Anti-Soc. Beh.	.62	1.00												
3. Reb. Beh.	.61	.47	1.00			•								
4.Un. Beh.	.21	.68	.25	1.00										
5.With.	<b>~21</b>	<del></del> 35	<b></b> 06	<del></del> 14	1.00									-
6.St. Beh., O. Man.	.00	<del></del> 38	<b>-</b> 09 /	- 32	.32	1.00						-		
7. Inapp. Interper. Man.	.47	. 39	.02	.26	÷29	<del>-</del> 04	1.00							
8. Unacc. Voc. Hab.	.25	.11	.07	-17	. 19	.13	.18	1.00			·			
9. Unacc. Ecc. Hab.	.50	.11	.05	-10	.07	.42	.42	.31	1.00					
O. Self-Ab. Beh.	.60	.38	.35	.05	<del>-</del> 19	.14	.31	. 49	.42	1.00				
l. Hyper. Tend.	.23	.38	. 39	.16	<del>- 1</del> 6	<del>-</del> 20	.26	.28	<del>-</del> 02	.38	1.00			•
2. Sex. Ab. Beh.	.40	.22	.01	.13	-10	.07	.57	.42	.43	.18	. 19	1.00		
3. Psycho. Dist.	.40	.69	.29	.43	<del>-</del> 06	-24	. 24	. 44	.25	. 55	. 32	.11	1.00	
4. ABS Pt. II (2)	. 78	.69	.53	.38	07	.09	.51	.54	. 59	. 69	.43	.46	.74	1.00

N = 32;  $r_{critical} = .349 (p = .05)$ 

TABLE 14

Test analysis information for domains of the ABS (original), Part II (1)

Domains	* Mean	Range	nos.	St. Dev.	Hoyt	SEM
			items	St. Dev.		SER
Viol. Des. Beh.	6.15	0 - 23	31	5.72	. 79	2.58
Antisoc. Beh.	3.88	0 - 15	35	4.27	.70	2.32
Reb. Beh.	5.30	0 - 18	33	4.78	.73	2.44
Un. Beh.	0.64	0 - 10	11	1.82	.76	0.85
Withd.	3.55	0 - 15	17	3.63	.66	2.07
St. Beh. O. Man.	4.64	0 - 14	15	4.45	.69	2.39
Inapp. Inter. Man.	1.36	0 - 6	8	1.98	.52	1.28
Unacc. Voc. Habits	2.12	0 - 7	8	1.96	.19	1.65
Unacc. Ecc. Habits	4,94	0 - 25	33	5.61	.78	2.61
Self-Ab. Beh.	2.33	0 - 11	10	2.76	.63	1.58
Hyper. Tend.	1.58	0 - 6	5	2.12	.59	1.22
Sex. Ab. Beh.	1.67	0 - 14	22	2.78	.70	1.48
Psych. Dist.	5.85	0 - 15	41	5.85	.67	2.65

<sup>\*</sup> The following is an example of the score weights.

<sup>2 -</sup> Frequently

<sup>1 -</sup> Occasionally

<sup>0 -</sup> none

n = 32

This same test analysis information for Rater 2 can be found on Table

15. Here the mean scores ranged from 1.09 (<u>Untrustworthy Behavior</u>) to

6.41 (<u>Psychological Disturbances</u>). Hoyt estimate of internal consistency ranged from .22 (Sexually Aberrant Behavior) to .77 (Withdrawal).

The Summary for the ABS Part II (original) test analysis information can be found in Table 16. The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency treated each domain as a sample test from the total test and gives an average correlation between all sample tests. Rater 1 was found with a Hoyt of .93 while Rater 2 had .88. The reliability of the total test for Rater 1 was .82 ( $\checkmark$  stratified) while Rater 2 had .75 ( $\checkmark$  stratified).

Finally, the total scores for all subjects and for both raters were correlated to give an interrater reliability estimate. For the ABS Part II (original) the final outcome is .448.

### ABS Part II (modified)

The modifications made to the ABS Part II (original) included changing it from a 3 point scale: "none", "occasionally", and "frequently" to a five point scale: "none", "yearly", "monthly", "weekly", and "daily".

Item Analysis: Tables Dl through Dl2, found in Appendix D, provide item analysis information for each of the 13 domains of the ABS Part II (modified). As with the original version, the 14th domain, Use of Medication, was not analyzed. As with the ABS original, an item to total test correlation of .40 was used as the discriminating index. Table 17 provides the percentage of items within each domain for each rater that met this criteria and hence appear to discriminate between subjects in the sample.

Item to total test correlations that met the .40 criterion varied from 0% for both raters of Withdrawal, Stereotyped Behavior, and Hyperactive

TABLE 15

Test analysis information for domains of the ABS (original), Part II (2)

Denda					
Domains	Mean	Range *	St. Dev.	Hoyt	SEM
Viol. Des. Beh.	5.94	0 - 19	4.44	.70	2.37
Antisoc. Beh.	4.91	0 - 19	4.69	.76	2.25
Reb. Beh.	5.81	0 - 13	3.23	.47	2.31
Un. Beh.	1.09	0 - 14	2.53	. 85	.95
Withd.	5.50	0 - 18	5.03	.77	2.33
St. Beh. O. Man.	2.66	0 - 8	2.29	.27	1.90
Inapp. Inter. Man.	1.78	0 - 9	2.43	.71	1.22
Unacc. Voc. Habits	3.47	0 - 9	2.78	.54	1.77
Unacc. Ecc. Habits	6.06	0 - 18	4.25	.55	2.80
Self-Ab. Beh.	2.53	0 - 9	2.76	.63	1.58
Hyper. Tend.	1.84	0 - 8.	2.08	.64	1.11
Sex. Ab. Beh.	1.59	0 - 6	1.66	.22	1.43
Psych. Dist.	6.41	0 - 19	4.98	.73	2.56

<sup>\*</sup> Number of items per domain are found in Table 14.

<sup>2</sup> frequently

l occasionally

<sup>0</sup> none

N = 32

TABLE 16
Summary of ABS (original) Part II test analysis

	Hoyt	Strat	SEM
ABS Part II original $(1)^{N=32}$	.93	.82	7.70
ABS Part II original (2) N=32	.88	.74	7.58

Pearson Correlation for total test scores for Rater 1 correlated with Rater 2  $\,$ 

N = 32  $r_{xx} = .448$  (interrater reliability)

TABLE 17

Percentage of items within each domain that met the .40 discrimination criterion for item to domain and item to total test correlations: by rater

Domain		Domain	Item/Tot	al Test
	% R <sub>1</sub>	% R <sub>2</sub>	% R <sub>1</sub>	% R <sub>2</sub>
Violent and Destructive Behavior	18.2	61.3	12.9	32.3
Antisocial Behavior	49.9	54.3	45.7	34.3
Rebellious Behavior	15.2	27.3	9.1	24.2
Untrustworthy Behavior	54.5	36.4	18.2	18.2
Withdrawal	35.3	47.1	0	0
Stereotyped Behavior	6.7	6.7	0	0
Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners	0	37.5	0	62.5
Unacceptable Vocal Habits	12.5	12.5	0	12.5
Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits	6.1	48.5	0	3.0
Self-Abusive Behavior	20.0	20.0	0	20.0
Hyperactive	40.0	40.0	0	0
Sexually Aberrant Behavior	4.5	9.1	4.5	0
Psychological Disturbances	46.3	48.8	22.0	17.1

to 62.5% for Rater 2 of <u>Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners</u>. For Rater 1, 7 out of 13 domains did not meet the .40 criteria. The item to domain correlations that met this .40 criteria ranged from 0% (<u>Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners</u>, Rater 1) to 61.3% (<u>Violent and Destructive Behavior</u>, Rater 2).

The item analysis information in Appendix D provides the percentage of subjects scoring O on each item in every domain. A score of O was considered the correct or desired response. The .15 to .85 correct response criteria was selected as adequately discriminating between subjects. Table 18 provides the percentage of items within each domain that fell within this correct response range. Appendix D also contains the individual items and their actual percentage scores along with the items coded on the actual scale. Also, additional item analysis information including means and standard deviations can be found in this Appendix.

Test Analysis: ABS Part II (modified).

Tables 19 and 20 illustrate the correlations among domains and total test scores for Rater 1 and Rater 2 respectively. Rater 1 with a sample size of 98 had a r<sub>critical</sub> index at .205 for .05 significance. The correlations for domains ranged from -.22 (Withdrawal versus Antisocial Behavior) to .67 (Psychological Disturbances versus Antisocial Behavior). All the correlations of domain scores with total test scores reached significance at .05 level except for Withdrawal. These correlations

Rater 2 (Table 21) correlations for domains range from -.23 (Psychological Disturbances versus Stereotyped Behavior) to .71 (Psychological Disturbances versus Untrustworthy Behavior). All the correlations of domain scores with total test scores reached significance at .05 level

ranged from .15 for Withdrawal to .78 for Violent and Destructive Behavior.

TABLE 18

Percentage of items within each domain that had 15% to 85% of the subjects within the correct response range for both raters.

Domains	%	discri % R <sub>1</sub>	minating % R <sub>2</sub>
$\emph{V}$ iolent and Destructive Behavior		22.6	25.8
Antisocial Behavior		11.4	20.0
Rebellious Behavior		18.2	18.2
Intrustworthy Behavior		9.1	0
Vithdrawal		35.3	41.2
stereotyped Behavior		26.7	20.0
nappropriate Interpersonal Manners		0	12.5
acceptable Vocal Habits		37.5	50.0
nacceptable or Eccentric Habits		6.1	9.1
elf-Abusive Behavior		10.0	10.0
yperactive		20.0	10.0
exually Aberrant Behavior		0	4.5
ychological Disturbance		17.1	17.1

TABLE 19

Correlations among domains and total test scores of the ABS Part II (modified) (2)

·····														
Domains	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.Viol. Des. Beh.	1.00													
2.Anti-Soc. Beh.	.62	1.00												
3.Reb. Beh.	.52	.55	1.00											
4.Un. Beh.	.41	.58	.46	1.00										•
5.With.	<del>-</del> 04	<del>-</del> 22	.02	<del>-</del> 09	1.00									
6.St. Beh., O. Man.	.11	<del>-</del> 14	<del>-</del> 13	<del>-</del> 16	.32	1.00								
7.Inapp. Interper. Man.	.47	.53	.47	.27	<b>⊤</b> 16	.17	1.00	•						
8.Unacc. Voc. Hab.	.38	.36	. 32	.23	.02	.18	.42	1.00						
9.Unacc. Ecc. Hab.	.45	.07	.11	.04	.24	.53	.32	.18	1.00					
O.Self-Ab. Beh.	.56	.28	.31	.11	-02	.36	.44	.23	.52	1.00				
l.Hyper. Tend.	.23	.32	.15	.17	<del>-</del> 09	.25	.40	.31	.33	.31	1.00			
2.Sex. Ab. Beh.	.27	.04	.19	.10	.10	.33	.25	.19	.42	.38	.30	1.00		
3.Psycho. Dist.	.41	.67	.60	. 59	<del>-</del> 16	<del>-</del> 20	.40	.39	-02	.16	.21	.06	1.00	
4.ABS Pt. II (2)	.78	.74	.71	.55	.15	.26	.64	.44	.54	.57	.45	. 40	.68	1.00

N = 98;  $r_{critical} = .205$  (p = .05)

TABLE 20

20

Domains	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	-8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.Viol. Des. Beh.	1.00								,					
2.Anti-Soc. Beh.	.55	1.00												
3. Reb. Beh.	. 29	.64	1.00							•				
4.Un. Beh.	.35	.63	.54	1.00										
5.With.	<del></del> 07	<del></del> 19	-:04	<del></del> 19	1.00									
6.St. Beh., O. Man.	.07	<del></del> 19	<del>-</del> 15	<del>-</del> 19	.23	1.00								
7. Inapp. Interper. Man.	.42	.32	.15	.06	<del>-</del> 06	.24	1.00							
8.Unacc. Voc. Hab.	.20	.45	.34	.10	<del>-</del> 01	.20	.28	1.00						
9.Unacc. Ecc. Hab.	.38	.08	.01	<del></del> 06	.16	.34	.24	. 29	1.00					
O.Self-Ab. Beh.	.38	.16	.05	.05	<del>-</del> 08	.36	.29	.02	.36	1.00				
l.Hyper. Tend.	.17	.22	.13	.15	<del>-</del> 17	.34	.17	.37	.16	.11	1.00			
2.Sex. Ab. Beh.	.21	.25	.41	.21	.10	.08	.10	.36	.26	.11	.11	1.00		
3.Psycho. Dist.	.26	.62	.59	.71	<del>-</del> 12	<del>-</del> 23	.08	.15	.01	-00	.06	.28	1.00	
4.ABS Pt. II (1)	.67	.77	.68	.58	.11	.20	.43	.53	.48	.36	.33	.49	.65	1.00

N = 98;  $r_{critical} = .205$  (p = .05)

except for Withdrawal and Stereotyped Behaviors.

The test analysis information for the domains for Rater 1 can be found in Table 21. Information given includes: mean, range, standard deviation, Hoyt estimate of internal consistency, and standard error of measurement. The mean scores ranged from 1.41 (Untrustworthy Behavior) to 9.84 (Psychological Disturbances); however the domains do not have equal numbers of items. The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency ranged from .36 (Inappropriate Interpersonal Mannerisms) to .86 (Antisocial Behavior and Psychological Disturbances).

The same test analysis information for Rater 2 can be found in Table 22. Here the mean scores ranged from 1.53 (<u>Untrustworthy Behavior</u>) to 10.63 (<u>Psychological Disturbances</u>). The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency ranged from .38 (<u>Unacceptable Vocal Habits</u>) to .87 (<u>Antisocial Behavior</u>).

The Summary for the ABS Part II (modified) test analysis information can be found in Table 23. Rater 1 had a Hoyt estimate of internal consistency of .90 while Rater 2 had .93. The reliability for the total test for Rater 1 was .70 ( $\propto$ stratified) and .75 ( $\propto$ stratified) for Rater 2.

Finally, the total scores for all subjects and both raters were correlated to give an interrater reliability estimate. For the ABS Part II (modified) the final outcome was .706.

## Maladaptive Behaviour Profile: Severity Subtest Analysis

Table 24 provides mean scores, standard deviations, along with correlations of each subtest with the total test of "Severity" for both raters.

The mean scores were calculated with a score of one (1) denoting no (none) problem severity. Also included is the percentage of subjects receiving

TABLE 21

Test analysis information for domains of the ABS (modified), Part II (1)

Domains	Mean	Range	St. Dev.	Hoyt	SEM
Viol. Des. Beh.	8.37	0 - 38	8.47	.76	4.13
Antisoc. Beh.	7.42	0 - 51	11.14	.86	4.16
Reb. Beh.	7.69	0 - 34	7.78	.69	4.27
Un. Beh.	1.41	0 - 19	3.35	.73	1.67
Withd.	6.65	0 - 40	8.12	.75	3.91
St. Beh. O. Man.	4.91	0 - 24	5.84	.55	3.79
Inapp. Inter. Man.	1.65	0 - 12	2.85	.36	2.13
Unacc. Voc. Habits	4.07	0 - 19	4.55	.49	3.05
Unacc. Ecc. Habits	7.73	0 - 39	8.65	.68	4.79
Self-Ab. Beh.	2.42	0 - 18	3.71	.56	2.33
Hyper Tend.	2.02	0 - 12	3.38	.60	1.91
Sex. Ab. Beh.	1.93	0 - 16	3.41	.52	2.30
Psych. Dist.	9.84	0 - 77	12.32	.86	4.56

TABLE 22

Test analysis information for domains of the ABS (modified), Part II (2)

	_				
Domains	Mean	Range	St. Dev.	Hoyt	SEM
Viol. Des. Beh.	7.85	0 - 41	8.17	.77	3.86
Antisoc. Beh.	9.28	0 - 76	13.03	.87	4.60
Reb. Beh.	7.86	0 - 45	9.66	.81	4.19
Un. Beh.	1.53	0 - 14	3.09	.65	1.74
Withd.	9.16	0 - 48	9.24	.75	4.46
St. Beh. O. Man.	5.27	0 - 21	5.36	.42	3.94
Inapp. Inter. Man.	2.20	0 - 16	3.85	.63	2.19
Unacc. Voc. Habits	3.90	0 - 16	4.16	.38	3.05
Unacc. Ecc. Habits	9.11	0 - 68	10.56	.76	5.08
Self-Ab. Beh.	2.17	0 - 18	3.35	.53	2.19
Hyper. Tend.	1.97	0 - 12	3.40	.56	2.01
Sex. Ab. Beh.	2.01	0 - 18	3.45	.53	2.31
Psych. Dist.	10.63	0 - 66	12.99	. 85	4.89

TABLE 23
Summary of ABS (modified) Part II Test Analysis

	Rater	Hoyt	Strat	SEM
ABS Part II (modified)	1	.90	.70	13.37
ABS Part II (modified)	2	.93	.75	13.91

Pearson Correlation for total test scores for Rater 1 correlated with Rater 2  $\,$ 

N = 97  $r_{xx} = .706$  (interrater reliability)

TABLE 24
Subtest information for the MBP: Severity by raters

	Mea	n	Standa	rd Dev.	rsev	erity	P	
Subtests	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>						
Aggression	2.09	2.0	1.10	1.01	.40	.37	41.1	40.0
Self-Ab.	1.76	1.54	1.04	.94	. 39	.31	58.9	66.7
Dam. Prop.	1.66	1.63	. 89	.92	.46	.40	57.8	62.2
Poor Cop. Frus.	2.34	2.22	1.07	1.15	.44	.36	28.9	36.7
Soc. Aggrav.	1.77	2.01	.84	1.10	.36	.52	46.7	44.4
Stereo. Man.	2.18	2.19	.99	1.20	.23	.40	31.1	41.1
Uncoop.	2.20	2.27	.91	.98	.49	.50	25.6	24.4
Sexual	1.30	1.29	.59	.71	.23	.20	75.6	71.1
Toilet/Elim.	1.72	1.62	1.02	.94	. 14	. 32	58.9	63.3

<sup>\* 4</sup> Severe 3 Moderate 2 Mild 1 None

P score of "none" for problem severity

a score of 1 (none). As with the ABS, a correct response range of .15 to .85 was used to discriminate among subjects. All of the subtests reported percentages within this range. The percentages of "none" scores ranged from 24.4 (Uncooperative, Rater 2) to 75.6 (Sexual, Rater 1).

The correlations between each subtest and total test of "Severity" is also given in Table 24. Again the criterion of .40, set by Nunnally (1967) as showing adequate discrimination among subjects was used. The subtests that met this criterion for one or both raters included: Aggression,

Damages Property, Poor Coping with Frustration, Social Aggravation, Stereotyped Mannerisms, and Uncooperative.

Test analysis information for "MBP: Severity" for both raters is given in Table 25. The scores ranged from 9 to 31 for Rater 1 and 9 to 32 for Rater 2. Note that there were nine subtests and a score of 1 referred to "none". The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency for Rater 1 was .67 and .70 for Rater 2.

Correlations among the 9 subtests of the "MBP: Severity" is given in Tables 26 and 27 for Rater 1 and 2 respectively. Rater 1 with a sample size of 89 had a r<sub>critical</sub> index of .217 at .05 significance. The subtest correlations ranged from -.08 (Social Aggravation vs. Toilet/Elimination) to .38 (Aggression vs. Poor Coping with Frustration; Uncooperative vs. Social Aggravation). Of the possible 36 across subtest correlations, 15 showed significance at .05 level.

For Rater 2, the correlations ranged from -.13 (<u>Sexual</u> vs. <u>Poor Coping</u> with Frustration) to a high of .49 (<u>Aggression</u> vs. <u>Poor Coping with Frustration</u>). Significance at the .05 level was found for 52.8% of the between subtest correlations.

TABLE 25

Test analysis information for MBP: Severity,(1) (2)

Rater	Hoyt.	SEM
1	.67	2.43
2	.70	2.53

TABLE 26

Correlations among subtests of the MBP: Severity, Rater 1

Subtests	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Aggres.	1.00								
2. Self-Ab.	0.14	1.00							
3. Dam. Prop.	0.31	0.31	1.00						
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	0.38	0.28	0.33	1.00		•			
5. Soc. Aggrav.	0.28	0.31	0.16	0.27	1.00				
6. Stereo. Man.	0.02	0.21	0.23	0.06	0.03	1.00			
7. Uncoop.	0.30	0.18	0.30	0.37	0.38	0.30	1.00		
8. Sexual	0.25	0.14	0.07	0.15	0.20	0.03	0.10	1.00	
9. Toil./Elim.	0.15	0.10	0.19	0.03	10.08	0.12	0.08	0.08	1.00

$$N = 89$$
  $r_{critical} = .217$   $(p = .05)$ 

TABLE 27

Correlations among subtests of the MBP - Severity, Rater 2

Subtests	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Aggres.	1.00								
2. Self-Ab.	0.24	1.00							
3. Dam. Prop.	0.13	0.16	1.00						
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	0.49	0.24	0.17	1.00					
5. Soc. Aggrav.	0.35	0.23	0.25	0.34	1.00				
6. Stereo. Man.	0.08	0.16	0.27	0.05	0.32	1.00			
7. Uncoop.	0.32	0.13	0.23	. 0.22	0.45	0.28	1.00		
8. Sexual	-0.02	0.11	0.07	-0.13	0.07	0.32	0.30	1.00	
9. Toil./Elim.	-0.01	0.00	0.38	0.07	0.14	0.34	0.19	0.28	1.00

TABLE 28

Correlation between raters of severity for each subtest.

N = 89

r<sub>critical</sub> = .217

(p = .05)

	Kendall's Tau B	Significance 2-Tailed
1. Aggres.	.645	< .001
2. Self-Ab.	.456	< .001
3. Dam. Prop.	.349	< .001
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	.272	.002
5. Soc. Aggrav.	.324	< .001
6. Stereo. Man.	.228	.012
7. Uncoop.	.275	.002
8. Sexual	.249	.015
9. Toil./Elim.	.477	۷.001

Interrater reliability is provided in Table 28 for each of the 9 subtests of "Problem Severity". Kendall's Tau B coefficient was computed because the variables were ordinal and a square table was produced. These coefficients ranged from a low of .228 for <u>Stereotypic Mannerisms</u> to a high of .645 for Aggression.

# Maladaptive Behaviour Profile: Intervention

Subtest Analysis information covered in Table 29 includes: means, standard deviations, correlations of the 9 subtests with the total test of "Intervention". For the purpose of analysis, the scoring was coded Immediate (3), Eventually (2) and none (1). This was in order to make it an equal interval scale.

Also included in the analysis information was the percentage of subjects scoring "none". Again a correct response range of .15 to .85 was used to discriminate among subjects on each of the 9 subtests. It was found that all of the subtests for both raters fell within this range. The percentages of "none" scores ranged from 25.6 (Uncooperative, Rater 2) to 81.1 (Sexual, Rater 1).

Fustration, Social Aggravation among subjects was obtained by using the discrimination index level of .40. Any subtest that correlated .40 or better with "Intervention" as total test was considered as discriminating among subjects in the sample. The subtests that met this criteria for one or both raters included: Aggression, Damaging Property, Poor Coping with Frustration, Social Aggravation and Uncooperative.

Test analysis information for MBP: Intervention is found in Table 30. The total scores for Rater 1 ranged from 9 to 25 and 9 to 32 for Rater 2.

TABLE 29

Subtests analysis information for the MBP: Intervention (1) (2)

	Mean		Standard Dev.		rInterv	ention	Р	
Subtests	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>						
1. Aggression	1.84	2.09	. 89	1.10	.34	.40	47.8	41.1
2. Self-Ab.	1.38	1.76	.68	1.04	.39	. 39	73.3	58.9
3. Dam. Prop.	1.49	1.66	.71	.89	.33	.46	63.3	57.8
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	1.89	2.34	. 79	1.07	.56	.44	37.8	28.9
5. Soc. Aggrav.	1.50	1.77	.66	. 84	.42	.36	58.9	46.7
6. Stereo. Man.	1.49	2.18	.66	.99	.34	.23	60.0	31.1
7. Uncoop.	1.74	2.20	.66	.91	.41	. 49	37.8	25.6
8. Sexual	1.22	1.30	.49	. 59	.34	.23	81.1	75.6
9. Toil./Elim.	1.58	1.72	.81	1.02	.18	.14	62.2	58.9

Intervention

- 3 immediately
- 2 eventually
- 1 none

The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency for Rater 1 was .69 and for Rater 2, .70.

