Working DRAFT of a Policy on Dissemination of Research

Presentation to the Scholarly Communications Steering Committee

Outline

- Refreshing the motivation
- Guiding principles
- Key issues that have influenced the current language

Place and Promise: the UBC Plan

- Increase the capacity of UBC students, faculty, staff, and alumni to engage internationally/Strengthen UBC's presence as a globally influential university.
 - Enhance UBC's scholarly communications on global issues, including on the web.
- Be a world leader in knowledge exchange and mobilization
 - Develop a campus strategy for making UBC research accessible in digital repositories, especially open access repositories

Student Voices

- "We hereby:
 - a) Encourage the adoption of Open Access publishing principles at UBC.

. . .

- b) Call upon researchers to support Open Access. We believe researchers should publish in Open Access journals, and/or deposit their peer-reviewed manuscripts in Open Access repositories."
- Alma Mater Society
- Graduate Student Society

Thinking about the issue

- We pay for the research (via taxes).
- We perform the research.
- We write the papers.
- We actively participate as peer-reviewers.
- We should make the work available to anyone in the world. For free. Via links easily found with Google.

Unfettered access increases impact

- Free online access tripled citations of computer science papers (Lawrence, 2001)
- Open Access can double the readership of astronomy articles (Kurtz, 2004)
- Higher citation rate for articles in several disciplines observed for Open Access (Brody and Harnard, 2004)
- Corroborated for philosophy, political science, electrical & electronic engineering and mathematics (Antelman, 2004)
- increased citations for articles in four other disciplines – economics, applied mathematics, sociology and ecology (Norris, 2008)

http://www.openoasis.org/index.php?option=com_content
&view=article&id=560&catid=78&Itemid=391

Some researcher benefits

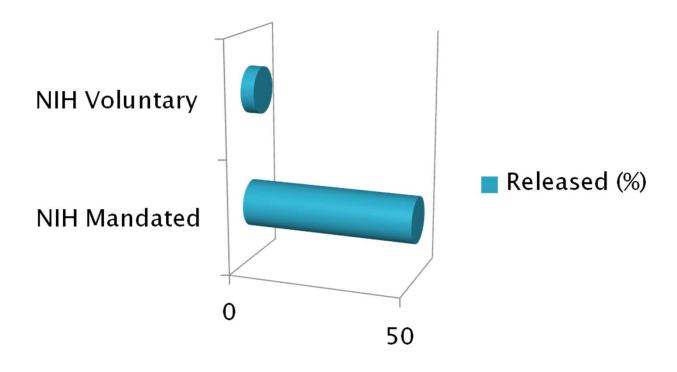
- Visibility and impact of research
- Ease with complying & fulfilling grant funding OA mandates
- Safe, backed-up secure place to store research output
- Persistent web address for citing research
- Allows University to negotiate directly with publishers on behalf of authors
- Reduce workload managing portfolio of scholarly works
- Creates easier access to materials previously only available in print

We have the technology...

- The library maintains an electronic archive ("Circle")
- Google scours Circle and makes the links prominently available in Google Scholar
- Most journals grant authors permission to deposit their work in their university archive
- We could be doing it now

Make it mandatory?

NIH Compliance Rates



References appear in http://poynder.blogspot.com/2009/05/open-access-mandates-judging-success.html

Key considerations for a policy

- Must affirm author freedoms
 - Freedom to publish in any journal
 - · Academic freedom essential
 - Copyright belongs to the authors
 - · Freedom to withdraw from participation in archive
- Must have copyright permissions to deposit articles
- Must abide by contractual commitments
- The ultimate implementation must reflect a deep value placed upon faculty time

What will make it happen?

- Educate faculty, affirming UBC commitment to unfettered public access to peer-reviewed research reports
- Create greater of awareness for copyright agreements
- Submission process must be highly efficient to minimize the impact on faculty time
- UBC and Faculty Association must develop an agreement to move beyond ineffectual voluntary contributions

Our challenges

- Develop an initial statement that establishes the importance of broad dissemination of UBC research findings and an initial set of actions to be undertaken
- Create an aspirational vision statement for a future agreement between UBC and the Faculty Association

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Main Considerations for OA Policy

Immediacy

- Evidence shows the earlier the article is available, the greater the impact: optimal after peer review

Publisher embargoes

- Most publishers now allow self-archiving of the author's final version but impose embargos - timeline varies

Copyright

- Many OA mandates require authors to retain their own copyright (Harvard, Duke)

Choice of journal in which to publish

- Faculty have strong opinions about what journals to publish in - optimal that policy accommodate that