Correlations among the 9 subtests of the "MBP: Intervention" is given in Tables 31 and 32 for Raters 1 and 2 respectively. The subtest correlations ranged from a low of -.03 (Sexual vs. Damaging Property) to a high of .43 (Uncooperative vs. Poor Coping with Frustration). Rater 1 with a sample size of 89 had a r<sub>critical</sub> index of .217 at .05 significance. Of the possible 36 across stubtest correlations, 17 showed significance at the .05 level.

For Rater 2, the correlations ranged from -.05 (<u>Toilet/Elimination</u> vs. <u>Aggression</u>) to .57 (<u>Poor Coping with Frustration</u> vs. <u>Aggression</u>). Significance at the .05 level was reached for 50% of the between subtest correlations.

Interrater reliability for the 9 subtests of "Intervention" can be found on Table 33. The Kendall's Tau B coefficient ranged from a low of .150 for Stereotypic Mannerisms to a high of .632 for Aggression.

Correlations between "Severity" and "Intervention for Rater 1 for each subtest is given in Table 34. Kendall's Tau C coefficient ranged from a low of .444 for both <u>Stereotypic Mannerisms</u> and <u>Sexual Behavior</u> to a high of .807 for Aggression.

The same information for Rater 2 is located in Table 35. Here the Kendall's Tau C ranged from a low of .421 (Sexual) to a high of .848 (Poor Coping with Frustration).

The correlation between "Severity" and Intervention" across all subtests for Rater 1 and 2 is .88 and .91 respectively.

Item Analysis: Tables El to E9, found in Appendix E, provide detailed item analysis information for each of the 9 subtests of the MBP. As with the

TABLE 30

Test analysis information for MBP: Intervention (1) (2)

Ra	ter	Hoyt.	SEM
:	1	.69	1.81
	2	. 70	1.85

\*Note

- 3 Immediately
- 2 Eventually
- 1 none

TABLE 31

Correlations among Subtests of the MBP Intervention Rater 1

Subtest	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
l. Aggression	1.00								9
2. Self-Ab.	0.17	1.00							
3. Dam. Prop.	0.34	0.27	1.00						
. Poor Cop. Frus.	0.34	0.30	0.24	1.00					•
. Soc. Aggrav.	0.21	0.13	0.10	0.42	1.00				
. Stereo. Man.	-0.02	0.34	0.16	0.27	0.39	1.00			
. Uncoop.	0.26	0.22	0.10	0.43	0.32	0.14	1.00		
. Sexual	0.16	0.08	-0.03	0.24	0.31	0.20	0.31	1.00	
. Toil/Elim.	0.03	0.17	0.17	0.11	0.0	0.12	0.05	0.24	1.00

N = 89

 $r_{critical} = .217$  (p = .05)

TABLE 32

Correlations among subtests of the MBP: Intervention, Rater 2

Subtest	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Aggres.	1.00							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2. Self-Ab.	0.21	1.00						•	
3. Dam. Prop.	0.19	0.01	1.00						
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	0.57	0.23	0.17	1.00					
5. Soc. Aggrav.	0.36	0.26	0.36	0.42	1.00				
6. Stereo. Man.	-0.03	0.17	0.28	0.03	0.21	1.00			
7. Uncoop.	0.37	0.15	0.07	0.44	0.42	0.16	1.00		
8. Sexual	0.04	0.02	0.21	0.05	0.10	0.35	0.22	1.00	
9. Toil./Elim.	-0.05	0.02	0.39	0.05	0.01	0.34	0.20	0.42	1.00

N = 89  $r_{critical} = .217$  (p = .05)

TABLE 33

Correlation between raters of intervention for each subtest

Subtest	Kendall's Tau B	Significance
1. Aggres.	.632	< .001
2. Self-Ab.	.351	< .001
3. Dam. Prop.	.361	< .001
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	.332	< .001
5. Soc. Aggrav.	.256	.010
6. Stereo. Man.	.150	.142
7. Uncoop.	.201	.041
8. Sexual	.199	.067
9. Toil./Elim.	.435	< .001

TABLE 34

Correlation between severity and intervention for each subtest (1)

Subtest	Kendall's Tau C	Significance 2-Tailed
1. Aggression	.807	.001
2. Self-Ab.	.508	.001
3. Dam. Prop.	.713	.001
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	.541	.001
5. Soc. Aggrav.	.667	.001
6. Stereo. Man.	.444	.001
7. Uncoop.	.679	.001
8. Sexual	.444	.001
9. Toil./Elim.	.773	.001
Across all subtests	.88	

TABLE 35

Correlation between severity and intervention for each subtest (2)

Subtest	Kendall's Tau C	Significance 2-Tailed
1. Aggression	.787	.001
2. Self-Ab.	.561	.001
3. Dam. Prop.	.636	.001
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	.848	.001
5. Soc. Aggrav.	.778	.001
6. Stereo. Man	.696	.001
7. Uncoop.	.725	.001
8. Sexual	.421	.001
9. Toil./Elim.	.627	.001
Across all subtests	.91	

ABS, both original and modified versions, an item to total test correlation of .40 was used as the descrimination index. Table 36 contains the percentage of items for each subtest for both raters that met this criterion; and hence appear to discriminate among subjects in the sample. The item to total test correlations that met this criteria ranged from 0% (Self-Abusive, Rater 2; Damaging Property, Rater 1; Stereotypic Manners, both raters; Toilet Related, both raters; Sexual, both raters) to 90.0% (Poor Coping with Frustration, Rater 2). Significant variability between raters was observed. Note: The item "other" which is the last item within each subtest was included in these correlations. None of the "other" items for both raters correlated more than .30 with the total test; thus it was impossible for a subtest to have 100% of its items discriminating at the .40 level.

The item to subtest correlations that met this .40 criterion can also be found in Table 36. The percentage of items within each subtest that correlated .40 or greater with the total test ranged from 0% (<u>Toilet Related</u>, Rater 2) to 80% (<u>Poor Coping with Frustration</u>, Rater 2 and <u>Uncooperative</u>, Rater 2). Appendix E contains the actual item to domain and total test correlations along with the items coded directly on to the scale.

The item analysis information provided the percent of subjects scoring 0 on each item of every subtest. All items within the correct response range of .15 to .85, and hence appearing to discriminate among subjects, can also be found in Appendix E from Table El to E9. Table 37 summarizes the results for each subtest providing the percentage of items within each subtest that had 15% to 85% of the subjects within the correct response range. The range was from 0% (Toilet Related, both raters) to 71.4%

TABLE 36

Percentage of items within each domain that met the .40 discrimination criterion for item to domain and item to total test correlations: by rater.

			7.7	<del> </del>
Subtests	Item/S % R <sub>1</sub>	ubtest % R <sub>2</sub>	Item/To	tal Test % R <sub>2</sub>
Aggression	42.9	42.9	57.1	42.9
Self-Abusive	20.0	20.0	20.0	0
Damaging Property	14.3	42.9	0	42.9
Poor Coping with Frustration	60.0	80.0	30.0	90.0
Social Aggravation	33.3	66.6	66.0	83.0
Stereotypic Manners	16.7	16.7	0	0
Uncooperative	60.0	80.0	80.0	40.0
Toilet Related	25.0	0	0	0
Sexual	20.0	40.0	0	0

ubtests	% Discriminating		
	% R <sub>1</sub>	% R <sub>2</sub>	
ggression	71.4	71.4	
elf-Abusive	10.0	10.0	
maging Property	14.3	14.3	
or Coping with Frustration	40.0	30.0	
cial Aggravation	16.7	33.3	
ereotypic Manners	16.7	16.7	
cooperative	60.0	80.0	
ilet Related	0	0	
rual ·	20.0	20.0	

(Aggression, both raters). Appendix E, Table E8 shows that the <u>Toilet</u>

Related subtest percentages ranged from 87.6 (item 4, Rater 2) to 99.0

(item 2, Rater 1); thus no item fell within the .15 to .85 correct response discrimination range. Appendix E also contains the MBP scale with the items coded directly.

#### Test Analysis: MBP

The test analysis information for the subtests for both Rater 1 and 2 is given in Table 38. Information given includes: mean, range, standard deviation, Hoyt estimates of internal consistency, and the standard error of measurement. Because the subtests do not have equal item representation, it is irrelevant to compare mean scores, standard deviations and ranges. The Hoyt estimate of internal consistency ranged from .26 (Sexual) to .78 (Poor Coping with Frustration).

The summary for the MBP test analysis information is given in Table 39. A Hoyt estimate of internal consistency of .84 for Rater 1 resulted, while Rater 2 had a coefficient of .85. The reliability for the total test for Rater 1 was .70 ( stratified) and .69 ( stratified) for Rater 2. Behavior Observation Checklist:

The percent agreement between Observer 1 and the Examiner (Pair 1) and Observer 2 and the Examiner (Pair 2) for the Behavior Observation Checklist can be found in Table 40. For Pair 1, the percent agreement for the frequencies of observed behaviors was 67.0. However, when the mutually agreed upon nonobserved behaviors were included, the percent agreement for the total checklist was 90.9. Likewise for Pair 2, the percent agreement for observed behaviors only was 71.0; however, this agreement percentage increased to 94.7 when the nonobserved behaviors were included.

 $$^{\star}$$  TABLE 38  $$^{\star}$$  Test analysis information for the subtests of the MBP (1) (2)

	Me	an	Rang	ge	St.	Dev.	Но	уt	SI	EM
Subtests	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1. Aggression	1.26	1.31	0 - 5	0 - 6	1.52	1.58	. 6,7	.69	.81	.81
2. Self-Ab.	.08	.09	0 - 4	0 - 4	.75	.79	. 44	. 47	.50	.52
3. Dam. Prop.	.60	.53	0 - 3	0 - 5	.98	1.01	.53	.64	.62	.56
4. Poor Cop. Frus.	1.69	1.81	0 - 9	0 - 9	1.88	2.15	.71	.78	.96	.97
5. Soc. Aggrav.	.72	1.0	0 - 5	0 - 5	1.08	1.35	.58	.67	.64	.71
6. Stereo. Man	.67	.84	0 - 3	0 - 4	.98	1.11	.47	.50	.65	.71
7. Uncoop.	1.03	1.26	0 - 4	0 - 4	1.19	1.41	.61	.70	.67	.70
8. Sexual	.16	.27	0 - 2	0 - 2	.47	.55	:38	.26	.32	.41
9. Toil./Elim.	.59	.53	0 - 3	0 - 3	.89	.84	.45	.48	. 59	.54

TABLE 39

Test analysis information for MBP Raters (1) (2)

Rater	Hoyt.	SEM	Strat.
1	.84	2.19	.70
2	. 85	2.30	.69

TABLE 40

Percent agreement between observers for the Behavioral Observation Checklist

Absolute Frequency of Observed Behaviors		% Agree Observed	ment of Behaviors	Total number of Behaviors Observers agreed were non existent		Total Behaviors		Total % Agreement	
P*1	P*2	$^{\mathrm{P}}$ 1	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	$^{P}_{2}$	P <sub>1</sub>	$^{P}_{2}$	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>
101	67	67.0	71.0	259	297	360	364	90.9	94.7

\* Pair 1 = Observer 1 vs. Examiner

Pair 2 = Observer 2 vs. Examiner

N = 32 subjects randomly observed

#### Validity of the Maladaptive Behaviour Profile:

Initially it was planned to validate the MBP against the observed behaviors recorded on the Behavior Observation Checklist; however, due to the low reliability of the MBP and the moderate Observer Agreement Percentages, the computation of a validity coefficient was inappropriate. A detailed discussion of the findings along with the content validity of the MBP can be found in Chapter 5.

Correlations of Maladaptive Behaviour with the Variables Maladaptive

Behaviour with Age: Age, when correlated with Maladaptive Behaviour (MB)

had a -.165 correlation (Rater 1) and -.078 (Rater 2). Significance was

not reached at the selected .05 level.

Maladaptive Behavior with IQ: Table 41 shows that there was a .069 correlation between MB and IQ for Rater 1 and .015 correlations for Rater 2. Significance was not reached in both cases. This indicated that the relationship between IQ and MB was insignificant for this population.

Maladaptive Behavior with Length of Institutionalization: Length of Institutionalization when correlated with MB had a -.013 and -.003 correlation for Raters 1 and 2 respectively. Significance was not reached at the .05 level suggesting an insignificant relationship between MB and length of institutionalization for this population.

Maladaptive Behavior with Sex: Sex was a nominal scale; thus a oneway analysis of variance was performed with the results found in Table 42. Significance was not reached at the .05 level for either Rater 1 or 2 or raters combined.

Maladaptive Behavior with Etiology: Because etiology was a 9 point nominal scale, a oneway analysis of variance was selected to analyze this relation-

Pearson correlation between maladaptive behavior and age and IQ for  $\mathbf{R}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{R}_2$ 

TABLE 41

·		
	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
Age	165 P = .055	078 P = .228
IQ	.069 P = .263	.015 P = .445
Length of Institutionalization	013 P =.457	003 P = .489

TABLE 42 Oneway analysis of variance probability for maladaptive behavior and the list of variables for  $\rm R_1$ ,  $\rm R_2$  and Raters combined.

Variables	$^{R}_{1}$	R <sub>2</sub>	Both Raters
Sex	.172	.503	.286
Etiology	.449	.149	.247
Reason for Admittance	.032*	.442	.115
Level of Retardation	.790	.156	.336
Lodge - all	.002*	.085	.032*
- within institution	.001*	.046*	.011*

 $<sup>\</sup>star$  reaches significance at .05 level

ship. Table 42 shows that significance between MB and etiology was not reached at the .05 level suggesting their relationship was insignificant for this population.

Maladaptive Behavior with Reason for Admittance: Again a oneway analysis of variance was conducted to determine the relationship between MB and reason for admittance (3 point nominal scale). Table 42 shows that Rater 1 reached significance at the .032 level; however, Rater 2 and both raters combined did not reach significance at the .05 level. Table 44 shows the average ABS (modified) maladaptive behavior scores for each of the 3 levels for Reason for Admittance. For both Rater 1 and 2, the subjects who were admitted because of behavior problems had the highest maladaptive behavior scores. However, because the variability between Rater 2 scores was not as great as was the difference between Rater 1 scores, significance was not reached.

Maladaptive Behavior with Level of Retardation: Level of retardation is a 5 point scale consisting of borderline, mild, moderate, severe and profound levels. However, because the borderline, mild, and moderate levels had only 2.08%, 3.13%, and 9.48% of the subjects from the sample respectively, these three levels were collapsed into one category consisting of 14 subjects. Severe had 26 subjects followed by profound with 54 subjects. Table 42 reveals that significance between these three levels and MB was not reached at the .05 level. The variability attributed to the different raters was not considered. As can be seen from Table 42, when the "within institution" lodges were considered, significance was reached for Rater 1 (.001), Rater 2 (.046) and both raters combined (.011). This suggests that variability of maladaptive behavior exists between subjects placed on the lodges within the institution.

TABLE 43  $\label{eq:Abs} \mbox{Average ABS (modified) maladaptive behavior scores for each lodge for $R_1 \ \& \ R_2 $ \\ \mbox{}$ 

Rater	Lodge								
	1	2	6	8	10	12	14		
1	63.18	72.1	61.0	43.9	108.9	77.3	53.1		
2	71.24	95.0	45.4	57.5	96.2	49.9	83.0		

TABLE 44

Average ABS (modified) maladaptive behavior scores for reason for admittance

Rater		Reas	<u>on</u>
	Not Given	Behavior	Other than Behavior
1	58.93	83.39	62.12
2	66.32	83.06	74.08

#### SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the results of the research questions asked.

- 1. The modified ABS Part II was found with a .706 interrater reliability coefficient. The ABS Part II (original) was found with a .448 interrater reliability coefficient compared to the .57 coefficient reported in the manual.
- 2. The MBP interrater reliability for the "Problem Severity" and Intervention subtest was .336 and .324, respectively.
- 3. A validity coefficient for the MBP was not computed due to the low interrater reliability of the Scale and the moderate observer agreement on the Behavior Observation Checklist.
- 4. The following includes a list of the relationships between maladaptive behavior and its relationship to the biodemographic variables.
- a) There was a significant relationship at the .05 level between maladaptive behavior and the lodge placement of the retarded people.
- b) There was no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and intelligence.
- c) There was no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and length of institutionalization.
- d) There was no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and age.
- e) There was no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and sex.
- f) There was no significant relationship between maladaptive behavior and etiology.

g) There was a significant relationship at the .05 level between maladaptive behavior and reason for admittance.

#### CHAPTER V

#### DISCUSSION

### AAMD Adaptive Behavior Scale: Reliability

Congdon (1973) stressed the importance of measuring maladaptive behavior for psychological reports, screening, staffing, and gathering information on resident behavior. The manual for the ABS (Nihira et al, 1975) records the mean interrater reliability coefficient for Part II as .57. However, this coefficient is lower than the original edition which recorded a mean interrater reliability coefficient of .67. Because no significant changes were made to the scale (only the answer sheets and booklets were redesigned) the authors of the ABS (revised) attributed this reduction to variables other than the scale itself; for example, raters, situational differences between morning and evening shifts, and/ or characteristics of the sample.

In the present study, the ABS Part II was found to have an interrater reliability coefficient of .448. Reasons why this coefficient was lower than that recorded in the manual may include:

- The raters were combined into two groups even though a different rater pair was found on each lodge. Thus, differences between rater pairs were not considered.
- Even though attempts were made to have the rater pairs as similar as possible, there still existed variability in their age, years of work experience, and years of experience with the subjects they evaluated.
- 3) Although the rater pairs completed the scales on the afternoon shift, they did not all work the same days or the same previous shifts; thus

- their exposure to the behaviors observed were not necessarily the same.
- 4) Within the recording period, which lasted approximately one month, the rater pairs did not have the same amount of time to observe and work with the subjects. For example, on some lodges the staff members were further assigned to work with small groups of residents and may not have been familiar with a subject's behavior in another group within the same lodge.
- Nathan, Millham, Chilcutt, and Atkinson (1980) concluded that raters have a personal reaction to subjects. This was observed also in the present study. For example, some subjects and staff members (raters) have personality conflicts. Also, many raters felt compelled to justify the subjects' behavior; for example, one rater commented that pacing should not be considered maladaptive because it is an "institutionalized behavior" resulting from the resident's environment. Other comments included "subject x is only aggressive if provoked by subject y, therefore he is not really aggressive", or "x only steals if the office door is left unlocked, therefore it is not the fault of the subject but rather the staff's fault."
- domain was not computed because the raters were not nurses; hence they were not all familiar with the medications. However, the 1975 revised ABS did include this domain when computing the mean interrater reliability coefficient. Predictably, it was also the domain with the highest recorded reliability coefficient.
- 7) The sample size contained only 32 subjects unlike the standardization sample of 133.

8) Finally, there was more homogeneity introduced in the present study because the range of subjects was reduced to include only the ambulatory adults.

## Increasing the Utility of the ABS

The ABS has been criticized by Semmel (1972) because some items are inappropriate for institutionalized people. Also Mongrain (1975) added that there is rater bias, low item discrimination, the scoring is arbitrary, the subtests are too long and specific, the manual does not specify the context in which behaviors are to be observed, and there exists ambiguity with terms. It was hypothesized in this study that by introducing a 5 point scoring system (Bhattacharya, 1973) the ambiguity of the terms would be reduced and the reliability would increase. The modified ABS was found to have an interrater reliability coefficient of .706, an increase from the .448 coefficient obtained from the 1975 Edition. The Hoyts internal consistency and Cronbach's Alpha Stratified were not appreciably affected.

## Maladaptive Behaviour Profile: Reliability

While moderate internal consistency was found for the Severity and Intervention subtests, a rather poor interrater reliability coefficient of .336 and .324 for Severity and Intervention respectively was observed. The reliability of this scale will be discussed in more detail in the following section.

#### Maladaptive Behaviour Profile: Validity

The Behavior Observation Checklist was originally to be used as a predictive criterion validity check for the MBP. However, due to the

moderate reliability of this checklist and low interrater reliability of the MBP it is not feasible to calculate a validity coefficient using this method. Also it was not feasible to use the ABS as a congruent criterion validity check with the MBP because of the design of the MBP. For example, the ABS is a frequency scale while the MBP is a problematic scale. Severity is viewed in terms of the problematic nature of the behavior, not in terms of its frequency of occurrence. Also, the MBP was not designed as an additive scale while the ABS was. Because of these problems in assessing the criterion validity of the MBP, its content validity will be discussed instead.

## Content Validity of MBP

#### Advantages of MBP

- This scale defines behavior in terms of its problematic nature, not frequency.
- 2) Operational definitions have been provided.
- 3) Good for use in team meetings for administrators and nursing staff.
- 4) Looks at all the behaviors of the individual and decides which of his/her behaviors are in greater need of intervention.
- 5) The scale provides an account of the location where behaviors were observed.
- 6) The scale is quickly administered; thus economically feasible.

## Disadvantages of the MBP

1) The MBP was designed to aid in "deciding upon goal priorities in behavior management" (Woodlands, 1979, p.1). It was not designed as a detailed objective measure; however the scale introduces more subjectivity than is needed. For example, the items are scored as prob-

lematic only if the subtest was thought by the rater to be severe and in need of intervention. For program planning and evaluation an inventory of the subject's behavior repertoire is needed because one behavior may be eliminated through programming while others may occur in its place.

- 2) When Severity and Intervention were correlated with each other, a .88 and .91 coefficient for rater 1 and rater 2 respectively was obtained. This high correlation indicated that the same trait was being measured.
- 3) The justification for adding Severity and Intervention was not founded.
- 4) Intervention was assigned the numbers 4 for "immediately" and 1 for "eventually" because when added with Severity a 7 point interval scale for programming Priorities resulted. This weighting is not statistically justified.
- 5) Confusion resulted with the profile sheet (Severity and Intervention) when scored separately from the actual items. Often the items were left blank, although a score between 1 and 7 for programming priorities resulted.
- 6) The last subtest "Other" was left with a mixture of behaviors not included in the previous subtests. Appendix E contains the list of additional items.

7) Two problems were noted with the scoring of the "other" items. First, many raters used this section to list the behavior problem, even though the behavior may have been listed on the scale. Second, it

was an item that was often ignored. As an example, when looking over the protocols of "the regurgitators", very few of the raters wrote down "regurgitation" even though they scored it on the ABS.

#### Correlations

Maladaptive Behavior (MB) correlated with Placement: For one or both raters a .05 significance criteria was obtained when MB was related to lodge placement. However, there was a great deal of variability between the average MB scores for subjects on the lodges even within the institution. When comparing the average MB scores for lodges there does not appear to be a significant difference between within-institution and group home placement. While Eyman et al (1977) stated that there was a higher prevalence of behavior problems within institutions versus community placements, it is suggested by the total scores from the ABS (modified) that the prevalence of behavior problems varies for the lodges within the institution as well. Also, these total scores do not provide detailed information on the types of behaviors occurring. It could be expected that residents within the institution probably experience higher prevalence of certain behaviors when compared with their peers in the community and vice versa. Also, it is probable that the significance reached could have been related to rater variability, since different raters per lodge resulted.

Maladaptive Behavior (MB) correlated with IQ: Both measured IQ and the recorded level of mental retardation were correlated with MB and significance was not reached for either variable. Eyman et al (1977) and Schroeder et al (1978) both recorded a higher prevalence of MB the more

severe the retardation. Possible reasons why the present study did not conclude the same results could be because the majority of subjects were at the severe and profound level of retardation and the sample included only ambulatory adults.

Maladaptive Behavior correlated with Length of Institutionalization: Significance was not reached at the .05 level when MB was correlated with length of institutionalization. Schroeder (1978) commented that a higher prevalence of maladaptive behavior occurred the longer the resident was institutionalized. This was not the case with the institution in the present study. While there may be a higher prevalence of some behaviors (viz. stereotypic), other maladaptive behaviors may be decreasing due to the effectiveness of programming.

Maladaptive Behavior correlated with Sex: Again, no significant difference was found between males and females when correlated with MB. Eyman et al (1977) concluded that there are more males with MB than females. While on the average, males were not found with significantly more MB than females perhaps if the items and domains were looked at separately, it might be found that the types of maladaptive behavior might vary.

Maladaptive Behavior correlated with Age: When MB was correlated with age a -.165 correlation for rate 1 resulted. This was significant at the .055 level indicating that age is inversely related to maladaptive behavior. It should again be noted that children were not represented in the population.

Maladaptive Behavior correlated with Etiology: No relationship between MB and etiology was evident with this population. It is also possible that some disorders had too few subjects to achieve significance.

Maladaptive Behavior correlated with Reason for Admittance: Significance was reached at the .032 level (Rater 1) when MB was correlated with reason for admittance. The average total score was 20 points higher for the residents admitted for behavior problems than those admitted for other reasons. This suggests that the residents admitted for behavior problems continue to exhibit MB while institutionalized. Significance was not achieved for Rater 2.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is an outline of recommendations for improving the Behavior Observation checklist, ABS Part II and the MBP.

## Behavior Observation Checklist: Problems and Improvement Suggestions

- The major problem with the scale was the time scheduling of the observations. A 10 minute observation was too lengthy for the amount of behaviors the rater was to observe at one time. Also there was no scheduled time for recording, so one rater may have been recording with the other rater observing; hence behaviors might have been missed. An improvement would be to have both raters observe for 30 seconds and record for 10 seconds.
- 2) Most of the inconsistency between observers occurred with the frequency counts. Perhaps having the behaviors that occurred during the 30 seconds checked off and not the frequencies might increase the interrater reliability. Because of the shorter observation time and sub-

- sequently incorporating more observation occasions, a frequency count could be obtained more reliably this way.
- 3) By attempting to observe all of the subjects within the same time frame (viz. meal) a generalizability study could be conducted using occasions as a facet. The problem with the 10 minute observation schedule was that the meal may have been completed within 40 minutes only giving time to observe 4 subjects.
- A checklist of behaviors corresponding to the items and not just the subtest would provide the raters with a more efficient scoring method. Also it would draw the observers attention to specific behaviors (viz. pacing and rocking) which were overlooked if the subject was engaging in a number of behaviors at one time.

## Further Suggestions for Modifications to the ABS Part II include:

- The low item discrimination found in Mongrain's (1975) study and the present study is perhaps justification for deleting the items that are not discriminating. In Appendix D the items that met the .40 discrimination criterion for item to domain and item to total test can be found. Also the items that fell within the .15 to .85 correct response are also coded. These items are presently being combined to form a more concise scale. Congdon (1973) dropped all but 46 items in the ABS Part I for the profound institutionalized population. However, no interrater reliability information was given.
- 2) The ABS is essentially a frequency scale. However, when intervention and ultimately program planning is to be considered the severity of the behavior should be recorded. For example, a resident may choke another resident only twice a year, but this could be considered a

- more severe behavior than if he bites his nails daily. Perhaps a weighting system can be developed.
- 3) More work needs to be undertaken in making the scoring even less arbitrary. For example, if a person engages in a behavior, perhaps 10 times in one week out of the year, how should this be scored?

  Cyclic behaviors gave raters difficulty when having to score them.
- While observing the raters complete the scale, it was found that many of the items were not read, but rather the domains scanned. This is undoubtedly a function of the length of the scale. Reducing the length of the scale should help and also by having the raters circle a zero for each item rather than leaving it blank may force them to read and consider each item.

#### Suggestions for Improving the MBP:

- 1) Changing the format of the MBP could serve to increase its utility.

  By having the rater mark the behaviors in the subject's repertoire

  a fairly objective account of the behaviors occurring could be collected. This would provide useful information for program planners as well as a method of monitoring changes in the subject's behavior repertoire.
- 2) The recorded severity of each subtest should be completed after the items of each subtest. This will ensure that the raters are associating the general classification with the specific behaviors.
- 3) Because "Intervention" correlated so highly (.88 rater 1 and .91 rater 2) with "Severity" it could be suggesting that these two areas are, at least in the rater's judgement, measuring the same thing.
- 4) The "Programming Priority Profile" is an informative part of the

scale. However, instead of adding "Severity" and "Intervention", which are measuring similar traits as well as being assigned arbitrary weights, the rater could order the subtests in terms of programming priorities.

- 5) Consideration of adding a few extra items outlined in Appendix E might make the scale more complete. The items that did not meet the .40 discrimination index should not be deleted at this time. Some modifications might be in order. Perhaps with a change in the format of the scale, namely scoring the behaviors that occur and therefore removing much of the subjectivity, these items may be found to discriminate among subjects.
- 6) With the modifications made to the scale, it would be possible to develop a more reliable Behavior Observation Checklist to enable programmers to obtain frequency counts on the Behaviors as well as serve to validate the scale.

In conclusion, the modifications made to the ABS Part II served to enhance its interrater reliability. Suggestions have been provided to encourage further modifications to this scale to increase the scales utility. The MBP, a new instrument, also needs format, scoring and item changes to increase its reliability and ultimately its validity.

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APPENDIX A

# BIODEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY SHEET

SUBJECT'S NUMBER:	
LODGE:	
SEX:	
BIRTHDATE:	AGE:
IQ:	DATE:
TEST ADMINISTERED:	
LENGTH OF INSTITUTIONALIZATION:	
ETIOLOGY:	
REASON FOR ADMITTANCE:	•

## TEST PACKAGE A

# SUBJECT INFORMATION SHEET

HOSPITAL NUMBER:
SEX:
BIRTHDATE:
RATER'S NAME:
DATE OF COMPLETION:
COMMENTS:

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR PART TWO (REVISED)

Part Two contains only one type of item. The following is an example.

Rips, tears or chews own clothing Spoils own property	1 2 3 4
Spoils own property	1 000
	1 2 3 4
Tears up own magazines, books, or other possessions	1 2 3 4
Other (specify:)	1 2 3 4

Select those of the statements which are true of the individual being evaluated, and circle (1) if the behavior occurs during year (y), but not every month, or (2) if it occurs from 1 to 3 times a month (m), or (3) it it occurs 1 to 6 times a week (w), or (4) if the behavior occurs on a daily (d) basis. Check "None of the Above" where appropriate. In scoring, total each column on the bottom (total) line, and enter the sum of these totals in the circle to the right. When "None of the above" is checked, enter 0 in the circle to the right.

Use the space for "Other" when:

- 1. The person has related behavior problems in addition to those circled.
- 2. The person has behavior problems that are not covered by any of the examples listed.

The behavior listed under "Other" must be a specific example of the behavior problem stated in the item.

Some of the items in Part Two describe behaviors which need not be considered maladaptive for very young children (for example, pushing others). The question of whether a given behavior is adaptive or maladaptive depends on the way that particual behavior is viewed by people in our society. Nonetheless, in completing this Scale you are asked to record a person's behavior as accurately as possible, for the moment, ignoring your personal biases; then, when you later interpret the impact of the reported behaviors, you should take into consideration societal attitudes.

I. VIOLENT AND DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR PART TWO YMWD. YMWD [1] Threatens or Does Physical Violence [5] Has Violent Temper, or Temper Tantrums 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1234 Cries and screams Uses threatening gestures Indirectly causes injury to others Stamps feet while hanging objects or 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 slamming doors, etc. 1234 Spits on others Stamps feet, screaming and velling Throws selt on floor, screaming and yelling Pushes, scratches or pinches others 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Pulls others' hair, ears, etc. 1 2 3 4 Bites others Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_)
\_\_\_None of the above Kicks, strikes or slaps others Total 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Throws objects at others I. VIOLENT AND \_ ADD Chokes others 1-5 DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR Uses objects as weapons against others 1 2 3 4 Hurts animals Other (specify) None of the above 1234 Total II. ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR [2] Damages Personal Property [6] Teases or Gossips About Others Rips, tears or chews own clothing 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1234 Cossips about others Soils own property Tells untrue or exaggerated stories about Tears up own magazines, books, or other 1 2 3 4 others Teases others 1 2 3 4 possessions 1 2 3 4 Other (specify ... Picks on others 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 -None of the above Makes (un of others Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above 1 2 3 4 [3] Damages Others' Property 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Rins tears or chews others' clothing Soils others' property [7] Bosses and Manipulates Others Tears up others' magazines, books 1234 or personal possessions 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Tries to tell others what to do Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above 1 2 3 4 Demands services from others Pushes others around 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Causes tights among other people Manipulates others to get them in trouble [4] Damages Public Property Other ispecify

None of the above 1234 Tears up magazines, books or other public 1 2 3 4 property Is overly rough with turniture (kicks; [8] Disrupts Others' Activities mutilates, knocks it down) Breaks windows 1 2 3 4 Stuffs toilet with paper, towels or other solid 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Total Interferes with others' activities, e.g., by objects that cause an overflow blocking passage, upsetting wheelchairs, etc. 3 4 Attempts to set fires Upsets others' work Knocks around articles that others are Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 working with, e.g., puzzles, card games, etc. Snatches things out of others' hands Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_)
\_\_\_None of the above Total

	 Y M W D	III. REBELLIOUS BELLAVIOR	
[9] Is Inconsiderate of Others	IAWD		
Keens temperature in public areas unconfortable for others, e.g., opens or closes window, changes thermostal. Lurns 1V, radio or phonograph on too loudly. Makes loud noises while others are reading Talks too loudly. Sprawls over furniture or space needed by others.  Other (specify )  None of the above Total  [10] Shows Disrespect for Others' Property	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	Has negative attitude toward rules but usually contorms.  Has to be forced to go through waiting lines e.g., find himes, taket lines, etc. Violates rules or regulations, e.g., eats in restricted areas, disobeys traffic signals, etc.  Réfuses to participate in required activities, e.g., work, school, etc.  Other (specify	Y M W D  1 2 3 4  1 2 3 4  1 2 3 4  1 2 3 4  1 2 3 4
Does not return things that were borrowed Uses others' property without permission Lose others' belongings Damages others' property Does not recognize the difference botween own and others' property Other (specify None of the above Total [11] Uses Angry Language Uses hostile language, e.g., 'stupid jerk,' ''dirty pig,'' etc.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[13] Resists Following Instructions, Requests or Orders  Gets upset if given a direct order. Plays deal and does not follow instructions. Does not pay attention to instructions. Returned to work on assigned subject. Hesitates for long periods before doing assigned tasks.  Does the opposite of what was requested. Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
Swears, curses, or uses obscene language Yells or screams threats of violence Verbalk threatens others, suggesting physical violence.  Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	14  Has Impudent or Rebellious Attitude Toward Authority   Resents persons in authority, e.g., teachers, group leaders, ward personnel, etc.   It is hinstille toward people in authority   Mocks people in authority   Savs that he can lire people in authority   Savs that he can lire people in authority   Savs relative will come to kill or harm   persons in authority   Other (specify   )	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
		[15] Is Absent From, or Late For, the Proper Assignments or Places  Is late to required places or activities Fails to return to places where he is supprosed to be after leaving, e.g., going to toilet, running an errand, etc. Leaves place of required activity without permission, e.g., work, class, etc. Is absent from routine activities, e.g., work, class, etc. Stavs out late at night from home, hospital ward, dormitory, etc.  Other (specify  None of the above  Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 3 3 4

	Y M W D	V WITIDRAWAI	
	(16) Runs Away or Attempts to Run Away	Y M W D	
	Attempts to run away from hospital, home,	[20] Is Inactive	
	or school ground  Runs away from group activities, e.g.,		
	picnics, school buses, etc. 1 2 3 4	Sits or stands in one position for a long	
	Runs away from hospital, home, or school ground 1 2 3 4	Division but sit and watch others 1 2 3 4	
	Other (specify) 1 2 3 4	Lalls asleep in a chair	
	None of the above Total	Lies on the floor all day 1 2 3 4	
	·	Does not seem to react to anything 1 2 3 4 Other (specify	
	[17] Misbehaves in Group Settings	Other (specify	
	Interrupts group discussion by talking		
	about unrelated topics 1 2 3 4  Disrupts games by refusing to follow rules 1 2 3 4	[21] Is Withdrawn	
	Disrupts games by refusing to follow rules 1 2 3 4 Disrupts group activities by making foud	Seeins unaware of surroundings 1 2 3 4	
	noises or by acting up 1 2 3 4	Is difficult to reach or contact 1 2 3 4	
	Does not stay in seat during lesson period,	Is anathetic and unresponsive in feeling 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	
	Other (specify) 1 2 3 4	Has a blank stare 12 3 4 Has a fixed expression 12 3 4	
	None of the above Total	Other (specify) 1 2 3 4	
		None of the above Total	
	III. REBELLIOUS BEHAVIORADD		
	12-17	[22] Is Shy	
		Is timid and shy in social situations 1 2 3 4	
		Hides face in group situations, e.g., parties, informal gatherings, etc., 1.2.3.4.	
		parties, informal gatherings, etc. 1 2 3 4  Does not mix well with others 1 2 3 4	
	IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR	Prefers to be alone 1 2 3 4	
		Other (specify   1 2 3 4	
	[18] Takes Others' Property Without		
	Permission		
	Has been suspected of stealing 1 2 3 4		
	Takes others' belongings if not kept in place or locked 1 2 3 4	V. WITHDRAWALL ADD	
	Takes others' belongings from pockets	20-22	
	purses, drawers, etc 1 2 3 4		
	Takes others' belongings by opening or 1 2 3 4		
	breaking locks         1 2 3 4           Other (specity)         1 2 3 4		
	None of the above Total	VI. STEREOTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS	
		AND ODD MANNENISMS	
	(19) Lies or Cheats	[23] Has Stereotyped Behaviors	
	Twists the truth to own advantage 1 2 3 4	Drums fingers 1 2 3 4	
	Cheats in games, tests, assignments,	Taps feet continually 1 2 3 4 Has hands constantly in motion 1 2 3 4	
	etc Lies about situations	Has hands constantly in motion 1 2 3 4 Slaps, scratches, or rubs self continually 1 2 3 4	
	Lies about self 1 2 3 4	Waves or shakes parts of the body	
	Lies about others 1 2 3 4	repeatedly 1 2 3 4	
	Other (specify 1 2 3 4	Moves or rolls head back and forth 1 2 3 4 Rucks bixly back and forth 1 2 3 4	
	and the source total	Paces the floor 1 2 3 4	
,	400	Other (specify) . 1 2 3 4	
,	IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR ADD	None of the above Total	
	. 10-17		

•

	YMWD		
[24] Has Peculiar Posture or Odd Mannerisms	I PI W D	IX UNACCEPTABLE OR L'CCENTRIC HABITS	
Holds head tilted Sits with knees under chin Walks on tintoes Lies on floor with feet up in the air Walks with lingers in ears or with	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[27] Has Strange And Unacceptable Habits	YMWD
hands on head Other (specify None of the above  VI. STEREOTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 R ADD 23-24	Smells everything inappropriately stuffs things in pockets shirts, dresses or shies. Pulls threads out of own clothing. Plays with things he is wearing, e.g., sho string, buttons, etc. Saves and wears unusual articles, e.g., salety pins, bottle caps, etc. Hoards things, including foods. Plays with spit.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
VII. INAPPROPRIATE INT MANNERS [25] Has Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners	ERPERSONAL	Plavs with feces or urine Other (specifs	1234
Talks too close to others' faces Blows on others' faces Burps at others Kisses or licks others Hugs or squeezes others Touches others inappropriately Hangs on to others and dives not let go Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[28] Has Unacceptable Oral Habits  Drools  Grinds feeth audibly  Spits on the floor  Bittes fingerinals  Chews or sucks fingers or other parts of the body  Chews or sucks clothing or other inedibles  Eats inedibles  Drinks from toilet stool  Puts everything in mouth  Other (specify  None of the above  Toil	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
VIII. UNACCEPTABLE VOI  [26] Has Disturbing Vocal or Speech Habits  Giggles hysterically Talks houlds or vells at others  Talks to self loudly Laughs inappropriately Makes growing, humming, or other unpleasant noises. Repeats a word or phrase over and over Mimics others' speech  Other (specify None of the above VIII. UNACCEPTABLE VOCAL	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[29] Removes or Tears Off Own Clothing  Tears off buttons or zippiers Inappropriately removes shoes or socks Undresses at the wrong times Takes off all clothing while on the toilet Tears off own clothing Refuses to wear clothing Other (spacific) None of the above	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4

91	b <del>-</del>
	NII SENUALLY ABERRANT BEHAVIOR
Y M W D  [30] Has Other I centric Habits and Tendencies	
ts overly particular about places to sit	Y M W D
Stands in a favorite spot, e.g., by window 1.2.3.4	Masturbation 1.2.2.4
by door etc. Sits by anything that subrates.	Has attempted to masturbate openly  Masturbates in front of others  1 2 3 4  1 2 3 4
Is alread to climb stairs or to go down stairs 12 3 4	Masturbates in group
Does not want to be touched 1 2 3 4 5 5 creams if touched 1 2 3 4	None of the above
Other (specify 12 3 4 None of the above Total	[34] Exposes Body Improperly
IX LINACCEPTABLE OR ADD	Exposes body unnecessarily after 1 2 3 4
IX. UNACCEPTABLE OR ADD ECCENTRIC HABITS 27:30	Stands in public places with pants
•	down or with dress up  Exposes body excessively during activities.  1 2 3 4
	Undresses in public places, or in
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIOR	front of lighted windows         1 2 3 4           Other (specify)         1 2 3 4
[31] Does Physical Violence to Self	None of the above
Bites or cuts self 1 2 3 4 Slaps or strikes self 1 2 3 4	35  Has Homosexual Tendencies
Bangs head or other parts of the body against objects 1 2 3 4	to consults attracted to members of
Pulls own hair, ears, etc. Scratches or picks sell causing injury	the same sex Has approached others and attempted
Soils and smears selt 1 2 3 4 Purposely provides abuse from others 1 2 3 4	homosevual acts 1 2 3 4 Has engaged in homosevual activity 1 2 3 4
Picks at any sores he might have 1 2 3 4	Other (specify 1 2 3 4
Pokes objects in own ears, eves, nose, or mouth 1 2 3 4	Total
Other (specify 1 2 3 4 None of the above Total	(24) Council Debusing That Is
	(36) Sexual Behavior That Is Socially Unacceptable
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIORENTER	Is overly seductive in appearance or 1 2 3 4
,	Hugs or caresses too intensely in
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIES	public 1 2 3 4 Needs watching with regard to 1 2 3 4
[32] Has Hyperactive Tendencies	Lifts or unbuttons others' clothing to
Talks-excessively 1 2 3 4	touch intimately  Has sexual relations in public places
Will not sit still for any length of time 1 2 3 4	Is overly aggressive sexually  1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
or hall Moves or fidgets constantly	
Other (specify: ) 1 2 3 4	None of the above Total
Total	XII. SEXUALLY ABERRANT ADD 33-36
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIES ENTER	BEHAVIOR 33-36
. 16	
•	

XIII. PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTU	IRRANCES	(42) Has Hypochondriacal Tendencies	YMWD
[37] Tends to Overestimate Own Abiliti  Does not recognize own  Initiations Has too high an opinion of sell  Talks about future plans that are  unrealistic  Other (specify	Y M W D	Complains about imaginary physical adments Pretends to be dl Acts sick after illness is over Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
	Total	[43] Has Other Signs of Emotional Instabilities	
[38] Reacts Poorly to Criticism  Does not talk when corrected Withdraws or pouts when criticized Becomes upset when criticized Screams and cries when corrected Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	Changes mood without apparent reason Complains of bad direams Cries out while asleep Cries for no apparent reason Seems to have no emotional control Vomits when upset Appears insecure or frightened in daily activities Talks about people or things that	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
[39] Reacts Poorly to Frustration Blames own mistakes on others Withdraws or pouts when thwarted Becomes upset when thwarted Throws temper tantrums when does not get own way.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	Cause unrealistic tears Lalis about suicide Las made an attempt at suicide Other (specify None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
Other (specify) None of the above	1 2 3 4 Total	DISTURBANCES	37-43
[40] Demands Excessive Attention or Praise		XIV. USE OF MEDICATIONS	
Wants excessive praise Is jealous of attention given to others Demands excessive reassurance Acts silly to gain attention Other (specify None of the above	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Total	Uses tranquilizers Uses sendatives Uses sendatives Uses anticonsulvant drugs Uses stimulants Other (specify None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
[41] Seems To Feel Persecuted	,	None of the above	•
Complains of unfairness, even when equal shares or privileges have bee given Complains, "Nobody loves me" Savs, "Everybody picks on me" Savs, "People talk about me", Savs, "People are against me" Acts suspicious of people Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	XIV. USE OF MEDICATIONS	ENTER 44

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#### MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROFILE

#### PURPOSE

The Maladaptive Behaviour Profile is designed to be a tool to aid in the process of deciding upon goal priorities in behaviour management. For this reason, it does not provide the user with a detailed, objective record of an individual's behaviour. Rather, it helps organize the user's subjective impressions of a person's maladaptive behaviour in such a way that priorities are more clearly evident. As the Profile is therefore nothing more than organized subjective evaluations of broad classes of behaviour, the user should recognize that it can not be a substitute for precise and objective measurement in behavioural programming.

#### INSTRUCTIONS

Maladaptive behaviours have been categorized into ten broad classes including OTHER. These are listed and defined as follows:

- 2. Property Damage: Through rough usage, peculiar habit patterns or maliciousness, damaging one's own or other's personal possessions, or public furnishings or property.
- 3. Poor Coming with Frustration:

  Responds by either passively withdrawing, excessively complaining or actively tantouming when behaviour or work are corrected, or when activities are restricted or interrupted.
- L. <u>Social Aggravation:</u> Is either unpleasant or provocative in interactions with others by demeaning or manipulating them, disrupting their activities or displaying irritating vocal or physical interpersonal habits.
- 5. <u>Stereotypic Hannerisms:</u> In a ritualistic or repetitive way, displays a peculiar personal habit that is either disruptive, unproductive or socially unacceptable. These behaviours might involve body movements, object manipulation, mouthing, hoarding, posturing or frequenting certain locations.
- 6. <u>Uncooperative:</u> Disobeys rules or guidelines. Does not re pend to commands or instructions in either a group or one-to-one situation.
- 7. <u>Self-Abuse:</u> Self-inflicted injuries or behaviours which have the potential to cause an injury.
- 3. <u>Sexually Inappropriate Behaviour:</u> Approaches or attempts to impose sexual acts on others and/or public displays of sexual activity or nudity.

. . . . . . .

- 9. <u>Inappropriate toilet related habits:</u> Eliminating elsewhere than on the toilet, handling of feces or using the toilet in a manner not associated with its usage.
- 10. Other: Please write out as clearly as possible a general description of the maladaptive behaviour of the individual if it is not covered by any of the nine categories above.

On the sheet labelled "General Maladaptive Profile", each of these behaviour categories are listed on the left hand side of the page. After filling in the heading information of resident's name, date of rating, and area in which the resident's behaviour is to be rated, systematically rate each of the behaviour categories. Keeping in mind the above definitions determine:

- A. The degree the resident's behaviour in a particular sphere is seen/a problem. This can be judged to be severe, moderate, mild or none. Having made this judgment, circle the number that best describes the degree of the problem.
- B. How important it is that the maladaptive behaviour be eliminated. This may be evaluated in terms of the resident's development (does it inhibit his learning?) or the smooth functioning of the area (does it disrupt others around him?). The judgment to be made is whether programming intervention should be immediate; should eventually be done but not necessarily at this time or, despite the severity level of the behaviour problem, no intervention should be implemented.
- C. Once the two ratings have been made the programming priority profile is drawn in the following way. Within each category add the number circled under "PROBLES SEVERITY" to the number circled under "INTERVENTION HEED". Then circle the sum result of these two numbers under "PROGRAMING PRIORITIES". As indicated by the headings the higher the sum the greater the programming priority.

In adding the scores <u>please note</u> that any category that has been given a rating of "X" under either 'PROBLE: SEVERITY" or "INTERVENTION NEED" is automatically given a "PROGRAMMING PRIORITY" rating of "none" (X).

D. After completing the General Profile, the "SPECIFIC MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROGRAM PROFILES" are completed for any category that received a priority rating of 1st to 6th. A separate sheet is provided for each of these categories. The area is broken down into a number of more specific types. Having filled out the informational heading, the rater should now check off under "PROBLEM AREA" the specific type of problem exhibited by the resident. This profile can then be used as a guide to more clearly pinpoint the goals for behaviour change programming. Atain, let it be noted, that this does not serve as a substitute for observing and recording behaviours of concern in objective and systematic ways. It only gives indications as to where such recording should be directed.

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## GENERAL - HALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME: _	
DATE OF RATING:	Month Day Year WARD SCHOOL WOCATIONAL RECREATIONAL
	COMMUNITY OVERALL

	PROBLE! SEVERITY		li	ITTERVENTION NEED		1	PROGRATURIS PRIORITIES				1					
MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	SEVERE	NODERATE	итто	HOHE		IM-LEDI ATE	EVENTUAL	NONE		FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIFTH	SIXTH	DOTE
I Aggression to Others	3	2	1	χ	+	4	1	x	=	7	6	,	4	3	2	x
IL Self-Abusive	3	2	1	х	+	L	1	х	5	7	6	5	4	3	2	х
III Damaging Property		2	1	Х	+	L.	1	х	=	7	6	5	4	3	2	x
N Poor Coping with Frustration		2	1	Х	+	h.	1	х	=	7	6	5	L	3	2	х
▼ Social Aggravation		2	1.	Х	+	2,	1	х	-	7	6	5	1.	3	2	х
VI Stereotypic Hanners		2	1	х	1	L	1	х	-	7	6	5	4	3	2	x
VII Uncooperative		2	1	х	+	l.	1	х	=	7	6	5	4	3	2	х
VIIISexual		2	1	х	+	L	1	Х		7	6	5	4	3	2	х
IX Toilet/Elimination		2	1	x	+	4	1	х	=	7	6	5	4	3	2	х
X Other		2	1	х	1 +	4	1	x	-	7	6	5	4	3	2	x

COMMENTS:

# SPECIFIC - HALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PRODUKAM PROFILE RESIDENT NAME: DATE OF RATING: | | | | | | | AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECREATIONAL COMMUNITY \_\_\_\_OVERALL \_\_\_\_ CHECK OFF ( ) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC TYPE OF AGGRESSIVE MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR Uses Hostile language toward others (swears, curses, etc.) Threatens others with physical harm (verbally, physically) Pushes or shoves others around Strikes out at others (hits, kicks, slaps, head butts, etc.) Hauls others (bites, pinches, scratches, grasps, etc.) Uses objects as weapons against others (throws at, hits with) Other:

RESIDENT NAME:  DATE OF RATING:		SPECIFIC - MALADIC LIVE DISTRACTOR : TAXAGUE LIVE	31 160
CHECK OFF ( ) THE AREAS WHERE TYPE OF SELF-ABUSIVE MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR  Use of hands, legs and feet (slapping, poking, hair pulling, pinching, scratching, picking), kicking  Use of mouth and vocal cords (biting, sucking, screaming until hoarse).  Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).	,	lonth Dey Year	
TYPE OF SELF-ABUSIVE MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR  THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC  Use of hands, legs and feet (slapping, poking, hair pulling, pinching, scratching, picking), kicking  Use of mouth and vocal cords (biting, sucking, screaming until hoarse).  Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).	AREA OF RATING:		ATIONAL
THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR SEHAVIOUR IS REMARKED AS PROBLEMATIC  Use of hands, legs and feet (slapping, poking, hair pulling, pinching, scratching, picking), kicking  Use of mouth and vocal cords (biting, sucking, screaming until hoarse).  Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).		COMMUNITY OVERALL	
Dulling, pinching, scratching, picking), kicking  Use of mouth and vocal cords (biting, sucking, screaming until hoarse).  Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).	TYPE OF <u>Sel</u>	F <u>-ABUSIVE</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS
Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).			
or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).			
Purposely provokes abuse from others.	Purposely provok		
Other (specify)	Other (specify)		

#### SPECIFIC - HALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUS PROGRAM PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECREA	TIONAL
COMMUNITY OVERALL	
1	ť
TYPE OF <u>PROPERTY DAMAGING</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
DESTRUCTIVE TO DAM PROFERTY	
(rips, chews, soils, breaks, etc., own clothing and/or personal possessions)	
DESTRUCTIVE TO OTHER'S PROPERTY	
(rips, chews, soils, breaks, etc., other's clothing and/or personal possessions)	
DESTRUCTIVE TO FURNITURE	
(kicks, mutilates, knocks down, takes apart, etc., bureaus, tables, beds, chairs, etc.)	
DESTRUCTIVE TO APPLIANCES	
(fiddles with, takes apart, breaks, etc., T.V., phonograph, toaster, coffee maker, etc.)	
DESTRUCTIVE TO BUILDING	
(breaks windows, pulls drapes, writes on or peels walls, stuffs toilets, etc.)	
ATTEMPTS OR SETS FIRES	
OTHER:	

# SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE MEMAYTOUR PROGRAM PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL REGREAT	TOUAL
CO-MUNITY OVERALL	
TYPE OF POOR COPING WITH FRUSTRATION MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REMARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICISM BY WITHDRAWAL (pouts, does not talk, becomes moody, stays apart from others)	
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICIS: BY EXCESSIVE COMPLAINING	
(argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be picked on etc.)	
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICIS: BY TANTRUMING	
(yells, cries, screams, bangs things, stamps feet, etc.)	1
REACTS TO PROHIBITIONS, OPPOSITION, OR RESTRICTIONS BY MITHDRAMAL	
(pouts, does not talk, becomes moody, stays apart from others etc)	
REACTS TO PROHIBITION, OPPOSITION OR RESTRICTIONS BY EXCESSIVE COMPLAINING	
(argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be wicked on etc)	
REACTS TO PROHIBITION, OPPOSITION OR RESTRICTIONS BY TANTRULING	
(yells, cries, screams, bangs things, stamps feet, etc.)	
REACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERPERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY	
pouts, becomes moody, silent, stays apart, etc.)	ı
MEACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERFERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY EXCESSIVE	
argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be picked on etc)	-
EACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERFERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY	
yells, cries, screams, bangs things, stamps feet, etc.)	
THER	

#### SPECIFIC - MALADAPITAM BEHAVIOUR PROGRAM PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:		
DATE OF RATING:	Day Year	
AREA OF RATING: WARDS	SCHOOL VOCATIONAL	RECREATIONAL
CONTINUE TY	OVERALL	
TYPE OF AGGRAVATING SOCIAL MAI	<u>ADAPTIVE</u> BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REJARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
DEMEANING OTHERS OUT OF SPITE	OR MISCHIEVOUSNESS	
(taunting, teasing, making fur about, gossiping about others		tories
MANIPULATING OTHERS TO GAIN OF	MI MIDS OR CAUSES OTHERS HA	মা
(tells others what to do, dema fights among others, sets oth		auses
DISRUPTING OTHERS ACTIVITIES		
(always in the way, upsets oth others using, snatches things		icles
VEXATING TO OTHERS IN VOCAL HA	BITS	
(makes irritating noises, talk laughs or giggles inappropris		·
VEXATING TO OTHERS IN INTERPE	RSOHAL HABITS	
(talking or standing too close or hanging onto others, hugs, burns or blows at others, etc	kisses or squeezes others	
OTHER		

### SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROGRAM, PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF FATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VCCATIONAL RECREA	TOHAL
OCEDRANI TY OVERALL	•
TYPE OF <u>STERBOTYPICAL</u> MALADAPTIVE SEMAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V ) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
REPETITIVE/RITUALISTIC BODY MOVE FINTS  (body rocking, head weaving, hand flapping, finger motions tics, pacing patterns, etc.)	
REPETITIVE/RITUALISTIC HAMIPULATION OF OBJECTS  (Twirling shiny objects, twisting string, shaking, banging objects for sound, stroking, etc.)	
REPATITIVE/RITUALISTIC MOUTHING OF CRUECTS	
(sucks fingers, chees clothing, links objects, ctc.)	
HOARDS PARTICULAR OR VARIOUS OBJECTS	
(stuffs items in clothes, saves and hides unusual items)	
ADDRES PROFESAR POSTURES OR PARTECULAR PLACES TO PARTAMENT .	
(welks on toes, tilts head, welks with head on head, stands by favorite snot, sits by anything that vibrates, etc.)	
OTHER	

The state of the s	19 16 11 1015
RESIDENT HAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECR	EATIONAL
OWNIUNITY CVERALL	
·	•
TYPE OF UNCOOPERATIVE MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
poes not respond to requests (does the opposite, ignores it, hesitates, refuses, etc.).	
Uncooperative in Group Situation (does not stay in assigned place, talks about unrelated topics, does not take turns, not follow rules.)	
Uncooperative in a one-to-one situation (does not stay in seat, throws objects, does not pay attention, etc.).	
Not reliable to follow rules or carry out responsibilities (needs to be reminded or corrected often, fails to return on time, late, leaves without permission, etc.).	
Other (specify)	

SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE HUMAVIOUR PROGRAM PROFILE					
RESIDENT NAME:					
DATE OF RATING:					
AREA OF RATING: MARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECE	EATIONAL				
COMMUNITY OVERALL					
TYPE OF TOILET RELATED MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLE:ATIC				
Use of toilet (drinking from it, washing in it, sticking head in it or plugging it).					
Feces (eliminating on the floor despite the fact the individual is toilet trained completely or to a routine; esting, smearing, digging, etc., feces whether trained or not).					
Urine (urinating on the floor, in radiators, etc., or while still clothed despite the fact the individual is toilet trained either completely or to a routine).					
Other					

RESIDENT NAME:  DATE OF RATING:    Itematical Day Year			
TYPE OF SEXUAL MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR  CHECK OFF ( )  THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC  Masturbates in public (individually or with others openly)  Inappropriate homosexual behaviour (engages in public homosexual act; poroaches and attempts homosexual acts with others who are either unwilling or defenseless).  Inappropriate heterosexual acts. (hugs or caresses intense- ly, removes other's clothing to touch intimately, has raped others, has had sexual relations in public.)  Exposes self unnecessarily (undresses in mublic places, lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	DATE OF	RATING: Lionth Day Year	
Inappropriate homosexual behaviour (engages in public homosexual act; pproaches and attempts homosexual acts with others who are either unwilling or defenseless).  Inappropriate heterosexual acts. (hugs or caresses intensely, removes other's clothing to touch intimately, has raped others, has had sexual relations in public.)  Exposes self unnecessarily (undresses in mublic places, lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	TYPE	<u></u>	THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS
Inappropriate heterosexual acts. (hugs or caresses intensely, removes other's clothing to touch intimately, has raped others, has had sexual relations in public.)  Exposes self unnecessarily (undresses in mublic places, lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	Hasturb openly)	pates in public (individually or with others	
ly, removes other's clothing to touch intimately, has raped others, has had sexual relations in public.)  Exposes self unnecessarily (undresses in mublic places, lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	Inappro homosex with ot	priate homosexual behaviour (engages in public unal act; pproaches and attempts homosexual acts there who are either unvilling or defenseless).	5
lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	ilv. res	moves other's clothing to touch intimately, has re	nse— aped
Other (specify)	lifts d	iress up, after using the toilet walks into a live	ing
	Other (	(specify)	

SCECIFIC - LALADA TIVE BE	IVATORIC LIBORITH LIP	FILE
1E:		
NG: Month Day Year		
NG: WARD SCHOOL V	CATIONAL RECR	EATIONAL
COMMUNITY OVERALL _		
OTHER ( ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	)	CHECK OFF ( ) THE ARIAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLE (ATIC
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
COMMUNITY OVERALL _		CHECK OFF ( ) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS

### RATER INFORMATION SHEET

NAME:		
AGE:		
JOB CLASSIFICATION:		 
EDUCATION LEVEL: (Specify)	<del></del>	
OTHER RELEVANT TRAINING:		 
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LENGTH OF TIME WORKING AT GLENDALE LODGE: (to April 1, 1980)		
LENGTH OF TIME ON PREVIOUS LODGE:		
<del></del>		

### TEST PACKAGE B

## SUBJECT INFORMATION SHEET

HOSPITAL NUMBER:
SEX:
BIRTHDATE:
RATER'S NAME:
DATE OF COMPLETION:
COMMENTS:

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR PART TWO

Part Two contains only one type of item. The following is an example.

[2] Damages Personal Property	Occasionally	Frequently
Rips, tears, or chesis own clothing	1	2
Soils own property	1	Q (E)
Tears up own magazines, hooks, or other possessions	1	0
Other (specify	<u>) 1</u>	2
None of the above	Total	4

Select those of the statements which are true of the individual being evaluated, and circle (1) if the behavior occurs occasionally, or (2) if it occurs frequently. Check "None of the Above" where appropriate. In scoring, total each column on the hottom (Total) line, and enter the sum of these totals in the circle to the right. When "None of the above" is checked, enter 0 in the circle to the right. In the above example, the first statement is true occasionally, and the last two statements are true frequently; therefore, a score of 5 has been entered.

"Occasionally" signifies that the behavior occurs once in a while, or now and then, and "Frequently" signifies that the behavior occurs quite often, or habitually

Use the space for "Other" when:

- 1 The person has related behavior problems in addition to those circled.
- 2 The person has behavior problems that are not covered by any of the examples listed

The behavior listed under "Other" must be a specific example of the behavior problem stated in the item.

Some of the items in Part Two describe behaviors which need not be considered maladaptive for very young children (for example, pushing others). The question of whether a given behavior is adaptive or maladaptive depends on the way that particular behavior is viewed by people in our society. Nonetheless, in completing this Scale you are asked to record a person's behavior as accurately as possible, ignoring, for the moment, your personal biases, then, when you later interpret the impact of the reported behaviors, you should take into consideration societal attitudes.

#### PAPE TWO

# I. VIOLENT AND DESTRUCTIVE BELLAVIOR Occasionally Frequency

Occasionally [1] Threatens or Does Physical Violence	Frequently	Occasionally Frequently [5] Has Violent Temper, or Temper Tantrums
1   1   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Cries and screams Stamps feet while hanging objects or slamming doors, etc. Stamps teet, screaming and yelling 1 2 Throws self on floor screaming and yelling 1 2 Other types dy 1 2  None of the above Total 2  I VIOLENT AND ADD  DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR 1-5
[2] Damages Personal Property  Rips, tears or chews own clothing 1 Soils own property 1  Tears up own magazines, books, or other possessions 1  Other (specify. 11  None of the above 1  Total 1  [3] Damages Others' Property	<sup>2</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	II. ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR  [6] Teases or Gossips About Others  Cossips about others  Tells untrue or exaggerated stories about others  Teases others  1 2  Picks on others  Alakes fun of others  Makes fun of others  Other (specify  None of the above  Total
Rips, tears, or chews others' cluthing 1 Soils others' property 1 Tears up others' magazines, books, or personal possessions 1 Other (specify 1 None of the above Total  [4] Damages Public Property Tears up magazines, books or other public	2 2 2 2	[7] Bosses and Manipulates Others  Tries to tell others what to do Demands services from others Pushes others around Gauses tights among other people Gauses tights among other people Nanipulates others to get them in trouble Other (specify None of the above Total
property  Is overly rough with furniture (kicks) mutilates, knocks it dhwn)  Breaks windows  Stuffs toilet with paper, towels or other solid objects that cause an overflow  Attempts to set fires  Other (specify	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Salways in the way   1   2

	Occasionally	irequently	III - REBELLIOUS-BELIAVIOR	
[19] Is Inconsiderate of Others			Occasionally	Frequently
Keeps temperature in public areas uncomfortable for others, e.g., opiciose window, changes thermostat Turns 1V. radio or phonograph on to loudly.  Makes loud poises while others are road Talks too loudly.  Sprawls over furniture or space needs by others.  Other (specify	o I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2 2 2 2 2 2	Has negative attitude toward rules but usually conforms 1 Has to be forced to go through waiting fines, e.g., hunch lines, ticket lines, etc. 1 Violates rules or regulations, e.g., eats in restricten areas, disobeys traffic signals, etc. 1 Refuses to participate in required activities, e.g., work, school, etc. 1 Other (specify 1) None of the above 10tal	2 2 2 2
Does not return things that were borrow. Uses others' property without permission. Loses others' belongings. Damages others' property. Does not recognize the difference bets own and others' property. Other (specify	n 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		[13] Resists Following Instructions, Requests or Orders  Gets upset if given a direct order Plays deal and does not follow instructions 1 Does not pay attention to instructions 1 Refuses to work on assigned subject Plesstates for long periods before doing assigned tasks Does the opposite of what was requested 1 Other (specify	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
			1   Other (specify   Other (specify	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

[16] Runs Away or Attempts to Run Away	V. WITH DRAWAL
Attempts to run away from hospital home, or school ground.  Runs away from group activities, e.g. picnics, school buses, etc. Runs away from hospital, home, or school ground.	Sits or stands in one position for a long
Other (specify 1 2 2 None of the above Total	Does nothing but sit and watch others 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
[17] Misbehaves in Group Settings	None of the above Total
Interrupts group discussion by talking about unrelated topics.  Disrupts games by returing to follow rules.  Disrupts group activities by making load	[21] Is Withdrawn
noises or by acting up  Does not stay in seat during lesson period, lunch period, or other group sessions  Other (specify  None of the above  Total	Seems inaware of surroundings  Is difficult to reach or contact  Is anotheric and unresponsive in feeling  Has a blank stare  Has a fixed expression  Other (specify 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
III. REBELLIOUS BEHAVIOR ADD	[22] Is Shy
IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR	Is mind and shy in social situations 1 2  Hides face in group situations, e.g., parties informal gatherings, etc. 1 2  Dies not mix well with others 1 2  Prefers to be alone 1 2  Other (specify 1 1
[18] Takes Others' Property Without Permission	None of the above Total
Has been suspected of stealing 1 2  Takes others' belongings if not kept in place or locked 1  Takes others' belongings from pockets, purses, drawers, etc 1 2  Takes others' belongings by opening or breaking locks 1	V. WITHDRAWAL 20-22
Other (specify 1 1 2 2 None of the above Total	VI. STERI-OTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS
[19] Lies or Cheats	[23] Has Stereotyped Behaviors
Twists the truth to own advantage Cheats in games, tests, assignments, etc ties about situations Lies about others Other (specify None of the above Total	Druns fingers 1 2 Tans feet continually 1 2 Has hands constantly in motion 1 2 Slaps, scratches, or rubs self-continually 1 2 Wasse or shakes parts of the body repeatedly 1 2 Moves or rolls hearl back and forth 1 2 Rock's lowly back and forth 1 2 Pares the floor
V. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR ADD	Office (specify 1 2 None of the above Total

Occasionally Frequently	
• [24] Has Peculiar Posture or Odd Mannerisms	IX. UNACCEPTABLE OR FCCENTRIC HARRIS
Holds head tilted 8 2 Sits with knees under chin 1 2 Walks on tiptnes 1 2	Occasionally Frequently [27] Has Strange And Unacceptable
Lies on floor with feet up in the air  Walks with tangers in ears or with hands on head  Other typecty  None of the above  Total	Smells overything 1 2 inappropriately statts things in packets shirts, dresses or slows 1 2. Pulls throughout or many challenges 1 2.
VI. STERE'OTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS 2021	Plays with things he is wearing, e.g., shoe string, buttons etc.  Saves and wears unusual articles, e.g.,  Safety pius, bottle caps etc.,  Plays with spit.  Plays with teres or urine.
VII. INAPPROPRIATE INTERPERSONAL MANNERS [25] Has Inappropriate Interpersonal	Other (specify 1 ) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Manners	[28] Has Unacceptable Oral Habits
Talks too close to others' faces Blows on others' faces Blows on others Blows on others I	Drools Grands teeth audibly Grands teeth audibly Spits on the floor Hites Integernatis Others or sucks Ingers or other parts of the body Others or sucks Cothing or other metablics Lats mediblies Lats m
VIII. UNACCEPTABLE VOCAL HABITS	[29] Removes or Tears Off Own Clothing
261   Mas Disturbing Vocal or Speech Habits	lears off buffons or zippers Inappropriately removes shoes or socks I 2 Undresses at the wrong times I 2 Lakes off all Lothing while on the toilet I 2 Icars off own clothing I 2 Other (specify

[30] Has Other I coentric Habits and Tendencies	·
Is everly particular about places to sit or sleep.  Stands in a layorite spot, e.g., by window.	Occasionally Frequently [33] Engages in Inappropriate Masturbation
by door, et.  Sits by anything that vibrates 1 2 Sits by anything that vibrates 1 2 down stairs 1 2 Does not want to be fourhed 1 2 Screams if touched 1 2 Other (specify 1 1 2 None of the above	Has attempted to masturbate openly  Masturbates in front of others  Masturbates in group  Other (specify  None of the above  Total  [34] Exposes Body Improperly
IX. UNACCEPTABLE OR ADD ECCENTRIC HABITS  X. SELF-ABUSIVE BI-HAVIOR  [31] Does Physical Violence to Self	1 sposes body unnecessards after using tode:  Stands in public places with pants down or with dress up.  Lypisses body excessively during activities, e.g., playing, dancing, sitting, etc.  Undersess in public places, or in tront of lighted windows.  Other (specify)  None of the above.
Bites or cuts self 1 2 Slaps or strikes self 1 2 Bangs head or other parts of the bods against objects 1 2	Total [35] Has Homosevual Tendencies
Pulls own hair, ears, etc 1 2 Scratches or picks sell causing initirs 1 2 Purposely prevokes abuse from others 1 2 Picks at any sores he might have 1 2 Pokes objects in own ears, eyes inise, or mouth 1 2 Other (specify	Is sexually attracted to members of the same sex.  Has approached others and attempted homosexual acts.  Has engaged in homosexual activity.  Other (specify 1 2 2)  None of the above.  Total
None of the above	[36] Sexual Behavior That Is Socially Unacceptable
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIOR ENTER  11  XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIES	Is overly seductive in appearance or actions 1 2 Higgs or caresyes too intensely in public 1 2 Needs watching with regard to sequal behavior 1 2
[32] Has Hyperactive Tendencies  Talks excessively Will not sit still for any length of time Constantly runs or jumps around the room or hall Moves or fidgets constantly 1 2 Other (specify) 1 2 None of the above	touch infimitely 1 2 Has sexual relations offices' clothing to touch intimately 1 2 Has sexual relations in public places 1 2 Is overly aggressive sexually 1 2 Has rapid offices 1 2 Is easily taken advantage of sexually 1 2 Other (specify 1 2) 1 2 None of the above 1 Total
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCHS ENTER	XII. SEXUALLY ABI RRANT ADD BI HAVIOR 33-36

• 16

* XIII. PSYCHOLOGICAL DIS:		Occasionally 1 requently
•	Occasionally Leguently	[42] Has Hypochondriacid Lendencies
[37] Tends to Overestimate Own Abil	ities	Complains about imaginary physical
Does not recognize own functions that too high an opinion of self. Talks about future plans that are unrealistic. Other (specify	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Advisor Anterior Ministrative Market
[38] Reacts Poorly to Criticism		·
Does not talk when corrected Withdraws or pouts when criticized Becomes upset when criticized Screains and cries when corrected Other (specify None of the above  [39] Reacts Poorly to Frustration Blames own mistakes on others Withdraws or pours when thwarted Becomes upset when thwarted Throws temper tantrums when does	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Changes mood without apparent reason  Complaints of bad dreams  Cries out while askerp  Cries for no apparent reason  Seems to have no emotional control  Voints when upset  Appears inserure or frightened in daily activities  Lafks about people or things that  cause introdistic tears  Lafks about suitede  Las made an attempt at suitede  Other (specify  None of the above  Lotal Total
Other (specify)	1 2 1 Total	XIII. PSYCHOLOCICAL ADD DISTURBANCES 37-43
[40] Demands Excessive Attention or Praise		
Wants excessive praise Is realous of attention given to others Demands excessive reassurance Acts silly to gain attention Other (specify	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	AIV. USE OF AIF-DICATIONS  [44] Use of Prescribed Medication  Uses tranqualizers 1 2 Uses welfatives 1 2 Uses stimulants 1 2 Uses stimulants 1 2 Other (specify 1 1 2 None of the above 1 1 2
Complains of untairness, even when equal shares or privileges have been given.  Consilians, "Nobody loves me".  Savs. "Everybody picks on me".  Savs. "People talk about me".  Savs. "People are against me".  Acts suspicious of people.  Other (specify	1 2 2 C	XIV. USI: OF MEDICATIONS ENTER 44

### RATER INFORMATION SHEET

NAME:
AGE:SEX:
JOB CLASSIFICATION:
EDUCATION LEVEL: (Specify)
OTHER RELEVANT TRAINING:
LENGTH OF TIME WORKING AT GLENDALE LODGE:  (to April 1, 1980)
LENGTH OF TIME ON PREVIOUS LODGE:

#### Behavioral Checklist: Maladaptive Behaviour Profile

#### Administration:

- Observer must familiarize self with operational definitions and items
  on the MBP Scale.
- 2. Complete Information at top of checklist before beginning.
- 3. Observe subject at 10 minute intervals.
- 4. Record behavior observed under "specify" in appropriate category.
- 5. Record the frequency of each behavior.
- 6. If behavior occurs more than 15 times in 10 minutes, record "C" for "continual".

### BEHAVIORAL CHECKLIST

Subj	ect's n	os		Lodge	
				Date	
•					
0cca	sion				
		day shift			
		supper	<u>.                                    </u>		
Afte	rnoon	routine			
		activity	<del></del>		
			DOMAINS		V 5 0
					Nos. of Occurrance
1.	Aggres specif	sion to Others y:			
2.	Self-A	husive			
	specif				
3.	Damagi	ng Property			
	specif	y:			
4.	Poor C	oping with Frustratio	on		
	specif	у;			
5.	Social	Aggravation			
	specif	y:			
6.	Stereo	typic Manners			
	specif				
7.	Uncoop	erative			
	specif				
8.	Sexual				
	specif				•
9.	Toilet	/elimination			
	specit				

10. Other

APPENDIX B

TABLE B<sub>1</sub>

Sex Frequency

	Absolute Frequency		Relative Frequency	
	Population	Sample	Population	Sample
Male	96	52	63.6	53.6
Female	55	45	36.4	46.4

sample, N = 97

TABLE B2 Age Distribution in Years

	Population	Sample
range	18.00-73.00	18.08-73.00
mean	32.5	33.71
medium	27.45	28.25

TABLE B<sub>3</sub>

IQ Distribution

	Population	Sample
range	1-72	4-72
mean	19.29	21
median	15.94	17.50
missing cases	9	6
untestable	3	3
not reliable	1	0

 $\frac{\text{TABLE B}_4}{\text{IQ Tests Given and Frequency}}$ 

	Population	Sample
not given	7.9	8.24
Stanford-Binet	31.8	34.02
WISC	0.7	1.03
WAIS	2.0	3.09
Cattel	42.4	38.14
Leiter	11.9	12.37
PPVT a	2.0	2.06
WAIS Verbal	1.3	1.03

		Relative	frequency
		Population	n Sample
0	Following Infections and intoxications	8.7	7.29
1	Following trauma or physical agen	6.0	6.25
2	With disorders of metabolism or nutrition	3.3	3.13
3	Associated with gross brain disease (postnatal	2.0	3.13
4	Unknown prenatal influences	22.7	29.17
5	With chromosomal abnormality	19.3	16.67
6	Gestational disorders	5.3	5.21
7	Psychiatric disorder	2.0	2.08
8	Environmental	0	0
9	Other	30.7	27.08

 $\frac{\mathtt{TABLE}\ \mathtt{B}_{6}}{\mathtt{Level}\ \mathtt{of}\ \mathtt{Mental}\ \mathtt{Retardation}\ \mathtt{by}\ \mathtt{Frequency}}$ 

	Relative Fre	equency	
	Population	Sample	
Borderline mental retardation	1.3	2.08	
Mild mental retardation	2.0	3.13	
Moderate mental retardation	7.3	9.48	
Severe mental retardation	23.3	27.08	
Profound mental retardation	66.0	58.33	

 $\frac{\mathtt{TABLE}\ \mathtt{B}_{7}}{\mathtt{Length}\ \mathtt{of}\ \mathtt{Institutionalization}\ \mathtt{in}\ \mathtt{months}\ \mathtt{by}\ \mathtt{Frequency}}$ 

•	Population	<u>Sample</u>
range	1 - 671.0	2 - 660.0
mean	138.40	161.75
median	104.00	113.50

TABLE B<sub>8</sub>

### Reason for Admittance

	Relative Fre	equency Sample
information not given	30.5	32.7
behavior	13.2	19.4
other than behavior	56.3	48.0

APPENDIX C

TABLE Cl

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original)oby raters: Violent and Destructive Behavior.

	Mea	an	Standard Deviation r do			main	r to	P*		
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.73	.31	.84	.64	.67	.26	. 57	.44	51.5	78.1
2	.09	.22	.29	. 49	.07	.50	.08	.45	90.9	81.3
3	.00	.06	00	. 25	.00	.37	.00	.44	100.0	93.8
4	.55	.63	.75	.71	.53	.33	.43	.41	60.6	50.0
5	.15	.16	.51	.45	. 46	.55	.42	.44	90.9	87.5
6	.12	.19	.33	.54	.65	.06	.45	.01	87.9	87.5
7	.76	.50	.79	.67	.53	. 57	. 32	.52	45.5	59.4
8	.06	. 22	.24	.49	.09	.11	.03	.06	93.9	. 81.3
ġ	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
10	.06	.03	.24	.18	.34	.21	.27	.09	93.9	96.9
11	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
12	.09	.0	.38	0	16	.0	.09	.0	93.9	100.0
13	.46	.56	.75	.76	.54	. 35	.62	.38	69.7	59.4
14	.33	.41	.69	.62	. 60	.33	. 55	.48	78.8	65.6
15	.24	.31	.56	.64	.58	.46	.52	.42	81.8	78.1
16	.03	.06	.17	.25	13	14	21	11	97.0	93.8
17	.06	.06	.24	.25	.65	.04	.62	.18	93.9	93.8
18	.0	.09	0	.30	.0	06	.0	06	100.0	90.6
19	.12	.22	.42	. 49	.51	.50	.56	.49	90.9	81.3
20	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	04	.0	.23	100.0	96.9
21	.12	.19	.42	.47	.51	.28	. 56	.06	90.9	84.4
22	.36	.06	.74	.25	.41	.04	. 50	.40	78.8	93.8
23	.03	.03	.17	.18	10	04	06	.00	97.0	96.9
24	.09	.03	.38	.18	17	04	15	07	93.9	96.9
25	.0	.03	·0	.18	.0	04	.0	.23	100.0	96.9
26	.06	.03	.35	.18	.12	12	.10	24	97.0	96.9
27	.61	.78	.86	.83	. 29	.49	.34	.53	63.6	46.9
28	. 30	.06	.68	.25	.02	.13	10	01	81.8	93.8
29	.27	. 19	.67	.47	.12	.23	.12	.11	84.8	84.4
30	.21	.34	.60	.65	.63	.07	.69	.12	87.9	75.0
31	.24	. 13	.66	.42	.16	. 31	.38	.40	87.9	90.6

<sup>\*</sup> P = Percentage of subjects scoring zero

TABLE C2

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Antisocial Behavior

	Me	an	Standar	andard Dev. r domain total test				andard Dev. r <sub>domain</sub> r <sub>total test</sub>			P	
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>		
1	.0	.13	0	.42	.0	.37	.0	.13	100.0	90.6		
2	.0	.25	0	.62	.0	.20	.0	.11	100.0	84.4		
<sup>-</sup> 3	.27	.25	.63	. 44	.44	.16	.42	07	81.8	75.0		
. 4	.27	.22	.63	.49	. 49	.07	. 47	.07	81.8	81.3		
5	.03	.03	.17	.18	.01	.08	06	.03	97.0	96.9		
6	.06	.09	.35	.39	.14	.55	.09	.25	97.0	93.8		
7	.30	.28	.68	. 52	.12	.45	13	.18	81.8	75.0		
8	.27	.22	.63	. 55	04	.48	.06	.62	81.8	84.4		
9	.36	. 34	.67	.70	.63	.24	. 69	.43	75.8	78.1		
10	.0	.09	0	.30	.0	.18	.0	. 34	100.0	90.6		
11	.06	.03	.35	.18	.14	.52	.09	.23	97.0	96.9		
12	.27	.0	.67	0	.25	.0	.57	.0	84.8	100.0		
13	.15	.34	.51	.60	.55	.71	.43	.74	90.9	71.9		
14	.03	.22	.17	.55	.26	.40	. 34	.65	97.0	84.4		
15	.0	.16	0	.52	.0	.35	.0	.52	100.0	90.6		
16	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.16	.0	.29	100.0	96.9		
17	.27	.47	.55	.72	.45	.17	.61	.34	84.8	64.6		
18	.0	.06	0	.35	.0	.49	.0	.23	100.0	96.9		
19	.0	.09	0	.29	.0	06	.0	08	100.0	93.8		
20	.06	.0	.24	0	.23	.0	01	.0	93.9	100.0		
21	.18	.16	.53	.37	.11	.02	.11	21	87.9	84.4		
22	.0	.16	0	.37	.0	.02	.0	10	100.0	84.4		
23	.30	.13	.68	.42	.41	.11	.65	.18	81.8	90.6		
24	.12	.03	.46	.18	.27	.20	.40	.09	93.9	96.9		
25	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.52	.0	.23	100.0	96.9		
26	.09	.09	.38	. 30	.11	.64	.32	.60	93.9	90.6		
27	.0	.06	0	.25	.0	.53	.0	.23	100.0	93.8		
28	.03	.06	.17	.25	04	.38	.06	.33	97.0	93.8		
29	.18	.34	.58	.60	.23	.07	.44	.12	90.9	71.9		
30	.12	.03	.49	.18	.36	.20	.53	.09	93.9	96.9		
31	.15	.09	.44	.30	.09	.25	02	.15	87.9	90.6		
32	.15	. 19	.44	.40	.16	.41	05	.18	87.9	81.3		
33	.06	.13	.35	. 34	.22	.27	.04	.17	97.0	87.5		
34	.12	.06	.42	.25	.25	.27	04	.26	90.9	93.8		
35	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.01	.0	.22	100.0	96.9		

TABLE C3

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Rebellious Behavior

	Me	an	Standar	d Dev.	rdo	main	rtota	l test		P	
Items	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>									
1	. 79	.28	.82	.52	.53	.23	.48	.22	45.5	75.0	
2	.09	.16	.38	.37	.09	.22	.11	11	93.9	84.4	
3	.18	.03	.58	.18	.68	04	.66	25	90.9	96.9	
4	.42	.31	.66	.54	.36	.14	.50	.01	66.7	71.9	
5	.06	.03	.35	.18	.07	.18	.07	.09	97.0	96.9	
6	.55	.31	.62	.54	.20	11	.15	.15	51.5	71.9	
7	.15	.59	. 44	.76	.47	18	.40	.01	87.9	56.3	
8	. 39	.81	.79	.82	.47	04	.63	.08	78.8	43.8	
9	.06	.16	.24	.45	.12	.20	.02	.08	93.9	87.5	
10	.59	.53	.80	.57	.40	.06	.35	07	69.7	50.0	
11	.24	.13	.66	.34	.55	.32	.67	.12	87.9	87.5	
12	.12	.13	.49	.42	.24	.31	.24	.42	93.9	90.6	
13	.06	.06	.24	.25	.07	.31	.13	.49	93.9	93.8	
14	.21	.19	.55	.47	.19	.34	.57	.34	84.8	84.4	
15	.0	.13	0	. 34	.0	.19	.0	.02	100.0	87.5	
16	.03	.0	.17	0	.03	.0	03	.0	97.0	100.0	
17	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0	
18	.06	.0	.35	0	.30	.0	.30	.0	97.0	100.0	
19	.06	.13	.24	.34	.21	.04	.23	14	93.9	87.5	
20	.03	.03	.17	.18	.07	.36	.10	.45	97.0	96.9	
21	.09	.28	.38	.52	.34	.53	.23	.29	93.9	75.0	
22	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0	
23	.06	.0	.35	0	05	.0	06	.0	97.0	100.0	
24	.06	.09	.35	.30	.07	.10	01	.07	97.0	90.6	
25	.24	.13	.56	.34	09	.07	07	.13	81.8	87.5	
26	.09	.06	.38	.25	.02	.10	.04	26	93.9	93.8	
27	.0	.06	0	.25	.0	02	.0	.12	100.0	93.8	
28	.09	.16	.38	.52	.34	.01	.58	00	93.9	90.6	
29	.0	.16	0	.45	.0	12	.0	.13	100.0	87.5	
30	.0	.06	0	.25	.0	.19	.0	.39	100.0	93.8	
31	.39	.04	.66	.62	.26	.33	. 29	.58	69.7	65.6	
32	.27	.22	.57	.42	.48	.05	.64	.18	78.8	78.1	
33	.0	.19	0	. 59	.0	.33	.0	•32·	100.0	90.6	

TABLE C4

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (Original): Untrustworthy

Behavior.

	Me	an		dard ation	r dor	nain	r to			P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.061	.34	.35	. 75	.89	.35	03	.30	97.0	81.3
2	.15	.24	.51	.51	.56	.65	.10	.65	90.9	78.1
3	.09	.06	.38	.35	.78	.91	.00	.23	93.9	96.9
4	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
5	.15	.16	.51	.35	08	.91	.48	.23	90.9	96.9
6	.03	.13	.17	.42	.91	.73	03	.23	97.0	90.6
7	.0	.13	0	. 34	.0	.45	.0	.06	100.0	87.5
8	.09	.03	.38	.18	.37	.92	.08	.23	93.9	96.9
9	.03	.06	.17	.25	.91	.72	03	.23	97.0	93.8
10	.03	.03	.17	.18	.91	.92	03	.23	97.0	96.9
11	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE C5

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (Original): Withdrawal

		an		dard ation	r do	main	r t	otal st		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.70	.88	.92	.94	.13	. 59	40	15	60.6	50.0
2	.52	.50	.83	.76	.03	.50	.02	06	69.7	65.6
3	.49	. 34	.75	.60	.48	.00	.40	.03	66.7	71.9
4	.18	.06	.53	.25	.24	.14	.54	.14	87.9	93.8
5	.15	.28	.51	.58	.66	.75	.40	.11	90.9	78.1°
6	.06	.16	.35	.52	.13	.11	01	01	97.0	90.6
7	.09	.19	.38	. 47	.34	.53	02	23	93.9	84.4
8	.21	.34	.55	.70	.59	.47	.23	06	84.8	78.1
9	.06	.25	. 35	.62	.44	.56	01	.12	97.0	84.4
10	.06	.16	. 35	.52	.44	.60	01	15	97.0	90.6
11	.09	.31	.38	.69	.08	.06	.30	.15	93.9	81.3
12	.12	.13	.49	.49	.23	.19	.16	.12	93.9	93.8
13	.12	.47	.42	. 76	.07	.30	14	.12	90.9	68.8
14	.03	.22	.17	.61	.53	.28	.32	.09	97.0	87.5
15	.15	.59	.51	.80	. 34	.45	.11	.14	90.9	59.4
16	.46	.63	. 79	.87	.22	.43	.25	.21	72.7	62.5
17	.06	.0	.35	0	.13	.0	01	.0	97.0	100.0

TABLE C6

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Stereotyped Behavior and Odd Mannerisms.

	Me	an		ndard iation	. <del>r</del> d	omain		total est		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.12	.09	.49	.29	.18	20	22	18	93.9	93.8
2	.21	.0	.60	0	.32	.0	.14	.0	87.9	100.0
3	.58	.44	.87	.76	.57	.19	.11	.30	66.7	71.9
4	.55	.16	.87	.45	.58	.08	.28	.22	69.7	87.5
5	.42	.22	. 79	.61	.60	.34	.20	.03	75.8	87.5
6	.18	.13	.58	.42	.29	.32	.33	.02	90.9	90.6
7	. 39	. 34	. 79	.70	.32	.27	.09	20	78.8	78.1
8	.52	.28	.83	.63	.17	32	.18	.05	69.7	81.3
9	.52	.50	.87	.88	.19	.10	.12	19	72.7	75.0
10	.27	.03	.67	.18	.31	.28	.08	.01	84.8	96.9
11	.33	.13	.74	.42	.19	.17	.26	.08	81.8	90.6
12	.12	.09	.42	.39	.15	06	.23	07	90.9	93.8
13	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
14	.06	.0	.35	0	.10	.0	.34	.0	97.0	100.0
15	.36	.0	.78	0	.28	.0	.07	.0	81.8	100.0

TABLE C7

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Inappropriate Interpersonal Manners

	Мe	an		dard ation	r do	main	r to		Р	
Item		R <sub>2</sub>	$R_1$	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.12	.25	.49	.57	.25	.48	.01	.23	93.9	81.3
2	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.49	.0	.29	100.0	96.9
3	.06	.16	.35	.52	.26	.22	.34	03	97.0	90.6
4	.18	.19	.53	.47	.23	.49	.14	.41	87.9	84.4
5	.30	.31	.68	.59	.52	.63	.26	. 42	il.8	75.0
6	.03	.25	.17	.57	12	.60	21	.42	97.0	81.3
7	.55	. 44	.87	.67	.56	.68	.57	.50	69.7	65.6
8	.12	.16	.49	.52	.04	13	.30	.10	93.9	90.6

TABLE C8

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Unacceptable Vocal Habits

			Star	ndard			rte	otal			
	Mea		Devi	ation	r do	main	te	st		P	
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>									
1	. 33	.47	. 74	.76	.06	.12	.54	.07	81.9	68.8	
2	.21	.34	.55	.65	.15	.25	08	.30	84.8	75.0	
3	.12	.41	. 49	.76	.37	.38	04	.45	93.9	75.0	
4	.24	.59	.61	.80	.14	.42	.39	.29	84.8	59.4	
5	.64	.66	.93	.90	10	.19	.48	.14	66.7	62.5	
6	.27	.59	.63	.76	.01	.38	.03	. 35	81.8	56.3	
7	.18	.41	.53	.71	08	.24	13	.40	87.9	71.9	
8	.12	.0	.49	0	.22	.0	01	.0	93.9	100.0	

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE C9 \\ Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Unacceptable or \\ Eccentric Habits \\ \end{tabular}$ 

	Mea			rd Dev.		nain		tal		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.09	.22	.29	.61	.34	.13	.41	.16	90.9	87.5
2	.09	.06	.38	.25	. 30	.13	.27	.15	93.9	93.8
3	.03	.31	.17	.54	.62	.54	.53	.40	97.0	71.9
4	.46	.59	.83	.84	.50	.45	.51	.21	75.8	62.5
5	.09	.03	.38	.18	.38	.22	.32	.27	93.9	96.9
6	.21	.19	.60	. 59	.80	07	.64	.40	87.9	90.6
7	.0	.09	0	. 39	.0	.26	.0	.54	100.0	93.8
8	.09	.06	.38	.35	.53	.45	.43	.29	93.9	96.9
9	.18	.19	.58	.45	14	07	03	.20	90.9	87.5
10	.09	.13	.38	.50	.38	15	.32	01	93.9	93.8
11	.0	.25	0	.67	.0	05	.0	03	100.0	87.5
12	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
13	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
14	.21	.13	.600	.42	10	.32	.06	.33	87.9	90.6
15	.09	.19	. 38	.54	.20	.70	.17	.41	93.9	87.5
16	.06	.13	.35	.49	.60	. 29	.53	.18	97.0	93.8
17	.12	.06	.49	.25	.49	.35	.34	.02	93.9	93.8
18	.06	.06	.35	.35	06	04	06	04	97.0	96.9
19	.21	. 19	.60	.54	.38	27	.49	.07	87.9	87.5
20	.12	.25	.42	.57	.37	.30	.33	.30	90.9	81.3
21	.33	.53	.69	.88	.37	.23	.52	.23	78.8	71.9
22	.33	.28	.74	.52	.70	.62	.73	.37	81.8	75.0
23	.09	.0	.29	0	.54	.0	.58	.0	90.9	100.0
24	.09	.16	.29	.45	.05	.20	04	.47	90.9	87.5
25	.21	.13	.55	.42	.23	.01	.25	.11	84.8	90.6
26	.03	.09	.17	.39	.10	.51	06	.33	97.0	93.8
27	.52	. 75	.87	.92	.24	.00	.24	14	72.7	56.3
28	.27	.19	.64	.54	.16	14	.20	.13	84.8	87.5
29	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
30	.091	.22	.28	.61	02	14	.0	24	93.9	87.5
31	.27	.41	.63	.71	.16	.03	.00	.01	81.8	71.9
32	.18	.13	.58	.34	.25	.01	.12	03	90.9	87.5
33	.30	.06	.73	.35	.46	.45	.57	.22	84.8	96.9

TABLE C10

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Self-Abusive Behavior

	Me	ean		ndard .ation	r do	main	r to		]	p
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.18	.25	.53	.62	.18	.37	.44	.26	87.9	84.4
2	.52	.47	.83	.72	.43	.40	.50	.46	69.7	65.6
3	.39	.22	.75	.49	.59	.12	.58	.17	75.8	81.3
4	.12	.16	.42	.52	.39	.30	.49	.42	90.9	90.6
5	.42	.53	.71	.76	.27	. 39	.94	.27	69.7	62.5
6	.33	.22	.69	• 49	.55	.22	.66	.47	78.8	81.3
7	.09	.09	.38	. 39	.29	.48	.32	.50	93.9	93.8
8	.15	.47	.44	. 80	.22	.36	.14	.36	87.9	71.9
9	.06	.0	.35	0	15	.0	06	.0	97.0	100.0
10	.06	.124	.35	.49	.12	.32	.07	.40	97.0	93.8

TABLE C11

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Hyperactive

	Me	an .		ndard Lation	r do	main	r to		P	ı
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>		R <sub>2</sub>					R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.18	.38	.53	.66	01	.17	.00	.26	87.9	71.9
2	.64	.53	.93	.84	.70	.66	.59	.36	66.7	68.8
3	.27	.28	.63	.58	.46	.59	.52	.37	81.8	78.1
4	.36	.66	.78	. 79	.54	.53	.58	.25	81.8	53.1
5	.12	.0	.49	0	.07	.0	.35	.0	93.9	100.0

TABLE C12

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Sexually Aberrant Behavior

	Me	an	Devi	dard ation	r do	main	te	otal	]	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.12	.28	.42	.68	01	.21	.13	.18	90.9	84.4
2	.27	.53	.67	.80	.52	.15	.45	.01	84.8	65.6
3	.0	.06	0	.35	.0	17	.0	15	100.0	96.9
4	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
5	.24	.28	.56	.58	05	06	.63	.45	81.8	78.1
6	.18	.03	.53	.18	.50	.16	.48	.27	87.9	96.9
7	.06	.03	.35	.18	. 74	06	.20	.03	97.0	96.9
8	.18	.03	.53	.18	.50	.16	.41	.27	87.9	96.9
9	.03	.13	.17	.49	.09	.01	06	.23	97.0	93.8
10	.15	.06	.51	.35	.62	.17	.11	.11	90.9	96.9
11	.15	.0	44	0	.71	.0	.03	.0	87.9	100.0
12	.06	.0	.35	0	.16	.0	06	.0	97.0	100.0
13	.09	.0	.38	0	.13	.0	08	.0	93.9	100.0
14	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
15	.09	.13	.38	.34	.66	.19	.16	.38	93.9	87.5
16	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
17	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
18	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
19	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
20	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
21	.03	.0	.17	0	04	.0	06	.0	97.0	100.0
22	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.40	.0	.29	100.0	96.9

TABLE C13

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (original): Psychiatric Disturbance.

Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.06	.13	.35	. 42	.24	.48	.04	.37	97.0	90.6
2	.0	.0	0	0	.0	· .0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
3	.0	.09	0	.39	.0	.41	.0	.26	100.0	93.8
4	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
5	.0	.13	0	.42	.0	05	.0	.04	100.0	90.6
6	.09	. 47	.38	.67	.37	.22	.05	.29	93.9	62.5
7	.55	.47	.75	.62	.47	.58	.11	.37	60.6	59.4
8	.09	.28	.38	.46	.23	.17	. 35	.15	93.9	71.9
9	.12	.0	.59	0	.21	.0	01	.0	93.9	100.0
10	.06	.09	.35	. 39	.24	.43	.04	. 42	97.0	93.8
11	.15	.19	.51	.40	.17	.26	.27	.22	90.9	81.3
12	.82	.53	.92	.72	.43	.45	.71	.48	51.5	59.4
13	.52	.53	.76	.72	01	.27	. 29	.23	63.6	59.4
14	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
15	.12	.16	.42	.45	.40	.55	.04	.64	90.9	87.5
16	.18	.19	.53	.47	.22	.58	06	.60	87.9	84.4
17	.27	.16	.67	.45	.40	.64	.09	.55	84.8	87.5
18	.36	. 44	.65	.76	.15	.32	.43	. 35	72.7	71.9
19	.42	.16	.83	.52	.02	15	.24	10	78.8	90.6
20	.06	.06	.24	.25	.23	.58	09	. 36	93.9	93.8
21	.03	.03	.17	.18	.32	23	03	15	97.0	96.9
22	.06	.03	.24	.18	.21	.36	06	.23	93.9	96.9
23	.06	.06	.24	.35	.21	.33	06	.23	93.9	96.9
24	.03	.03	.17	.18	.32	.36	03	.23	97.0	96.9
25	.0	.03	0	.18	.0	.36	.0	.23	100.0	96.9
26	.03	.0	.17	0	03	.0	06	.0	97.0	100.0
27	.15	.28	. 44	.63	.13	.14	10	.20	87.9	81.3
28	.18	.13	.53	. 34	.18	15	03	.12	87.9	87.5
29	.03	.03	.17	.18	.12	.28	06	.32	97.0	96.9
30	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
31	.79	.94	.89	.95	.58	.40	.54	. 54	51.5	46.9
32	.0	.03	0 .	.18	.0	.36	.0	.23	100.0	96.9
33	.0	.06	0	.35	.0	05	.0	02	100.0	96.9
34	.15	.41	.51	.76	.10	10	.26	00	90.9	75.0
35	.03	.06	.17	.25	.16	.52	.04	.52	97.0	93.8
36	.0	.0	0	0	- 0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
37	.12	.19	.42	.47	.03	18	.16	22	90.9	84.4
38	.06	.0	.24	0	.01	.0	18	.0	93.9	100.0
39	.06	.03	.35	.18	.24	.43	.04	.27	97.0	96.9
40	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
41	.18	.0	.58	0	.29	.0	.16	.0	90.9	100.0

# PART TWO

### I VIOLENT AND DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR

				Occasionally	Frequently	Occasionally	Frequently
			[1] Threatens or Does Physical Viole	nce		[5] Has Violent Temper, or Temper Tantrums	
@		*	Uses threatening gestures Indirectly causes injury to others Spits on others Pushes, scratches or pinches others Pulls others' hair, ears, etc.	1 1 1 1	2 @ # * 2 2 @ # * 2 @ # *	Stamps feet while banging objects or slamming doors, etc. 1 Stamps feet, screaming and yelling 1	2 2 2 2
@	#	*	Bites others Kicks, strikes or slaps others Throws objects at others Chokes, others	1 1 1		Other (specify	<u>.</u>
@ :	it ii		Uses objects as weapons against others Hurts animals Other (specify  None of the above		2 2 2	DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR 1-5	<u> </u>
			[2] Damages Personal Property			II. ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR  [6] Teases or Gossips About Others	
@		*	Rips dears or chews own clothing	1	2		
@ :	#	*	Soils own property Tears up own magazines, books, or o possessions Other (specify None of the above	1 ther 1 Total	2 @ # 2 @ #	Cossips about others 1 Tells untrue or exaggerated stories about others 1 Teases others 1 Picks on others 1	2 2 2 2 2
			[3] Damages Others' Property			Other (specify None of the above Total	2 2
			Rips, tears, or chews others' clothing Soils others' property. Tears up others' magazines, books, or personal possessions. Other (specify	1 1		[7] Bosses and Manipulates Others : Tries to tell others what to do 1	2
			None of the above	Total	2 0 # * 0 # 0 #	Demands services from others 1 Pushes others around 1 Causes fights among other people 1 Manipulates others to get them in trouble 1	· ·
			[4] Damages Public Property		. "	Other (specify)	2 2
@ :	#		Tears up magazines, books or other p property Is overly rough with furniture (kicks; mutilates, knocks it down)	ublic ; 1	2 2	[8] Disrupts Others' Activities	
@			Breaks windows Stuffs toilet with paper, towels or othe	1 r solid	2 ( a)	Is always in the way. Interferes with others' activities, e.g., by	2
@ :	#		objects that cause an overflow Attempts to set fires Other (specify: None of the above	1 1 Total	2 @ # 2	blocking passage, upsetting wheelchairs, etc. 1 Upsets others' work. 1 Knocks around articles that others are working with, e.g., puzzles, card games, etc. 1 Snatches things out of others' hands 1 Other (specify 1) 1 None of the above 1	2 2 2 2 2
			**				
			12 a stem to do				

 $\ell$  = item to domain correlations that meet the .40 discrimination index  $\ell$  = item to total test correlations that meet the .40 discrimination index  $\ell$  = items that fall within the .15 to .85 difficulty range

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR PART TWO

Part Two contains only one type of item. The following is an example.

[2] Damages Personal Property	Occasionally	Frequently
Rips, tears, or chews own clothing	1	2
Sails own property	1	2 (c)
Tears up own magazines, books, or other possessions	1	@ (3)
Other (specify:	_) <u>1</u>	2
None of the above	Total 1	4

Select those of the statements which are true of the individual being evaluated, and circle (1) if the behavior occurs occasionally, or (2) if it occurs frequently. Check "None of the Above" where appropriate. In scoring, total each column on the bottom (Total) line, and enter the sum of these totals in the circle to the right. When "None of the above" is checked, enter 0 in the circle to the right. In the above example, the first statement is true occasionally, and the last two statements are true frequently; therefore, a score of 5 has been entered.

"Occasionally" signifies that the behavior occurs once in a while, or now and then, and "Frequently" signifies that the behavior occurs quite often, or habitually.

Use the space for "Other" when:

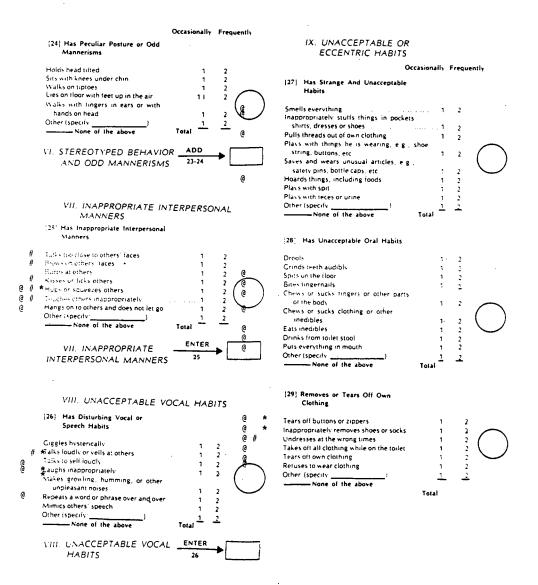
- 1. The person has related behavior problems in addition to those circled.
- The person has behavior problems that are not covered by any of the examples listed.

The behavior listed under "Other" must be a specific example of the behavior problem stated in the item.

Some of the items in Part Two describe behaviors which need not be considered maladaptive for very young children (for example, pushing others). The question of whether a given behavior is adaptive or maladaptive depends on the way that particular behavior is viewed by people in our society. Nonetheless, in completing this Scale you are asked to record a person's behavior as accurately as possible, ignoring, for the moment, your personal biases; then, when you later interpret the impact of the reported behaviors, you should take into consideration societal attitudes.

			Occasionally	Frequently	III: REBELLIOUS BEHAVIOR	
		(9) Is Inconsiderate of Others			Occasionally	Frequentiv
		Keeps temperature in public areas uncomfortable for others, e.g., ope closes window, changes thermostat	ns or	2	[12] Ignores Regulations or Regular Routines	,
@	#	Turns TV, radio or phonograph on to loudly.  Makes loud noises while others are read Talks too loudly  Sprawls over furniture or space neede by others  Other (specify	o .1 ing 1 .1 d1	2 2 2 2	Has negative attitude toward rules but usually conforms	2 2
		None of the above	Total perty	<del>-</del> e *	Refuses to participate in required activities, e.g., work, school, etc.  Other (specify	2 2 2
9	#	Does not return things that were borrowd. Less others: property without permission Loses others' belongings. Damages others' property. Does not recognize the difference between and others' property. Other (specify	1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 6 4 4 4 2 6 4 4	[13] Resists Following Instructions, Requests or Orders  Gets ubset if given a direct order Plays dear and does not follow instructions 1 Does not pay attention to instructions 1 Refuses to work on assigned subject 1 Hesitates for long periods before doing	2 2
æ		(11) Uses Angry Language  Exes hostile language, e.g., "stupid rerk," "dirty pig," etc.		@ #	assigned tasks Does the opposite of what was requested 1 Other ispectiv 1 None of the above Total	2 2 2 2 2 2 2
@ @	#	Swears, Curses, or uses obscene language †ells or screams threats of violence *erballs, threatens others, suggesting p violence Other (specify	1 hysical 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	[14] Has Impudent or Rebellious Attitude Toward Authority	
		None of the above	ADD 6-11	2 #	Resents persons in authority, e.g., teachers, group leaders, ward personnel, etc	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
			•		[15] Is Absent From, or Late For, the Proper Assignments or Places	
				<b>@</b>	Is late to required places or activities  Fails to return to places where he is  supposed to be after leaving, e.g., going to toilet, running an errand, etc	;
	•			@	Leaves place of required activity without permission, e.g., work, class, etc. 1 Is absent from routine activities, e.g., work, class, etc. 1 Stavs out late at night from home, hospital	2 2 2 2

	Occasionally Frequently	V MATURE
	[16] Runs Away or Attempts to Run Away	V. WITHDRAWAL
#	* Attempts to run away from hospital, home, or school ground 1 2 Runs away from group activities, e.g., picnics, school buses, etc. 1 2	[20] Is Inactive Occasionally Frequently  Sits or stands in one position for a long
tr	Runs away from hospital, home, or school ground Other (specify 1 2 *  None of the above Total @	Does nothing but sit and watch others:   1   2
	[17] Misbehaves in Group Settings	Other (specify 1 2 2
@#	Interrupts group discussion by talking about unrelated topics 1 2 Disrupts games by refusing to follow rules 1 2	[21] Is Withdrawn
# *	Disrupts group activities by making loud	Seems unaware of surroundings
# *	lunch period, or other group sessions 1 2 Other (specify 1)	Is difficult to reach or contact Is apathetic and unresponsive in Teeling Has a blank stare Has a fixed expression
	None of the above Total	Other (specify
	III REBELLIOUS BEHAVIOR 12-17	[22] Is Sh.
	*	Is timid and shy in social situations 1 2 Hides face in group situations, e.g., parties, informal gatherings, etc. 1 2 Does not mix well with others 1
•	IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR @ *	Prefers to be alone
	[18] Takes Others' Property Without Permission	None of the above Total 1 2
@ # # *	Has been suspected of stealing 1 2 Takes others' belongings if not kept in place or locked 1 2	V. WITHDRAWAL: ADD
@ # #	Takes others' belongings from pockets, purses, drawers, etc 1 2  Takes others' belongings by opening or	20-22 20-22
	Other: (reserving	
	None of the above Total	VI. STEREOTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS
	[19] Lies or Cheats	[23] Has Stereotyped Behaviors
@	Twists the truth to own advantage 1 2 Cheats in games, tests, assignments, etc.	Drums fingers 1 2 Taps feet continually 1 2
@ @	Lies about situations	Has hands constantly in motion 1 2 Slaps, scratches, or rubs self continually 1 2
@	Lies about self Lies about others  1 2 1 2	Waves or shakes parts of the body
	Other (specify: 1 2	Moves or rolls head back and forth 1 2 Rocks body back and forth 1 2
	IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR ADD	Content   Cont
	14	



Occasi	ionally Frequently	XII. SEXUALLY ABERRAN	T BEHAVIO	2
[30] Has Other Eccentric Habits				
and Tendencies			Occasionally	Frequently
To overly particular about places to sit or sleep	1 2	(33) Engages in Inappropriate . Masturbation		
Stands in a tavorite spot, e.g., by window				
by door into	1 2	* Has attempted to masturbate openly Masturbates in front of others	1	· ( )
Sits by anything that vibrates is airaid to climb stairs or to go	'''	Masturbates in group	1	2 \ \
down stairs	1 2	Other (specify)	1	<u>.</u>
Does not want to be touched	1 2	None of the above	Total	
Screams ir touched	1 2 1 <u>2</u>			
Other ispecits1		[34] Exposes Body Improperly		
Total	ιl			
	ADD	Exposes body unnecessarily after	1	2
IX. UNACCEPTABLE OR	27-30	using toilet Stands in public places with pants		
ECCENTRIC HABITS	27.50	down or with dress up	1	2
		@ # Exposes body excessively during as	tivities,	, (
		e.g., playing, dancing, sitting, etc.		•
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVI	OR	Undresses in public places, or in front of lighted windows	1	2
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVI	OK	Other (specify:)	1	2
[31] Does Physical Violence to Self		None of the above	Total	
Bites or cuts self	1 2			
#Slans or strikes self	1 2	[35] Has Homosexual Tendencies		
*Bangs head or other parts of the body	1 2	is sexually attracted to members of	ıt	
against objects	1 2	the came sex	1	2
Figure Pulls own hair, ears, etc. Scratches or picks self causing injury.	1 2	Has approached others and attemp	oted 1	2 (
Soils and smears self	1 2 (	homosexual acts  Has engaged in homosexual activity	i	
Purposely provokes abuse from others	1 2	Other (specify	1	- 3
Picks at any sores he might have	, -	None of the above		
Pokes objects in own ears, eves, nose, or mouth	1 2		Total	
Other (specify)	1 2			
sings of the shove	otal	[36] Sexual Behavior That Is		
·		Socially Unacceptable		
X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIOR .	ENTER	is overly seductive in appearance	or	
X. SELF-ABOSIVE DEFINITION	31	actions	1	2
		Hugy or caresses too intensely in		
		public #	•	• (
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENC	IES	# Needs watching with regard to sexual behavior	1	2 🔪
		Lits or unbuttons others' clothin	g·to	
[32] Has Hyperactive Tendencies		touch intimately	1	2 2
Talks excessively	1 2	Has sexual relations in public place	1	2
Assettl not set stell for any length of time	1 2 (	Is overly aggressive sexually Has raped others	1	2
Constantly runs or jumos around the ro	ют ( 1,2	Is easily taken advantage of sexual	iy	2
or hall  *Moves or fidgets constantly	1 2	Other Ispecify		. <del>4</del>
Other (specify:	<u>1</u> <u>2</u>	None of the above	Total	
None of the above	_		UT ADE	,
<del></del>	Total	XII. SEXUALLY ABERRAI	*	
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIE	S ENTER		<i></i>	
XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIE	32	i		

		XIII. PSYCHOLOGICAL DIS	TURB.4	NCE	S			0	
1			0				[42] Has Hypochondriacal Tendenci	Occasionally	Frequently
ie	! ## 	limitations Has too high an opinion of self		i i i i	2 2 2 2	equently @	*Complains about imaginary physical ailments Pretends to be ill Acts sick after illness is over Other (specify	1 1 1 1 Totai	2 2 2 2 2
@	#	[38] Reacts Poorly to Criticism  Does not talk when corrected  Authoraws or pouts when criticized  Securins ubset when criticized  Screams and cries when corrected  Other (specify  None of the above	Total	1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2		Instabilities  Changes mood without apparent reasor Complains of bad dreams. Cries out while asleep. Cries for no apparent reason. Seems to have no emotional control vomits when upset. Appears insecure or trightened in daily activities.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?
0		[39] Reacts Poorly to Frustration Blames own mistakes on others increases or pouts when thwarted Broomes upset when thwarted Froms temper tantrums when does not get own was Other (specify None of the above	Total	1 1 1 1 1 1	222	@ # @ #	Talks about people or things that cause unrealistic lears	Total 1 ADD 37-43	÷
è	; #	[40] Demands Excessive Attention or Praise  Wants excessive praise  \$ jealous of attention given to others permands excessive reassurance \$ cts sifty to gain attention Other (specify		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2	$\bigcirc$	XIV. USE OF MEDICATI [44] Use of Prescribed Medication Uses tranquilizers Uses sentatives Uses anticonvulsant drugs Uses stimulants Other (specify None of the above	ONS	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
		Complains of unfairness, even when equal shares or privileges have beer given.  Complains, "Nobody loves me".  Savs. "Everybody picks on me".  Savs. "People talk about me".  Savs. People are against me".  Acts suspicious of people.		1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		XIV. USE OF MEDICATIONS	ENTER 44	

APPENDIX D

TABLE D1

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Violent and Destructive Behavior

	M	ean		ard Dev.	r <sub>Do</sub>	main	r	al test		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.45	.57	.97	1.1	.38	.49	.50	.55	79.6	75.5
2	.26	.21	.78	.69	. 44	.44	.27	.42	88.8	88.8
3	.09	.09	.46	.43	.34	.27	.20	.28	95.9	94.9
4	.67	.71	1.23	1.25	.36	.32	.25	.31	73.5	72.4
5	.36	.25	1.01	.78	.40	.40	.23	.32	87.8	89.9
6	.17	.27	.64	.73	.31	. 32	.11	.17	92.9	85.7
7	.78	.81	1.19	1.15	.34	.45	.24	.44	92.9	85.7
8	.28	.13	.78	.51	4	.30	.34	.22	87.8	92.9
9	.05	.03	.30	.23	.34	.37	.29	.28	96.9	98.0
10	.04	.02	.32	.14	.38	.30	.31	.49	98.0	98.0
11	.0	.01	0	.10	.0	.40	.0	. 49	100.0	99.0
12	.06	.10	. 35	. 53	12	13	03	04	96.9	95.9
13	.65	• 50	1.21	1.06	.45	.33	.39	.33	74.5	77.6
14	.55	.62	1.27	1.21	.23	.27	.23	.18	82.7	75.5
15	.31	.30	.92	.93	.41	.36	.41	.44	88.8	89.8
16	.06	.0	.35	0	01	.0	09	0	96.9	100.0
17	.20	.18	.73	.71	.38	.23	.31	.28	91.8	91.8
18	.04	.12	.40	.65	.14	.25	.19	.26	99.0	95.9
19	.25	.24	.84	. 79	.30	.30	.32	.36	90.8	90.8
20	.04	.0	.28	0	06	.0	08	.0	98.0	100.0
21	.26	.13	.80	.55	.45	.23	.45	.18	89.8	92.9
22	.27	.16	.75	.53	.42	.36	.34	.25	86.7	90.8
23	.01	.09	.10	.43	02	.03	03	.14	99.0	94.9
24	.11	.18	.47	.37	.03	.20	.01	.17	93.9	94.9
25	.01	.01	.10	.10	00	. 40	.15	.49	99.0	99.0
26	.11	.0	.54	0	.09	.0	04	.0	94.9	100.0
27	.92	.96	1.33	1.41	.26	.46	.40	.48	64.3	65.3
28	. 29	.28	.85	.74	. 29	.35			88.8	86.7
29	.52	.50	1.09	.98				.40	79.6	76.5
30	.33	.38	.86	.93	.31	.46			86.7	
31	.25	.11	.80	.52	08	08	04	04	90.8	93.9

TABLE D2

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Antisocial Behavior

	Ме	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r Doz	ain	rtotal	test		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.26	.22	. 89	.84	.28	. 39	.22	.25	91.8	92.9
2 .	.26	.27	.88	.78	.56	.55	.43	.43	91.8	88.8
3	.50	.69	1.18	1.33	.32	.48	.28	. 34	83.7	76.5
4	.24	.27	.86	.83	.49	. 43	.53	.44	92.9	89.8
5	.06	. 19	.43	.74	.10	.31	.12	.18	98.0	92.9
6	.03	.0	.30	0	.01	.0	.02	.0	99.0	100.0
7	.41	.51	1.24	1.16	.66	.58	.51	.46	84.7	82.7
8	.37	.47	1.05	1.20	.48	.45	.41	. 36	88.8	85.7
9	.41	.25	1.02	. 84	.37	.15	.43	.16	84.7	90.8
10	.14	.17	.64	.63	.50	.53	.38	.37	94.9	91.8
11	.19	.14	.74	.59	.58	.62	.54	.45	92.9	93.9
12	.02	.08	.20	.57	00	.10	.08	.11	99.0	98.0
13	.35	.20	1.02	. 85	.28	.36	.26	. 32	88.8	93.9
14	.11	.19	. 59	.74	.43	.16	. 29	.26	95.9	92.9
15	.14	. 14	.59	.59	.52	.43	.50	.29	93.9	93.9
16	.12	.12	.56	.56	.36	.26	.27	.21	94.9	94.9
17	.41	.48	1.03	1.14	.28	.38	.46	.50	84.7	83.7
18	.04	.12	.40	.69	03	.00	.05	04	99.0	96.9
19	0.0	.15	-0.0	. 72	0.0	.22	0.0	.12	100.0	94.9
20	.12	.30	.61	.99	.30	.52	.24	.29	95.9	90.8
21	.26	. 34	.88	1.05	.15	.39	.17	.28	91.8	89.8
22	.31	. 34	1.0	1.07	.66	.50	.52	.34	90.8	89.8
23	.27	.17	.82	.76	.36	.42	.30	.37	89.8	93.9
24	.06	.12	.43	.69	06	.09	.00	.15	98.0	96.9
25	.20	.26	.75	.93	.39	.46	.44	.40	92.9	91.8
26	.35	.31	.98	.97	.59	.45	. 49	.37	87.8	88.8
27	.07	.14	.41	.70	.65	.52	.47	.43	96.9	94.9
28	.12	.18	.54	.69	.52	.55	.44	.50	94.9	91.8
29	. 34	.82	1.10	1.60	.09	.25	.14	. 39	90.8	78.6
30	.05	.0	.36	0	05	.0	01	.0	98.0	100.0
31	.26	.52	.78	1.08	.17	.51	.07	.41	89.8	78.6
32	.36	.43	.91	.90	.62	.59	.49	.43	85.7	78.6
33 ·	.27	. 32	.78	.82	.57	.59	. 47	.49	88.8	85.7
34	.23	.36	.73	.82	.50	.68	.50	.54	89.8	81.6
35	.02	.0	.20	0	02	.0	.04	.0	99.0	100.0

TABLE D3

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Rebellious Behavior

	Mea	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r Dom	ain	rtotal	test	P	
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.41	.50	1.09	1.11	.50	.66	.50	.45	86.7	80.6
2	.09	.13	. 54	.62	.20	.27	.31	.24	96.9	94.9
3	.02	.09	.20	.52	.30	. 29	.13	.30	99.0	95.9
4	.69	.45	1.26	1.08	.41	.64	.30	.35	74.5	82.7
5	.12	.03	. 69	.30	.04	.13	.12	.01	96.9	99.0
6	.52	.80	1.15	1.37	.45	.60	.52	.52	81.6	69.4
7	.58	.62	1.21	1.30	.35	.61	.18	.50	79.6	79.6
8	.93	.93	1.5	1.46	.27	.48	.18	.33	70.4	67.3
9	. 34	.28	.93	.81	.27	.46	.26	. 34	87.8	87.8
10	.50	.69	1.17	1.39	.19	.28	.12	.24	83.7	78.6
11	.21	.33	.80	.95	.04	.43	.29	.44	92.9	87.8
12	.14	.0	.72	0.0	06	.0	03	.0	95.9	100.0
13	.13	.21	.67	.79	. 30	.35	.41	.19	95.9	91.8
14	.27	.21	.83	.65	.30	.23	.34	.21	89.8	88.8
15	.03	.03	.30	.30	.06	05	.05	.02	99.0	99.0
16	.06	.05	.38	.30	.41	.25	.21	.31	96.9	96.9
17	.03	.04	.30	.32	.28	.21	.13	.14	99.0	98.0
18	.06	.0	.35	0	.16	.0	.26	.0	96.9	100.0
19	.14	.14	.63	.66	.34	.19	.16	.16	94.9	94.9
20	.21	.12	.80	.63	.24	.43	.18	.17	92.9	95.9
21	.20	. 19	.70	.71	.38	.46	.11	.26	91.8	91.8
22	.07	.10	.41	.49	.18	. 39	.02	.23	96.9	94.9
23	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
24	.0	.04	0	.40	.0	.16	.0	.12	100.0	99.0
25	.18	.26	.58	.71	07	.14	.05	.18	88.8	85.7
26	.02	.07	.14	.46	.17	.03	.05	.05	98.0	96.9
27	.01	.02	.10	.14	05	.18	00	.49	99.0	98.0
28	.06	.10	.45	.55	.11	00	.14	.04	98.0	95.9
29	.36	.24	1.04	. 87	.40	.22	.37	.46	87.8	92.9
30	.31	.16	.85	.64	.34	.22	.28	. 36	87.8	92.9
31	.60	.61	1.19	1.28	.05	.32	.26	.41	77.6	79.6
32	.38	. 37	.99	1.03	.13	.21	.26	.40	85.7	87.8
33	.0	.03	0	. 30	.0	.37	.0	.13	100.0	99.0

	Me	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r	ain	r tota:	l test	]	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	-R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.18	.25	.63	.83	.56	.38	.43	.19	90.8	90.8
2	.37	. 29	.96	. 85	.28	.38	.49	.35	85.7	88.8
3	.15	.17	.62	.67	.51	.24	.33	.52	93.9	92.9
4	.0	.01	0	.10	.0	.28	.0	.49	100.0	99.0
5	.04	.18	.40	.77	04	.04	.11	.07	99.0	93.9
6	.06	.08	.43	.42	.65	.47	.36	.18	98.0	95.9
7	.12	.15	.62	.62	.26	.38	.30	.35	95.9	92.9
8	.05	.09	.36	.41	.65	.47	.33	.22	98.0	94.9
9	.18	.11	.69	.47	.58	.51	.33	.26	92.9	93.9
10	.11	.11	.57	.52	.58	.41	.21	.36	95.9	94.9
11	.13	.08	.67	.47	.24	.20	.20	.21	95.9	96.9

TABLE D5

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Withdrawal

-	Ме	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r	ain	rtota	l test	]	P .
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	1.50	1.75	1.88	1.96	.37	.55	08	03	60.2	55.1
2	.56	.78	1.31	1.48	.47	. 36	.09	.08	83.7	77.6
3	. 70	.67	1.39	1.34	.30	.18	.15	.17	78.6	77.6
4	.08	.14	.57	.63	02	.07	.17	.38	98.0	93.9
5	.15	.35	.75	1.09	.47	.47	.09	.07	95.9	89.8
6	.06	.22	.45	.89	.00	.11	.01	03	98.0	93.9
7	.18	.38	.82	1.12	.39	.45	05	.11	94.9	88.8
8	.63	.59	1.35	1.31	.67	.43	.17	.17	80.6	81.6
9	.31	.20	.99	.79	.57	.35	.10	.09	90.8	92.9
10	. 29	.28	.93	.95	.53	.43	.04	.23	90.8	91.8
11	.12	.62	.61	1.39	.34	.45	02	.14	95.9	82.7
12	.03	.18	.30	.80	.06	.10	.01	<b></b> 05	99.0	94.9
13	.34	.37	1.01	1.05	.30	.27	.00	01	88.8	87.8
14	.03	.08	.30	.51	.07	.37	10	.11	99.0	96.9
15	.65	.89	1.42	1.57	.37	.37	.17	.08	81.6	74.5
16	.93	1.61	1.65	1.90	.42	.41	.04	12	74.5	57.1
17	.08	.06	.57	. 45	.26	.42	04	.14	98.0	98.0

TABLE D6

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Stereotyped Behavior and Odd Mannerisms

	Me	an	Standar	d Dev.	r <sub>Doi</sub>	nain	r	l test	P	,
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.12	.17	.69	.80	.22	.13	.00	.06	96.9	94.9
2	.0	.09	0	.58	.0	.06	.0	.05	100.0	96.9
3	. 59	.57	1.41	1.41	.46	. 44	.01	.09	84.7	85.7
4	.27	.38	.97	1.11	.39	.23	.12	.22	92.9	88.8
5	. 34	.37	1.07	1.13	.34	.32	.21	.18	90.8	89.8
6	.28	.33	1.00	1.07	.38	.19	.14	.21	92.9	90.8
7	.64	.61	1.43	1.38	.21	.15	.16	.09	82.7	82.7
8	.66	.55	1.42	1.33	.25	.13	.01	.13	80.6	84.7
9	.67	.81	1.48	1.60	04	20	.09	14	82.7	79.6
10	.29	.33	1.04	1.04	.26	.20	.10	.15	92.9	90.8
11 .	.30	.18	1.01	.77	.13	.33	.07	.16	91.8	93.9
12	.12	.19	.69	.81	.05	.18	11	.00	96.9	92.9
13	.0	.05	0	.42	.0	.12	.0	.31	100.0	98.0
14	.14	.19	.72	.75	.21	.21	.01	.04	95.9	92.9
15	.49	.44	1.32	1.23	.14	08	.15	01	87.8	87.8

TABLE D7

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Inappropriate

Interpersonal Manners

	Mean		Standa	r Dev.	r	ain	rtotal test		P	
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.18	.28	.80	.91	.26	.16	.24	.41	94.9	90.8
2	.08	.01	.47	.10	.02	.29	.04	. 49	98.0	99.0
3	.12	.07	.61	.46	06	.25	.13	.33	95.9	96.9
4	.20	.27	.82	.87	.32	.37	.35	.41	93.9	90.8
5	.43	.48	1.18	1.20	.28	.62	.24	.47	87.8	85.7
6	.16	.35	.80	1.04	.12	.53	.01	.50	95.9	88.8
7	.20	.58	.77	1.32	.25	.41	.17	.35	92.9	82.7
8	.27	.17	.97	.76	01	.13	.21	.03	92.9	94.9

TABLE D8

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Unacceptable Vocal Habits

	Mea	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r	ain	r total	test	I	
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.10	.20	.58	.76	.31	.06	.13	.14	96.9	91.8
2	.52	.54	1.25	1.25	.30	.29	.36	.43	84.7	82.7
3	.44	.29	1.19	1.01	.40	.23	.33	.07	87.8	91.8
4	.48	.78	1.20	1.46	.32	.45	.17	.38	85.7	75.5
5	.97	.92	1.62	1.57	03	03	.16	.36	72.4	71.4
6	1.07	.66	1.69	1.39	.46	.09	.36	.12	70.4	79.6
7	.37	.43	1.06	1.22	.19	.20	.31	.17	88.8	88.8
8	.12	.08	.69	.57	05	.01	.13	.11	96.9	98.0

TABLE D9

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Unacceptable or Eccentric Habits

•		an	Standa	ard Dev.	r <sub>D</sub>	omain	rtota	1 test		Р .		
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>										
1	.09	.18	.54	.77	.04	·. 50	.10	.23	96.9	93.9		
2	.03	.18	.30	.71	.22	.19	.23	.14	99.0	92.9		
3	.16	.15	.73	.63	. 39	.59	.32	.34	94.9	93.9		
4	.28	.48	1.00	1.39	.48	.37	.27	.22	92.9	84.7		
5	.18	.13	. 80	.67	.26	.11	. 34	.37	94.9	95.9		
6	.35	.26	1.10	.97	.13	.06	.18	.26	90.8	92.9		
7	.18	.13	.80	. 70	.24	.43	.09	. 19	94.9	95.9		
8	.19	.25	.73	.85	.33	.37	.24	.21	92.9	90.8		
9	.32	.40	1.03	1.13	.13	08	.14	.09	90.8	87.8		
10	.22	.37	. 89	1.09	.15	.09	.05	01	93.9	88.8		
11	.14	.12	.72	.65	.10	.16	06	.08	95.9	95.9		
12	.16	.15	.73	.71	.17	.44	.07	.30	94.9	94.9		
13	.07	.10	.50	.55	.10	.40	.02	.17	98.0	95.9		
14	.27	.32	.97	1.07	.14	.65	.10	.35	92.9	91.8		
15	.12	.27	.69	.95	.28	.43	.08	.23	96.9	91.8		
16	.17	.18	.77	.78	.35	64	.15	. 29	94.9	93.9		
17	.13	.16	.67	. 76	.47	.53	.16	.32	95.9	94.9		
18	.15	.26	.75	.97	.25	.40	.03	.16	95.9	92.9		
19	.20	.45	.89	1.23	.29	03	. 14	.01	94.9	87.8		
20	.37	.25	.88	.80	.20	.46	. 35	.17	82.7	88.8		
21	.25	.53	. 89	1.24	.26	.45	.21	.31	91.8	82.7		
22	.40	.40	1108	1.06	.32	.47	.19	.46	86.7	86.7		
23	.14	.21	.63	.83	.23	.56	.17	.31	94.9	92.9		
24	.22	.25	.71	.83	.28	.49	.14	.19	89.8	89.8		
25	.27	.20	.83	.80	.24	.51	.17	.22	89.8	92.9		
26	.11	.0	.64	0	.24	.0	.23	.0	96.9	100.0		
27	. 80	.92	1.55	1.67	.25	.03	.31	.25	78.6	76.5		
28	.41	.57	1.22	1.41	.04	.16	06	.23	89.8	85.7		
29	.04	.05	.40	.42	.19	.10	.14	.11	99.0	98.0		
30	.25	.18	.96	.75	.07	03	.06	.03	93.9	92.9		
31	.48	.40	1.25	1.16	.11	.07	.20	.02	86.7	88.8		
32	.29	.36	.94	1.12	.15	04	.08	.02	91.8	89.8		
33	.29	.15	1.04	.66	.14	06	.03	07	92.9	93.9		

TABLE D10

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Self-Abusive Behavior

	Me	an	Standa	rd Dev.	rDc	main	r tota	l test		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.20	.14	.72	.66	.20	.36	.33	.36	90.8	94.9
2	.45	. 44	1.22	1.13	.15	.11	.23	.21	82.7	84.7
3	.37	.27	.97	.74	.31	.35	. 19	.43	95.7	86.7
4	.31	.10	.96	.55	.40	.38	.18	.58	89.8	95.9
5	.34	.36	.98	1.01	.26	.45	.10	. 34	87.8	87.8
6	.14	.27	.64	. 79	.26	.23	.21	.22	94.9	87.8
7	.17	.11	.67	.47	.32	.12	.22	.21	92.9	93.9
8	.22	.12	.86	.95	.35	.19	.18	.11	92.9	88.8
9	.02	.05	.20	.42	.04	.23	08	.31	99.0	98.0
10	.10	.12	.58	.63	.23	02	10	05	96.9	95.9

TABLE D11 
Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Hyperactive 
Mean Standard Dev.  $r_{Domain}$   $r_{total test}$  
P

					DOI	nain	tota	ı test		
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.42	.37	1.16	1.10	.18	.29	.35	. 39	87.8	88.8
2	.71	.45	1.37	1.19	.70	.61	.20	.33	76.5	85.7
3	.21	.21	.85	.84	.34	.27	.09	.23	93.9	92.9
4	.67	.82	1.41	1.60	.53	.48	.26	.34	80.6	78.6
5	.0	.12	1.0	.69	.0	.10	.0	05	100.0	96.9

TABLE D12

Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified): Sexually Aberrant Behavior

	Me	an	Standa	rd Dev.	r	ain	rtotal	test	]	2
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.27	.53	.91	1.28	.36	.25	.20	.20	91.8	84.7
2	.30	.43	.97	1.13	.35	.34	.17	.08	90.8	86.7
3	.18	.11	.75	.64	.41	.46	.13	.22	93.9	96.9
4	.04	.0	.40	0	03	.0	11	.0	99.0	100.0
5	.40	.30	1.09	.92	.14	.21	.24	.22	86.7	89.8
6	.07	.15	.33	.62	.00	.16	.02	.21	94.9	92.9
7	.07	.01	.44	.10	.23	.45	.34	.49	96.9	99.0
8	.08	.11	.51	.55	.34	.25	.23	.20	96.9	94.9
9	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
10	.01	.02	.10	.14	.00	. 39	.02	.39	99.0	98.0
11	.04	.02	.25	.14	02	. 39	.13	. 39	96.9	98.0
12	.02	.02	. 14	.14	.07	.39	05	. 39	98.0	98.0
13	.01	.0	.10	0	06	.0	.05	.0	99.0	100.0
14	.01	.04	.10	.40	.18	.12	.23	.13	99.0	99.0
15	.09	.15	.52	.68	.21	.15	.37	.16	96.9	94.9
16	.16	.03	.74	.30	.32	.15	.42	.04	94.9	99.0
17	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
18	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
19	.04	.0	.40	0	.22	•.0	.20	.0	99.0	100.0
20	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
21	.09	.08	.58	.59	.13	.22	.17	.07	96.9	96.9
22	.04	.0	.40	0	.06	.0	.04	.0	99.0	100.0

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE D13 \\ \hline Item analysis information for the ABS Part II (modified) Psychiatric Disturbance \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ 

	Me	an	Standa	rd Dev.	rDon	ain	rtotal	. test	P		
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>									
1	.15	.18	.68	. 75	.44	.58	.32	.46	94.9	93.9	
2	.12	.18	.69	.78	.23	.59	01	.35	96.9	93.9	
3	.15	.21	.65	.80	.54	.56	.50	.46	93.9	92.9	
4	.0	.0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0	
5	.14	.46	.57	1.19	.45	.32	.23	.27	93.9	86.7	
6	.35	.49	.91	1.12	.39	.32	.22	.31	86.7	82.7	
7	.78	.61	1.26	1.21	.58	.63	.45	. 42	70.4	76.5	
8	.67	.29	1.22	.93	.32	.15	.39	.33	74.5	89.8	
9	.02	.03	.20	.30	.02	05	.05	08	99.0	99.0	
10	. 29	.32	.92	.93	.54	.65	.40	.42	90.8	88.8	
11	.34	.37	.91	.97	.38	.45	.17	.30	86.7	85.7	
12	.79	.96	1.28	1.40	.52	.43	.54	.32	69.4	62.2	
13	1.05	.83	1.42	1.23	.29	.28	.47	.47	61.2	64.3	
14	.05	.03	.36	.30	04	05	.09	05	98.0	99.0	
15	.33	. 35	.99	1.10	.62	.68	.38	.51	89.8	90.8	
16	.51	.44	1.20	1.13	.57	.57	.29	.36	83.7	85.7	
17	.25	. 39	.85	1.11	.61	.69	.44	.54	91.8	88.8	
18	.64	.69	1.31	1.35	.14	.24	.21	.20	79.6	77.6	
19	.06	.02	.45	.50	.09	01	.20	07	98.0	98.0	
20	.14	.21	.64	.75	.74	.60	.35	.36	94.9	91.8	
21	.09	.04	.52	.28	.63	.31	.27	.06	96.9	98.0	
22	.12	.16	.60	.60	.58	. 49	.21	.30	95.9	92.9	
23	.14	.09	.63	.46	.68	.48	. 24	.29	94.9	95.9	
24	.09	.07	.52	.41	.71	.43	.29	.24	96.9	96.9	
25	.12	.17	.61	.73	.37	.41	.19	.25	95.9	93.9	
26	.0	.04	0	.40	.0	02	.0	.03	100.0	99.0	
27	.40	. 42	1.01	1.04	.47	.42	.29	.32	85.7	83.7	
28	.13	.29	.60	.84	.34	. 39	.12	.38	94.9	87.8	
29	.09	.06	.48	.35	.61	.43	.25	. 34	95.9	96.9	
30	.0	.05	0	.30	.0	.06	.0	.01	100.0	96.9	
31	.81	.93	1.36	1.47	. 36	.50	.41	.42	71.4	68.4	
32	.11	.04	.57	.32	.06	05	.13	07	95.9	98.0	
33	.12	.00	.58	.00	04	.00	02	.00	94.9	100.0	
34	.32	.21	.93	.73	01	04	.10	.08	88.8	90.8	
35	.13	.24	.60	. 84	.56	.20	.44	.18	94.9	91.8	
36	.03	.07	.23	.41	.28	. 19	.08	.07	98.0	96.9	
37	. 19	.36	.81	1.13	08	.18	.14	.12	93.9	90.8	
38	.06	.13	.35	.67	.45	. 30	.26	.21	96.9	95.9	
39	.04	.01	.28	.10	.49	.43	.44	.20	98.0	99.0	
40	.0	.01	0	.10	.0	.43	.0	.20	100.0	99.0	
41	.0	.09	0	.54	.0	.01	.0	.06	100.0	96.9	

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR PART TWO (REVISED)

Part Two contains only one type of item. The following is an example.

(2) Damages Personal Property	Y M W D
Rips, tears or chews own clothing	1 2 3 4
Spoils own property	1 2 3 4
Tears up own magazines, books, or other possessions	1 2 3 4
Other (specify:)	1 2 3 4

Select those of the statements which are true of the individual being evaluated, and circle (1) if the behavior occurs during year (y), but not every month, or (2) if it occurs from 1 to 3 times a month (m), or (3) it it occurs 1 to 6 times a week (w), or (4) if the behavior occurs on a daily (d) basis. Check "None of the Above" where appropriate. In scoring, total each column on the bottom (total) line, and enter the sum of these totals in the circle to the right. When "None of the above" is checked, enter 0 in the circle to the right.

Use the space for "Other" when:

- 1. The person has related behavior problems in addition to those circled.
- 2. The person has behavior problems that are not covered by any of the examples listed.

The behavior listed under "Other" must be a specific example of the behavior problem stated in the item.

Some of the items in Part Two describe behaviors which need not be considered maladaptive for very young children (for example, pushing others). The question of whether a given behavior is adaptive or maladaptive depends on the way that particual behavior is viewed by people in our society. Nonetheless, in completing this Scale you are asked to record a person's behavior as accurately as possible, for the moment, ignoring your personal biases; then, when you later interpret the impact of the reported behaviors, you should take into consideration societal attitudes.

### PART TWO

#### L VIOLENT AND DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR Y M W D YMWD [1] Threatens or Does Physical Violence [5] Has Violent Temper, or Temper Tantrums @ # \* Uses threatening gestures 1 2 3 4 Indirectly causes injury to others Stamps feet while banging objects or 1 2 3 4 Spits on others 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 slamming doors, etc. \* Pushes, scratches or pinches others \*Stamps teet, screaming and velling 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Pulls others' hair, ears, etc @ # \*Throws sell on floor, screaming and veiling Bites others # Kicks, strikes or slaps others Throws objects at others 1234 Total 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 I. VIOLENT AND \_ ADD Chokes others DESTRUCTIVE BEHAVIOR Uses objects as weapons against others @ # 1234 1234 Other (specify -None of the above II. ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR [2] Damages Personal Property [6] Teases or Gossips About Others \*Rips tears or chews own clothing 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Cossins about others 12 1 4 Soils own property Tells untrue or exaggerated stories about @ # Tears up own magazines books, or other possessions 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 others Teases others 1 2 3 4 Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above Picks on others 1 2 3 4 Makes fun of others Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above 1234 Total [3] Damages Others' Property 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Rips, tears, or chews others' clothing Soils others' property Tears up others' magazines; books. [7] Bosses and Manipulates Others 1234 or personal possessions 有ries to tell others what to do Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_None of the above 1234 Demands services from others Pushes others around Causes tights among other people 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 Manipulates others to get them in trouble Other (specify None of the above [4] Damages Public Property 1234 Tears up magazines, books or other public 1 2 3 4 property @ # Is overly rough with furniture (kicks; mutilates, knocks it down) [8] Disrupts Others' Activities Breaks windows Is always in the way 1234 Stuffs toilet with paper, towels or other solid Interieres with others' activities, e.g., by objects that cause an overflow # Attempts to set fires 3 4 hiocking passage, upsetting wheelchairs, etc. Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_ None of the above 3 4 Knocks around articles that others are 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 working with, e.g., puzzles, card games, etc. ## finatches things out of others' hands Other (specify \_\_\_\_\_\_ None of the above

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<sup>@=</sup> item to domain correlations that meet the .40 discrimination index #= item to total test correlations that meet the .40 discrimination index  $$^{*}=$$  item that fall within the .15 to .85 difficulty range

		[9] Is Inconsiderate of Others	YMWD	III - REBULLIOUS BELLAVIOR	
		Keeps temperature in public areas uncontortable tor-others, e.g., opens or	1234	[12] Ignores Regulations or Regular Routines	Y'M W D
9.9	#	closes windine, changes thermostal Turns TX, radio or phonograph on ion houlds Makes hould noises while others are reading Talks too houlds Sprawls over furniture or stace needed	1 2 3 4 0 # 1 2 3 4	* Has negative attitude toward rules but usually conforms.  Has to be forced to go through waiting lines, e.g., Junch lines, ticket lines, etc.	1234
		Other ispects None of the above  Total	1 2 3 4	/ Violates rules or regulations in git, ears in restricted areas, disobeys traffic signals, etc.  Refuses to participate in required activities, etg. work, school, etc.	1 2 3 4
	•	[10] Shows Disrespect for Others' Property		Other (specify None of the above Total	1234
999	# #	Does not return things that were borrowed. Uses others, property without permission. Loses others belongings. Damages others: property.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[13] Resists Following Instructions, Requests or Orders	
	;	b Does not recognize the difference hetwoen own and others' property  Other (specify	12340#	Cets upset if given a direct order  Plass deal and does not follow instructions  Plass deal and does not follow instructions  Plass deal and does not follow instructions  Refuses to work on assigned subject  Hestiates for long periods before doing assigned tasks	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
<b>@</b>	# :	[11] Uses Angry Language	@ #	Does the opposite of what was requested Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
		Uses hostile language leig , listunid jerk, lidirty pig, lietc Swears, curses or uses obscene language	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 u	None of the above Total	
	# :	Verballs threatens others, suggesting physical violence	1 2 3 4	[14] Has Impudent or Rebellious Attitude Toward Authority	
		Other (specify)None of the above Fotal	1234#	Resents persons in authority, e.g. teachers, group leaders, ward personnel, etc.	1234
		II ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOR 6-11	<b>→</b> [ @	Is hostile toward people in authority.  Mocks people in authority.  Savs that he can lire people in authority.  Savs relative will come to kill or harm  persons in authority.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
				Other (specify ) None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
				[15] Is Absent From, or Late For, the Proper Assignments or Places	
			@	Is late to required places or activities. Fails to return to places where he is supposed to be after leaving, e.g., going to toilet, running an errand, etc.	1 2 3 4
			@	Leaves place of required activity without permission, e.g., work, class, etc. Is absent from routine activities, e.g., work, class, etc.	1 2 3 4
				Stavs nut late at night from home, hospital ward, domitiony, etc.  Other (specify	1234
					13

		1141 Burns American	YMWD	A MITHDRAWAI	
	*	[16] Runs Away or Attempts to Run Away  Attempts to run away from bospital home, or school ground	1234	[20] Is inactive	Y M W D
	#	Runs away from group activities, in g picnics, school buses, etc. Runs away from hospital home, or school ground Other (specifs None of the above Total Misbehaves in Group Settings	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	* Sits or stands in one position for a long period of time Discounting but strand watch others Lafts asleep in a chair Lies on the floor all day Does not seem to react to anything Other Ispecify None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
@	#	Interrupts group discussion by talking about unrelated topics.  Disrupts games by refusing to follow rules.	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	[21] Is Withdrawn	
	# * # *	Distributs group activities by making loud noises or by acting up.  Does not stay in seat during lesson period, lurtch period, or other group sessions.  Other (specify	1 2 3 4 @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @	Seems unaware of surmundings  * Is difficult to reach or contact Is apathetic and unresponsive in feeling Has a blank stare Has a fixed expression Other (specify None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
		III REBELLIOUS BEHAVIOR 1  IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHA  [18] Takes Others' Property Without	ADD 12-17 AVIOR @ @	[22] Is Shy  Is timid and shy in social situations.  Hides face in group situations, e.g., parties informal gatherings, etc.  † Division miss well with others.  * Prefers to be alone.  Other (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
@		Permission  Has been suspected of stealing.  Takes others' belongings if not kept in place or locked.  Takes others' belongings from pockets purses drawers, etc.  Takes others belongings by opening or breaking locks.  Other (specifs)	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	V. WITHDRAWAL 26	.22
		None of the above Total	1234	VI. STEREOTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS	
		[19] Lies or Cheats		[23] Has Stereotyped Behaviors	
9	ı	None of the above Total  IV. UNTRUSTWORTHY BEHAVIOR AT		Orbina tannanti	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
		14			

[24] Has Peculiar Posture or Odd Mannerisms  Folds head tilled Sits with knees under chin Walks on totoes Lies on floor with feet up in the air Walks with, ingers in ears or with hands on head Other (specifs ——None of the above  VI. STEREOTYPED BEHAVIOR AND ODD MANNERISMS	Y M W D  1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 0  Total  R  ADD 23-24	IN UNACCIPIABLE OR LICENTRIC HABITS  127] Has Strange And Unacceptable Habits  Simple everything Inappropriately stuffs things in pockets shirts, dresses or shies Pulls threads out of own clothing Plass with things he is wearing, e.g., shoe string, buttons, etc.  Saves and wears unusual articles, e.g., safet, pins, bottle caps, etc.	Y M W D  1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
VII. INAPPROPRIATE INT MANNERS [25] Has Inappropriate Interpersonal	•	Hoards things, including toods Plays with spit Plays with feces or urine Other (specify None of the above Total	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
Talks too close to others' faces Blows on others faces Blows on others faces Burns at others Kisses or licks others Wisses or licks others Touches others inappropriately Hangs on to others and down not let go Other (specifs  VII. INAPPROPRIATE INTERPERSONAL MANNERS	1 2 3 4 0 1 3 4 0 1 3 5 0 1 3	[28] Has Unacceptable Oral Habits   Drools	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
VIII. UNACCEPTABLE VOCAL  [26] Has Disturbing Vocal or Speech Habits  # Ciegles histerically Talks fourly or vells at others Talks to sell fourly.  # Laudes manpropriately.  * Makes growling, humming, or other unpleasant noises.  Repeats a word or phrase over and over Mirmics others' speech Other Ispectiv — None of the above  VIII. UNACCEPTABLE VOCAL HABITS	2 3 4 6 # 1 2 3 4 6 1 2 3 4 6	[29] Removes or Tears Off Own Clothing  Tears off buttons or zippers Inappropriately removes shoes or socks Undresses at the wrong times. Takes off all clothing while on the toilet Tears off own clothing. Refuses to wear clothing. Chiber (specify	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4

			NH 41 N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		YMWD	XII SENDALLY ABURRANT BUT	IAVIOR
	[30] Has Other Eccentric Habits and Tendencies			
				YMWD
	<ul> <li>Is overty particular about places to sit or sleep.</li> </ul>	1234	[33] Engages in Inappropriate	2
	* Stands in a taxonte sixit e.g. his emilion		Masturbation	
	In clour ou	1234	•	
	Sits by anything that vibrates	1234	Flas attempted to masturbate openic	1234
	is atraul to climb stairs or to go	(, )	Masturbates in front of others Masturbates in group	1 2 3 4
	down stairs	1234		1234
	Does not want to be touched	1234	Other ispects	1215
	Screams it touched		Total	
	Other (specify)	1234		
	None of the above	al .	[34] Exposes Body Improperly	
			Exposes body unnecessarily after	
	IX. UNACCEPTABLE OR	ADU	using toilet	1234
	ECCENTRIC HABITS	27-30	Stands in public places with pants	
		a #	down or with dress up	1234
	•	@ 1 <i>t</i>	Exposes hody excessively during activities,	1234
			e.g., playing, dancing, sitting, etc.	1235
	X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIO	OR .	Undresses in public places, or in front of lighted windows	
			Other (specify)	1 2 3 4
	[31] Does Physical Violence to Self		None of the above	1234
			Total	
	Bites or cuts sell	1234		
#	* Slaps or strikes self	1234	[35] Has Homosexual Tendencies	
ır	* Bangs head or other parts of the brids against objects	1234		
@#	Pulls own hair lears, etc		Is sexually attracted to members of the same sex	1234
a	Scratches or picks sell causing injury	1 2 3 4	Has approached others and attempted	
•	Soils and smears selt	1234()	homosexual acts	1234()
	Purposely provokes abuse from others	1 2 3 4	Has engaged in homosexual activity	
	Picks at any sores he might have	1234	Other (specify)	1234
	Pokes objects in own ears, eves, nose, or		None of the above	
	mouth	1 2 3 4	Total	
	Other (specify)	1234		-
	Tol.	ai	[36] Sexual Behavior That Is	
			Socially Unacceptable	
	X. SELF-ABUSIVE BEHAVIOR	ENTER .		
	A. SEET ABOSITE BEHAVIOR	11	Is overly seductive in appearance or	
		, <del></del>	actions	1234
			Hugs or caresses too intensely in	
		. #	public	1234
	XI HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIE	:5 "	Needs watching with regard to sexual behavior	1234
	[32] Has Hyperactive Tendencies		Lifts or unbuttons others' clothing to	
			touch intimately	1234()
	Talks excessively	1234	Has sexual relations in public places	ī ž š L 🔾
@ <b>★</b>	Will not sit still for any length of time	1 2 3 4	is overly aggressive sexually	1234
	Constantly runs or jumps around the room	1234()	Has rapied others	1 2 3 4
a *	or hall  Moves or fidgets constantly	1 2 3 4	is easily taken advantage of sexually	1234
٠,	Other (specify )	1234	Other (specify) None of the above	1234
	None of the above		Total	
	To	tal	XII. SEXUALLY ABERRANT	ADD .
			AII. SEAUACE! ABERRAIT!	1.36
	XI. HYPERACTIVE TENDENCIES	ENTER	BEHAVIOR ,	
		32		

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		XIII. PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTURI	KIN	(15								
							•	(42). Has Hypochondriacal Tendencies		Y M	W D	
		[37] Tends to Overestimate Own Abilities		Y	! W	_	a +	Complains about imaginary physical		1 2	-	
@ #	•	Does not recognize own		1 2	2	4		Pretends to be ill		1 2	-	()
@		limitations Has too high an opinion of self		1 2	3	ű,	_	Acts sick after diness is over		1 2		
e £	ł	Talks about turne plans that are					( )	Other (specify	Total	12	<u> </u>	
Ç ,		unrealista			3		$\bigcup$	- The state of the state	10141			
		Other (ste-city)		1 2	3	4		•				
		None of the above Tot	ai		_	_		[43] Has Other Signs of Emotional Instabilities				
		[38] Reacts Poorly to Criticism					# *	Changes mood without apparent reason		1 2	3 4	
@				1 2	3	4		Complains of bad dreams		1 2	3 4	
e		Does not talk when corrected *Withdraws or pouts when criticized		1 2		4	$\sim$	Cries out while asleep		1 2	3 4	
a į		*Becomes upset when criticized		1 2		4	d " )	Cries for no apparent reason		1 2	3 4	
		★Screams and cries when corrected		1 2	3	4		Seems to have no emotional control		1 2		
		Other (specify)		12	3	4		Vomits when upset Appears insecure or frightened in		1 2	3 4	$\bigcirc$
		None of the above Int	al					daily activities		1 2	3 4	
		•					@	Talks about people or things that				$\overline{}$
		[39] Reacts Poorly to Frustration						cause unrealistic tears		1 2	3 4	
		,,					@ #	Talks about suicide		1 2		
@ #		Blames own mistakes on others		1 2			@	Has made an attempt at suicide Other (specify 1)		1 2 1 2	3 4	
		Withdraws or pouts when thwarted		1 2			$\overline{}$	None of the above	Total			
• .		*Becomes upset when thwarted *Throws temper tantrums when does		1 2	3	•	( )					
1	t	not get own way		1 2	2	1.	$\bigcup$					
		Other (specify)		1 2			_	AIII. PSYCHOLOGICAL		[		_
		None of the above Total	a i		_	_		DISTURBANCES		ADD 37-43 ►		
		[40] Demands Excessive Attention or Praise										
@ <sub>1</sub>	Œ	Wants excessive praise			_			XIV. USE OF MEDICATION	2NS			
@ ;		is jealous of attention given to others	ı	1 2	3		_	144) Use of Prescribed Medication				
٥i		Demands excessive reassurance		12	3	4				1 2		
		Acts silly to gain attention		12				Uses sedatives			3 -	_
		Other (specify)  None of the above Total		12	<u>.3</u> .	4	_	Uses anticonvolvant drugs		1 2		$\frown$
			•					Uses stimulants		1 2		しノ
								Other (specify)		12		$\overline{}$
		[41] Seems To Feel Persecuted						None of the above	Total			
0												
@		Complains of unfairness, even when										
		equal shares or privileges have been given		1 2	3 1			XIV USE OF MEDICATIONS	ENT	TER. T		7
@		Complains, "Nobody loves me"		12	3			SIL OF MILDICATIONS		-		1
ē		Savs, "Everybody picks on me."					_	•	-			_
ē		Says, "People talk about me"		1 2	3 1	ŭ,						
		Savs, "People are against me"			3							
@		Acts suspicious of people		1 2	3 4	4	$\overline{}$					
		Other (specify)		1 2	3 1	4						

APPENDIX E

. 2,3

	Mea	n	Standar	rd Dev.	r subt	test	r total	test	1	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.16	.17	.36	.37	.28	.37	.42	.39	84.5	83.5
2	.20	.24	.40	.43	.61	.64	.54	.51	80.4	76.3
3	.28	.25	.45	.43	.59	.52	.43	.48	72.8	25.3
4	.34	.31	.48	.47	.52	.58	.51	.49	66.0	69.1
5	.16	.23	.36	.42	.30	.27	.32	.34	84.5	77.3
6	.05	.07	.22	.26	.26	.34	.37	.34	94.8	92.8
7	.08	.05	.28	.22	.07	.05	.13	03	91.8	94.8

Items scored 0 - behavior not problematic

1 - behavior problematic

TABLE E2 Item Analysis information for the MBP: Self-Abusive (1) (2)

Item	Mean		Standard Dev.		r subtest		r total test		P	
	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	<sup>R</sup> 1	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub> .	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.20	.20	.40	.40	.59	. 34	.41	.29	80.4	80.4
2	.09	.09	.29	.29	.12	.46	.28	.28	90.7	90.7
3	.07	.08	.26	.28	.23	.29	.20	.35	92.8	91.8
4	.03	.04	.17	.20	.16	.10	.21	.11	96.9	95.9
5	.02	.03	.14	.17	.12	.06	.06	.09	97.9	96.9

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Item Analysis information for the MBP: Damaging Property (1) (2)

	Me	an	Standa	d Dev.	rsubi	est	r	al test	]	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.23	.23	.42	.42	.40	.44	.27	.46	77.3	77.3
2	.08	.10	.28	.31	.26	.64	. 29	.52	91.8	89.7
3	.12	.08	.33	.28	.32	.27	.34	.30	87.6	91.8
4	.03	.03	.17	.17	.15	.35	.34	.49	96.9	96.9
5	.06	.05	.24	.22	.34	.51	.28	.35	93.8	94.8
6	.01	.02	.10	.14	.15	.15	.27	.12	99.0	97.9
7	.06	.01	.24	.10	.23	.26	.22	. 25	93.8	99.0

	Me	an	Standar	rd Dev.	r sub	test	r	l test		P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.17	.22	.37	.41	. 39	.52	.37	.56	83.5	78.4
.2	.06	.13	.24	.34	.45	.57	.34	.50	93.8	86.6
3	.36	.30	.48	.46	.62	.49	.69	.60	63.9	70.1
4	.14	.16	.35	.36	.35	.39	.29	.42	85.6	84.5
5	.05	.10	.22	.31	.50	.52	.36	.40	94.8	89.7
6	.37	.40	.49	.49	.62	.41	.62	.51	62.9	59.8
7	.10	.13	.31	.34	.37	.55	.34	.48	98.9	86.6
8	.04	.10	.20	.31	.42	.55	.36	.44	95.9	89.7
9	.27	.22	.45	.41	.43	.46	.59	.50	73.2	78.4
10	.12	.05	.33	.22	26	06	07	.01	87.6	94.8

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	Меа	n	Standa	rd Dev.	rsubt	est	r tota:	l test	]	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	Ř <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>						
1	.06	.12	.24	.33	.36	.51	. 39	.55	93.8	87.6
2	.08	.13	.28	.34	.35	.50	.43	.58	91.8	86.6
.3	.14	.13	.35	.34	.48	.32	.58	.41	85.6	86.6
4	.28	.31	.45	.47	.36	.52	.46	.56	72.2	69.1
5	.11	.24	.32	.43	.41	.56	.41	.55	88.7	76.3
6	.04	.06	.20	.24	08	<del>-</del>	.03	.05	95.9	93.8

TABLE E6

Item Analysis information for the MBP: Stereotypic Manners (1) (2)

	Mea	n	Standar	rd Dev.	rsub	test	r tota	l test	]	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>								
1	.23	.22	.42	.41	.42	. 44	.19	.31	77.3	78.4
2	.06	.12	.24	.33	.26	.21	.29	.24	93.8	87.6
3	.05	.09	.22	. 29	.20	.30	.04	.20	94.8	90.7
4	.06	.09	. 24	.30	.21	.12	.30	.24	93.8	90.7
5	.14	.18	.35	.38	.20	.39	.10	.12	85.6	82.5
6	.12	.13	.33	.34	.16	.09	.24	.16	87.6	86.6

	Mea	n .	Standa	rd Dev.	r sub	test	r subte	est	P		
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>									
1	.47	.41	.50	.50	.49	.53	.63	.58	52.6	58.8	
2	.13	.26	.34	.44	.51	.66	.53	.46	86.6	74.2	
3	.19	.17	.39	.37	.47	.48	.51	.31	81.4	83.5	
4	.17	.34	.37	.48	.33	.51	.44	.29	83.5	66.0	
5	.07	.08	.26	.28	.05	.07	.15	.05	92.8	91.8	

	Mea	n	Standa	rd Dev.	r subt	est	rtota	l test	I	P
Item	Ř <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>						
1	.06	.10	. 24	.31	.16	. 20	.16	.11	93.8	89.7
2	.01	.02	.10	.14	03	07	.29	.01	99.0	97.9
3	.04	.02	.20	.14	.20	.22	.20	.06	94.9	97.9
4	.05	.12	.22	.33	.51	.19	.12	.28	94.8	87.6

	Mea	n	Standa	rd Dev.	r sub	test	r tota	l test	1	P
Item	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	Ř <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
1	.03	.02	.17	.14	.17	.09	.12	.10	96.9	97.9
2	.10	.07	.31	.26	.18	.26	.17	.21	89.7	92.8
3	.18	.16	.38	.36	.36	. 44	.23	.34	82.5	84.5
4	.20	.25	.40	.43	.43	. 45	.14	.24	80.4	75.3
5	.08	.03	.28	.17	.04	.04	.30	.01	91.8	96.9

#### GRIERAL - NALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:							-									
DATE OF RATING:	მიუ	•			J DATTON	L.	E.	<u>ಆ</u> ಡಾಕ	ATTO:	AL						
עז ביוויפוסס						_	_			-		•				
·		ROB!					EVEN TEED	TION	(1	F	PRIC	RAI PRI 1	ne:	15 S		
MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	SEVERE	NODERATE	MILD	HOTHE		IMPLEDI ATE	EVERTUAL	HOME		FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	PIPTH	SIXTH	OUE
Aggression to Others	3	2	1	х	+ @*	4	1	х	-	7	6	2	4	3		
I Self-Abusive *	3	2	1	х	+	L	1	χ	-	7	6	5	4	3 .	2	x
III Damaging Property @ *	3	2	1	χ	હે¥ +	1.	1	x		7	6	5	4	3	2	x
Poor Coping with Frustration &	3	2	1	Х	@*	l.	1	x	-	7	6	5	Ŀ	۲,	2	x
/ Social Aggravation @ *	3	2	1	Х	-@* +	l,	1	х	•	7	6	5	l.	3	2	х
✓ Stereotypic Hanners @ *	3	2	1	х	+ *	Ŀ	1	х		7	6	5	4	3	2	x
/iI Uncooperative @ *	3	2	1	х	+ @*	L.	1	х	=	7	6	5	4	3	2	х
TIISexual *	3	2	1	х	+	4	1	х	-	7	ć	5	4	3	2	x
X Toilet/Elimination *	3	2	1	x	+	L	1	х	-	7	é	5	4	3	2	x
X Other (not computed)	3	2	2	Х	+	L	1	х	=	7	6	5	4	3	2	x

COMMENTS:

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\mathfrak{Q}}$  = item to subtest correlations that met the .40 discrimination index

<sup>\*</sup> = items that fell within the .15 to .85 difficulty range

### I SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR PROJUME PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	,
DATE OF RATING: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECRE	ATTOHAL
COMMUNITYOVERALL	
TYPE OF <u>AGGRESSIVE</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (/) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
Uses Hostile language toward others (swears, curses, etc.)	# *
Threatens others with physical harm (verbally, physically)	@ # *
Pushes or shoves others around	@ # *
Strikes out at others (hits, kicks, slaps, head butts, etc.)	@ # *
Nauls others (bites, pinches, scratches, grasps, etc.)	*
Uses objects as weapons against others (throws at, hits with)	
Cther:	

 $<sup>\</sup>ell$  = item to subtest correlations that met the .40 discrimination index  $\ell$  = item to total test correlations that met the .40 discrimination index  $\ell$  = items that fell within the .15 to .85 difficulty range

.II

SPECIFIC - HALADAPTIVE BUHAVIOUR PROGRAM PR	<u>31170</u>
RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECRE	ATIONAL
COMMUNITY OVERALL	
TYPE OF <u>SELF-ABUSIVE</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
Use of hands, legs and feet (slapping, poking, hair mulling, pinching, scratching, picking), kicking	@ # *
Use of mouth and vocal cords (biting, sucking, screaming until hoarse).	e
Use of objects (hits, pokes, cuts, aggravates skin or throws oneself or bangs one's head against an object).	
purposely provokes abuse from others.	
Other (specify)	7 7 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

# SPECIFIC - PALADAPTIVE REMAYIOUP PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL REGRE	ATIONAL
COLUMNITYOVERALL	<del></del>
•	£
TYPE OF <u>PROPERTY DAMAGING</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
DESTRUCTIVE TO OWN PROFEREY	]
(rips, chews, soils, breaks, etc., own clothing and/or personal possessions)	@ # *
DESTRUCTIVE TO OTHER'S PROPERTY	1
(rips, chews, soils, breaks, etc., other's clothing and/or personal possessions)	@ #
DESTRUCTIVE TO FURITITURE	
(kicks, mutilates, knocks down, takes apart, etc., bureaus, tables, beds, chairs, etc.)	
DESTRUCTIVE TO APPLIANCES	
(fiddles with, takes mert, breaks, etc., T.V., phonograph, toester, coffee maker, etc.)	#
DESTRUCTIVE TO BUILDING	
(breaks windows, pulls drapes, writes on or peels walls, stuffs toilets, etc.)	e
ATTEMPTS OR SETS FIRES	
OTHER:	

## SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE MEMAYTOUR PROTING PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DATE OF RATING:	Month Day Year
AREA OF RATING:	WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL REGREATIONAL
	CO-MUNITY OVERALL

TYPE OF POOR COPING WITH FRUSTRATION MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V ) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS ROTARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICISM BY WITHDRAWAL	a # *
(pouts, does not talk, becomes moo'y, stays apart from others)	g # *
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICIS: BY EXCESSIVE COMPLAINING (argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be picked on etc.)	ā#
REACTS TO CORRECTION OR CRITICISH BY TANTRUMING	
(yells, cries, screams, bangs things, stamps feet, etc.)	@#*
REACTS TO PROHIBITIONS, OPPOSITION, OR RESTRICTIONS BY WITHDRAWAL	
(pouts, does not talk, becomes moody, stays apart from others etc)	# *
REACTS TO PROHIBITION, OPPOSITION OR RESTRICTIONS BY EXCESSIVE COMPLAINING	g #
(argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be bicked on etc.)	
REACTS TO PROHIBITION, OPPOSITION OR RESTRICTIONS BY TANTRUCING	1
(yells, cries, screams, bangs things, stamps feet, etc.)	@#*
REACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERFERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY WITHDRAWAL	
(pouts, becomes moody, silent, stays apart, etc.)	@ #
REACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERFERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY EXCESSIVE COMPLAINING	
(argues about fairness, blames others, claims to be picked on etc.)	ġ#
REACTS TO INTERRUPTIONS OR INTERFERENCE OF ACTIVITIES BY TANTRUMING	
(yells, cries, screams, bongs things, stamps feet, etc.)	@#*
OTHER .	

## SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE DEHAVIOUR PROGRAM PHOFILE

RESIDENT NAME:		
DATE OF RATING:	Month Day Year	
AREA OF RATING:	WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECREATIONAL	_
	COLINITY OVERALL	

TYPE OF <u>ACCRAVATING SOCIAL MALADAPTIVE</u> BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (V) THE AREAS HHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
DEMEASURG OTHERS OUT OF SPITE OR MISCHIEVOUSNESS	
(taunting, teasing, making fun of, telling exaggerated stories about, gossiping about others)	<b>9</b> #
MANIPULATING OTHERS TO GAIN OWN ENDS OR CAUSES OTHERS HAPPY	
(tells others what to do, demands service from others, causes fights among others, sets others up for trouble, ctc.)	e #
DISRUPTING OTHERS ACTIVITIES	
(always in the way, upsets others work, knocks about articles others using, smotches things from others, etc.)	@ #
VEKATING TO OTHERS IN VOCAL HABITS	
(makes irritating noises, talks too loud, mimics others, laughs or giggles inappropriately, etc.)	@ # *
VEXATING TO OTHERS IN INTERPERSONAL HABITS	
(talking or standing too close to others, excessive touching or hanging onto others, hugs, kisses or squeezes others, burns or blows at others, etc.)	@ # *
OTHER	

# SPECIFIC - TO ADAPTIVE DEHAVIOUS PRODUCT SCREEN PESIDENT NAME: DATE OF PATERS: APEN OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECPENTIONAL OCHUMNITY \_\_\_\_OVERALL \_\_\_ CHECK OFF ( √) THE AREAS WHERE. THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS TYPE OF STEREOTYPICAL MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR REMARDED AS PROBLEMATIC REPETITIVE/RITUALISTIC BODY MOVE TEXTS (body rocking, head weaving, hand flapping, finger motions tics, pacing patterns, etc.) REPETITIVE/RITUALISTIC HANDPULLTION OF OBJECTS (Twirling shiny objects, twisting string, shaking, benging objects for sound, stroking, cto.) REPAILTLYS/RITURLISTIC HOUTHING OF FRUECTS (suche fingers, chems clothing, lichs objects, ctr.) HOARDS PARTICULAR OR VARIOUS OBJECTS (stuffs items in clothes, saves and bides unusual items) ADDRES PROMITAR POSTURES OF PARTICULAR PLACES TO EXCUPRES (welks on toes, tilts herd, walks with hand on head, stands by favorite shot, sits by anything that vibrates, etc.) OTHER

Emergency Transmission State S	113 TL T P.P.
RESIDENT HAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECE	EATIONAL
OUT THE TY OVERALL	
TYPE OF UNCOOPERATIVE MALADAR MURE BEHAVIOUR	GHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS MHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS RECARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
Does not respond to requests (does the opposite, ignores it, hesitates, refuses, etc.).	@#*
Uncooperative in Group Situation (does not shay in assigned place, talks about unrelated topics, does not take turns, not follow rules.)	@ # *
Uncooperative in a one-to-one situation (does not stay in seat, throws objects, does not pay attention, etc.).	@ # *
not reliable to follow rules or carry out responsibilities (needs to be reminded or corrected often, fails to return on time, late, leaves without permission, etc.).	@ # *
Other (specify)	

# VIII SPECIFIC - HALADAPTIVE BUHAVIOUR PROGRAT PROFILE

RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	
AREA OF RATING: WARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL RECREA	LAMOIT
COMMUNITYOVERALL	
TYPE OF <u>SEXUAL</u> MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF ( V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REGARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
Hasturbates in public (individually or with others openly)	
Inappropriate homosexual behaviour (engages in public homosexual act; pproaches and attempts homosexual acts with others who are either unwilling or defenseless).	
Inappropriate heterosexual acts. (hugs or caresses intensely, removes other's clothing to touch intimately, has raped others, has had sexual relations in public.)	e *
Exposes self unnecessarily (undresses in rublic places, lifts dress up, after using the toilet walks into a living area without fully redressing.)	e *
Other (specify)	·

EX SPECIFIC - MALADAPTIVE HEHAVIOUR PROGRAM DI	OFILE
RESIDENT NAME:	
DATE OF RATING:	•
AREA OF RATING: MARD SCHOOL VOCATIONAL REGA	EATIONAL
CORUNITYOVERALL	
TYPE OF TOILET RELATED WALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR	CHECK OFF (V) THE AREAS WHERE THE PERSON'S BEHAVIOUR IS REDARDED AS PROBLEMATIC
Use of toilet (drinking from it, washing in it, sticking head in it or plugging it).	
Feces (eliminating on the floor despite the fact the individual is toilet trained completely or to a routine; enting, smearing, digging, etc., faces whether trained or not).	
Urine (urinating or the floor, in radiators, etc., or while still clothed despite the fact the individual is toilet trained either completely or to a routine).	
Other	ē .

#### Maladaptive Behavior Profile Additional Items

- 1. Aggressive
- 2. Self-Abusive
- 3. Property Damage

Damage to Communal Property

4. Poor Coping with Frustration

Crys or becomes aggitated for no apparent reason

5. Social Aggravation

Unacceptable Oral Habits (drools, grinding teeth, spitting, regurgitation, playing with saliva, etc.)

6. Stereotypic Mannerisms

Oral Behaviours (chewing motion, tongue protrusion, hyperventilates, swallows air, etc.)

- 7. Uncooperative
- 8. Toilet Related
- 9. Sexual
- 10. Other

Untrustworthy Behaviour (lies, cheats, steals, etc.)

Excentric Habits

Eating (spitting food out, stuffing food in mouth, eats with mouth open, picks food off fingers, picks food off floor, etc.)

Activity level

Withdrawn, Fidgits, Hyperactive

Hypocondrial Tendencies